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Population and Housing  
Population and Housing  
Characteristics for  
Census Tracts and Block  
Numbering Areas  
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**U.S. Department of Commerce  
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**Economics and Statistics Administration**

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director**



**Economics and Statistics  
Administration**



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Decennial Census

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# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

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## INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

## HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

### TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Class of worker .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Count adjustment .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units) .....	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacancy characteristics .....	8	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA .....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

.. Not applicable for this report.



## HOW TO USE THE STATISTICAL TABLES

### Parts of a Statistical Table

The census data included in printed reports are arranged in tables. Each table includes four major parts: (1) *heading*, (2) *boxhead*, (3) *stub*, and (4) *data field*. A typical census report table is illustrated below.

The *heading* consists of the table number, title, and headnote. The table number indicates the position of the table within the report, while the title is a brief statement indicating the classification, nature, and time reference of the data presented in the table. The headnote is enclosed in brackets and is located under the title. It contains statements that qualify, explain, or provide information pertaining to the entire table. In some tables showing racial and Hispanic origin groups, the headnote includes information that data are presented only when certain population-size criteria (thresholds) are met. (For more information on thresholds, see the "User Notes" section.)

The *boxhead* is under the heading. This portion of the table, which contains the individual column heads or captions, describes the data in each vertical column. In the boxhead of many tables, a *spanner* appears across and above two or more column heads or across two or more lower spanners. The purpose of a spanner is to classify or qualify items below it or separate the table into identifiable blocks in terms of major aspects of the data.

**PARTS OF A STATISTICAL TABLE**

Table number and title		Headnote		Column head	
Heading		Spanner		Boxhead	
Stubhead		Stub		Data field	
Sidehead		Page number and State name		Report title	

The diagram illustrates the structure of a statistical table with labels for its various components: Table number and title, Headnote, Column head, Heading, Spanner, Boxhead, Stubhead, Stub, Data field, Sidehead, Page number and State name, and Report title. The table content includes a list of states and territories (e.g., Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, etc.) and corresponding numerical data across multiple columns.

The *stub* is located at the left edge of the table. It includes a listing of line or row captions or descriptions. At the top of the stub is the *stubhead*. The *stubhead* is considered to be an extension of the table title and usually shows generic geographic area designations and restrictions.

In the *stub*, several features are used to help the user better understand the contents of the table. Usually, a block of data lines is preceded by a *sidehead*. The *sidehead*, similar to a *spanner*, describes and classifies the *stub* entries following it. The use of indentation in a *stub* indicates the relationship of one data line to another. Indented data lines represent subcategories that in most instances, sum to a total. Occasionally in tables, it is desirable to show one or more single-line subcategories that do not sum to the total. The unit of measure, such as dollars, is shown when it is not clear from the general wording of the data line.

The *data field* is that part of the table that contains the data. It extends from the bottom of the *boxhead* to the bottom of the table and from the right of the *stub* to the right-hand edge of the page.

Both geographic and subject-matter terms appear in tables. It is important to read the definitions of the terms used in the tables because census terms often are defined in special ways that reflect the manner in which the questions were asked and the data were tabulated. Definitions of geographic terms are provided in appendix A. Subject-matter terms are defined in appendix B.

### Symbols and Geographic Abbreviations

The following symbols are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A dash "-" represents zero, a figure that rounds to less than 0.1, or a percent that rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable.
- (NA) means not available.
- The prefix "r" indicates that the count has been revised since publication of 1980 reports or that the area was erroneously omitted or not shown in the correct geographic relationship in the 1980 census reports. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports.
- A dagger "†" next to the name of a geographic area indicates that there has been a geographic change(s) (for example, an annexation or detachment, a new incorporation, or a name change) since the information published for the 1980 census for that area. This symbol appears only in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* reports. The geographic change information for the entities in a State is shown in the "User Notes" section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing*

*Unit Counts* report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.
- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

## CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

## USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

## CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

**Appendix A**—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

**Appendix B**—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

**Appendix C**—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

**Appendix D**—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

**Appendix E**—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

**Appendix F**—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

**Appendix G**—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.





# TABLE FINDING GUIDE

## Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
<b>POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Age .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry .....	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Disability .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin .....	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation .....	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989 .....	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race .....	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985 .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school .....	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex .....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons) .....	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989 .....	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989 .....	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Bedrooms .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium .....	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989 .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs .....	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value .....	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built .....	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
<b>LAND AREA</b> .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.



# USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233  
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

## ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

### GENERAL

#### User Note 1

**Age Reporting**—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

#### User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

#### User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

#### User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

#### User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

#### User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in



data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

### User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

### User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused



by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

### User Note 9

**Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds**—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the "Other race" population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the "Other race" population below the State level.

### User Note 10

**Thresholds In CPH-3**—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

**Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold**

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.



# LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		<b>Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:</b>
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California			102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
11	Florida	65	Altoona, PA MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	67	Anchorage, AK MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
14	Idaho	68	Anderson, IN MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
15	Illinois	69	Anderson, SC MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
16	Indiana	70	Anniston, AL MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
17	Iowa				<b>Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:</b>
18	Kansas	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA		Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
19	Kentucky	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113A	Chicago, IL PMSA
20	Louisiana	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113B	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
21	Maine	74	Athens, GA MSA	113C	Joliet, IL PMSA
22	Maryland	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113D	Kenosha, WI PMSA
23	Massachusetts			113E	Lake County, IL PMSA
24	Michigan	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA	113F	
25	Minnesota	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA		
26	Mississippi	78	Austin, TX MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
27	Missouri	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA		<b>Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:</b>
28	Montana	80	Baltimore, MD MSA		Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
29	Nebraska	81	Bangor, ME MSA	115A	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
30	Nevada	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA	115B	
31	New Hampshire	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA		
32	Not Assigned	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
33	New Mexico	85	Bellingham, WA MSA		<b>Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:</b>
34	New York	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA		Akron, OH PMSA
35	North Carolina	87	Billings, MT MSA	117A	Cleveland, OH PMSA
36	North Dakota	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	117B	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
37	Ohio	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	117C	
38	Oklahoma	90	Birmingham, AL MSA		
39	Oregon	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
40	Pennsylvania	92	Bloomington, IN MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
41	Rhode Island	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
42	South Carolina	94	Boise City, ID MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
43	South Dakota		<b>Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:</b>	122	Columbus, OH MSA
44	Tennessee		Boston, MA PMSA	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
45	Texas	95A	Brockton, MA PMSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
46	Utah	95B	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA		<b>Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:</b>
47	Vermont	95C	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
48	Virginia	95D	Nashua, NH PMSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
49	Washington	95E	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA		
50	West Virginia	95F		126	Danville, VA MSA
51	Wisconsin			127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
52	Wyoming	96	Bradenton, FL MSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
53	Puerto Rico	97	Bremerton, WA MSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
54	Not Assigned	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
55	Virgin Islands	99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA	131	Decatur, IL MSA



Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:</b>	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		<b>Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:</b>
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
		183	Jackson, TN MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
	<b>Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:</b>	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA			240	Nashville, TN MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA		
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA		<b>New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:</b>
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA	206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA		<b>Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:</b>	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
	<b>Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:</b>	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		<b>Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:</b>
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mayagüez, PR MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA		
	<b>Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:</b>	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA		<b>Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:</b>
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA			262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA		<b>Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:</b>	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	264	Ponce, PR MSA
178	Huntsville, AL MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	<b>Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:</b>	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA		<b>San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:</b>	317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
				318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
		294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
		294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA		
	<b>Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:</b>	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA			323	Tucson, AZ MSA
269C	Providence, RI PMSA		<b>San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:</b>	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
		295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	326	Tyler, TX MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA			327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA		
273	Rapid City, SD MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	298	Sarasota, FL MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
		299	Savannah, GA MSA	330	Waco, TX MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA			332	Waterbury, CT MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA		<b>Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:</b>		
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
				335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA		
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA		
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA	338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
		307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	340	Wilmington, NC MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
288	Salem, OR MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA		
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA			343	York, PA MSA
		312	Springfield, MA MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	313	State College, PA MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA	346	Yuma, AZ MSA

# Table A. Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract
<b>POSEY COUNTY, IN</b>	
405 -----	405 (pt.)
406 -----	405 (pt.)
	406
<b>VANDEBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>	
1 -----	1
	2 01 (pt.)
2 01 -----	2 01 (pt.)
10 97 -----	10
10 98 -----	101 (pt.)
28 -----	28 (pt.)
30 -----	28 (pt.)
	30
31 -----	31
	32 (pt.)
32 -----	32 (pt.)
38 01 -----	38 01 (pt.)
38 03 -----	38 02 (pt.)
38 04 -----	38 01 (pt.)
	38 02 (pt.)
	101 (pt.)
101 -----	2 01 (pt.)
	101 (pt.)
104 97 -----	104 01 (pt.)
104 98 -----	104 01 (pt.)
<b>WARRICK COUNTY, IN</b>	
304 -----	304
	305 (pt.)
305 -----	305 (pt.)
306 -----	305 (pt.)
	306
307 02 -----	307 02 (pt.)
307 03 -----	307 02 (pt.)
308 -----	307 02 (pt.)
	308
<b>HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>	
206 01 -----	206 01 (pt.)
207 01 -----	206 01 (pt.)
	207 (pt.)
207 02 -----	207 (pt.)



# Table B. Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation.]

1980 tract	1990 tract
<b>POSEY COUNTY, IN</b>	
405 .....	405
406 .....	406 (pt.)
406 .....	406 (pt.)
<b>VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>	
1 .....	1 (pt.)
2 01 .....	1 (pt.)
	2 01
	101 (pt.)
10 .....	10 97
28 .....	28
	30 (pt.)
30 .....	30 (pt.)
31 .....	31 (pt.)
32 .....	31 (pt.)
	32
38 01 .....	38 01
	38 04 (pt.)
38 02 .....	38 03
	38 04 (pt.)
101 .....	10 98
	38 04 (pt.)
	101 (pt.)
104 01 .....	104 97
	104 98
<b>WARRICK COUNTY, IN</b>	
304 .....	304 (pt.)
305 .....	304 (pt.)
	305
	306 (pt.)
306 .....	306 (pt.)
307 02 .....	307 02
	307 03
	308 (pt.)
308 .....	308 (pt.)
<b>HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>	
206 01 .....	206 01
	207 01 (pt.)
207 .....	207 01 (pt.)
	207 02





Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city
<b>LAND AREA</b>							
Square kilometers .....	3 800.4	2 660.4	1 058.1	607.6	105.4	994.8	1 140.0
Square miles .....	1 467.3	1 027.2	408.5	234.6	40.7	384.1	440.2
<b>AGE</b>							
<b>All persons</b>	<b>278 990</b>	<b>235 944</b>	<b>25 968</b>	<b>165 058</b>	<b>126 272</b>	<b>44 920</b>	<b>43 044</b>
Under 5 years .....	19 527	16 572	1 977	11 443	8 683	3 152	2 955
5 to 9 years .....	20 449	17 059	2 071	11 460	8 396	3 528	3 390
10 to 14 years .....	19 746	16 463	2 089	10 584	7 701	3 790	3 283
15 to 19 years .....	19 255	16 244	1 823	10 855	8 032	3 566	3 011
20 to 24 years .....	18 548	15 768	1 503	11 715	9 421	2 550	2 780
25 to 34 years .....	46 565	39 316	4 301	27 840	21 967	7 175	7 249
35 to 44 years .....	41 874	35 343	4 101	23 430	16 951	7 812	6 531
45 to 54 years .....	28 805	24 220	2 756	16 198	11 735	5 266	4 585
55 to 64 years .....	25 065	21 278	2 242	15 585	11 725	3 451	3 787
65 to 74 years .....	22 168	19 044	1 767	14 584	11 776	2 693	3 124
75 to 84 years .....	12 813	11 043	1 030	8 588	7 421	1 425	1 770
85 years and over .....	4 175	3 596	308	2 776	2 464	512	579
3 and 4 years .....	7 983	6 786	819	4 664	3 501	1 303	1 197
16 years and over .....	215 579	182 737	19 410	129 614	100 061	33 713	32 842
18 years and over .....	208 125	176 529	18 684	125 648	97 129	32 197	31 596
21 years and over .....	196 039	166 197	17 693	118 173	91 525	30 331	29 842
60 years and over .....	52 055	44 689	4 214	34 171	27 986	6 304	7 366
62 years and over .....	46 870	40 261	3 782	30 887	25 486	5 592	6 609
Median .....	34.0	34.1	33.4	34.5	34.5	33.4	33.5
<b>Female</b>	<b>145 721</b>	<b>123 294</b>	<b>13 134</b>	<b>87 344</b>	<b>67 652</b>	<b>22 816</b>	<b>22 427</b>
Under 5 years .....	9 480	8 051	952	5 592	4 269	1 507	1 429
5 to 9 years .....	10 070	8 388	1 041	5 616	4 142	1 731	1 682
10 to 14 years .....	9 607	7 989	945	5 249	3 822	1 795	1 618
15 to 19 years .....	9 507	8 016	901	5 443	4 010	1 672	1 491
20 to 24 years .....	9 671	8 228	753	6 171	5 009	1 304	1 443
25 to 34 years .....	23 817	20 051	2 206	14 109	11 071	3 736	3 766
35 to 44 years .....	21 155	17 851	2 030	11 836	8 581	3 985	3 304
45 to 54 years .....	14 762	12 419	1 351	8 452	6 197	2 616	2 343
55 to 64 years .....	13 447	11 429	1 167	8 505	6 542	1 757	2 018
65 to 74 years .....	12 888	11 115	972	8 643	7 161	1 500	1 773
75 to 84 years .....	8 260	7 128	617	5 655	4 985	1 132	1 132
85 years and over .....	3 057	2 629	199	2 073	1 863	357	428
3 and 4 years .....	3 910	3 338	396	2 311	1 741	631	572
16 years and over .....	114 742	97 331	9 978	69 936	54 721	17 417	17 411
18 years and over .....	111 144	94 349	9 621	68 012	53 319	16 716	16 795
21 years and over .....	105 000	89 060	9 149	64 078	50 380	15 833	15 940
60 years and over .....	31 156	26 803	2 364	20 873	17 550	3 566	4 353
62 years and over .....	28 361	24 435	2 141	19 082	16 162	3 212	3 926
Median .....	35.3	35.4	34.0	36.1	36.1	34.2	34.5
<b>Male</b>	<b>133 269</b>	<b>112 652</b>	<b>12 834</b>	<b>77 714</b>	<b>58 620</b>	<b>22 104</b>	<b>20 617</b>
Median age .....	32.8	32.9	32.7	33.0	32.6	32.5	32.4
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>							
<b>All persons</b>	<b>278 990</b>	<b>235 944</b>	<b>25 968</b>	<b>165 058</b>	<b>126 272</b>	<b>44 920</b>	<b>43 044</b>
In households .....	273 065	230 598	25 728	160 557	122 013	44 313	42 467
Householder .....	108 663	92 105	9 508	66 780	52 948	15 817	16 558
Family householder .....	76 611	64 403	7 331	44 311	33 134	12 761	12 208
Nonfamily householder .....	32 052	27 702	2 177	22 469	19 814	3 056	4 350
Living alone .....	28 007	24 108	1 942	19 516	17 403	2 650	3 899
Spouse .....	62 471	52 575	6 432	34 952	24 835	11 191	9 896
Child .....	85 187	71 486	8 753	47 516	34 945	15 217	13 701
Other relatives .....	8 342	6 987	540	5 291	4 442	1 156	1 355
Nonrelatives .....	8 402	7 445	495	6 018	4 843	932	957
Institutionalized persons .....	4 402	3 893	226	2 875	2 073	607	509
Other persons in group quarters .....	1 523	1 455	14	1 441	1 384	—	68
Persons per household .....	2.51	2.50	2.71	2.40	2.30	2.80	2.56
Persons per family .....	3.04	3.03	3.15	2.98	2.94	3.16	3.04
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>39 156</b>	<b>33 683</b>	<b>3 105</b>	<b>25 948</b>	<b>21 661</b>	<b>4 630</b>	<b>5 473</b>
In households .....	36 088	30 990	2 940	23 902	19 792	4 148	5 098
Householder .....	25 471	21 850	2 073	17 004	14 370	2 773	3 621
Nonfamily householder .....	12 693	10 911	976	8 745	7 855	1 190	1 782
Living alone .....	12 350	10 623	953	8 515	7 652	1 155	1 727
Spouse .....	8 526	7 364	734	5 543	4 323	1 087	1 162
Other relatives .....	1 725	1 464	104	1 108	883	252	261
Nonrelatives .....	366	312	29	247	216	36	54
Institutionalized persons .....	3 039	2 666	162	2 022	1 865	482	373
Other persons in group quarters .....	29	27	3	24	4	—	2
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>							
<b>Families</b>	<b>76 611</b>	<b>64 403</b>	<b>7 331</b>	<b>44 311</b>	<b>33 134</b>	<b>12 761</b>	<b>12 208</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	37 100	31 017	3 764	20 505	15 141	6 748	6 083
Number of own children under 18 years .....	65 843	55 212	6 967	36 252	26 484	11 993	10 631
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>62 471</b>	<b>52 575</b>	<b>6 432</b>	<b>34 952</b>	<b>24 835</b>	<b>11 191</b>	<b>9 896</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	28 911	24 182	3 241	15 131	10 309	5 810	4 729
Number of own children under 18 years .....	52 421	43 993	6 088	27 402	18 466	10 503	8 428
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>11 403</b>	<b>9 519</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>7 625</b>	<b>6 800</b>	<b>1 214</b>	<b>1 884</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	6 853	5 710	416	4 550	4 114	1 413	1 143
Number of own children under 18 years .....	11 400	9 512	711	7 597	6 913	1 204	1 888
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>							
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>102 704</b>	<b>86 986</b>	<b>9 635</b>	<b>60 684</b>	<b>46 073</b>	<b>16 667</b>	<b>15 718</b>
Never married .....	25 220	21 717	2 092	15 979	12 838	3 646	3 503
Now married, except separated .....	64 408	54 223	6 580	36 167	25 866	11 476	10 185
Separated .....	934	728	57	567	502	104	206
Widowed .....	2 751	2 347	214	1 794	1 527	339	404
Divorced .....	9 391	7 971	692	6 177	5 340	1 102	1 420
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>116 564</b>	<b>98 846</b>	<b>10 196</b>	<b>70 887</b>	<b>55 419</b>	<b>17 783</b>	<b>17 698</b>
Never married .....	21 941	19 016	1 642	14 502	11 661	2 872	2 925
Now married, except separated .....	64 363	54 203	6 568	36 153	25 845	11 482	10 160
Separated .....	1 358	1 036	84	793	720	159	322
Widowed .....	15 643	13 269	1 110	10 404	9 126	1 755	2 374
Divorced .....	13 259	11 342	792	9 035	8 067	1 515	1 917

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2 01	Tract 10 97	Tract 28
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	254.2	210.7	110.8	140.6	330.1	4.9	6.7	8.1	7.0	4.9
Square miles .....	98.2	81.4	42.8	54.3	127.5	1.9	2.6	3.1	2.7	1.9
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>5 870</b>	<b>2 538</b>	<b>2 368</b>	<b>4 864</b>	<b>3 187</b>	<b>3 918</b>	<b>3 223</b>	<b>5 793</b>	<b>4 471</b>	<b>2 349</b>
Under 5 years .....	470	186	171	386	248	284	232	380	444	120
5 to 9 years .....	472	186	218	442	262	264	227	366	371	123
10 to 14 years .....	507	194	211	429	249	263	236	377	298	138
15 to 19 years .....	388	164	171	357	244	273	226	365	285	116
20 to 24 years .....	320	135	116	270	187	268	207	562	350	172
25 to 34 years .....	1 020	386	382	859	522	607	525	1 078	853	359
35 to 44 years .....	930	396	433	806	548	520	468	936	566	264
45 to 54 years .....	574	256	267	503	396	409	351	586	386	218
55 to 64 years .....	500	252	188	382	277	330	313	491	387	226
65 to 74 years .....	397	193	136	277	167	363	234	449	325	255
75 to 84 years .....	241	126	57	124	80	240	162	179	170	263
85 years and over .....	51	64	18	29	7	97	42	24	36	95
3 and 4 years .....	171	79	71	165	104	128	101	149	183	48
16 years and over .....	4 337	1 940	1 716	3 523	2 365	3 055	2 474	4 600	3 303	1 948
18 years and over .....	4 173	1 872	1 649	3 372	2 281	2 948	2 389	4 466	3 180	1 903
21 years and over .....	3 977	1 788	1 567	3 185	2 146	2 772	2 258	4 196	3 010	1 808
60 years and over .....	931	514	295	606	376	892	600	926	741	743
62 years and over .....	842	467	262	537	323	804	547	833	664	686
Median .....	32.8	35.4	33.0	32.0	32.8	35.0	34.2	32.6	30.6	39.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 942</b>	<b>1 305</b>	<b>1 148</b>	<b>2 425</b>	<b>1 560</b>	<b>2 083</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>2 896</b>	<b>2 379</b>	<b>1 298</b>
Under 5 years .....	223	92	84	193	122	133	105	190	224	57
5 to 9 years .....	236	92	104	234	123	139	113	180	180	60
10 to 14 years .....	211	98	93	192	125	122	104	181	149	61
15 to 19 years .....	208	73	88	182	105	126	119	164	134	63
20 to 24 years .....	170	66	54	121	88	139	115	285	199	91
25 to 34 years .....	510	198	191	448	268	317	274	511	446	166
35 to 44 years .....	462	192	214	404	277	250	231	464	299	128
45 to 54 years .....	280	134	119	235	184	221	178	304	208	115
55 to 64 years .....	257	126	102	190	136	176	180	259	207	126
65 to 74 years .....	210	112	62	152	82	226	128	240	196	157
75 to 84 years .....	143	76	28	60	45	166	99	102	116	195
85 years and over .....	32	46	9	14	5	68	25	16	21	79
3 and 4 years .....	84	38	30	86	55	58	45	79	93	21
16 years and over .....	2 221	1 012	832	1 764	1 162	1 662	1 325	2 311	1 799	1 109
18 years and over .....	2 138	973	803	1 685	1 131	1 610	1 281	2 246	1 747	1 085
21 years and over .....	2 033	942	768	1 600	1 067	1 535	1 204	2 126	1 658	1 037
60 years and over .....	511	293	143	307	195	565	350	503	446	504
62 years and over .....	471	269	124	273	167	519	318	456	409	471
Median .....	33.4	36.7	33.2	32.0	33.1	37.4	35.2	33.5	31.7	47.1
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>2 928</b>	<b>1 233</b>	<b>1 220</b>	<b>2 439</b>	<b>1 627</b>	<b>1 835</b>	<b>1 552</b>	<b>2 897</b>	<b>2 092</b>	<b>1 051</b>
Median age .....	32.4	34.4	32.7	32.1	32.5	32.8	33.3	31.8	29.8	34.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>5 870</b>	<b>2 538</b>	<b>2 368</b>	<b>4 864</b>	<b>3 187</b>	<b>3 918</b>	<b>3 223</b>	<b>5 793</b>	<b>4 471</b>	<b>2 349</b>
In households .....	5 843	2 469	2 368	4 864	3 187	3 774	3 223	5 766	4 459	2 252
Householder .....	2 114	945	820	1 664	1 097	1 561	1 307	2 492	1 783	1 066
Family householder .....	1 656	701	685	1 351	940	1 086	912	1 563	1 267	584
Nonfamily householder .....	458	244	135	313	157	475	395	929	516	482
Living alone .....	423	220	117	263	132	434	353	780	438	442
Spouse .....	1 476	631	622	1 227	873	876	727	1 380	847	451
Child .....	2 052	772	841	1 792	1 109	1 160	1 027	1 597	1 486	554
Other relatives .....	119	69	48	81	60	92	71	115	165	102
Nonrelatives .....	82	52	37	100	48	85	91	182	178	79
Institutionalized persons .....	27	61	—	—	—	138	—	27	—	89
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	8	—	—	—	6	—	—	12	8
Persons per household .....	2.76	2.61	2.89	2.92	2.91	2.42	2.47	2.31	2.50	2.11
Persons per family .....	3.20	3.10	3.21	3.29	3.17	2.96	3.00	2.98	2.97	2.90
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>689</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>211</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>613</b>
In households .....	667	322	211	430	254	618	438	652	531	532
Householder .....	472	231	138	272	170	461	329	414	389	413
Nonfamily householder .....	229	112	48	99	58	263	167	161	198	264
Living alone .....	223	109	47	95	55	261	163	158	191	260
Spouse .....	166	78	59	130	70	136	95	205	115	87
Other relatives .....	22	10	13	21	12	17	9	28	19	29
Nonrelatives .....	7	3	1	7	2	4	5	5	8	3
Institutionalized persons .....	22	58	—	—	—	82	—	—	—	81
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 656</b>	<b>701</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>1 351</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>1 086</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>1 563</b>	<b>1 267</b>	<b>584</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	850	343	370	751	480	531	439	703	686	221
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 635	630	688	1 440	877	907	790	1 252	1 182	404
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 476</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>1 227</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>727</b>	<b>1 380</b>	<b>847</b>	<b>451</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	754	304	334	675	447	398	329	608	390	166
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 473	553	623	1 314	818	707	600	1 108	691	318
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>133</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>96</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	71	28	27	55	25	118	92	85	258	41
Number of own children under 18 years .....	121	58	54	87	45	182	164	129	432	63
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 149</b>	<b>949</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>1 801</b>	<b>1 238</b>	<b>1 418</b>	<b>1 179</b>	<b>2 325</b>	<b>1 532</b>	<b>848</b>
Never married .....	433	194	186	400	258	347	274	674	407	221
Now married, except separated .....	1 510	654	636	1 247	883	900	750	1 403	879	472
Separated .....	10	4	2	12	7	12	10	16	18	6
Widowed .....	46	32	20	27	17	39	33	41	38	41
Divorced .....	150	65	57	115	73	120	112	191	190	108
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>2 272</b>	<b>1 023</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>1 806</b>	<b>1 190</b>	<b>1 689</b>	<b>1 349</b>	<b>2 345</b>	<b>1 826</b>	<b>1 120</b>
Never married .....	352	145	134	316	163	276	256	492	373	192
Now married, except separated .....	1 506	656	631	1 247	884	905	739	1 398	872	472
Separated .....	17	5	3	12	7	23	17	29	39	12
Widowed .....	239	142	51	104	83	304	187	197	226	306
Divorced .....	158	75	48	127	53	181	150	229	316	138



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38 04	Tract 101	Tract 102 02	Tract 102 03	Tract 1	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 2 02	Tract 3
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	5.4	13.4	11.8	22.8	13.6	15.3	2.6	5.0	4.8	1.7
Square miles .....	2.1	5.2	4.5	8.8	5.2	5.9	1.0	1.9	1.9	.7
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 976</b>	<b>4 842</b>	<b>4 382</b>	<b>3 055</b>	<b>2 644</b>	<b>5 797</b>	<b>2 248</b>	<b>4 507</b>	<b>2 305</b>	<b>4 370</b>
Under 5 years .....	270	353	391	261	198	465	136	274	113	252
5 to 9 years .....	272	349	373	183	204	506	133	271	120	167
10 to 14 years .....	272	352	322	124	192	439	113	267	110	121
15 to 19 years .....	268	328	252	159	157	371	110	275	99	747
20 to 24 years .....	363	357	268	364	88	320	126	500	144	834
25 to 34 years .....	819	967	816	746	430	973	429	866	348	627
35 to 44 years .....	572	767	656	368	420	1 082	298	718	300	382
45 to 54 years .....	344	476	381	266	320	636	228	433	188	263
55 to 64 years .....	322	418	404	198	339	494	229	377	258	296
65 to 74 years .....	299	334	342	213	209	385	288	351	314	381
75 to 84 years .....	146	122	163	145	68	102	137	158	211	230
85 years and over .....	29	19	14	28	19	24	21	17	100	70
3 and 4 years .....	107	140	163	81	90	186	49	103	49	86
16 years and over .....	3 119	3 736	3 241	2 456	2 019	4 310	1 841	3 643	1 942	3 809
18 years and over .....	3 024	3 598	3 131	2 396	1 949	4 156	1 787	3 547	1 904	3 745
21 years and over .....	2 827	3 391	3 004	2 285	1 866	3 962	1 732	3 321	1 840	2 775
60 years and over .....	631	665	723	491	468	742	577	737	778	842
62 years and over .....	568	574	642	452	399	647	527	659	709	782
Median .....	31.4	31.8	32.5	29.8	36.1	33.6	37.0	32.3	41.4	25.8
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 051</b>	<b>2 413</b>	<b>2 413</b>	<b>1 737</b>	<b>1 368</b>	<b>2 974</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>2 239</b>	<b>1 290</b>	<b>2 500</b>
Under 5 years .....	137	171	194	136	95	219	67	141	53	133
5 to 9 years .....	139	147	182	95	105	261	64	130	58	77
10 to 14 years .....	133	157	189	59	106	223	73	127	59	52
15 to 19 years .....	146	154	125	87	69	192	52	118	49	463
20 to 24 years .....	188	185	169	204	49	163	64	252	74	505
25 to 34 years .....	405	489	443	423	238	503	212	404	179	327
35 to 44 years .....	278	397	365	194	209	557	140	343	148	194
45 to 54 years .....	170	263	212	140	168	317	129	234	105	151
55 to 64 years .....	172	234	227	118	170	265	129	198	155	163
65 to 74 years .....	171	191	196	147	105	204	167	188	186	235
75 to 84 years .....	88	72	100	114	36	54	85	93	142	152
85 years and over .....	24	14	11	20	18	16	13	11	82	48
3 and 4 years .....	53	65	81	44	39	91	28	56	27	44
16 years and over .....	1 625	1 975	1 815	1 428	1 050	2 237	980	1 818	1 112	2 230
18 years and over .....	1 571	1 908	1 771	1 396	1 017	2 154	954	1 772	1 093	2 197
21 years and over .....	1 464	1 808	1 700	1 333	978	2 051	926	1 675	1 058	1 565
60 years and over .....	363	379	424	346	242	396	345	401	502	530
62 years and over .....	335	329	385	321	208	349	316	362	456	491
Median .....	31.7	33.5	33.0	30.6	36.1	33.8	39.1	33.2	47.6	25.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 925</b>	<b>2 368</b>	<b>1 969</b>	<b>1 318</b>	<b>1 276</b>	<b>2 823</b>	<b>1 053</b>	<b>2 268</b>	<b>1 015</b>	<b>1 870</b>
Median age .....	31.1	30.2	31.6	28.8	36.1	33.4	35.5	31.4	37.5	26.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 976</b>	<b>4 842</b>	<b>4 382</b>	<b>3 055</b>	<b>2 644</b>	<b>5 797</b>	<b>2 248</b>	<b>4 507</b>	<b>2 305</b>	<b>4 370</b>
In households .....	3 976	4 842	4 382	3 043	2 644	5 797	2 245	4 480	2 149	3 353
Householder .....	1 725	1 928	1 726	1 557	944	2 144	1 020	2 017	998	1 599
Family householder .....	1 071	1 346	1 318	790	818	1 695	655	1 185	630	902
Nonfamily householder .....	654	582	408	767	126	449	365	832	368	697
Living alone .....	556	491	356	670	112	388	323	697	333	583
Spouse .....	837	1 048	1 013	543	767	1 496	516	1 042	518	671
Child .....	1 128	1 496	1 444	738	854	1 936	571	1 169	511	773
Other relatives .....	133	165	101	61	53	121	69	92	62	101
Nonrelatives .....	153	205	98	144	26	100	69	160	60	209
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	27	145	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	11	1 017
Persons per household .....	2.30	2.51	2.54	1.95	2.80	2.70	2.20	2.22	2.15	2.10
Persons per family .....	2.96	3.01	2.94	2.70	3.05	3.10	2.76	2.94	2.73	2.71
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>474</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>296</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>446</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>681</b>
In households .....	474	475	519	386	296	511	446	526	482	681
Householder .....	338	328	362	309	179	330	312	336	341	486
Nonfamily householder .....	164	144	170	224	52	121	140	135	166	266
Living alone .....	162	140	164	220	51	116	135	133	161	260
Spouse .....	105	122	139	57	100	145	114	166	126	160
Other relatives .....	29	23	15	15	16	31	16	21	12	28
Nonrelatives .....	2	2	3	5	1	5	4	3	3	7
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	143	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 071</b>	<b>1 346</b>	<b>1 318</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>1 695</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>1 185</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>902</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	507	670	697	389	370	888	257	501	236	368
Number of own children under 18 years .....	873	1 126	1 196	609	661	1 580	431	893	378	568
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>837</b>	<b>1 048</b>	<b>1 013</b>	<b>543</b>	<b>767</b>	<b>1 496</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>1 042</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>671</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	369	501	470	204	344	775	195	432	179	236
Number of own children under 18 years .....	661	846	848	338	618	1 406	340	795	295	366
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>170</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>196</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	108	133	206	167	23	94	45	59	47	116
Number of own children under 18 years .....	163	222	321	249	39	154	67	83	70	182
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 520</b>	<b>1 789</b>	<b>1 448</b>	<b>1 040</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>2 116</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>1 854</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>1 592</b>
Never married .....	417	441	290	311	167	395	177	582	176	688
Now married, except separated .....	866	1 080	1 031	562	773	1 523	535	1 058	546	698
Separated .....	18	25	11	14	1	16	5	14	6	15
Widowed .....	30	34	25	21	17	34	29	34	34	52
Divorced .....	189	209	91	132	30	148	129	166	80	139
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 642</b>	<b>1 999</b>	<b>1 848</b>	<b>1 447</b>	<b>1 062</b>	<b>2 271</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>1 841</b>	<b>1 120</b>	<b>2 238</b>
Never married .....	352	361	321	390	144	373	158	417	161	1 053
Now married, except separated .....	860	1 086	1 044	556	775	1 522	533	1 056	549	699
Separated .....	23	23	23	21	5	18	6	21	7	12
Widowed .....	194	199	175	197	75	162	141	163	259	264
Divorced .....	213	330	285	283	63	196	133	184	144	210

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	1.3	1.3	.9	1.2	2.7	3.1	2.4	.8	.7	1.4
Square miles .....	.5	.5	.3	.5	1.0	1.2	.9	.3	.3	.5
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 386</b>	<b>2 110</b>	<b>2 023</b>	<b>3 045</b>	<b>6 279</b>	<b>4 467</b>	<b>3 166</b>	<b>2 611</b>	<b>2 767</b>	<b>2 548</b>
Under 5 years .....	139	127	119	228	416	443	300	213	199	179
5 to 9 years .....	133	108	113	239	398	370	302	213	259	199
10 to 14 years .....	106	106	107	166	375	298	261	217	243	156
15 to 19 years .....	121	90	122	185	348	285	226	188	228	168
20 to 24 years .....	259	91	183	185	439	350	231	209	173	127
25 to 34 years .....	355	290	338	581	1 213	851	484	488	425	400
35 to 44 years .....	292	254	295	422	833	566	456	380	410	262
45 to 54 years .....	170	213	192	257	615	386	264	210	280	241
55 to 64 years .....	230	217	178	250	675	387	234	199	218	238
65 to 74 years .....	310	314	195	306	627	325	268	157	182	261
75 to 84 years .....	207	246	140	190	269	170	115	107	111	218
85 years and over .....	64	54	41	36	71	36	25	30	39	99
3 and 4 years .....	52	48	52	88	168	182	117	109	88	73
16 years and over .....	1 990	1 750	1 659	2 376	5 021	3 301	2 256	1 930	2 032	1 987
18 years and over .....	1 947	1 715	1 617	2 301	4 883	3 178	2 168	1 854	1 931	1 921
21 years and over .....	1 827	1 662	1 523	2 196	4 665	3 008	2 036	1 744	1 802	1 818
60 years and over .....	703	748	474	664	1 336	741	541	393	437	705
62 years and over .....	669	699	425	605	1 197	654	481	353	398	659
Median .....	37.1	44.5	35.9	33.8	34.5	30.7	30.3	30.4	31.4	36.7
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 227</b>	<b>1 165</b>	<b>1 064</b>	<b>1 611</b>	<b>3 338</b>	<b>2 377</b>	<b>1 700</b>	<b>1 325</b>	<b>1 460</b>	<b>1 434</b>
Under 5 years .....	72	61	49	105	203	223	141	105	97	84
5 to 9 years .....	59	55	60	122	199	180	152	109	135	105
10 to 14 years .....	44	53	48	87	175	149	136	100	114	84
15 to 19 years .....	49	44	59	91	155	134	118	95	116	74
20 to 24 years .....	107	48	90	89	226	199	138	101	90	73
25 to 34 years .....	180	150	172	291	627	445	264	248	225	207
35 to 44 years .....	139	145	154	208	420	299	234	170	218	148
45 to 54 years .....	90	117	99	142	330	208	133	113	138	131
55 to 64 years .....	129	114	96	136	386	207	141	105	128	138
65 to 74 years .....	183	191	118	190	374	196	154	86	99	169
75 to 84 years .....	131	151	94	126	190	116	72	69	73	142
85 years and over .....	44	36	25	24	53	21	17	24	27	79
3 and 4 years .....	29	26	22	43	83	92	52	47	52	30
16 years and over .....	1 042	987	890	1 280	2 731	1 798	1 247	991	1 096	1 150
18 years and over .....	1 019	967	874	1 247	2 665	1 746	1 200	955	1 045	1 123
21 years and over .....	985	943	827	1 190	2 567	1 657	1 130	901	984	1 069
60 years and over .....	428	454	288	412	824	446	328	232	260	461
62 years and over .....	412	425	262	382	750	409	290	212	236	440
Median .....	42.2	47.5	38.2	36.1	36.8	31.7	31.1	31.0	32.8	40.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 159</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>959</b>	<b>1 434</b>	<b>2 941</b>	<b>2 090</b>	<b>1 466</b>	<b>1 286</b>	<b>1 307</b>	<b>1 114</b>
Median age .....	34.0	41.4	33.2	32.3	32.9	29.8	29.5	30.0	30.1	32.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 386</b>	<b>2 110</b>	<b>2 023</b>	<b>3 045</b>	<b>6 279</b>	<b>4 467</b>	<b>3 166</b>	<b>2 611</b>	<b>2 767</b>	<b>2 548</b>
In households .....	2 332	2 110	2 006	3 045	6 279	4 455	3 166	2 603	2 767	2 433
Householder .....	1 090	961	884	1 261	2 679	1 782	1 239	1 113	1 003	1 059
Family householder .....	650	626	556	853	1 788	1 266	828	597	705	603
Nonfamily householder .....	440	335	328	408	891	516	411	516	298	456
Living alone .....	384	314	281	350	759	438	359	439	250	407
Spouse .....	555	540	465	666	1 410	846	480	313	445	324
Child .....	539	510	528	899	1 755	1 484	1 129	835	990	729
Other relatives .....	47	57	38	103	203	165	180	167	186	200
Nonrelatives .....	101	42	91	116	232	178	138	175	143	121
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	113
Other persons in group quarters .....	54	—	17	—	—	12	—	8	—	2
Persons per household .....	2.14	2.20	2.27	2.41	2.34	2.50	2.56	2.34	2.76	2.30
Persons per family .....	2.76	2.77	2.85	2.96	2.88	2.97	3.16	3.20	3.30	3.08
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>581</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>578</b>
In households .....	581	614	376	532	967	531	408	294	332	473
Householder .....	412	415	255	375	702	389	294	228	232	354
Nonfamily householder .....	211	202	126	189	351	198	156	133	117	205
Living alone .....	209	200	123	184	344	191	142	125	110	201
Spouse .....	156	163	96	125	210	115	80	42	69	85
Other relatives .....	12	32	20	27	50	19	22	17	20	26
Nonrelatives .....	1	4	5	5	5	8	12	7	11	8
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	105
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>650</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>1 788</b>	<b>1 266</b>	<b>828</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>603</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	259	207	223	391	783	685	457	328	366	267
Number of own children under 18 years .....	421	381	389	682	1 291	1 180	880	644	726	513
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>555</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>1 410</b>	<b>846</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>313</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>324</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	215	173	175	288	579	389	220	135	198	112
Number of own children under 18 years .....	355	320	323	518	984	689	428	274	392	228
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>80</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>229</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	37	30	39	82	163	258	210	166	144	132
Number of own children under 18 years .....	54	55	55	134	244	432	408	312	281	247
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>956</b>	<b>773</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>1 115</b>	<b>2 329</b>	<b>1 531</b>	<b>1 032</b>	<b>957</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>853</b>
Never married .....	286	151	219	277	593	407	340	384	321	289
Now married, except separated .....	572	550	479	684	1 442	878	503	330	471	352
Separated .....	2	7	2	11	9	18	15	16	20	24
Widowed .....	40	31	23	23	52	38	39	36	27	52
Divorced .....	56	34	54	120	233	190	135	191	113	136
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 052</b>	<b>996</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>1 297</b>	<b>2 761</b>	<b>1 825</b>	<b>1 271</b>	<b>1 011</b>	<b>1 114</b>	<b>1 161</b>
Never married .....	201	165	210	231	502	373	370	292	284	293
Now married, except separated .....	572	550	474	687	1 439	871	501	339	481	353
Separated .....	6	6	7	13	23	39	21	21	30	37
Widowed .....	175	181	124	190	411	226	173	142	135	290
Divorced .....	98	94	92	176	386	316	206	217	184	188



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers	1.0	7	8	1.5	1.2	8	8	2.4	1.5	2.0
Square miles	4	.3	3	.6	.5	3	3	.9	6	8
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>2 501</b>	<b>1 259</b>	<b>1 379</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>1 972</b>	<b>2 207</b>	<b>2 030</b>	<b>1 417</b>	<b>2 620</b>	<b>3 399</b>
Under 5 years	178	105	62	15	136	153	170	116	228	196
5 to 9 years	165	94	38	11	118	139	163	100	206	185
10 to 14 years	208	89	39	4	118	121	153	89	174	133
15 to 19 years	190	61	49	18	122	133	157	84	160	157
20 to 24 years	162	91	133	97	111	176	123	103	194	195
25 to 34 years	383	182	285	178	330	333	420	247	475	624
35 to 44 years	299	94	204	120	263	232	261	218	335	429
45 to 54 years	233	65	149	69	190	183	166	130	204	320
55 to 64 years	264	101	121	73	205	178	158	83	205	379
65 to 74 years	247	130	153	89	188	224	146	136	232	427
75 to 84 years	139	144	108	120	133	215	83	88	163	290
85 years and over	33	103	38	63	58	120	30	23	44	64
3 and 4 years	75	39	24	5	50	60	82	38	84	69
16 years and over	1 909	963	1 227	827	1 586	1 773	1 500	1 095	1 985	2 864
18 years and over	1 836	936	1 212	824	1 540	1 723	1 441	1 062	1 920	2 806
21 years and over	1 723	894	1 173	788	1 470	1 618	1 370	1 007	1 814	2 706
60 years and over	564	434	368	313	496	661	346	291	544	999
62 years and over	505	414	343	293	448	622	307	276	508	916
Median	34.2	35.8	39.0	43.6	36.5	36.6	31.3	33.7	32.3	39.3
<b>Female</b>	<b>1 346</b>	<b>746</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>1 043</b>	<b>1 244</b>	<b>1 064</b>	<b>723</b>	<b>1 385</b>	<b>1 826</b>
Under 5 years	98	45	34	7	68	72	83	52	103	92
5 to 9 years	91	49	23	7	53	69	77	35	104	87
10 to 14 years	106	47	22	1	54	68	83	39	87	61
15 to 19 years	91	29	26	4	72	68	81	41	65	85
20 to 24 years	73	51	73	29	66	99	73	57	110	110
25 to 34 years	188	97	126	46	143	154	185	119	249	294
35 to 44 years	169	39	79	25	127	114	144	98	169	223
45 to 54 years	123	36	68	27	85	92	85	64	107	174
55 to 64 years	154	56	69	35	111	105	85	50	118	200
65 to 74 years	151	99	96	56	125	147	91	86	141	263
75 to 84 years	81	109	68	85	88	164	56	62	102	194
85 years and over	21	89	26	43	51	92	21	20	30	43
3 and 4 years	46	18	15	1	31	28	36	16	32	29
16 years and over	1 028	600	625	350	862	1 026	800	590	1 078	1 578
18 years and over	998	592	618	349	831	1 004	769	578	1 054	1 545
21 years and over	938	565	595	343	791	945	729	548	1 007	1 492
60 years and over	333	331	229	203	326	471	219	192	331	608
62 years and over	295	321	217	197	300	447	192	185	312	566
Median	36.5	48.6	41.2	65.8	39.6	43.2	32.1	36.7	33.9	43.2
<b>Male</b>	<b>1 155</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>1 235</b>	<b>1 573</b>
Median age	31.9	29.6	37.6	36.4	34.1	32.9	30.7	31.4	30.5	36.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>2 501</b>	<b>1 259</b>	<b>1 379</b>	<b>857</b>	<b>1 972</b>	<b>2 207</b>	<b>2 030</b>	<b>1 417</b>	<b>2 620</b>	<b>3 399</b>
In households	2 501	1 028	1 323	315	1 903	1 891	2 022	1 417	2 620	3 399
Householder	942	531	808	218	905	883	809	610	1 087	1 607
Family householder	638	220	270	64	420	420	493	372	693	972
Nonfamily householder	304	311	538	154	485	463	316	238	394	635
Living alone	261	287	478	140	425	407	261	203	340	570
Spouse	392	54	189	49	258	224	290	265	489	783
Child	800	334	193	33	523	561	658	413	793	765
Other relatives	232	56	32	1	88	92	135	67	120	121
Nonrelatives	135	53	101	14	129	131	130	62	131	123
Institutionalized persons	—	168	—	492	64	293	8	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	63	56	50	5	23	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.65	1.94	1.64	1.44	2.10	2.14	2.50	2.32	2.41	2.12
Persons per family	3.23	3.02	2.53	2.30	3.07	3.09	3.20	3.00	3.02	2.72
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>559</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>781</b>
In households	419	262	298	62	330	316	259	247	439	781
Householder	297	232	246	53	266	269	189	176	322	542
Nonfamily householder	145	192	186	40	193	204	115	101	182	277
Living alone	136	190	181	40	182	196	110	94	174	272
Spouse	85	18	45	9	34	25	44	53	91	202
Other relatives	27	9	4	—	22	16	21	10	15	31
Nonrelatives	10	3	3	—	8	6	5	8	11	6
Institutionalized persons	—	114	—	210	49	241	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>693</b>	<b>972</b>
With own children under 18 years	279	122	94	16	205	227	264	182	347	332
Number of own children under 18 years	511	251	143	23	391	424	496	317	624	526
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>783</b>
With own children under 18 years	150	15	49	9	116	103	146	124	230	247
Number of own children under 18 years	276	27	75	12	230	196	287	217	428	406
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>148</b>
With own children under 18 years	107	103	42	7	76	106	98	43	94	71
Number of own children under 18 years	202	219	64	11	141	194	177	78	164	98
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>366</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>477</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>759</b>	<b>723</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>1 299</b>
Never married	321	161	241	226	234	261	236	129	242	282
Now married, except separated	414	94	196	96	278	259	309	279	509	807
Separated	19	11	21	13	18	10	9	10	10	9
Widowed	39	33	31	28	36	56	22	13	43	51
Divorced	106	67	120	114	166	173	147	84	117	150
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>1 051</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>631</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>868</b>	<b>1 035</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>1 091</b>	<b>1 586</b>
Never married	293	159	173	81	191	230	179	108	186	261
Now married, except separated	421	78	198	66	279	259	315	275	508	803
Separated	24	37	11	8	17	20	23	3	12	11
Widowed	171	237	109	125	208	318	127	115	196	291
Divorced	142	94	140	70	173	208	177	96	189	220

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	1.3	1.1	1.2	3.3	1.0	3.9	2.4	4.2	4.0	2.6
Square miles .....	.5	.4	.5	1.3	.4	1.5	.9	1.6	1.5	1.0
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 423</b>	<b>2 506</b>	<b>1 417</b>	<b>1 980</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>4 980</b>	<b>2 929</b>	<b>2 992</b>	<b>4 095</b>	<b>3 314</b>
Under 5 years .....	190	229	95	107	73	340	201	201	263	193
5 to 9 years .....	161	185	90	108	96	311	215	204	255	226
10 to 14 years .....	180	183	78	117	68	300	210	189	205	243
15 to 19 years .....	171	157	116	104	77	291	192	211	221	191
20 to 24 years .....	184	175	120	148	73	309	186	259	239	190
25 to 34 years .....	431	471	268	308	235	875	585	618	650	487
35 to 44 years .....	282	301	177	236	154	623	398	433	469	455
45 to 54 years .....	230	212	135	183	106	466	211	279	370	383
55 to 64 years .....	194	205	137	183	116	534	258	255	425	492
65 to 74 years .....	206	169	119	214	102	505	268	227	498	334
75 to 84 years .....	145	134	70	215	71	309	162	98	359	113
85 years and over .....	49	85	12	57	17	117	43	18	141	7
3 and 4 years .....	77	96	44	44	29	153	83	81	113	83
16 years and over .....	1 859	1 870	1 133	1 629	936	3 964	2 266	2 363	3 326	2 604
18 years and over .....	1 794	1 813	1 085	1 592	904	3 849	2 191	2 292	3 247	2 526
21 years and over .....	1 684	1 724	1 018	1 507	861	3 665	2 075	2 137	3 087	2 415
60 years and over .....	489	504	262	594	260	1 207	622	468	1 232	707
62 years and over .....	461	453	235	547	226	1 096	556	420	1 147	595
Median .....	32.2	32.1	32.6	38.6	33.7	35.8	32.9	31.9	39.1	37.5
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 245</b>	<b>1 314</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>1 094</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>2 674</b>	<b>1 519</b>	<b>1 512</b>	<b>2 441</b>	<b>1 756</b>
Under 5 years .....	92	102	46	53	41	180	107	104	146	100
5 to 9 years .....	72	87	52	54	49	149	109	104	128	107
10 to 14 years .....	86	86	35	52	34	152	100	94	104	126
15 to 19 years .....	82	78	43	57	34	145	90	113	114	93
20 to 24 years .....	93	94	40	78	42	182	88	125	130	94
25 to 34 years .....	201	229	110	142	123	425	275	290	363	257
35 to 44 years .....	141	142	84	115	75	326	200	204	264	228
45 to 54 years .....	119	114	62	97	60	232	115	136	216	227
55 to 64 years .....	103	116	73	102	59	312	140	139	256	268
65 to 74 years .....	123	108	78	134	64	287	160	129	348	182
75 to 84 years .....	94	91	55	159	42	199	108	59	264	67
85 years and over .....	39	67	10	51	14	85	27	15	108	7
3 and 4 years .....	43	41	19	20	17	85	50	38	65	42
16 years and over .....	980	1 018	547	924	505	2 168	1 184	1 195	2 039	1 399
18 years and over .....	946	989	529	905	492	2 108	1 152	1 157	2 004	1 360
21 years and over .....	891	944	504	861	472	2 008	1 099	1 078	1 916	1 307
60 years and over .....	305	331	175	403	156	738	374	268	862	396
62 years and over .....	291	300	158	377	139	671	333	247	808	336
Median .....	34.8	34.2	37.6	44.7	34.6	37.6	34.5	32.3	43.7	38.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 178</b>	<b>1 192</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>886</b>	<b>551</b>	<b>2 306</b>	<b>1 410</b>	<b>1 480</b>	<b>1 654</b>	<b>1 558</b>
Median age .....	31.0	29.6	29.7	34.2	33.0	33.9	31.6	31.5	34.1	35.7
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 423</b>	<b>2 506</b>	<b>1 417</b>	<b>1 980</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>4 980</b>	<b>2 929</b>	<b>2 992</b>	<b>4 095</b>	<b>3 314</b>
In households .....	2 395	2 424	1 266	1 972	1 188	4 860	2 929	2 992	3 958	3 314
Householder .....	965	989	535	947	490	2 064	1 178	1 291	1 954	1 259
Family householder .....	618	630	325	502	332	1 395	799	815	1 087	1 024
Nonfamily householder .....	347	318	210	445	158	669	379	476	867	235
Living alone .....	281	272	183	409	140	599	342	403	819	217
Spouse .....	428	411	193	385	265	1 137	640	647	749	873
Child .....	718	782	391	489	351	1 365	889	848	1 046	1 018
Other relatives .....	131	131	74	80	44	143	120	92	111	104
Nonrelatives .....	153	152	73	71	38	151	102	114	98	60
Institutionalized persons .....	28	82	142	—	—	120	—	—	137	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.48	2.56	2.37	2.08	2.42	2.35	2.49	2.32	2.03	2.63
Persons per family .....	3.07	3.10	3.02	2.90	2.99	2.90	3.06	2.95	2.75	2.95
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>400</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>998</b>	<b>454</b>
In households .....	382	308	200	486	190	844	473	343	866	454
Householder .....	268	234	155	381	142	582	348	247	681	297
Nonfamily householder .....	148	128	91	252	72	268	180	116	471	96
Living alone .....	137	125	85	248	69	266	179	114	469	96
Spouse .....	83	47	34	76	40	211	102	72	149	131
Other relatives .....	25	24	9	26	7	40	20	22	28	23
Nonrelatives .....	6	3	2	3	1	11	3	2	8	3
Institutionalized persons .....	18	80	1	—	—	87	—	—	132	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>618</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>1 395</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>1 087</b>	<b>1 024</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	302	319	158	192	157	596	380	378	516	409
Number of own children under 18 years .....	538	604	283	358	260	1 020	679	648	797	726
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>428</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>1 137</b>	<b>640</b>	<b>647</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>873</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	196	208	79	142	123	461	299	288	296	336
Number of own children under 18 years .....	358	417	142	278	203	823	540	509	604	604
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>152</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>125</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	85	88	73	37	28	114	64	66	197	63
Number of own children under 18 years .....	149	155	133	59	48	167	113	99	284	107
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>897</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>1 836</b>	<b>1 100</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>1 309</b>	<b>1 229</b>
Never married .....	271	236	224	188	106	417	271	332	307	236
Now married, except separated .....	452	432	234	395	275	1 173	662	669	773	890
Separated .....	10	16	9	5	5	9	7	16	17	7
Widowed .....	31	41	10	28	13	61	40	20	70	27
Divorced .....	133	145	122	97	39	176	120	151	142	70
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>995</b>	<b>1 039</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>2 193</b>	<b>1 203</b>	<b>1 210</b>	<b>2 063</b>	<b>1 420</b>
Never married .....	178	184	123	172	89	388	209	243	317	210
Now married, except separated .....	458	440	210	397	275	1 176	662	663	783	888
Separated .....	16	18	6	11	5	24	9	19	14	10
Widowed .....	158	212	109	233	79	340	174	136	531	157
Divorced .....	185	185	107	122	65	265	149	149	418	151



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt)	Tract 37 01	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 01	Tract 38 03	Tract 38 04 (pt)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt)
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	6.3	3.3	2.6	2.6	3.9	3.9	1.7	3.2	2.6
Square miles .....	2.4	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	.6	1.2	1.0
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 555</b>	<b>4 839</b>	<b>2 477</b>	<b>5 161</b>	<b>4 871</b>	<b>5 586</b>	<b>2 897</b>	<b>3 138</b>	<b>2 235</b>
Under 5 years .....	164	353	110	369	262	448	238	161	175
5 to 9 years .....	200	349	105	343	243	485	252	188	127
10 to 14 years .....	181	352	102	355	244	431	201	201	74
15 to 19 years .....	170	328	125	300	258	325	164	201	93
20 to 24 years .....	103	356	137	352	325	315	193	191	323
25 to 34 years .....	396	967	342	907	740	982	489	451	583
35 to 44 years .....	403	765	358	690	668	1 106	399	434	253
45 to 54 years .....	301	476	258	483	560	663	247	321	172
55 to 64 years .....	306	418	284	467	482	435	292	326	128
65 to 74 years .....	230	334	311	409	577	286	278	269	163
75 to 84 years .....	84	122	222	321	423	92	132	221	122
85 years and over .....	17	19	123	165	89	18	12	174	22
3 and 4 years .....	76	140	42	141	109	182	96	59	56
16 years and over .....	1 972	3 733	2 136	4 043	4 072	4 150	2 171	2 549	1 841
18 years and over .....	1 904	3 595	2 086	3 931	3 965	4 000	2 102	2 471	1 811
21 years and over .....	1 816	3 388	2 016	3 718	3 804	3 855	2 014	2 336	1 730
60 years and over .....	496	665	816	1 141	1 367	624	576	834	373
62 years and over .....	442	574	762	1 045	1 252	526	514	781	348
Median .....	36.4	31.8	43.5	34.4	40.2	33.4	33.0	38.5	29.2
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 317</b>	<b>2 473</b>	<b>1 376</b>	<b>2 842</b>	<b>2 731</b>	<b>2 837</b>	<b>1 650</b>	<b>1 734</b>	<b>1 327</b>
Under 5 years .....	81	171	69	179	130	204	121	63	86
5 to 9 years .....	109	147	55	163	117	241	132	96	64
10 to 14 years .....	86	157	62	167	126	223	116	105	36
15 to 19 years .....	77	154	62	146	137	169	83	95	54
20 to 24 years .....	58	185	54	203	171	163	125	93	190
25 to 34 years .....	207	489	155	485	394	520	270	248	340
35 to 44 years .....	199	396	173	370	354	548	235	223	147
45 to 54 years .....	150	263	135	253	287	333	142	172	87
55 to 64 years .....	160	234	166	252	286	215	169	181	84
65 to 74 years .....	131	191	199	252	369	159	163	158	122
75 to 84 years .....	46	72	148	242	295	52	84	157	100
85 years and over .....	13	14	98	130	65	10	10	143	17
3 and 4 years .....	37	65	27	72	53	80	49	25	27
16 years and over .....	1 022	1 974	1 178	2 312	2 330	2 131	1 259	1 449	1 130
18 years and over .....	996	1 907	1 152	2 255	2 276	2 052	1 231	1 411	1 116
21 years and over .....	951	1 807	1 117	2 145	2 191	1 981	1 180	1 351	1 064
60 years and over .....	279	379	532	756	897	336	347	552	283
62 years and over .....	251	329	504	701	826	288	314	525	267
Median .....	36.9	33.5	48.8	36.8	43.4	33.5	34.2	42.4	30.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 238</b>	<b>2 366</b>	<b>1 101</b>	<b>2 319</b>	<b>2 140</b>	<b>2 749</b>	<b>1 247</b>	<b>1 404</b>	<b>908</b>
Median age .....	36.0	30.2	39.1	31.7	37.1	33.4	31.9	35.3	27.7
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>2 555</b>	<b>4 839</b>	<b>2 477</b>	<b>5 161</b>	<b>4 871</b>	<b>5 586</b>	<b>2 897</b>	<b>3 138</b>	<b>2 235</b>
In households .....	2 555	4 839	1 883	4 924	4 871	5 586	2 897	2 867	2 235
Householder .....	969	1 927	823	2 208	2 404	2 141	1 200	1 197	1 264
Family householder .....	755	1 346	566	1 301	1 318	1 579	879	823	567
Nonfamily householder .....	214	581	257	907	1 086	562	321	374	697
Living alone .....	183	491	239	816	991	492	275	374	614
Spouse .....	682	1 048	473	898	1 103	1 438	623	648	346
Child .....	773	1 496	483	1 500	1 129	1 831	918	881	480
Other relatives .....	64	165	60	138	97	76	76	77	35
Nonrelatives .....	67	203	44	180	138	100	80	64	110
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	548	237	—	—	—	271	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	46	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.64	2.51	2.29	2.23	2.03	2.61	2.41	2.40	1.77
Persons per family .....	3.01	3.01	2.80	2.95	2.77	3.12	2.84	2.95	2.52
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>331</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>656</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>1 089</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>664</b>	<b>307</b>
In households .....	331	475	419	702	1 089	396	422	409	307
Householder .....	214	328	278	549	813	260	294	296	254
Nonfamily householder .....	75	144	122	356	496	102	141	157	200
Living alone .....	71	140	119	353	489	101	136	154	198
Spouse .....	97	122	121	117	239	114	116	90	38
Other relatives .....	18	23	15	30	30	22	10	19	12
Nonrelatives .....	2	2	5	6	7	—	2	4	3
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	237	193	—	—	—	255	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>755</b>	<b>1 346</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>1 301</b>	<b>1 318</b>	<b>1 579</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>567</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	321	670	217	658	503	852	436	377	283
Number of own children under 18 years .....	604	1 126	356	1 153	863	1 552	750	634	411
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>682</b>	<b>1 048</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>1 103</b>	<b>1 438</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>648</b>	<b>346</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	290	501	170	396	397	766	246	271	109
Number of own children under 18 years .....	545	846	288	711	725	1 414	449	479	156
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>58</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>195</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	26	133	43	233	87	73	178	91	159
Number of own children under 18 years .....	51	222	63	400	115	120	284	135	236
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>969</b>	<b>1 787</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>1 761</b>	<b>1 764</b>	<b>2 053</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>1 118</b>	<b>718</b>
Never married .....	188	440	329	502	423	430	203	269	225
Now married, except separated .....	693	1 080	508	947	1 128	1 471	635	682	361
Separated .....	3	25	9	23	14	12	6	10	9
Widowed .....	19	34	41	77	46	22	19	47	14
Divorced .....	66	208	83	212	153	118	62	110	109
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 041</b>	<b>1 998</b>	<b>1 190</b>	<b>2 333</b>	<b>2 358</b>	<b>2 169</b>	<b>1 281</b>	<b>1 470</b>	<b>1 141</b>
Never married .....	146	361	263	537	444	390	232	256	336
Now married, except separated .....	694	1 086	516	948	1 130	1 465	647	679	355
Separated .....	4	23	14	36	20	21	20	14	20
Widowed .....	111	199	233	431	459	117	143	340	166
Divorced .....	86	329	164	381	305	176	239	181	264

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 10.98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>										
Square kilometers .....	7.8	.1	3.1	4.0	2.9	1.6	1.2	10.1	10.1	20.2
Square miles .....	3.0	—	1.2	1.5	1.1	.6	.5	3.9	3.9	7.8
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>208</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1 286</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1 485</b>	<b>820</b>
Under 5 years .....	11	3	106	1	—	13	69	—	153	86
5 to 9 years .....	9	—	95	1	—	15	68	—	121	56
10 to 14 years .....	12	1	110	—	—	21	83	—	121	50
15 to 19 years .....	14	—	90	—	—	12	57	—	88	66
20 to 24 years .....	7	—	62	—	—	24	104	1	75	41
25 to 34 years .....	27	3	212	2	—	51	201	—	327	163
35 to 44 years .....	23	1	218	—	—	28	139	2	257	115
45 to 54 years .....	30	—	153	—	—	35	65	—	134	94
55 to 64 years .....	35	—	114	—	—	43	67	—	112	70
65 to 74 years .....	26	—	98	—	—	41	72	—	64	50
75 to 84 years .....	14	—	21	—	—	48	48	—	31	23
85 years and over .....	—	—	7	—	—	38	11	—	2	6
3 and 4 years .....	6	1	46	1	—	4	26	—	67	25
16 years and over .....	174	4	957	2	—	319	756	3	1 070	615
18 years and over .....	169	4	919	2	—	311	732	3	1 029	585
21 years and over .....	159	4	875	2	—	301	690	3	990	555
60 years and over .....	57	—	189	—	—	149	163	—	147	118
62 years and over .....	47	—	174	—	—	139	148	—	128	104
Median .....	46.0	20.5	33.8	18.5	—	50.9	30.0	42.5	31.4	31.7
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>105</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>539</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>763</b>	<b>410</b>
Under 5 years .....	6	—	49	1	—	4	33	—	73	50
5 to 9 years .....	7	—	50	—	—	6	35	—	50	31
10 to 14 years .....	5	1	54	—	—	9	39	—	73	23
15 to 19 years .....	5	—	46	—	—	6	33	—	42	33
20 to 24 years .....	4	—	33	—	—	13	63	—	44	14
25 to 34 years .....	14	2	107	1	—	24	115	—	173	83
35 to 44 years .....	10	—	121	—	—	13	74	1	130	47
45 to 54 years .....	16	—	70	—	—	18	34	—	70	53
55 to 64 years .....	19	—	61	—	—	24	33	—	58	34
65 to 74 years .....	13	—	52	—	—	23	42	—	33	25
75 to 84 years .....	6	—	9	—	—	36	29	—	16	14
85 years and over .....	—	—	5	—	—	28	9	—	1	3
3 and 4 years .....	3	—	23	1	—	1	15	—	32	17
16 years and over .....	86	2	493	1	—	185	430	1	556	298
18 years and over .....	84	2	474	1	—	180	414	1	540	280
21 years and over .....	81	2	451	1	—	176	386	1	520	269
60 years and over .....	27	—	102	—	—	101	95	—	77	63
62 years and over .....	22	—	94	—	—	94	88	—	71	54
Median .....	46.1	30.5	34.3	16.5	—	59.7	30.4	42.5	31.5	31.4
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>103</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>629</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>445</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>410</b>
Median age .....	44.5	3.5	33.3	20.0	—	39.5	29.1	34.0	31.3	32.0
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>208</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1 286</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1 485</b>	<b>820</b>
In households .....	208	8	1 286	4	—	280	984	3	1 485	808
Householder .....	77	2	475	1	—	119	434	1	526	293
Family householder .....	65	2	378	1	—	82	256	—	439	223
Nonfamily householder .....	12	—	97	—	—	37	178	1	87	70
Living alone .....	11	—	83	—	—	33	153	—	81	56
Spouse .....	62	2	338	1	—	66	190	—	390	197
Child .....	58	4	428	2	—	65	280	—	526	258
Other relatives .....	10	—	23	—	—	22	41	—	25	26
Nonrelatives .....	1	—	22	—	—	8	39	2	18	34
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	89	—	—	—	12
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.70	4.00	2.71	4.00	—	2.35	2.27	3.00	2.82	2.76
Persons per family .....	3.00	4.00	3.09	4.00	—	2.87	3.00	—	3.14	3.16
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>40</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>79</b>
In households .....	40	—	126	—	—	46	131	—	97	79
Householder .....	26	—	78	—	—	32	91	—	68	55
Nonfamily householder .....	10	—	26	—	—	12	48	—	29	24
Living alone .....	10	—	25	—	—	12	48	—	28	22
Spouse .....	11	—	39	—	—	11	33	—	23	19
Other relatives .....	3	—	7	—	—	3	7	—	5	3
Nonrelatives .....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	81	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>65</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>223</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	19	2	202	1	—	29	129	—	261	106
Number of own children under 18 years .....	35	4	359	2	—	46	225	—	446	198
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>62</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>190</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>197</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	18	2	176	1	—	24	81	—	224	95
Number of own children under 18 years .....	34	4	313	2	—	40	152	—	399	182
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>19</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	1	—	26	—	—	4	42	—	28	8
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1	—	46	—	—	4	64	—	37	13
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>89</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>323</b>
Never married .....	18	—	92	—	—	33	85	1	87	84
Now married, except separated .....	65	2	345	1	—	77	197	—	396	201
Separated .....	—	—	2	—	—	1	2	—	5	—
Widowed .....	5	—	7	—	—	13	10	—	6	—
Divorced .....	1	—	25	—	—	11	38	1	29	20
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>87</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>567</b>	<b>304</b>
Never married .....	12	—	75	—	—	20	109	—	89	54
Now married, except separated .....	65	2	342	1	—	75	197	—	397	201
Separated .....	1	—	8	—	—	1	4	—	3	—
Widowed .....	7	—	34	—	—	73	58	—	32	3
Divorced .....	2	—	45	—	—	16	64	1	46	11



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
<b>LAND AREA</b>									
Square kilometers .....	38.3	5.7	15.2	91.2	39.1	.7	74.4	76.4	108.0
Square miles .....	14.8	2.2	5.8	35.2	15.1	.3	28.7	29.5	41.7
<b>AGE</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 379</b>	<b>2 436</b>	<b>5 789</b>	<b>1 388</b>	<b>7 339</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>7 063</b>	<b>1 694</b>	<b>4 731</b>
Under 5 years .....	231	187	462	92	408	—	496	122	334
5 to 9 years .....	284	195	506	116	530	3	586	154	334
10 to 14 years .....	310	180	438	96	481	—	525	141	327
15 to 19 years .....	212	143	371	71	814	—	488	291	291
20 to 24 years .....	131	81	320	47	734	—	346	97	231
25 to 34 years .....	471	403	970	214	897	2	1 051	255	654
35 to 44 years .....	618	397	1 081	243	1 137	3	1 165	290	786
45 to 54 years .....	443	290	636	155	784	1	865	155	653
55 to 64 years .....	347	304	494	149	728	3	692	182	555
65 to 74 years .....	229	183	385	145	509	3	557	115	357
75 to 84 years .....	79	54	102	47	245	1	240	53	175
85 years and over .....	24	19	24	13	72	—	52	10	34
3 and 4 years .....	106	84	185	46	173	—	217	47	136
16 years and over .....	2 498	1 845	4 306	1 065	5 815	13	5 354	1 256	3 679
18 years and over .....	2 407	1 780	4 152	1 036	5 643	13	5 147	1 196	3 564
21 years and over .....	2 312	1 707	3 958	1 007	4 845	13	4 876	1 140	3 374
60 years and over .....	520	411	742	284	1 171	6	1 177	281	827
62 years and over .....	436	352	647	252	1 031	4	1 038	245	703
Median .....	35.8	35.6	33.6	36.7	33.5	49.0	35.3	33.8	37.2
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 657</b>	<b>1 263</b>	<b>2 971</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>3 808</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>3 544</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>2 320</b>
Under 5 years .....	105	89	219	55	190	—	221	65	169
5 to 9 years .....	122	98	261	53	260	1	287	80	140
10 to 14 years .....	147	101	222	46	224	—	270	70	149
15 to 19 years .....	107	64	192	36	462	—	219	60	133
20 to 24 years .....	59	45	163	26	368	—	178	42	114
25 to 34 years .....	244	224	501	110	465	2	541	132	316
35 to 44 years .....	318	199	557	113	586	—	563	132	401
45 to 54 years .....	212	152	317	83	393	1	452	75	325
55 to 64 years .....	180	151	265	74	377	1	344	95	266
65 to 74 years .....	107	92	204	73	283	1	298	59	190
75 to 84 years .....	43	30	54	26	148	1	139	31	94
85 years and over .....	13	18	16	8	52	—	32	2	23
3 and 4 years .....	46	36	91	28	84	—	99	31	66
16 years and over .....	1 258	964	2 235	538	3 078	6	2 716	617	1 839
18 years and over .....	1 208	933	2 152	525	2 990	6	2 616	586	1 787
21 years and over .....	1 165	897	2 049	509	2 519	6	2 491	562	1 696
60 years and over .....	259	215	396	146	662	3	637	144	423
62 years and over .....	216	186	349	125	586	2	565	125	365
Median .....	36.2	35.5	33.8	36.5	34.0	54.5	35.8	33.5	38.3
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 722</b>	<b>1 173</b>	<b>2 818</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>3 531</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>3 519</b>	<b>851</b>	<b>2 411</b>
Median age .....	35.2	35.7	33.4	37.0	32.9	43.5	34.8	34.2	36.1
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>									
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 379</b>	<b>2 436</b>	<b>5 789</b>	<b>1 388</b>	<b>7 339</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>7 063</b>	<b>1 694</b>	<b>4 731</b>
In households .....	3 379	2 436	5 789	1 367	7 247	16	7 035	1 694	4 731
Householder .....	1 165	867	2 142	505	2 570	8	2 461	560	1 705
Family householder .....	1 011	753	1 693	399	1 965	5	2 046	468	1 458
Nonfamily householder .....	154	114	449	106	605	3	415	92	247
Living alone .....	135	101	388	85	330	3	357	85	223
Spouse .....	945	705	1 494	359	1 785	5	1 860	436	1 346
Child .....	1 148	796	1 932	428	2 128	3	2 396	647	1 534
Other relatives .....	70	43	121	37	137	—	189	32	83
Nonrelatives .....	51	25	100	38	627	—	129	19	63
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	84	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	21	8	—	28	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.90	2.81	2.70	2.71	2.82	2.00	2.86	3.03	2.77
Persons per family .....	3.14	3.05	3.10	3.07	3.06	2.60	3.17	3.38	3.03
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>332</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>511</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>178</b>	<b>566</b>
In households .....	332	256	511	194	750	4	840	178	566
Householder .....	209	153	330	127	480	3	520	116	372
Nonfamily householder .....	55	42	121	39	154	2	174	39	125
Living alone .....	55	41	116	37	148	2	167	39	123
Spouse .....	100	89	145	61	221	1	254	54	170
Other relatives .....	23	13	31	6	40	—	56	8	23
Nonrelatives .....	—	1	5	—	9	—	10	—	1
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	76	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	9	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>									
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 011</b>	<b>753</b>	<b>1 693</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>1 965</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2 046</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>1 458</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	497	351	886	178	894	2	963	240	625
Number of own children under 18 years .....	932	626	1 576	326	1 631	3	1 810	479	1 109
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>945</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>1 494</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>1 785</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1 860</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>1 346</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	465	326	773	159	815	2	878	230	573
Number of own children under 18 years .....	883	584	1 402	297	1 514	3	1 677	459	1 029
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>52</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>81</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	26	22	94	13	60	—	67	9	37
Number of own children under 18 years .....	42	38	154	21	87	—	105	18	55
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>									
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 271</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>2 114</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>2 786</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2 690</b>	<b>649</b>	<b>1 874</b>
Never married .....	226	149	395	88	789	1	563	165	381
Now married, except separated .....	959	708	1 521	367	1 819	5	1 899	444	1 362
Separated .....	5	1	16	11	6	—	9	—	2
Widowed .....	24	12	34	16	33	—	58	16	31
Divorced .....	57	29	148	53	139	1	161	24	98
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 283</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>2 269</b>	<b>549</b>	<b>3 134</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2 766</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>1 862</b>
Never married .....	175	132	373	100	900	—	454	106	254
Now married, except separated .....	965	710	1 520	367	1 816	5	1 899	445	1 368
Separated .....	7	4	18	4	5	—	8	4	6
Widowed .....	73	68	162	46	259	1	242	47	152
Divorced .....	63	61	196	32	154	—	163	26	82

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307.01	Tract 307.02
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	333.1	176.4	103.7	27.4	224.0	34.1	72.3	9.6
Square miles .....	128.6	68.1	40.0	10.6	86.5	13.2	27.9	3.7
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 386</b>	<b>3 217</b>	<b>629</b>	<b>4 244</b>	<b>3 802</b>	<b>8 037</b>	<b>7 569</b>	<b>3 277</b>
Under 5 years .....	208	184	42	302	238	553	584	223
5 to 9 years .....	291	247	43	349	282	547	634	232
10 to 14 years .....	339	239	38	381	306	619	625	283
15 to 19 years .....	298	264	65	306	366	550	630	269
20 to 24 years .....	201	178	43	268	210	505	425	106
25 to 34 years .....	520	456	85	771	556	1 310	1 338	379
35 to 44 years .....	546	532	115	637	699	1 125	1 416	654
45 to 54 years .....	367	423	75	391	514	805	961	424
55 to 64 years .....	278	295	53	370	307	686	520	247
65 to 74 years .....	216	228	48	319	217	713	282	188
75 to 84 years .....	100	127	18	121	92	462	125	162
85 years and over .....	22	44	4	29	15	162	29	110
3 and 4 years .....	85	79	17	127	92	234	244	91
16 years and over .....	2 501	2 500	491	3 148	2 901	6 211	5 595	2 472
18 years and over .....	2 351	2 384	468	3 021	2 747	5 999	5 326	2 352
21 years and over .....	2 205	2 243	430	2 854	2 562	5 653	5 008	2 239
60 years and over .....	474	551	92	644	478	1 706	666	580
62 years and over .....	418	497	86	571	408	1 566	560	521
Median .....	32.1	35.7	34.9	31.8	34.3	34.5	32.0	37.1
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>1 672</b>	<b>1 596</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>2 150</b>	<b>1 867</b>	<b>4 227</b>	<b>3 783</b>	<b>1 705</b>
Under 5 years .....	96	80	26	136	119	260	286	103
5 to 9 years .....	158	115	15	169	134	269	315	115
10 to 14 years .....	174	110	9	174	141	281	313	141
15 to 19 years .....	127	123	30	152	161	251	284	122
20 to 24 years .....	92	92	21	131	96	260	217	54
25 to 34 years .....	269	233	47	399	306	671	691	215
35 to 44 years .....	265	274	49	310	351	584	727	335
45 to 54 years .....	185	205	36	212	252	418	471	197
55 to 64 years .....	138	147	25	203	139	374	253	124
65 to 74 years .....	111	122	23	173	112	435	143	101
75 to 84 years .....	42	71	7	71	49	299	64	113
85 years and over .....	15	24	2	20	7	125	19	85
3 and 4 years .....	34	36	12	50	47	113	120	46
16 years and over .....	1 220	1 266	234	1 640	1 439	3 363	2 811	1 313
18 years and over .....	1 161	1 212	226	1 581	1 362	3 271	2 679	1 259
21 years and over .....	1 103	1 145	204	1 497	1 284	3 104	2 547	1 207
60 years and over .....	243	297	44	359	235	1 054	337	361
62 years and over .....	212	266	42	322	206	990	284	331
Median .....	32.2	36.7	34.4	32.7	34.5	37.1	32.2	37.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>1 714</b>	<b>1 621</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>2 094</b>	<b>1 935</b>	<b>3 810</b>	<b>3 786</b>	<b>1 572</b>
Median age .....	31.9	34.8	35.2	31.0	34.1	32.1	31.7	36.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>3 386</b>	<b>3 217</b>	<b>629</b>	<b>4 244</b>	<b>3 802</b>	<b>8 037</b>	<b>7 569</b>	<b>3 277</b>
In households .....	3 386	3 217	629	4 189	3 802	7 800	7 569	3 052
Householder .....	1 142	1 185	220	1 514	1 304	3 075	2 529	1 019
Family householder .....	945	945	175	1 194	1 126	2 205	2 234	888
Nonfamily householder .....	197	240	45	320	178	870	295	131
Living alone .....	176	213	35	275	151	803	251	117
Spouse .....	831	862	151	1 003	1 031	1 831	2 037	822
Child .....	1 220	1 031	203	1 419	1 294	2 443	2 763	1 102
Other relatives .....	106	73	30	143	101	272	134	72
Nonrelatives .....	87	66	25	110	72	179	106	37
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	55	—	237	—	225
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household .....	2.96	2.71	2.86	2.77	2.92	2.54	2.99	3.00
Persons per family .....	3.28	3.08	3.19	3.15	3.15	3.06	3.21	3.25
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>338</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>449</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>1 337</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>440</b>
In households .....	338	399	70	433	324	1 196	436	241
Householder .....	227	268	45	281	205	867	271	143
Nonfamily householder .....	82	124	14	113	67	474	83	43
Living alone .....	82	120	14	109	64	464	79	42
Spouse .....	87	111	18	122	100	273	123	72
Other relatives .....	23	15	7	24	16	46	39	24
Nonrelatives .....	1	5	—	6	3	10	3	2
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	36	—	141	—	219
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>945</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>1 194</b>	<b>1 126</b>	<b>2 205</b>	<b>2 234</b>	<b>888</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	488	440	88	649	561	1 050	1 231	489
Number of own children under 18 years .....	955	779	139	1 139	985	1 851	2 168	890
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>831</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>1 003</b>	<b>1 031</b>	<b>1 831</b>	<b>2 037</b>	<b>822</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	424	392	73	532	504	846	1 109	452
Number of own children under 18 years .....	838	704	117	963	894	1 506	1 970	836
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>81</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>52</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	48	36	11	87	42	170	95	31
Number of own children under 18 years .....	93	58	17	138	68	286	155	47
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 304</b>	<b>1 256</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>1 541</b>	<b>1 503</b>	<b>2 901</b>	<b>2 857</b>	<b>1 193</b>
Never married .....	317	270	76	335	352	625	624	237
Now married, except separated .....	848	876	156	1 041	1 044	1 906	2 064	866
Separated .....	10	9	2	7	5	27	10	4
Widowed .....	29	24	6	32	29	89	29	34
Divorced .....	100	77	26	126	78	254	130	50
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 244</b>	<b>1 291</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>1 473</b>	<b>3 417</b>	<b>2 869</b>	<b>1 344</b>
Never married .....	192	201	47	269	236	513	471	201
Now married, except separated .....	852	877	156	1 038	1 052	1 896	2 062	865
Separated .....	11	9	—	9	14	42	19	11
Widowed .....	106	129	15	173	91	583	131	204
Divorced .....	83	75	22	182	80	383	186	61



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNAs in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	4 5	9 7	13 3	12 9	173 3	178 1	282 6	471 6
Square miles .....	1 7	3 7	5 1	5 0	66 9	68 8	109 1	182 1
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>5 102</b>	<b>5 657</b>	<b>5 801</b>	<b>3 973</b>	<b>4 287</b>	<b>5 919</b>	<b>4 247</b>	<b>7 404</b>
Under 5 years .....	393	425	324	300	314	388	279	514
5 to 9 years .....	493	410	321	323	370	508	367	643
10 to 14 years .....	563	397	294	286	341	546	366	628
15 to 19 years .....	458	360	338	273	290	470	325	569
20 to 24 years .....	241	373	403	279	284	340	221	451
25 to 34 years .....	702	1 058	999	726	729	924	716	1 296
35 to 44 years .....	1 131	957	845	612	705	1 096	704	1 133
45 to 54 years .....	647	659	608	375	525	779	471	847
55 to 64 years .....	256	439	517	331	360	442	390	663
65 to 74 years .....	155	327	517	289	254	271	275	424
75 to 84 years .....	54	164	395	151	96	131	108	198
85 years and over .....	9	88	240	28	19	24	25	38
3 and 4 years .....	171	163	128	128	120	162	124	210
16 years and over .....	3 549	4 345	4 797	3 016	3 196	4 384	3 184	5 498
18 years and over .....	3 349	4 200	4 674	2 885	3 078	4 188	3 043	5 264
21 years and over .....	3 143	3 994	4 447	2 743	2 918	3 937	2 861	4 952
60 years and over .....	321	792	1 406	646	547	636	586	973
62 years and over .....	269	696	1 307	569	468	552	523	839
Median .....	31.8	32.9	37.6	32.3	32.4	33.1	33.3	32.0
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>2 605</b>	<b>2 921</b>	<b>3 216</b>	<b>2 103</b>	<b>2 118</b>	<b>2 987</b>	<b>2 122</b>	<b>3 698</b>
Under 5 years .....	192	209	165	141	142	184	135	259
5 to 9 years .....	246	195	162	171	167	251	189	301
10 to 14 years .....	267	185	153	129	162	282	181	293
15 to 19 years .....	240	182	175	135	132	220	173	292
20 to 24 years .....	128	213	199	154	140	173	104	257
25 to 34 years .....	382	523	516	380	389	489	366	653
35 to 44 years .....	586	504	430	334	353	570	330	558
45 to 54 years .....	321	319	342	202	265	372	234	418
55 to 64 years .....	119	235	276	182	177	216	198	321
65 to 74 years .....	83	197	320	168	128	141	135	212
75 to 84 years .....	34	106	285	88	51	75	57	111
85 years and over .....	7	53	193	19	12	14	20	23
3 and 4 years .....	89	84	69	64	42	86	53	101
16 years and over .....	1 845	2 286	2 714	1 639	1 618	2 217	1 588	2 774
18 years and over .....	1 744	2 221	2 644	1 579	1 563	2 129	1 510	2 654
21 years and over .....	1 633	2 109	2 525	1 499	1 495	2 021	1 424	2 502
60 years and over .....	171	465	939	374	280	337	307	488
62 years and over .....	145	414	883	330	291	337	267	428
Median .....	32.0	33.9	40.8	33.5	33.1	33.3	33.2	31.9
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>2 497</b>	<b>2 736</b>	<b>2 585</b>	<b>1 870</b>	<b>2 169</b>	<b>2 932</b>	<b>2 125</b>	<b>3 706</b>
Median age .....	31.5	32.3	34.6	30.9	31.9	32.9	33.4	32.1
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>5 102</b>	<b>5 657</b>	<b>5 801</b>	<b>3 973</b>	<b>4 287</b>	<b>5 919</b>	<b>4 247</b>	<b>7 404</b>
In households .....	5 102	5 567	5 376	3 970	4 269	5 919	4 247	7 390
Householder .....	1 642	2 187	2 515	1 581	1 560	2 049	1 497	2 622
Family householder .....	1 457	1 592	1 538	1 188	1 274	1 729	1 254	2 122
Nonfamily householder .....	185	595	977	393	286	320	243	500
Living alone .....	144	485	895	349	237	279	207	432
Spouse .....	1 294	1 329	1 231	921	1 092	1 520	1 112	1 823
Child .....	2 017	1 725	1 374	1 278	1 417	2 126	1 459	2 552
Other relatives .....	80	145	128	109	110	138	94	225
Nonrelatives .....	69	181	128	81	90	86	85	168
Institutionalized persons .....	—	90	422	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	3	3	18	—	—	14
Persons per household .....	3.11	2.55	2.14	2.51	2.74	2.89	2.84	2.82
Persons per family .....	3.33	3.01	2.78	2.94	3.06	3.19	3.13	3.17
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>218</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>1 152</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>369</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>660</b>
In households .....	218	493	779	468	369	426	408	660
Householder .....	128	338	577	323	234	283	275	469
Nonfamily householder .....	37	153	352	150	68	105	89	198
Living alone .....	36	145	341	147	64	100	89	193
Spouse .....	70	111	166	118	111	115	105	161
Other relatives .....	20	38	30	23	21	22	26	25
Nonrelatives .....	—	6	6	4	3	6	2	5
Institutionalized persons .....	—	86	373	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>1 457</b>	<b>1 592</b>	<b>1 538</b>	<b>1 188</b>	<b>1 274</b>	<b>1 729</b>	<b>1 254</b>	<b>2 122</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	937	815	684	592	673	939	630	1 102
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 709	1 378	1 071	1 029	1 151	1 660	1 134	1 976
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>1 294</b>	<b>1 329</b>	<b>1 231</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>1 520</b>	<b>1 112</b>	<b>1 823</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	818	660	507	418	559	805	553	925
Number of own children under 18 years .....	1 523	1 152	820	742	970	1 450	1 012	1 678
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>138</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>217</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	100	124	143	156	94	108	51	137
Number of own children under 18 years .....	158	184	204	262	149	168	85	233
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 753</b>	<b>2 093</b>	<b>2 126</b>	<b>1 402</b>	<b>1 615</b>	<b>2 207</b>	<b>1 618</b>	<b>2 774</b>
Never married .....	355	455	467	301	334	469	323	595
Now married, except separated .....	1 306	1 369	1 288	940	1 119	1 542	1 128	1 875
Separated .....	10	20	28	22	15	18	14	33
Widowed .....	10	60	95	23	28	27	30	47
Divorced .....	72	189	248	116	119	151	123	224
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>1 900</b>	<b>2 332</b>	<b>2 736</b>	<b>1 662</b>	<b>1 647</b>	<b>2 270</b>	<b>1 617</b>	<b>2 845</b>
Never married .....	345	396	414	281	269	367	241	481
Now married, except separated .....	1 315	1 372	1 292	933	1 108	1 551	1 125	1 867
Separated .....	16	29	47	39	26	20	13	37
Widowed .....	77	241	593	179	105	160	138	230
Divorced .....	147	294	390	230	139	172	100	230



Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY									
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	1.7	1.8	.8	1.6	2.1	7.8	8.5	4.6	1.4	
Square miles	.7	.7	.3	.6	.8	3.0	3.3	1.8	.5	
AGE										
All persons	2 040	2 022	1 970	2 669	2 712	5 701	3 955	1 954	1 537	
Under 5 years	152	151	137	206	190	322	300	142	109	
5 to 9 years	140	184	147	198	189	318	323	169	143	
10 to 14 years	144	169	129	185	195	291	285	159	145	
15 to 19 years	119	130	150	186	161	332	272	139	109	
20 to 24 years	123	158	149	213	159	384	278	144	90	
25 to 34 years	313	366	309	444	427	963	722	304	240	
35 to 44 years	237	243	261	332	363	825	611	345	279	
45 to 54 years	187	142	192	208	251	603	371	250	212	
55 to 64 years	199	162	203	236	284	515	327	138	119	
65 to 74 years	212	181	170	259	272	514	287	118	60	
75 to 84 years	176	92	88	154	181	394	151	38	21	
85 years and over	38	44	35	48	40	240	28	8	10	
3 and 4 years	60	67	51	70	77	126	128	59	48	
16 years and over	1 579	1 491	1 535	2 050	2 112	4 705	2 999	1 460	1 118	
18 years and over	1 537	1 433	1 468	1 982	2 044	4 585	2 868	1 396	1 070	
21 years and over	1 462	1 363	1 366	1 848	1 945	4 362	2 727	1 317	1 008	
60 years and over	529	417	401	588	637	1 401	641	230	156	
62 years and over	491	378	359	538	585	1 303	565	202	126	
Median	36.2	31.1	33.7	32.7	35.8	37.9	32.2	32.1	33.0	
Female	1 141	1 074	1 043	1 429	1 496	3 167	2 093	1 002	814	
Under 5 years	68	77	60	93	105	164	141	58	51	
5 to 9 years	76	83	89	99	94	160	171	80	83	
10 to 14 years	78	81	65	94	100	152	128	79	81	
15 to 19 years	55	72	70	82	85	171	134	61	51	
20 to 24 years	63	86	80	112	75	191	154	78	53	
25 to 34 years	169	183	146	228	247	500	377	173	128	
35 to 44 years	123	124	144	162	176	420	334	175	151	
45 to 54 years	108	70	93	107	132	340	200	131	98	
55 to 64 years	115	97	127	138	171	274	180	70	61	
65 to 74 years	132	115	88	170	164	317	167	68	37	
75 to 84 years	121	57	58	109	120	285	88	22	13	
85 years and over	33	29	23	35	27	193	19	7	7	
3 and 4 years	29	34	27	31	36	68	64	21	24	
16 years and over	907	819	816	1 133	1 186	2 669	1 630	775	585	
18 years and over	890	787	786	1 106	1 147	2 600	1 570	747	563	
21 years and over	851	747	736	1 040	1 100	2 484	1 491	709	533	
60 years and over	349	260	237	380	402	935	371	133	90	
62 years and over	323	239	207	356	369	880	328	117	74	
Median	39.4	32.3	35.5	35.3	37.2	41.1	33.4	32.8	33.1	
Male	899	948	927	1 240	1 216	2 534	1 862	952	723	
Median age	31.9	30.2	32.1	30.2	34.6	34.9	30.9	31.2	33.0	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	2 040	2 022	1 970	2 669	2 712	5 701	3 955	1 954	1 537	
In households	2 040	2 014	1 953	2 577	2 712	5 276	3 952	1 954	1 537	
Householder	923	813	775	1 112	1 111	2 454	1 572	744	553	
Family householder	535	517	537	733	781	1 516	1 182	591	453	
Nonfamily householder	388	296	238	379	330	938	390	153	100	
Living alone	364	266	205	362	303	860	347	130	88	
Spouse	366	349	382	489	611	1 212	918	480	375	
Child	593	645	618	833	806	1 359	1 276	647	547	
Other relatives	98	130	107	98	118	127	107	45	36	
Nonrelatives	60	77	71	45	66	124	79	38	26	
Institutionalized persons	-	8	-	79	-	422	-	-	-	
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	17	13	-	3	3	-	-	
Persons per household	2.21	2.48	2.52	2.32	2.44	2.15	2.51	2.63	2.78	
Persons per family	2.98	3.17	3.06	2.94	2.97	2.78	2.95	2.98	3.11	
Persons 65 years and over	426	317	293	461	493	1 148	466	164	91	
In households	426	317	291	461	493	1 148	466	164	91	
Householder	321	234	215	342	348	574	321	106	61	
Nonfamily householder	210	131	104	199	176	350	149	32	30	
Living alone	203	125	96	197	172	339	146	31	29	
Spouse	75	54	50	98	109	165	118	48	23	
Other relatives	26	21	17	21	29	30	23	10	7	
Nonrelatives	4	8	9	-	7	6	4	-	-	
Institutionalized persons	-	-	-	-	-	373	-	-	-	
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	535	517	537	733	781	1 516	1 182	591	453	
With own children under 18 years	246	265	254	356	342	677	592	324	264	
Number of own children under 18 years	440	506	438	623	603	1 060	1 029	542	447	
Married-couple families	366	349	382	489	611	1 212	918	480	375	
With own children under 18 years	151	179	172	212	248	501	418	249	204	
Number of own children under 18 years	281	352	303	374	446	810	742	428	362	
Female householder, no husband present	147	137	130	218	145	245	232	91	67	
With own children under 18 years	88	75	70	135	86	142	156	64	52	
Number of own children under 18 years	147	138	120	237	145	203	262	97	75	
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	685	685	728	937	941	2 079	1 394	699	541	
Never married	187	188	195	251	193	452	299	150	108	
Now married, except separated	381	367	396	521	628	1 267	937	484	381	
Separated	13	11	15	26	11	26	22	5	6	
Widowed	32	33	27	31	31	95	23	9	5	
Divorced	72	86	95	108	78	239	113	51	41	
Females 15 years and over	919	833	829	1 143	1 197	2 691	1 653	785	599	
Never married	162	155	158	206	191	401	278	146	96	
Now married, except separated	378	368	400	513	625	1 273	930	483	380	
Separated	23	32	22	38	25	45	39	11	9	
Widowed	223	152	139	226	229	590	178	55	45	
Divorced	133	126	110	160	127	382	228	90	69	

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY— Con		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
<b>LAND AREA</b>								
Square kilometers .....	6	2.7	5.5	4.4	168.6	176.7	282.0	469.0
Square miles .....	2	1.0	2.1	1.7	65.1	68.2	108.9	181.1
<b>AGE</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>189</b>	<b>1 196</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2 333</b>	<b>4 382</b>	<b>4 058</b>	<b>6 208</b>
Under 5 years .....	11	90	2	—	172	279	268	424
5 to 9 years .....	20	118	3	—	201	365	347	525
10 to 14 years .....	10	90	3	1	182	401	356	538
15 to 19 years .....	18	104	6	1	151	361	307	465
20 to 24 years .....	13	74	19	1	140	250	208	377
25 to 34 years .....	32	186	36	4	425	684	684	1 110
35 to 44 years .....	32	205	20	1	360	817	672	928
45 to 54 years .....	21	132	5	4	275	567	450	715
55 to 64 years .....	17	109	2	4	222	323	373	554
65 to 74 years .....	11	72	3	2	136	211	264	352
75 to 84 years .....	2	14	1	—	58	110	106	184
85 years and over .....	2	2	—	—	11	14	23	36
3 and 4 years .....	4	49	2	—	61	114	120	161
16 years and over .....	146	874	92	17	1 736	3 266	3 038	4 624
18 years and over .....	139	833	89	17	1 682	3 118	2 904	4 431
21 years and over .....	128	781	85	16	1 601	2 929	2 733	4 171
60 years and over .....	19	134	5	5	317	480	567	839
62 years and over .....	17	114	4	4	266	426	506	725
Median .....	33.3	32.1	28.8	51.0	32.6	33.2	33.3	32.0
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>90</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>1 116</b>	<b>2 173</b>	<b>2 032</b>	<b>3 088</b>
Under 5 years .....	2	44	1	—	84	133	133	215
5 to 9 years .....	11	55	2	—	87	168	178	246
10 to 14 years .....	4	40	1	1	83	201	177	253
15 to 19 years .....	11	55	4	1	71	169	162	237
20 to 24 years .....	6	44	8	—	62	120	98	213
25 to 34 years .....	16	97	16	3	216	361	350	556
35 to 44 years .....	13	109	10	—	178	419	317	449
45 to 54 years .....	9	69	2	2	134	274	225	349
55 to 64 years .....	9	58	2	2	107	155	189	263
65 to 74 years .....	6	29	3	1	60	104	129	183
75 to 84 years .....	1	9	—	—	29	62	56	102
85 years and over .....	2	1	—	—	5	7	18	22
3 and 4 years .....	—	27	1	—	21	62	53	74
16 years and over .....	72	454	45	9	843	1 632	1 516	2 320
18 years and over .....	67	436	44	9	816	1 566	1 443	2 218
21 years and over .....	62	407	41	8	786	1 488	1 362	2 095
60 years and over .....	12	64	4	3	147	247	295	424
62 years and over .....	10	56	3	2	116	217	257	372
Median .....	33.3	32.3	30.2	42.0	33.3	33.5	33.2	31.8
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>99</b>	<b>586</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1 217</b>	<b>2 209</b>	<b>2 026</b>	<b>3 120</b>
Median age .....	33.2	31.8	28.2	52.5	32.2	32.9	33.5	32.2
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>								
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>189</b>	<b>1 196</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>2 333</b>	<b>4 382</b>	<b>4 058</b>	<b>6 208</b>
In households .....	189	1 196	100	18	2 315	4 382	4 058	6 194
Householder .....	67	424	61	9	816	1 496	1 430	2 198
Family householder .....	59	359	22	6	683	1 276	1 195	1 763
Nonfamily householder .....	8	65	39	3	133	220	235	435
Living alone .....	8	52	35	2	107	191	199	380
Spouse .....	46	280	19	3	612	1 145	1 066	1 543
Child .....	74	438	15	2	770	1 579	1 385	2 114
Other relatives .....	1	30	1	2	65	102	93	195
Nonrelatives .....	1	24	4	2	52	60	84	144
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	14
Persons per household .....	2.82	2.82	1.64	2.00	2.84	2.93	2.84	2.82
Persons per family .....	3.05	3.08	2.59	2.17	3.12	3.21	3.13	3.18
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>15</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>572</b>
In households .....	15	88	4	2	205	335	393	572
Householder .....	11	63	3	2	128	222	264	406
Nonfamily householder .....	3	17	1	1	36	75	86	181
Living alone .....	3	17	2	1	33	71	86	176
Spouse .....	3	21	1	—	63	92	102	140
Other relatives .....	1	3	—	—	11	15	25	22
Nonrelatives .....	—	1	—	—	3	6	2	4
Institutionalized persons .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>								
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>59</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>1 276</b>	<b>1 195</b>	<b>1 763</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	28	196	7	—	349	675	602	906
Number of own children under 18 years .....	50	346	11	—	609	1 213	1 084	1 630
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>46</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>612</b>	<b>1 145</b>	<b>1 066</b>	<b>1 543</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	21	143	6	—	310	601	532	782
Number of own children under 18 years .....	40	259	10	—	542	1 088	972	1 419
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>8</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>155</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	3	46	1	—	30	56	48	91
Number of own children under 18 years .....	6	78	1	—	52	93	79	155
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>								
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>75</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>1 666</b>	<b>1 543</b>	<b>2 347</b>
Never married .....	17	100	15	2	184	361	306	495
Now married, except separated .....	46	287	21	3	635	1 161	1 082	1 588
Separated .....	—	2	2	—	10	12	14	31
Widowed .....	—	8	—	—	19	22	30	39
Divorced .....	12	30	9	3	68	110	111	194
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>73</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>862</b>	<b>1 671</b>	<b>1 544</b>	<b>2 374</b>
Never married .....	17	82	13	3	123	271	224	399
Now married, except separated .....	46	288	19	3	625	1 171	1 079	1 579
Separated .....	—	12	—	—	15	11	13	25
Widowed .....	7	31	3	1	50	115	131	199
Divorced .....	3	58	8	2	49	103	97	172



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN				Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Evansville, IN--KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Warrick County, IN	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97
AGE									
All persons	260 832	221 078	151 216	113 090	44 274	39 754	39 754	23 075	3 881
Under 5 years	17 808	15 140	10 124	7 434	3 083	2 668	2 668	1 543	342
5 to 9 years	18 751	15 657	10 135	7 120	3 479	3 094	3 094	1 679	302
10 to 14 years	18 098	15 098	9 324	6 506	3 725	3 000	3 000	1 560	238
15 to 19 years	17 687	14 951	9 656	6 903	3 505	2 736	2 736	1 489	230
20 to 24 years	17 056	14 540	10 570	8 332	2 506	2 516	2 516	1 554	287
25 to 34 years	43 477	36 793	25 481	19 703	7 075	6 684	6 684	3 796	753
35 to 44 years	39 524	33 423	21 675	15 301	7 700	6 101	6 101	3 363	488
45 to 54 years	27 339	23 016	15 106	10 709	5 186	4 323	4 323	2 363	351
55 to 64 years	23 859	20 308	14 663	10 841	3 423	3 551	3 551	2 108	376
65 to 74 years	21 093	18 164	13 738	10 958	2 672	2 929	2 929	1 984	316
75 to 84 years	12 177	10 549	8 118	6 965	1 412	1 628	1 628	1 192	164
85 years and over	3 963	3 439	2 626	2 318	508	524	524	444	34
3 and 4 years	7 325	6 232	4 158	3 025	1 277	1 093	1 093	642	143
16 years and over	202 797	172 318	119 905	90 815	33 258	30 479	30 479	18 030	2 954
18 years and over	195 984	166 645	116 440	88 353	31 766	29 339	29 339	17 403	2 854
21 years and over	184 812	157 071	109 663	83 408	29 936	27 741	27 741	16 487	2 715
60 years and over	49 529	42 665	32 243	26 117	6 247	6 864	6 864	4 717	718
62 years and over	44 599	38 447	29 151	23 803	5 546	6 152	6 152	4 281	643
Median	34.5	34.6	35.1	35.3	33.4	33.8	33.8	34.8	32.1
Female	136 073	115 404	79 967	60 612	22 492	20 669	20 669	12 397	2 061
Under 5 years	8 649	7 354	4 947	3 657	1 480	1 295	1 295	735	178
5 to 9 years	9 191	7 656	4 923	3 478	1 706	1 535	1 535	866	150
10 to 14 years	8 776	7 303	4 614	3 223	1 763	1 473	1 473	772	127
15 to 19 years	8 776	7 416	4 887	3 493	1 640	1 360	1 360	738	107
20 to 24 years	8 903	7 604	5 590	4 450	1 280	1 299	1 299	814	159
25 to 34 years	22 123	18 669	12 817	9 828	3 682	3 454	3 454	1 976	379
35 to 44 years	19 889	16 807	10 871	7 675	3 924	3 082	3 082	1 740	254
45 to 54 years	13 988	11 781	7 871	5 644	2 580	2 207	2 207	1 249	182
55 to 64 years	12 771	10 892	7 996	6 050	1 743	1 879	1 879	1 177	202
65 to 74 years	12 249	10 591	8 134	6 666	1 490	1 658	1 658	1 192	191
75 to 84 years	7 859	6 818	5 357	4 694	849	1 041	1 041	803	112
85 years and over	2 899	2 513	1 960	1 754	355	386	386	335	20
3 and 4 years	3 597	3 075	2 067	1 515	621	522	522	315	75
16 years and over	107 783	91 672	64 638	49 655	17 182	16 111	16 111	9 903	1 583
18 years and over	104 476	88 933	62 939	48 458	16 497	15 543	15 543	9 596	1 543
21 years and over	98 788	84 021	59 354	45 849	15 630	14 767	14 767	9 123	1 471
60 years and over	29 627	25 581	19 700	16 407	3 536	4 046	4 046	2 959	433
62 years and over	26 974	23 330	18 013	15 120	3 190	3 644	3 644	2 708	398
Median	35.7	35.9	36.7	37.5	34.3	34.8	34.8	36.5	33.0
Male	124 759	105 674	71 249	52 478	21 782	19 085	19 085	10 678	1 820
Median age	33.2	33.3	33.6	33.3	32.6	32.8	32.8	32.9	31.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	260 832	221 078	151 216	113 090	44 274	39 754	39 754	23 075	3 881
In households	255 358	216 116	147 080	109 183	43 680	39 242	39 242	22 592	3 869
Householder	102 143	86 791	61 778	48 141	15 624	15 352	15 352	9 484	1 578
Family householder	72 212	60 828	40 973	29 945	12 608	11 384	11 384	6 533	1 105
Nonfamily householder	29 931	25 963	20 805	18 196	3 016	3 968	3 968	2 951	473
Living alone	26 166	22 608	18 078	15 996	2 618	3 558	3 558	2 684	403
Spouse	60 251	50 795	33 351	23 364	11 067	9 456	9 456	5 148	791
Child	78 332	65 879	42 332	29 995	14 961	12 453	12 453	6 738	1 207
Other relatives	7 093	5 949	4 302	3 490	1 121	1 144	1 144	713	137
Nonrelatives	7 539	6 702	5 317	4 193	907	837	837	509	156
Institutionalized persons	4 063	3 609	2 795	2 621	594	454	454	454	—
Other persons in group quarters	1 411	1 353	1 341	1 286	—	58	58	29	12
Persons per household	2 50	2 49	2 38	2 27	2 80	2 56	2 56	2 38	2 46
Persons per family	3 02	3 02	2 96	2 90	3 16	3 03	3 03	2 93	2 94
Persons 65 years and over	37 233	32 152	24 482	20 241	4 592	5 081	5 081	3 620	514
In households	34 319	29 580	22 550	18 479	4 116	4 739	4 739	3 278	514
Householder	24 171	20 814	16 010	13 397	2 752	3 357	3 357	2 365	376
Nonfamily householder	11 989	10 351	8 203	7 322	1 182	1 638	1 638	1 270	191
Living alone	11 683	10 095	8 003	7 149	1 148	1 588	1 588	1 232	184
Spouse	8 242	7 131	5 319	4 109	1 083	1 111	1 111	726	112
Other relatives	1 586	1 361	1 010	793	247	225	225	156	19
Nonrelatives	320	274	211	180	34	46	46	31	7
Institutionalized persons	2 885	2 545	1 908	1 758	476	340	340	340	—
Other persons in group quarters	29	27	24	4	—	2	2	2	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	72 212	60 828	40 973	29 945	12 608	11 384	11 384	6 533	1 105
With own children under 18 years	34 504	28 889	18 522	13 254	6 653	5 615	5 615	3 122	561
Number of own children under 18 years	60 703	50 956	32 321	22 751	11 792	9 747	9 747	5 297	943
Married-couple families	60 239	50 782	33 330	23 337	11 069	9 457	9 457	5 145	791
With own children under 18 years	27 785	23 279	14 332	9 588	5 734	4 506	4 506	2 313	351
Number of own children under 18 years	50 188	42 197	25 846	17 081	10 335	7 991	7 991	4 041	628
Female householder, no husband present	9 525	7 979	6 133	5 326	1 193	1 546	1 546	1 156	261
With own children under 18 years	5 538	4 617	3 489	3 067	731	921	921	702	179
Number of own children under 18 years	8 756	7 282	5 444	4 778	1 176	1 474	1 474	1 108	269
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	96 718	82 092	56 150	41 776	16 444	14 626	14 626	8 269	1 393
Never married	22 734	19 653	14 041	10 981	3 578	3 081	3 081	1 775	344
Now married, except separated	61 975	52 257	34 386	24 219	11 346	9 718	9 718	5 311	821
Separated	778	611	456	392	103	167	167	109	13
Widowed	2 513	2 172	1 630	1 371	332	341	341	239	37
Divorced	8 718	7 399	5 637	4 813	1 085	1 319	1 319	835	178
Females 15 years and over	109 457	93 091	65 483	50 254	17 543	16 366	16 366	10 024	1 606
Never married	19 444	16 976	12 573	9 802	2 810	2 468	2 468	1 484	271
Now married, except separated	61 996	52 295	34 436	24 261	11 347	9 701	9 701	5 310	817
Separated	1 099	831	597	524	155	268	268	206	28
Widowed	14 658	12 513	9 678	8 416	1 734	2 145	2 145	1 663	216
Divorced	12 260	10 476	8 199	7 251	1 497	1 784	1 784	1 361	274



Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN								Henderson city Henderson County KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>3 877</b>	<b>1 763</b>	<b>1 686</b>	<b>1 579</b>	<b>1 066</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>4 514</b>	<b>1 509</b>	<b>2 087</b>
Under 5 years	341	135	123	98	77	51	22	293	117	154
5 to 9 years	301	139	112	115	67	35	12	252	108	152
10 to 14 years	238	129	115	115	56	44	23	269	93	136
15 to 19 years	230	115	103	104	47	46	14	247	112	138
20 to 24 years	287	108	124	95	58	54	29	308	121	161
25 to 34 years	751	290	325	256	192	120	64	762	245	341
35 to 44 years	488	296	256	221	126	105	38	615	193	268
45 to 54 years	351	147	151	165	96	69	20	454	143	160
55 to 64 years	376	146	145	147	66	73	30	449	148	192
65 to 74 years	316	157	115	137	110	66	37	392	134	214
75 to 84 years	164	83	92	91	106	53	74	313	73	130
85 years and over	34	18	25	35	65	18	71	160	22	41
and 4 years	142	52	66	46	36	27	8	114	43	52
6 years and over	2 952	1 336	1 319	1 231	860	591	375	3 661	1 175	1 628
8 years and over	2 852	1 291	1 283	1 194	837	577	368	3 577	1 125	1 574
1 years and over	2 713	1 225	1 209	1 123	807	547	360	3 383	1 048	1 469
0 years and over	718	343	301	338	315	178	199	1 106	311	485
2 years and over	643	305	273	311	302	165	193	1 012	280	446
Median	32.1	34.0	33.3	35.2	37.7	36.9	52.0	36.8	33.0	33.7
<b>Female</b>	<b>2 059</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>828</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>2 470</b>	<b>791</b>	<b>1 119</b>
Under 5 years	177	58	52	50	38	33	8	144	49	70
5 to 9 years	150	66	61	57	35	20	6	114	65	76
10 to 14 years	127	71	55	50	32	20	15	120	45	69
15 to 19 years	107	63	56	58	13	25	7	121	56	65
20 to 24 years	159	68	60	50	38	25	11	172	64	85
25 to 34 years	378	151	159	128	105	61	27	389	116	169
35 to 44 years	254	140	108	108	71	56	9	326	106	134
45 to 54 years	182	68	84	80	54	31	9	236	68	78
55 to 64 years	202	93	75	86	37	40	16	240	93	112
65 to 74 years	191	93	60	78	78	42	29	242	68	142
75 to 84 years	112	50	64	58	74	33	58	239	46	90
85 years and over	20	12	22	25	53	13	63	127	15	29
and 4 years	74	23	23	29	16	18	3	64	22	24
6 years and over	1 582	725	677	661	523	314	229	2 074	621	897
8 years and over	1 542	699	659	640	515	310	226	2 031	597	874
1 years and over	1 470	661	624	601	500	297	222	1 933	559	821
0 years and over	433	212	184	206	226	108	160	737	181	316
2 years and over	398	185	167	189	219	102	156	684	158	298
Median	33.1	34.4	34.2	36.0	41.0	38.4	71.9	39.7	35.0	36.5
<b>Male</b>	<b>1 818</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>830</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>2 044</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>968</b>
Median age	31.2	33.3	31.9	33.9	32.6	35.5	33.8	33.2	31.7	31.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>3 877</b>	<b>1 763</b>	<b>1 686</b>	<b>1 579</b>	<b>1 066</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>4 514</b>	<b>1 509</b>	<b>2 087</b>
Households	3 865	1 763	1 681	1 579	952	734	240	4 292	1 495	2 015
Householder	1 577	742	779	632	411	322	160	1 977	598	895
Family householder	1 104	460	379	410	238	185	39	1 136	415	584
Nonfamily householder	473	282	400	222	173	137	121	841	183	311
Living alone	403	250	341	188	146	114	110	760	158	297
Spouse	790	333	234	296	168	138	17	848	318	421
Child	1 205	541	452	474	261	192	33	1 192	463	610
Other relatives	137	68	100	86	49	33	8	120	67	61
Nonrelatives	156	79	116	91	63	49	22	155	49	28
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	113	—	146	222	—	63
Other persons in group quarters	12	—	5	—	1	—	48	—	14	9
Persons per household	2.46	2.39	2.18	2.49	2.29	2.28	1.59	2.18	2.50	2.26
Persons per family	2.94	3.06	3.11	3.08	3.00	2.98	2.85	2.91	3.04	2.88
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>258</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>385</b>
Households	514	258	232	263	176	137	85	684	227	385
Householder	376	185	186	184	127	103	79	534	167	281
Family householder	191	103	120	100	72	64	71	347	80	166
Living alone	184	97	115	93	71	62	71	345	74	165
Spouse	112	57	29	55	34	24	5	115	45	87
Other relatives	19	12	13	14	13	10	1	29	10	17
Nonrelatives	7	4	4	10	2	—	—	6	5	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	105	—	96	181	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b>	<b>1 104</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>379</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>1 136</b>	<b>415</b>	<b>584</b>
With own children under 18 years	560	244	188	184	111	83	20	529	202	283
Number of own children under 18 years	941	437	340	344	204	142	28	875	348	480
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>163</b>	<b>135</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>846</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>420</b>
With own children under 18 years	350	155	102	118	70	57	6	360	144	186
Number of own children under 18 years	626	299	207	220	140	103	7	627	252	325
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>261</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>142</b>
With own children under 18 years	179	76	74	53	31	19	13	146	47	89
Number of own children under 18 years	269	117	114	95	45	28	20	220	83	145
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>1 392</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>648</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>1 608</b>	<b>559</b>	<b>741</b>
Ever married	344	168	237	167	93	78	54	437	131	161
Now married, except separated	820	339	242	310	173	141	47	890	329	448
Separated	13	6	10	9	2	3	4	19	11	20
Widowed	37	21	26	17	19	17	13	73	15	23
Divorced	178	88	133	77	56	39	29	189	73	89
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>1 605</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>688</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>2 092</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>904</b>
Ever married	271	152	156	117	105	69	36	431	103	127
Now married, except separated	816	345	250	323	183	143	29	895	334	440
Separated	28	13	8	9	4	6	7	24	14	27
Widowed	216	102	121	102	148	56	114	420	97	174
Divorced	274	126	153	120	83	52	44	322	84	136

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN--KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN
	Indiana (pt.)		Total	Evansville city		Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97	
AGE									
All persons	16 115	13 064	12 410	12 031	3 051	3 051	2 720	545	
Under 5 years	1 519	1 246	1 184	1 140	273	273	257	90	
5 to 9 years	1 514	1 249	1 208	1 185	265	265	250	67	
10 to 14 years	1 463	1 206	1 129	1 101	257	257	227	57	
15 to 19 years	1 380	1 127	1 067	1 030	253	253	217	52	
20 to 24 years	1 264	1 018	967	927	246	246	219	58	
25 to 34 years	2 749	2 222	2 109	2 047	527	527	487	95	
35 to 44 years	2 003	1 612	1 514	1 457	391	391	341	71	
45 to 54 years	1 280	1 046	979	945	234	234	189	33	
55 to 64 years	1 106	881	847	830	225	225	197	10	
65 to 74 years	1 017	832	807	785	185	185	167	8	
75 to 84 years	614	474	453	442	140	140	118	2	
85 years and over	206	151	146	142	55	55	51	2	
3 and 4 years	591	491	461	442	100	100	95	37	
16 years and over	11 347	9 147	8 689	8 410	2 200	2 200	1 937	322	
18 years and over	10 786	8 683	8 244	7 979	2 103	2 103	1 855	301	
21 years and over	9 986	8 029	7 626	7 388	1 957	1 957	1 731	270	
60 years and over	2 395	1 911	1 841	1 798	484	484	427	18	
62 years and over	2 164	1 723	1 663	1 624	441	441	390	16	
Median	28.4	28.1	28.1	28.1	29.4	29.4	28.8	20.7	
Female	8 642	7 008	6 683	6 497	1 634	1 634	1 479	299	
Under 5 years	743	618	589	568	125	125	120	43	
5 to 9 years	785	651	632	616	134	134	126	29	
10 to 14 years	738	606	569	553	132	132	122	20	
15 to 19 years	641	520	493	472	121	121	102	25	
20 to 24 years	684	549	522	507	135	135	121	39	
25 to 34 years	1 523	1 230	1 167	1 139	293	293	275	64	
35 to 44 years	1 067	870	827	798	197	197	173	42	
45 to 54 years	684	560	526	513	124	124	101	25	
55 to 64 years	625	493	473	467	132	132	121	4	
65 to 74 years	613	504	491	479	109	109	98	5	
75 to 84 years	386	296	285	280	90	90	79	2	
85 years and over	153	111	109	105	42	42	41	1	
3 and 4 years	282	235	221	210	47	47	44	18	
16 years and over	6 249	5 034	4 802	4 672	1 215	1 215	1 088	204	
18 years and over	5 997	4 826	4 604	4 484	1 171	1 171	1 051	193	
21 years and over	5 589	4 493	4 287	4 179	1 096	1 096	988	176	
60 years and over	1 457	1 161	1 124	1 101	296	296	269	11	
62 years and over	1 329	1 057	1 027	1 006	272	272	247	9	
Median	29.8	29.5	29.6	29.6	30.8	30.8	30.4	24.3	
Male	7 473	6 056	5 727	5 534	1 417	1 417	1 241	246	
Median age	26.5	26.4	26.3	26.2	27.3	27.3	26.6	15.2	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	16 115	13 064	12 410	12 031	3 051	3 051	2 720	545	
In households	15 704	12 717	12 081	11 711	2 987	2 987	2 659	545	
Householder	5 917	4 778	4 564	4 436	1 139	1 139	1 019	191	
Family householder	3 986	3 209	3 054	2 960	777	777	697	152	
Nonfamily householder	1 931	1 569	1 510	1 476	362	362	322	39	
Living alone	1 701	1 374	1 324	1 301	327	327	290	32	
Spouse	1 815	1 429	1 331	1 264	386	386	326	49	
Child	6 085	4 938	4 672	4 554	1 147	1 147	1 035	260	
Other relatives	1 156	954	925	903	202	202	180	24	
Nonrelatives	731	618	589	554	113	113	99	21	
Institutionalized persons	324	269	253	244	55	55	55	—	
Other persons in group quarters	87	78	76	76	9	9	6	—	
Persons per household	2.64	2.65	2.64	2.63	2.62	2.62	2.61	2.83	
Persons per family	3.26	3.27	3.26	3.26	3.23	3.23	3.21	3.17	
Persons 65 years and over	1 837	1 457	1 406	1 369	380	380	336	12	
In households	1 687	1 340	1 296	1 264	347	347	303	12	
Householder	1 250	992	959	940	258	258	226	10	
Nonfamily householder	683	542	524	515	141	141	128	6	
Living alone	648	512	496	487	136	136	123	6	
Spouse	266	219	213	204	47	47	37	1	
Other relatives	126	92	89	85	34	34	32	—	
Nonrelatives	45	37	35	35	8	8	8	1	
Institutionalized persons	150	117	110	105	33	33	33	—	
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	3 986	3 209	3 054	2 960	777	777	697	152	
With own children under 18 years	2 329	1 892	1 797	1 741	437	437	401	119	
Number of own children under 18 years	4 505	3 703	3 508	3 414	802	802	737	221	
Married-couple families	1 903	1 503	1 397	1 322	400	400	337	50	
With own children under 18 years	915	716	651	608	199	199	170	35	
Number of own children under 18 years	1 717	1 348	1 223	1 145	369	369	316	54	
Female householder, no husband present	1 823	1 491	1 451	1 438	332	332	320	93	
With own children under 18 years	1 275	1 059	1 032	1 022	216	216	209	78	
Number of own children under 18 years	2 554	2 152	2 085	2 074	402	402	390	156	
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	5 243	4 230	3 996	3 845	1 013	1 013	875	124	
Never married	2 201	1 802	1 719	1 667	399	399	353	59	
Now married, except separated	2 064	1 641	1 522	1 441	423	423	353	51	
Separated	143	107	104	103	36	36	28	5	
Widowed	227	166	157	150	61	61	55	1	
Divorced	608	514	494	484	94	94	86	8	
Females 15 years and over	6 376	5 133	4 893	4 760	1 243	1 243	1 111	207	
Never married	2 315	1 880	1 797	1 754	435	435	392	98	
Now married, except separated	1 942	1 537	1 434	1 367	405	405	342	49	
Separated	246	193	184	184	53	53	49	11	
Widowed	947	724	697	684	223	223	208	10	
Divorced	926	799	781	771	127	127	120	39	



Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County IN								Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>AGE</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>1 386</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>1 174</b>	<b>1 467</b>	<b>1 741</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>568</b>
Under 5 years	90	162	82	101	100	123	82	71	18	51
5 to 9 years	67	163	99	141	129	129	82	83	37	45
10 to 14 years	57	131	98	124	100	163	64	83	36	48
15 to 19 years	52	109	84	122	118	143	47	53	38	45
20 to 24 years	58	123	84	78	68	103	62	40	28	49
25 to 34 years	95	189	159	168	205	260	118	131	62	102
35 to 44 years	71	156	119	188	133	192	56	67	64	63
45 to 54 years	33	117	58	114	145	162	45	27	48	47
55 to 64 years	10	87	53	71	172	188	71	16	55	44
65 to 74 years	8	110	42	43	151	177	93	15	36	43
75 to 84 years	2	32	15	20	112	86	70	8	15	24
85 years and over	2	7	5	4	34	15	31	5	13	7
3 and 4 years	37	64	41	42	37	48	31	27	7	18
16 years and over	322	907	598	794	1 117	1 299	587	350	353	411
18 years and over	301	865	559	732	1 075	1 240	567	322	336	397
21 years and over	270	800	523	674	1 004	1 158	533	304	311	371
60 years and over	18	197	92	97	390	380	234	33	90	101
62 years and over	16	175	80	85	357	336	220	31	79	90
Median	20.7	25.4	25.1	26.0	36.0	33.2	30.5	21.6	35.5	29.6
<b>Female</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>761</b>	<b>457</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>486</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>302</b>
Under 5 years	43	83	48	47	45	63	37	33	9	22
5 to 9 years	29	86	46	76	69	70	43	44	22	22
10 to 14 years	20	64	45	62	52	86	32	45	20	24
15 to 19 years	25	54	38	58	59	66	22	25	14	17
20 to 24 years	39	70	40	40	34	48	40	28	16	25
25 to 34 years	64	111	88	96	101	126	70	88	29	58
35 to 44 years	42	92	60	110	76	111	29	40	35	28
45 to 54 years	25	65	29	58	77	90	27	16	25	28
55 to 64 years	4	48	30	42	101	113	40	10	34	26
65 to 74 years	5	61	26	20	91	107	70	10	20	27
75 to 84 years	2	22	5	15	68	48	51	3	12	19
85 years and over	1	5	2	2	26	8	25	3	8	6
3 and 4 years	18	29	23	23	14	28	15	8	4	7
16 years and over	204	517	309	433	622	706	370	220	191	231
18 years and over	193	497	292	403	603	680	365	206	185	227
21 years and over	176	465	273	381	566	633	342	194	173	214
60 years and over	11	116	48	53	235	223	170	19	56	63
62 years and over	9	105	45	46	221	191	164	17	49	57
Median	24.3	26.8	26.2	27.6	40.2	35.8	34.5	24.5	37.5	31.9
<b>Male</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>266</b>
Median age	15.2	23.5	24.4	23.5	32.1	30.5	26.1	16.4	34.1	25.8
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>545</b>	<b>1 386</b>	<b>898</b>	<b>1 174</b>	<b>1 467</b>	<b>1 741</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>568</b>
In households	545	1 386	895	1 174	1 466	1 741	787	584	447	549
Householder	191	489	328	367	642	613	371	215	174	212
Family householder	152	364	216	291	362	448	181	157	119	145
Nonfamily householder	39	125	112	76	280	165	190	58	55	67
Living alone	32	105	94	62	259	146	177	50	47	64
Spouse	49	144	76	148	156	249	37	40	60	67
Child	260	584	370	507	460	602	301	290	151	216
Other relatives	24	110	64	100	150	198	48	17	40	37
Nonrelatives	21	59	57	52	58	79	30	22	22	17
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	15	—	16
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	3	—	1	—	15	—	3	3
Persons per household	2.83	2.82	2.73	3.22	2.29	2.85	2.08	2.71	2.58	2.52
Persons per family	3.17	3.29	3.37	3.61	3.11	3.34	3.06	3.18	3.13	3.15
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>297</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>74</b>
In households	12	149	62	67	297	278	177	16	64	74
Householder	10	108	42	47	227	191	153	13	48	59
Nonfamily householder	6	52	13	17	133	80	121	8	24	32
Living alone	6	44	10	17	130	73	119	8	22	31
Spouse	1	23	13	13	51	60	13	2	5	11
Other relatives	—	10	4	6	13	17	8	1	7	4
Nonrelatives	1	8	3	1	6	10	3	—	4	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	12	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>										
<b>Families</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>145</b>
With own children under 18 years	119	212	139	180	153	194	102	123	50	70
Number of own children under 18 years	221	439	291	373	303	363	223	264	86	140
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>67</b>
With own children under 18 years	35	64	32	79	41	91	9	31	26	25
Number of own children under 18 years	54	126	59	165	84	167	20	72	47	48
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>74</b>
With own children under 18 years	78	134	92	90	99	88	90	86	23	44
Number of own children under 18 years	156	290	195	184	200	174	199	179	37	90
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>										
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>190</b>
Never married	59	170	145	152	193	238	107	62	64	87
Now married, except separated	51	159	87	158	178	268	47	49	64	70
Separated	5	9	6	11	22	16	7	4	4	6
Widowed	1	17	10	10	33	21	20	4	12	8
Divorced	8	47	53	36	79	66	38	20	22	19
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>528</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>234</b>
Never married	98	217	134	167	186	224	123	101	55	77
Now married, except separated	49	153	86	157	170	272	49	43	62	72
Separated	11	8	13	21	32	18	30	11	8	11
Widowed	10	71	21	33	142	113	123	11	42	51
Divorced	39	79	64	63	103	90	49	57	26	23



Table 4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)
<b>AGE</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>477</b>	<b>405</b>
Under 5 years .....	37	31
5 to 9 years .....	35	29
10 to 14 years .....	38	32
15 to 19 years .....	32	27
20 to 24 years .....	43	37
25 to 34 years .....	81	66
35 to 44 years .....	80	70
45 to 54 years .....	50	43
55 to 64 years .....	28	24
65 to 74 years .....	37	30
75 to 84 years .....	12	12
85 years and over .....	4	4
3 and 4 years .....	16	13
16 years and over .....	362	309
18 years and over .....	349	298
21 years and over .....	327	279
60 years and over .....	69	58
62 years and over .....	58	49
Median .....	31.3	31.3
<b>Female</b> .....	<b>234</b>	<b>198</b>
Under 5 years .....	21	16
5 to 9 years .....	16	14
10 to 14 years .....	17	14
15 to 19 years .....	13	12
20 to 24 years .....	22	20
25 to 34 years .....	40	31
35 to 44 years .....	36	32
45 to 54 years .....	27	24
55 to 64 years .....	15	12
65 to 74 years .....	16	12
75 to 84 years .....	8	8
85 years and over .....	3	3
3 and 4 years .....	8	6
16 years and over .....	178	153
18 years and over .....	172	147
21 years and over .....	164	140
60 years and over .....	38	31
62 years and over .....	31	25
Median .....	32.1	32.5
<b>Male</b> .....	<b>243</b>	<b>207</b>
Median age .....	30.8	30.6
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>		
<b>All persons</b> .....	<b>477</b>	<b>405</b>
In households .....	466	395
Householder .....	190	161
Family householder .....	120	101
Nonfamily householder .....	70	60
Living alone .....	57	49
Spouse .....	86	73
Child .....	148	126
Other relatives .....	13	8
Nonrelatives .....	29	27
Institutionalized persons .....	9	9
Other persons in group quarters .....	2	1
Persons per household .....	2.47	2.50
Persons per family .....	3.18	3.24
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b> .....	<b>53</b>	<b>46</b>
In households .....	52	45
Householder .....	38	33
Nonfamily householder .....	17	15
Living alone .....	15	13
Spouse .....	12	10
Other relatives .....	2	2
Nonrelatives .....	—	—
Institutionalized persons .....	1	1
Other persons in group quarters .....	—	—
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>		
<b>Families</b> .....	<b>120</b>	<b>101</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	65	54
Number of own children under 18 years .....	117	98
<b>Married-couple families</b> .....	<b>84</b>	<b>71</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	39	33
Number of own children under 18 years .....	75	63
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b> .....	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>
With own children under 18 years .....	18	14
Number of own children under 18 years .....	33	27
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>		
<b>Males 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>187</b>	<b>159</b>
Never married .....	49	42
Now married, except separated .....	91	78
Separated .....	5	4
Widowed .....	7	6
Divorced .....	35	29
<b>Females 15 years and over</b> .....	<b>180</b>	<b>154</b>
Never married .....	33	29
Now married, except separated .....	89	75
Separated .....	5	4
Widowed .....	21	18
Divorced .....	32	28

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt 1)	Total	Evansville city
<b>AGE</b>				
<b>All persons</b>	<b>1 237</b>	<b>1 108</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>716</b>
Under 5 years	99	93	72	55
5 to 9 years	109	94	75	57
10 to 14 years	119	101	83	56
15 to 19 years	122	108	90	67
20 to 24 years	151	143	129	119
25 to 34 years	201	187	161	138
35 to 44 years	229	204	160	123
45 to 54 years	114	95	74	49
55 to 64 years	61	55	48	34
65 to 74 years	20	18	16	12
75 to 84 years	10	8	7	4
85 years and over	2	2	2	2
3 and 4 years	31	30	24	18
16 years and over	882	796	666	533
18 years and over	833	753	632	511
21 years and over	760	685	574	459
60 years and over	57	51	41	30
62 years and over	46	40	35	24
Median	26.2	26.1	25.7	25.3
<b>Female</b>	<b>628</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>341</b>
Under 5 years	43	40	28	22
5 to 9 years	56	51	41	30
10 to 14 years	62	53	42	26
15 to 19 years	60	52	46	33
20 to 24 years	47	41	35	32
25 to 34 years	111	102	87	71
35 to 44 years	146	128	100	76
45 to 54 years	53	45	35	24
55 to 64 years	32	28	22	15
65 to 74 years	9	8	8	7
75 to 84 years	7	6	5	3
85 years and over	2	2	2	2
3 and 4 years	17	16	13	10
16 years and over	452	400	329	255
18 years and over	428	379	310	243
21 years and over	397	351	287	223
60 years and over	33	30	23	18
62 years and over	26	23	20	15
Median	29.9	29.6	29.1	28.7
<b>Male</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>375</b>
Median age	23.0	23.0	23.0	22.9
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>				
<b>All persons</b>	<b>1 237</b>	<b>1 108</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>716</b>
In households	1 216	1 087	897	699
Householder	327	300	256	211
Family householder	230	209	173	132
Nonfamily householder	97	91	83	79
Living alone	65	60	53	52
Spouse	280	244	195	146
Child	462	403	328	244
Other relatives	66	62	46	33
Nonrelatives	81	78	72	65
Institutionalized persons	4	4	3	1
Other persons in group quarters	17	17	17	16
Persons per household	3.14	3.10	3.08	2.94
Persons per family	3.79	3.74	3.75	3.70
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>18</b>
In households	29	25	22	17
Householder	12	11	9	8
Nonfamily householder	4	3	3	3
Living alone	4	3	3	3
Spouse	5	4	4	4
Other relatives	11	9	8	4
Nonrelatives	1	1	1	1
Institutionalized persons	3	3	3	1
Other persons in group quarters	--	--	--	--
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>				
<b>Families</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>209</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>132</b>
With own children under 18 years	159	144	120	90
Number of own children under 18 years	380	332	265	188
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>110</b>
With own children under 18 years	138	125	105	78
Number of own children under 18 years	340	297	233	161
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>16</b>
With own children under 18 years	16	14	12	10
Number of own children under 18 years	25	21	19	17
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>443</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>285</b>
Never married	196	186	161	141
Now married, except separated	223	200	170	130
Separated	5	4	3	3
Widowed	4	3	3	2
Divorced	15	15	10	9
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>263</b>
Never married	112	97	85	68
Now married, except separated	297	262	209	156
Separated	8	8	8	8
Widowed	16	13	11	10
Divorced	34	32	27	21

Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
AGE				
All persons	1 321	1 155	883	732
Under 5 years	150	135	103	88
5 to 9 years	120	102	75	57
10 to 14 years	96	83	65	55
15 to 19 years	108	95	73	58
20 to 24 years	123	107	87	78
25 to 34 years	243	212	157	137
35 to 44 years	174	146	114	84
45 to 54 years	123	109	76	60
55 to 64 years	91	84	61	48
65 to 74 years	45	39	34	33
75 to 84 years	37	33	31	27
85 years and over	11	10	7	7
3 and 4 years	59	51	40	33
16 years and over	931	811	621	515
18 years and over	888	775	594	495
21 years and over	822	716	549	458
60 years and over	132	120	99	91
62 years and over	112	101	85	79
Median	27.9	28.1	27.7	27.4
Female	634	549	421	344
Under 5 years	65	59	48	41
5 to 9 years	53	45	31	24
10 to 14 years	37	30	25	23
15 to 19 years	57	50	36	25
20 to 24 years	55	47	36	31
25 to 34 years	114	103	75	62
35 to 44 years	79	63	52	38
45 to 54 years	65	54	39	30
55 to 64 years	47	44	32	26
65 to 74 years	29	24	21	21
75 to 84 years	27	24	22	19
85 years and over	6	6	4	4
3 and 4 years	23	21	18	14
16 years and over	467	403	309	250
18 years and over	444	384	295	240
21 years and over	410	354	272	224
60 years and over	81	72	61	58
62 years and over	72	64	55	52
Median	30.1	30.1	30.1	29.7
Male	687	606	462	388
Median age	26.9	27.0	25.7	25.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				
All persons	1 321	1 155	883	732
In households	1 281	1 117	846	696
Householder	438	388	304	262
Family householder	304	271	197	164
Nonfamily householder	134	117	107	98
Living alone	111	99	91	84
Spouse	243	207	154	113
Child	487	420	318	257
Other relatives	53	46	31	29
Nonrelatives	60	56	39	35
Institutionalized persons	24	24	23	23
Other persons in group quarters	16	14	14	13
Persons per household	2.62	2.63	2.49	2.42
Persons per family	3.17	3.17	3.10	3.06
Persons 65 years and over	93	82	72	67
In households	90	79	69	64
Householder	60	56	50	47
Nonfamily householder	31	29	26	25
Living alone	31	29	26	25
Spouse	20	16	13	12
Other relatives	10	7	6	5
Nonrelatives	-	-	-	-
Institutionalized persons	3	3	3	3
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families	304	271	197	164
With own children under 18 years	172	154	112	92
Number of own children under 18 years	394	343	263	212
Married-couple families	238	213	151	119
With own children under 18 years	132	117	81	62
Number of own children under 18 years	302	262	196	146
Female householder, no husband present	49	43	36	35
With own children under 18 years	32	30	26	25
Number of own children under 18 years	76	68	56	55
MARITAL STATUS				
Males 15 years and over	476	420	323	276
Never married	143	126	106	97
Now married, except separated	264	232	166	131
Separated	8	5	4	4
Widowed	8	6	4	4
Divorced	53	51	43	40
Females 15 years and over	479	415	317	256
Never married	114	100	78	60
Now married, except separated	248	212	153	114
Separated	7	6	3	3
Widowed	48	43	36	34
Divorced	62	54	47	45



Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County IN			
	Evansville IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>AGE</b>				
<b>All persons</b>	<b>259 873</b>	<b>220 236</b>	<b>150 576</b>	<b>112 571</b>
Under 5 years	17 705	15 047	10 051	7 373
5 to 9 years	18 676	15 590	10 086	7 085
10 to 14 years	18 019	15 030	9 274	6 465
15 to 19 years	17 614	14 886	9 606	6 864
20 to 24 years	16 969	14 465	10 508	8 278
25 to 34 years	43 306	36 643	25 371	19 609
35 to 44 years	39 406	33 325	21 601	15 254
45 to 54 years	27 242	22 931	15 047	10 660
55 to 64 years	23 787	20 241	14 615	10 802
65 to 74 years	21 053	18 129	13 708	10 929
75 to 84 years	12 143	10 519	8 089	6 940
85 years and over	3 953	3 430	2 620	2 312
3 and 4 years	7 285	6 199	4 131	3 003
6 years and over	202 111	171 720	119 450	90 445
8 years and over	195 326	166 071	116 002	87 995
21 years and over	184 199	156 537	109 257	83 076
62 years and over	49 417	42 564	32 158	26 038
62 years and over	44 501	38 359	29 077	23 734
Median	34.5	34.6	35.2	35.3
<b>Female</b>	<b>135 599</b>	<b>114 993</b>	<b>79 649</b>	<b>60 357</b>
Under 5 years	8 605	7 313	4 913	3 628
5 to 9 years	9 158	7 626	4 902	3 463
10 to 14 years	8 746	7 280	4 596	3 207
15 to 19 years	8 736	7 381	4 861	3 476
20 to 24 years	8 862	7 570	5 562	4 426
25 to 34 years	22 039	18 594	12 762	9 784
35 to 44 years	19 834	16 762	10 835	7 652
45 to 54 years	13 935	11 738	7 840	5 619
55 to 64 years	12 733	10 856	7 970	6 028
65 to 74 years	12 223	10 569	8 115	6 647
75 to 84 years	7 835	6 797	5 337	4 677
85 years and over	2 893	2 507	1 956	1 750
3 and 4 years	3 582	3 061	2 056	1 506
6 years and over	107 423	91 362	64 397	49 463
8 years and over	104 131	88 636	62 708	48 273
21 years and over	98 468	83 745	59 141	45 676
62 years and over	29 556	25 518	19 645	16 355
62 years and over	26 910	23 273	17 964	15 074
Median	35.7	35.9	36.7	37.5
<b>Male</b>	<b>124 274</b>	<b>105 243</b>	<b>70 927</b>	<b>52 214</b>
Median age	33.2	33.3	33.6	33.3
<b>HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP</b>				
<b>All persons</b>	<b>259 873</b>	<b>220 236</b>	<b>150 576</b>	<b>112 571</b>
In households	254 432	215 305	146 470	108 694
Householder	101 822	86 507	61 560	47 954
Family householder	71 988	60 629	40 832	29 829
Nonfamily householder	29 834	25 878	20 728	18 125
Living alone	26 086	22 538	18 014	15 936
Spouse	60 066	50 637	33 233	23 281
Child	77 992	65 582	42 107	29 819
Other relatives	7 055	5 917	4 280	3 470
Nonrelatives	7 497	6 662	5 290	4 170
Institutionalized persons	4 041	3 587	2 774	2 600
Other persons in group quarters	1 400	1 344	1 332	1 277
Persons per household	2.50	2.49	2.38	2.27
Persons per family	3.02	3.02	2.95	2.90
<b>Persons 65 years and over</b>	<b>37 149</b>	<b>32 078</b>	<b>24 417</b>	<b>20 181</b>
In households	34 238	29 509	22 488	18 422
Householder	24 116	20 763	15 965	13 355
Nonfamily householder	11 960	10 324	8 179	7 299
Living alone	11 654	10 068	7 979	7 126
Spouse	8 224	7 116	5 307	4 098
Other relatives	1 578	1 356	1 005	789
Nonrelatives	320	274	211	180
Institutionalized persons	2 882	2 542	1 905	1 755
Other persons in group quarters	29	27	24	4
<b>FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN</b>				
<b>Families</b>	<b>71 988</b>	<b>60 629</b>	<b>40 832</b>	<b>29 829</b>
With own children under 18 years	34 385	28 782	18 447	13 193
Number of own children under 18 years	60 433	50 718	32 139	22 609
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>60 062</b>	<b>50 622</b>	<b>33 219</b>	<b>23 251</b>
With own children under 18 years	27 693	23 196	14 277	9 547
Number of own children under 18 years	49 984	42 014	25 708	16 983
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>9 486</b>	<b>7 946</b>	<b>6 106</b>	<b>5 299</b>
With own children under 18 years	5 515	4 596	3 471	3 049
Number of own children under 18 years	8 701	7 235	5 407	4 741
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>				
<b>Males 15 years and over</b>	<b>96 383</b>	<b>81 795</b>	<b>55 927</b>	<b>41 589</b>
Never married	22 638	19 567	13 970	10 917
Now married, except separated	61 779	52 084	34 267	24 128
Separated	773	608	453	389
Widowed	2 507	2 168	1 628	1 369
Divorced	8 686	7 368	5 609	4 786
<b>Females 15 years and over</b>	<b>109 090</b>	<b>92 774</b>	<b>65 238</b>	<b>50 059</b>
Never married	19 367	16 909	12 519	9 762
Now married, except separated	61 806	52 132	34 317	24 175
Separated	1 093	826	595	522
Widowed	14 615	12 475	9 646	8 386
Divorced	12 209	10 432	8 161	7 214

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN—KY MSA		Posey County, IN		Vanderburgh County, IN		Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY		Posey County, IN			
	Indiana (pt.)		Posey County, IN		Total		Evansville city		Total		Henderson city		Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404
<b>RACE</b>																
All persons.....	278 990	235 946	25 948	25 948	165 058	126 272	44 920	43 044	43 044	43 044	25 945	25 945	5 870	2 538	2 368	4 864
White.....	260 832	221 078	25 588	25 588	151 216	113 090	44 274	39 754	39 754	39 754	23 075	23 075	5 854	2 529	2 347	4 841
Black.....	16 115	13 044	283	283	12 410	12 031	371	3 051	3 051	3 051	2 720	2 720	3	5	3	5
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	471	405	38	38	284	239	83	72	72	72	47	47	8	5	7	3
American Indian.....	471	399	38	38	279	236	82	72	72	72	47	47	8	5	7	3
Eskimo.....	5	1	—	—	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut.....	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1 297	1 108	34	34	917	716	157	129	129	129	81	81	3	1	3	12
Asian.....	1 190	1 067	33	33	882	695	152	123	123	123	75	75	2	1	3	12
Chinese.....	235	201	12	12	189	146	20	14	14	14	10	10	2	1	3	4
Filipino.....	136	101	15	15	169	51	27	35	35	35	17	17	1	—	2	1
Japanese.....	81	71	2	2	52	38	17	10	10	10	5	5	—	—	1	—
Asian Indian.....	189	184	5	5	151	127	28	15	15	15	10	10	1	—	—	3
Korean.....	198	183	5	5	138	79	40	15	15	15	10	10	1	—	—	1
Vietnamese.....	160	142	1	1	138	118	3	18	18	18	17	17	—	—	—	—
Cambodian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai.....	31	23	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian.....	130	142	3	3	122	115	17	8	8	8	4	4	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander.....	47	41	1	1	35	21	5	6	6	6	6	6	1	—	—	3
Hawaiian.....	24	18	1	1	16	11	1	6	6	6	6	6	—	—	—	—
Samoan.....	9	9	—	—	6	8	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian.....	5	5	—	—	5	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander.....	329	291	25	25	231	196	35	38	38	38	22	22	2	2	8	3
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>																
All persons.....	278 990	235 946	25 948	25 948	165 058	126 272	44 920	43 044	43 044	43 044	25 945	25 945	5 870	2 538	2 368	4 864
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1 321	1 135	104	104	883	732	168	166	166	166	89	89	25	6	24	11
Mexican.....	536	467	40	40	365	322	62	62	62	62	45	45	6	—	11	4
Puerto Rican.....	147	131	17	17	113	76	16	16	16	16	10	10	—	—	4	—
Cuban.....	90	88	47	47	72	56	9	9	9	9	5	5	—	—	3	—
Other Hispanic.....	528	469	47	47	343	278	79	52	52	52	44	44	19	5	6	4
Not of Hispanic origin.....	277 669	234 791	25 844	25 844	164 175	125 540	44 752	42 878	42 878	42 878	25 846	25 846	5 845	2 532	2 344	4 853
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>																
All persons.....	278 990	235 946	25 948	25 948	165 058	126 272	44 920	43 044	43 044	43 044	25 945	25 945	5 870	2 538	2 368	4 864
White.....	260 832	221 078	25 588	25 588	151 216	113 090	44 274	39 754	39 754	39 754	23 075	23 075	5 854	2 529	2 347	4 841
Hispanic origin.....	959	842	82	82	640	519	120	117	117	117	68	68	23	4	17	9
Not of Hispanic origin.....	259 873	220 236	25 506	25 506	150 576	112 571	44 154	39 637	39 637	39 637	23 007	23 007	5 831	2 525	2 330	4 832
Black.....	16 115	13 064	283	283	12 410	12 031	371	3 051	3 051	3 051	2 720	2 720	3	—	3	5
Hispanic origin.....	70	56	—	—	56	55	—	14	14	14	12	12	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin.....	16 045	13 008	283	283	12 354	11 976	371	3 037	3 037	3 037	2 708	2 708	3	—	3	5
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	16 477	13 405	38	38	284	239	83	72	72	72	47	47	8	5	7	3
Hispanic origin.....	16	12	—	—	10	10	1	4	4	4	4	4	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin.....	1 237	1 088	37	37	274	229	82	68	68	68	43	43	8	5	7	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	36	35	—	—	19	19	16	11	11	11	8	8	3	—	3	12
Hispanic origin.....	1 201	1 073	34	34	898	697	141	128	128	128	80	80	3	1	3	12
Not of Hispanic origin.....	329	291	25	25	231	196	35	38	38	38	22	22	2	2	8	3
Other race.....	240	210	21	21	158	129	31	30	30	30	14	14	2	2	7	1
Hispanic origin.....	89	81	4	4	73	67	4	8	8	8	8	8	—	—	1	—
Not of Hispanic origin.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Posey County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN										Evansville city Vanderburgh County, IN	
RACE		Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2 01	Tract 10 97	Tract 28	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38 04	Tract 101	Tract 102 02	Tract 102 03	Tract 1	Tract 2 01 (pt)	Tract 2 02
All persons		3 918	3 223	5 793	4 471	2 349	3 976	4 842	4 382	3 055	2 644	5 797	2 248	4 507	2 305
White	-----	3 811	3 033	5 616	3 881	2 315	3 882	4 660	3 985	2 848	2 618	5 690	2 208	4 352	2 263
Black	-----	83	177	135	545	24	72	138	346	162	18	28	12	120	25
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-----	9	5	6	13	7	9	22	11	5	1	3	6	3	4
American Indian	-----	9	5	6	13	7	9	21	11	5	1	3	6	3	4
Eskimo	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	-----	—	—	2	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	-----	8	5	26	17	2	10	17	34	35	5	70	22	24	10
Asian	-----	8	5	26	17	2	10	16	33	34	5	67	19	24	7
Chinese	-----	4	3	9	2	1	—	3	7	12	—	17	—	9	—
Filipino	-----	1	—	3	—	—	—	1	6	—	—	5	—	2	—
Japanese	-----	—	—	—	—	—	2	5	6	1	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	-----	1	1	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	-----	2	1	2	2	—	5	2	6	4	2	15	17	2	2
Cambodian	-----	—	1	3	8	—	—	5	—	—	—	8	1	3	—
Hmong	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	-----	—	—	3	2	—	3	—	4	4	3	1	1	3	—
Pacific Islander	-----	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	3	—	3
Hawaiian	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	-----	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	-----	7	3	10	15	1	3	5	6	—	—	—	—	8	3
HISPANIC ORIGIN		3 918	3 223	5 793	4 471	2 349	3 976	4 842	4 382	3 055	2 644	5 797	2 248	4 507	2 305
All persons	-----	18	10	23	20	20	13	30	48	37	11	18	9	14	11
Hispanic origin (of any race)	-----	10	6	10	9	9	7	28	11	15	6	2	2	9	3
Mexican	-----	2	—	3	5	1	2	—	6	7	—	2	—	—	—
Puerto Rican	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cuban	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	-----	6	3	10	6	9	3	2	22	11	2	12	7	5	7
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	3 900	3 213	5 770	4 451	2 329	3 963	4 812	4 334	3 018	2 633	5 779	2 239	4 493	2 294
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN		3 918	3 223	5 793	4 471	2 349	3 976	4 842	4 382	3 055	2 644	5 797	2 248	4 507	2 305
All persons	-----	3 811	3 033	5 616	3 881	2 315	3 882	4 660	3 985	2 848	2 618	5 690	2 208	4 352	2 263
White	-----	11	8	12	10	19	9	23	40	32	9	14	5	5	8
Hispanic origin	-----	3 800	3 025	5 604	3 871	2 296	3 873	4 637	3 945	2 816	2 609	5 676	2 203	4 347	2 255
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	83	177	135	545	24	72	138	346	162	18	28	12	120	25
Black	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	-----	83	177	135	543	24	69	136	345	162	18	28	12	120	25
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	-----	9	5	6	13	7	9	22	11	5	1	3	6	3	4
Hispanic origin	-----	1	—	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	8	5	5	12	7	9	21	11	5	—	3	6	2	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	-----	8	5	26	17	2	10	17	34	35	5	70	22	24	10
Hispanic origin	-----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	8	5	26	16	2	10	17	33	35	5	70	18	24	10
Other race	-----	7	3	15	15	1	3	5	6	5	2	6	—	8	3
Hispanic origin	-----	6	2	10	6	1	2	4	6	5	—	2	—	8	3
Not of Hispanic origin	-----	1	1	—	9	—	2	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	—



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10, 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17
RACE															
All persons		4 370	2 386	2 110	2 023	3 045	6 279	4 467	3 166	2 611	2 767	2 548	2 501	1 259	1 379
White	4 080	2 326	2 065	2 065	1 935	2 746	5 994	3 877	1 763	1 686	1 579	1 066	734	434	1 162
Black	239	18	34	34	71	280	231	545	1 386	898	1 174	1 467	1 741	821	208
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	6	3	3	1	2	2	8	13	7	10	1	8	4	3	6
American Indian	6	3	3	1	2	2	8	13	7	10	1	8	4	3	6
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	37	38	4	4	11	6	42	17	5	4	4	3	12	1	2
Asian	37	37	4	4	11	6	41	17	5	4	4	1	10	1	2
Chinese	9	1	1	1	2	1	7	2	2	2	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino	—	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Japanese	8	2	2	2	1	—	1	2	—	—	1	—	3	—	—
Asian Indian	2	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Korean	4	3	1	1	2	—	6	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	—	2	—	—	—	2	17	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	14	24	—	—	6	3	8	—	—	2	3	2	5	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	8	1	6	6	4	11	4	15	5	13	9	4	10	—	1
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		4 370	2 386	2 110	2 023	3 045	6 279	4 467	3 166	2 611	2 767	2 548	2 501	1 259	1 379
Hispanic origin (of any race)	33	1	9	9	14	19	26	20	15	26	8	11	7	4	11
Mexican	19	—	1	1	4	2	5	9	3	9	4	2	5	4	5
Puerto Rican	3	—	—	—	—	4	—	5	1	2	2	4	—	—	1
Cuban	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—	7	5	—	2	—	—	2
Other Hispanic	11	1	8	8	10	10	13	6	4	10	2	3	2	—	3
Not of Hispanic origin	4 337	2 385	2 101	2 101	2 009	3 026	6 253	4 447	3 151	2 585	2 759	2 537	2 494	1 255	1 368
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons		4 370	2 386	2 110	2 023	3 045	6 279	4 467	3 166	2 611	2 767	2 548	2 501	1 259	1 379
White	4 080	2 326	2 065	2 065	1 935	2 746	5 994	3 877	1 763	1 686	1 579	1 066	734	434	1 162
Hispanic origin	27	1	3	3	10	4	13	10	8	10	6	3	2	1	9
Not of Hispanic origin	4 053	2 325	2 062	2 062	1 925	2 742	5 981	3 867	1 755	1 676	1 573	1 063	732	433	1 153
Black	239	18	34	34	71	280	231	545	1 386	898	1 174	1 467	1 741	821	208
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	8	11	2	5	5	2	5	—	3	1
Not of Hispanic origin	239	18	34	34	71	272	220	543	1 381	893	1 172	1 462	1 739	818	207
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	6	3	1	1	2	2	8	13	7	10	1	8	4	3	6
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	6	3	1	1	2	2	8	12	7	5	1	8	4	3	6
Asian or Pacific Islander	37	38	4	4	11	6	42	17	5	4	4	3	12	1	2
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	37	38	4	4	11	6	41	16	5	4	4	3	12	1	2
Other race	8	1	6	6	4	11	4	15	5	13	9	4	10	—	1
Hispanic origin	6	1	6	6	4	7	3	9	3	6	2	3	7	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	2	7	9	1	—	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con													
		Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt 1)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31
<b>RACE</b>															
All persons		857	1 972	2 207	2 030	1 417	2 620	3 399	2 423	2 506	1 417	1 980	1 188	4 980	2 929
White		722	1 913	2 130	1 947	1 359	2 471	3 362	2 366	2 441	1 147	1 956	1 177	4 936	2 906
Black		123	37	68	56	31	126	26	33	56	261	15	9	27	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		3	7	3	12	5	3	4	6	4	4	7	2	6	2
Asian		8	14	5	15	17	10	6	13	3	3	1	—	4	11
Pacific Islander		8	13	4	15	16	10	6	13	3	2	1	—	4	11
Chinese		1	—	—	—	5	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino		—	4	—	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean		4	—	3	1	10	1	—	5	—	2	—	—	4	1
Vietnamese		—	8	—	12	—	5	6	1	—	—	—	—	—	8
Cambodian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian		2	1	—	1	1	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander		—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race		1	1	1	—	5	10	1	5	2	2	1	—	7	2
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>															
All persons		857	1 972	2 207	2 030	1 417	2 620	3 399	2 423	2 506	1 417	1 980	1 188	4 980	2 929
Hispanic origin (of any race)		6	9	13	5	15	32	15	16	12	12	20	10	17	17
Mexican		3	7	9	1	9	13	10	6	10	8	9	3	8	13
Puerto Rican		—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	—
Cuban		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic		3	2	4	—	6	11	—	0	1	—	0	—	—	4
Not of Hispanic origin		851	1 963	2 194	2 025	1 402	2 588	3 384	2 407	2 494	1 405	1 960	1 178	4 963	2 912
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>															
All persons		857	1 972	2 207	2 030	1 417	2 620	3 399	2 423	2 506	1 417	1 980	1 188	4 980	2 929
White		722	1 913	2 130	1 947	1 359	2 471	3 362	2 366	2 441	1 147	1 956	1 177	4 936	2 906
Hispanic origin		5	7	12	4	9	19	14	15	11	7	19	10	11	15
Not of Hispanic origin		717	1 906	2 118	1 943	1 350	2 452	3 348	2 351	2 430	1 400	1 937	1 167	4 925	2 891
Black		123	37	68	56	31	126	26	33	56	261	15	9	27	8
Hispanic origin		1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		122	37	68	56	31	126	26	33	56	258	15	9	27	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut		3	7	3	12	5	3	4	6	4	4	7	2	6	2
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		3	7	3	11	5	3	4	6	4	4	7	2	6	2
Asian or Pacific Islander		8	14	5	15	17	10	6	13	3	3	1	—	4	11
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		8	13	5	15	16	10	6	12	3	3	1	—	4	11
Other race		1	1	1	—	5	10	1	5	2	2	1	—	6	2
Hispanic origin		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin		1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.														
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area														
RACE	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37.01	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.01	Tract 38.03	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)
All persons	2 992	4 095	3 314	2 555	4 839	2 477	5 161	4 871	5 586	2 897	3 138	2 235	208	8
White	2 906	3 952	3 279	2 534	4 657	2 345	4 514	4 612	5 249	2 632	3 044	2 050	205	8
Black	68	115	16	11	138	103	599	189	211	231	60	144	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	7	4	1	2	22	2	12	6	4	9	10	5	—	—
American Indian	6	1	1	2	21	2	12	6	4	9	10	5	—	—
Eskimo	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	9	20	14	6	17	27	29	53	110	24	21	31	3	—
Asian	9	19	14	6	16	27	29	52	110	23	21	30	3	—
Chinese	—	7	—	—	3	18	2	3	51	7	6	10	—	—
Filipino	—	—	—	3	—	2	2	2	7	6	1	1	—	—
Japanese	1	1	—	—	5	—	1	2	—	1	6	11	—	—
Asian Indian	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	28	31	1	1	2	—	—
Korean	5	2	4	2	2	5	4	9	1	4	1	—	—	—
Vietnamese	—	8	9	—	5	—	18	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	3	1	1	—	—	2	1	2	19	4	1	4	—	3
Pacific Islander	—	1	—	1	—	—	2	6	—	1	1	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	2	4	4	2	5	—	7	11	12	1	3	5	—	—
HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	2 992	4 095	3 314	2 555	4 839	2 477	5 161	4 871	5 586	2 897	3 138	2 235	208	8
Hispanic origin (of any race)	12	27	16	13	30	15	19	50	38	31	11	33	—	—
Mexican	7	15	3	—	28	1	5	28	12	11	5	12	—	—
Puerto Rican	—	1	1	—	—	—	7	6	10	5	1	7	—	—
Cuban	2	2	—	—	—	—	1	6	7	—	1	4	—	—
Other Hispanic	3	9	12	13	2	14	6	10	9	15	4	10	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2 980	4 068	3 298	2 542	4 809	2 462	5 142	4 821	5 548	2 866	3 127	2 202	208	8
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN														
All persons	2 992	4 095	3 314	2 555	4 839	2 477	5 161	4 871	5 586	2 897	3 138	2 235	208	8
White	2 906	3 952	3 279	2 534	4 657	2 345	4 514	4 612	5 249	2 632	3 044	2 050	205	8
Hispanic origin	9	24	13	10	23	15	16	38	23	28	9	28	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2 897	3 928	3 266	2 524	4 634	2 330	4 498	4 574	5 226	2 604	3 035	2 022	205	8
Black	68	115	16	11	138	103	599	189	211	231	60	144	—	—
Hispanic origin	3	—	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	65	115	16	10	136	103	599	189	211	230	60	144	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	7	4	1	2	22	2	12	6	4	9	10	5	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	7	4	1	2	21	2	12	6	3	9	10	5	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	9	20	14	6	17	27	29	53	110	24	21	31	3	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	9	20	12	6	17	27	29	52	108	23	21	31	3	—
Other race	2	4	4	2	5	—	7	11	12	1	3	5	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	3	1	2	1	—	4	11	12	—	2	5	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2	1	3	—	4	—	4	—	—	—	1	—	—	—



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN

	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 10 98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97
<b>RACE</b>													
All persons	1 264	4	—	349	984	3	1 485	820	3 379	2 434	5 789	1 348	7 339
White	1 264	4	—	359	976	3	1 353	798	3 301	2 413	5 682	1 357	7 216
Black	15	—	—	9	4	—	115	18	27	18	28	26	64
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	3	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	5	1	3	2	12
Hispanic origin	1	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	5	1	3	2	12
Not of Hispanic origin	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian	2	—	—	1	1	—	10	4	46	2	70	1	37
Chinese	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	46	2	67	1	34
Filipino	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	14	—	17	—	10
Japanese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	5	—	1
Korean	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	3	—	—	—	4
Vietnamese	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	17	—	2
Other Asian	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	13	2	15	—	16
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	8	1	—
Other race	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>													
All persons	1 264	4	—	349	984	3	1 485	820	3 379	2 434	5 789	1 348	7 339
Hispanic origin (of any race)	9	—	—	—	—	—	17	4	4	11	18	3	35
Mexican	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4	6	2	2	10
Puerto Rican	3	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	5
Cuban	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	3	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	5	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	—	2	12	—	20
Not of Hispanic origin	1 277	4	—	369	983	3	1 468	816	3 375	2 425	5 771	1 385	7 304
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>													
All persons	1 264	4	—	349	984	3	1 485	820	3 379	2 434	5 789	1 348	7 339
White	1 264	4	—	359	976	3	1 353	798	3 301	2 413	5 682	1 357	7 216
Hispanic origin	9	—	—	—	—	—	17	4	4	11	18	3	35
Not of Hispanic origin	1 257	4	—	359	976	3	1 341	794	3 297	2 404	5 668	1 356	7 189
Black	15	—	—	9	4	—	115	18	27	18	28	26	64
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	15	—	—	9	4	—	115	18	27	18	28	26	64
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	3	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	5	1	3	2	12
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	3	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	5	1	3	2	12
Asian or Pacific Islander	2	—	—	1	1	—	10	4	46	2	70	1	37
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2	—	—	1	1	—	10	4	46	2	70	1	37
Other race	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.					Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 104.98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107		Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307.01	Tract 307.02
RACE													
All persons	16	7 063	1 694	4 731		3 386	3 217	629	4 244	3 802	8 037	7 569	3 277
White	16	6 984	1 693	4 707		3 376	3 200	624	4 214	3 789	7 942	7 475	3 139
Black	—	47	—	8		3	1	—	17	6	58	46	87
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	5	1	9		5	8	4	10	3	14	12	9
American Indian	—	5	1	9		4	8	4	10	3	14	12	9
Eskimo	—	—	—	—		1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	21	—	6		—	7	1	2	4	18	28	36
Asian	—	12	—	6		—	7	1	2	3	17	28	36
Chinese	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino	—	5	—	1		—	—	—	1	—	2	2	9
Japanese	—	1	—	—		—	6	—	—	—	1	8	11
Asian Indian	—	1	—	—		—	—	—	—	1	2	2	—
Korean	—	4	—	4		—	1	1	1	2	7	6	8
Vietnamese	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	—	1	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	9	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	2	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoa	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	3	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	4	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	—	6	—	1		2	1	—	1	—	5	8	6
HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	16	7 063	1 694	4 731		3 386	3 217	629	4 244	3 802	8 037	7 569	3 277
Hispanic origin (of any race)	—	24	6	19		17	2	1	18	3	18	33	34
Mexican	—	8	—	7		—	—	—	8	3	12	7	11
Puerto Rican	—	5	6	4		—	—	—	4	—	—	4	2
Cuban	—	2	—	—		3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
Other Hispanic	—	9	—	8		14	—	—	6	—	5	21	21
Not of Hispanic origin	16	7 039	1 688	4 712		3 369	3 215	628	4 226	3 799	8 019	7 536	3 243
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN													
All persons	16	7 063	1 694	4 731		3 386	3 217	629	4 244	3 802	8 037	7 569	3 277
White	16	6 984	1 693	4 707		3 376	3 200	624	4 214	3 789	7 942	7 475	3 139
Hispanic origin	—	18	6	19		15	1	1	17	3	13	20	21
Not of Hispanic origin	16	6 966	1 687	4 688		3 361	3 199	623	4 197	3 786	7 929	7 455	3 118
Black	—	47	—	8		3	1	—	17	6	58	46	87
Hispanic origin	—	1	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	46	—	8		3	1	—	17	6	58	46	87
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	5	1	9		5	8	4	10	3	14	12	9
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	5	1	9		5	8	4	10	3	14	12	9
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	21	—	6		—	7	1	2	4	18	28	36
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	21	—	6		—	7	1	2	4	18	28	36
Other race	—	6	—	1		2	1	—	1	—	5	8	6
Hispanic origin	—	5	—	—		2	1	—	1	—	3	6	—
Not of Hispanic origin	—	1	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warren County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY						Henderson County, KY				
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
<b>RACE</b>													
All persons	5 102	5 657	5 801	3 973	4 287	5 919	4 247	7 404	2 040	2 072	1 970	2 669	2 712
White	4 975	5 540	5 523	3 658	4 144	5 780	4 203	7 048	1 651	1 791	1 509	2 087	2 360
Black	74	79	255	288	123	83	25	314	382	224	450	568	339
Hispanic origin	11	7	5	4	8	8	9	15	2	3	8	7	3
Not of Hispanic origin	11	7	5	4	8	8	9	15	2	3	8	7	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	33	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chinese	33	25	14	22	9	46	6	17	3	—	—	—	—
Filipino	1	6	14	19	9	43	3	17	3	—	—	—	—
Japanese	2	4	—	3	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	3	3	—	3	—	16	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	8	3	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	7	12	7	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Camboodian	2	—	1	10	—	—	—	5	1	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	10	—	1	2	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	9	3	4	1	3	2	4	10	2	4	—	7	1
<b>HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>													
All persons	5 102	5 657	5 801	3 973	4 287	5 919	4 247	7 404	2 040	2 072	1 970	2 669	2 712
Hispanic origin (of any race)	20	22	17	9	25	24	19	28	5	12	4	14	9
Mexican	14	6	6	3	12	12	4	16	1	8	4	10	—
Puerto Rican	4	4	1	3	2	—	3	3	1	1	—	—	2
Cuban	—	3	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	2	9	10	3	9	12	2	9	—	3	—	4	7
Not of Hispanic origin	5 082	5 635	5 784	3 964	4 262	5 895	4 228	7 376	2 035	2 010	1 966	2 655	2 703
<b>RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN</b>													
All persons	5 102	5 657	5 801	3 973	4 287	5 919	4 247	7 404	2 040	2 072	1 970	2 669	2 712
White	4 975	5 540	5 523	3 658	4 144	5 780	4 203	7 048	1 651	1 791	1 509	2 087	2 360
Black	74	79	255	288	123	83	25	314	382	224	450	568	339
Hispanic origin	—	79	254	287	123	82	25	308	382	219	450	568	339
Not of Hispanic origin	11	7	5	4	8	8	9	15	2	3	8	7	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	33	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	6	5	4	8	8	9	15	2	3	4	7	3
Not of Hispanic origin	11	6	5	4	8	8	9	15	2	3	4	7	3
Hispanic origin	—	28	14	22	9	46	6	17	3	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	31	28	—	22	9	1	6	17	3	—	—	—	—
Other race	9	3	4	1	3	2	4	10	2	4	—	7	1
Hispanic origin	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	4	—	—	—



Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY—Con.					Remainder of Henderson County, KY						
	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
RACE												
All persons .....	5 701	3 955	1 954	1 537	189	1 196	100	18	2 333	4 382	4 058	6 208
White .....	5 428	3 640	1 841	1 466	186	1 116	95	18	2 303	4 314	4 017	5 932
Black .....	252	288	97	49	3	68	3	—	26	34	22	246
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	5	4	6	4	—	5	—	—	2	4	9	10
Asian .....	5	4	6	4	—	5	—	—	2	4	9	10
Eskimo .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	12	22	8	18	—	6	2	—	1	28	6	—
Asian .....	12	19	8	15	—	6	2	—	1	28	6	—
Chinese .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Filipino .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Japanese .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian .....	3	3	1	7	—	1	1	—	—	9	3	8
Korean .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—
Vietnamese .....	7	—	3	—	—	5	—	—	1	10	—	3
Cambodian .....	1	10	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Hmong .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian .....	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander .....	—	3	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
Hawaiian .....	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan .....	—	3	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	4	1	2	—	—	1	—	—	1	2	4	9
HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons .....	5 701	3 955	1 954	1 537	189	1 196	100	18	2 333	4 382	4 058	6 208
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	17	9	10	10	—	9	—	—	15	14	19	19
Mexican .....	6	3	—	4	—	6	—	—	12	8	14	10
Puerto Rican .....	1	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3
Cuban .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Other Hispanic .....	10	3	8	6	—	3	—	—	1	6	2	6
Not of Hispanic origin .....	5 684	3 946	1 944	1 527	189	1 187	100	18	2 318	4 368	4 039	6 189
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons .....	5 701	3 955	1 954	1 537	189	1 196	100	18	2 333	4 382	4 058	6 208
White .....	5 428	3 640	1 841	1 466	186	1 116	95	18	2 303	4 314	4 017	5 932
Black .....	252	288	97	49	3	68	3	—	26	34	22	246
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	5	4	6	4	—	5	—	—	2	4	9	10
Asian .....	5	4	6	4	—	5	—	—	2	4	9	10
Hispanic origin .....	17	9	10	10	—	9	—	—	15	14	19	19
Not of Hispanic origin .....	5 684	3 946	1 944	1 527	189	1 187	100	18	2 318	4 368	4 039	6 189

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

(For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city
All housing units .....	117 896	99 964	10 401	72 637	58 188	16 926	17 932	17 932	11 335
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	108 663	92 105	9 508	66 780	52 948	15 817	16 558	16 558	10 548
Owner-occupied housing units .....	74 911	63 837	7 633	43 287	31 230	12 917	11 074	11 074	6 145
Percent of occupied housing units .....	68.9	69.3	80.3	64.8	59.0	81.7	66.9	66.9	58.3
White .....	72 135	61 618	7 573	41 272	29 373	12 773	10 517	10 517	5 700
Black .....	2 457	1 938	49	1 802	1 700	87	519	519	424
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	87	78	5	48	41	25	9	9	4
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	193	170	4	139	99	27	23	23	16
Other race .....	39	33	2	26	17	5	6	6	1
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	231	197	28	131	98	38	34	34	17
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	71 955	61 466	7 547	41 176	29 301	12 743	10 489	10 489	5 684
Renter-occupied housing units .....	33 752	28 268	1 875	23 493	21 718	2 900	5 484	5 484	4 403
White .....	30 008	25 173	1 816	20 506	18 768	2 851	4 835	4 835	3 784
Black .....	3 460	2 840	50	2 762	2 736	280	620	620	595
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	103	83	3	72	68	8	20	20	18
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	134	130	4	117	112	9	4	4	3
Other race .....	47	42	2	36	34	4	5	5	3
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	207	191	5	173	164	13	16	16	12
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	29 867	25 041	1 813	20 384	18 653	2 844	4 826	4 826	3 777
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	9 233	7 859	893	5 857	5 240	1 109	1 374	1 374	807
For sale only .....	1 570	1 369	138	997	810	234	201	201	129
For rent .....	3 773	3 364	285	2 740	2 673	339	409	409	332
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	816	674	116	428	382	130	142	142	83
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	667	473	85	287	145	101	194	194	27
For migrant workers .....	7	5	—	—	—	—	2	2	—
Other vacant .....	2 400	1 974	264	1 405	1 230	305	426	426	236
Boarded up .....	221	216	13	182	168	21	5	5	2
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	825	712	53	613	573	46	113	113	63
2 rooms .....	4 321	3 847	206	3 415	3 157	226	474	474	387
3 rooms .....	11 706	9 975	707	8 388	7 836	880	1 731	1 731	1 428
4 rooms .....	25 261	20 851	2 057	15 708	13 639	3 086	4 410	4 410	3 068
5 rooms .....	29 559	25 100	2 694	18 307	15 011	4 099	4 459	4 459	2 659
6 rooms .....	20 200	17 051	2 130	11 713	8 691	3 208	3 149	3 149	1 771
7 rooms .....	12 314	10 501	1 322	6 848	4 628	2 331	1 813	1 813	1 048
8 or more rooms .....	13 710	11 927	1 232	7 645	4 653	3 050	1 783	1 783	931
Median, all housing units .....	5.1	5.1	5.3	4.9	4.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.8
Median, all housing units .....	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.1	4.9	5.8	5.2	5.2	5.0
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.0	4.8	5.6	5.1	5.1	4.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.6	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.4	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.9	3.9	4.3	3.8	3.8	4.3	4.1	4.1	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	82 062	70 474	8 021	49 226	36 883	13 227	11 588	11 588	6 667
1, attached .....	1 642	1 366	76	1 122	1 020	168	276	276	250
2 .....	4 911	3 970	188	3 426	3 341	356	941	941	862
3 or 4 .....	5 237	4 480	183	3 778	3 660	519	757	757	720
5 to 9 .....	6 291	5 514	240	4 787	4 534	487	777	777	761
10 to 19 .....	4 917	4 337	141	3 965	3 697	231	580	580	543
20 to 49 .....	2 727	2 586	—	2 574	2 345	12	141	141	141
50 or more .....	1 981	1 724	79	1 541	1 541	104	257	257	257
Mobile home or trailer .....	7 169	4 726	1 411	1 607	688	1 708	2 443	2 443	1 055
Other .....	959	787	62	611	479	114	172	172	99
Occupied housing units .....	108 663	92 105	9 508	66 780	52 948	15 817	16 558	16 558	10 548
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	28 007	24 108	1 942	19 516	17 403	2 650	3 899	3 899	2 985
2 persons .....	35 361	29 993	3 029	21 968	17 200	4 996	5 368	5 368	3 453
3 persons .....	19 520	16 282	1 772	11 227	8 459	3 283	3 238	3 238	1 943
4 persons .....	16 834	14 120	1 766	9 103	6 285	3 251	2 714	2 714	1 482
5 persons .....	6 395	5 450	743	3 503	2 507	1 204	945	945	473
6 or more persons .....	2 546	2 152	256	1 463	1 094	433	394	394	212
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.24	2.23	2.43	2.13	2.03	2.58	2.32	2.32	2.16
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.38	2.38	2.47	2.29	2.20	2.69	2.42	2.42	2.28
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.85	1.81	2.18	1.73	1.69	2.19	2.06	2.06	1.95
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	106 532	90 343	9 312	65 508	51 864	15 523	16 189	16 189	10 317
1.01 to 1.50 .....	1 792	1 477	163	1 059	892	255	315	315	191
1.51 or more .....	339	285	33	213	192	39	54	54	40
Mean .....	.47	.47	.48	.46	.46	.47	.48	.48	.47
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	61 051	53 120	5 523	37 618	27 817	9 979	7 931	7 931	4 936
Less than \$20,000 .....	3 429	2 819	301	2 229	2 097	289	610	610	376
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	13 783	11 765	1 031	9 169	8 556	1 565	2 018	2 018	1 319
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	17 880	15 522	1 529	11 463	9 725	2 530	2 358	2 358	1 451
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	12 742	11 122	1 492	7 113	4 280	2 517	1 620	1 620	988
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	6 500	5 796	691	3 491	1 429	1 614	704	704	466
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	4 593	4 146	378	2 788	1 073	980	447	447	244
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	1 276	1 173	76	790	382	307	103	103	53
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	428	387	14	261	122	41	41	41	22
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	194	174	5	129	62	40	20	20	12
\$300,000 or more .....	226	216	6	185	91	25	10	10	5
Median (dollars) .....	53 900	54 400	58 600	51 800	45 500	65 000	50 900	50 900	50 200
Mean (dollars) .....	63 000	63 900	62 100	62 000	53 000	71 900	57 100	57 100	56 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	32 681	27 510	1 673	23 097	21 503	2 740	5 171	5 171	4 362
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	261	263	209	266	264	264	254	254	257
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	267	271	217	274	271	273	247	247	249
With meals included in rent .....	246	236	203	223	202	8	10	10	9
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	664	680	699	705	699	455	269	269	293
No meals included in rent .....	30 769	25 956	1 490	21 970	20 554	2 496	4 813	4 813	4 156
No cash rent .....	1 666	1 318	178	904	747	236	348	348	197



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2.01	Tract 10.97	Tract 28
All housing units.....	2 331	1 025	873	1 749	1 202	1 703	1 518	2 640	1 915	1 152
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	2 114	945	820	1 664	1 097	1 561	1 307	2 492	1 783	1 066
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 758	707	728	1 468	964	1 055	953	1 617	1 004	566
Percent of occupied housing units.....	83.2	74.8	88.8	88.2	87.9	67.6	72.9	64.9	56.3	53.1
White.....	1 753	707	724	1 463	960	1 044	922	1 581	958	563
Black.....	2	—	1	3	4	10	29	31	40	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	—	1	—	—	—	1	3	3	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	2	1	—	—	1	3	3	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	7	2	7	4	3	2	3	7	1	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 746	705	717	1 460	957	1 043	919	1 575	957	561
Renter-occupied housing units.....	356	238	92	196	133	506	354	875	779	500
White.....	356	237	92	195	133	481	322	848	620	492
Black.....	—	—	—	—	—	19	31	14	151	6
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	—	—	—	2	—	2	5	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	1	—	3	—	6	1	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	5	2	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	1	—	—	3	1	5	6	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	356	237	91	195	133	479	322	848	618	486
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	217	80	53	85	105	142	211	148	132	86
For sale only.....	25	11	12	13	8	27	42	21	17	19
For rent.....	33	12	14	30	21	59	116	94	83	30
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	31	13	11	6	21	19	15	15	10	9
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	56	9	—	9	6	3	2	4	2	—
For migrant workers.....	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	70	32	16	27	49	34	36	14	20	28
Boarded up.....	4	3	—	—	1	5	—	—	1	1
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	13	9	—	2	7	10	12	11	1	61
2 rooms.....	31	22	3	19	22	49	60	207	28	77
3 rooms.....	139	61	26	86	35	236	124	432	149	201
4 rooms.....	501	235	142	247	215	377	340	422	751	272
5 rooms.....	622	283	253	446	273	422	395	514	547	219
6 rooms.....	526	205	200	375	269	259	296	480	289	145
7 rooms.....	274	118	135	291	183	178	143	313	95	95
8 or more rooms.....	225	92	114	283	198	172	148	261	55	82
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	5.2	5.6	5.7	5.7	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.4
Mean, all housing units.....	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	5.2	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.0	5.2	5.1	4.6	4.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.5	5.4	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.1	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.5	4.6	5.2	4.5	5.0	3.8	4.1	3.2	4.1	3.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	1 847	777	746	1 450	921	1 147	1 133	1 527	1 237	761
1, attached.....	7	22	5	6	3	22	11	16	17	15
2.....	32	44	6	16	—	43	47	13	41	75
3 or 4.....	15	7	—	22	—	65	74	67	184	62
5 to 9.....	8	2	—	24	1	118	87	107	45	69
10 to 19.....	40	11	—	—	—	31	59	182	124	7
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	402	227	25
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	79	—	92	—	107
Mobile home or trailer.....	362	156	111	226	271	185	100	217	29	12
Other.....	20	6	5	5	6	13	7	17	11	19
Occupied housing units.....	2 114	945	820	1 664	1 097	1 561	1 307	2 492	1 783	1 066
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	423	220	117	263	132	434	353	780	438	442
2 persons.....	651	305	267	493	369	518	426	844	581	321
3 persons.....	386	168	162	319	239	263	235	378	400	138
4 persons.....	407	158	171	368	223	242	197	322	219	101
5 persons.....	176	68	77	165	106	84	67	138	103	42
6 or more persons.....	71	26	26	56	28	20	29	30	42	22
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.47	2.33	2.66	2.74	2.70	2.17	2.21	2.05	2.28	1.78
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.48	2.34	2.64	2.79	2.72	2.33	2.21	2.45	2.28	2.13
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.42	2.27	2.82	2.39	2.55	1.70	2.17	1.50	2.28	1.50
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	2 062	921	805	1 635	1 075	1 534	1 280	2 479	1 746	1 049
1.01 to 1.50.....	42	19	14	26	18	23	21	10	33	16
1.51 or more.....	10	5	1	3	4	4	6	3	4	1
Mean.....	.50	.48	.49	.49	.49	.46	.46	.45	.52	.46
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 244	444	497	1 065	600	844	629	1 346	934	507
Less than \$20,000.....	118	35	13	18	9	50	58	3	54	59
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	314	124	60	84	59	184	206	43	467	197
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	327	133	180	217	103	240	329	327	364	143
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	296	97	155	340	177	247	180	602	43	68
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	109	29	58	247	119	80	49	230	4	25
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	68	20	25	131	94	33	7	130	2	13
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	7	5	6	23	28	7	—	10	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	3	—	—	2	8	1	—	—	—	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	2	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	—	1	—	2	2	1	—	1	—	—
Median (dollars).....	50 500	49 400	59 500	73 000	74 200	56 200	48 400	68 500	38 400	39 800
Mean (dollars).....	54 400	54 600	62 600	76 300	82 000	57 400	49 300	72 700	38 800	45 000
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	309	190	71	160	93	500	350	871	772	495
Median contract rent (dollars).....	206	177	269	246	194	178	230	296	279	214
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	210	198	278	258	216	192	237	302	247	217
With meals included in rent.....	1	1	—	—	—	1	2	1	—	4
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	163	113	—	—	—	163	287	287	—	188
No meals included in rent.....	275	157	60	144	71	456	327	843	753	471
No cash rent.....	33	32	11	16	22	43	21	27	19	20



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38.04	Tract 101	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 1	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 2.02	Tract 3
All housing units .....	1 826	2 079	1 855	1 671	960	2 225	1 102	2 145	1 038	1 762
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units .....	1 725	1 928	1 726	1 557	944	2 144	1 020	2 017	998	1 599
Owner-occupied housing units .....	995	1 203	1 112	323	884	1 916	730	1 184	735	983
Percent of occupied housing units .....	57.7	62.4	64.4	20.7	93.6	89.4	71.6	58.7	73.6	61.5
White .....	976	1 184	1 061	314	876	1 890	723	1 155	730	964
Black .....	14	13	43	7	6	10	1	27	4	15
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	3	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	1	2	6	2	—	16	5	2	—	3
Other race .....	1	1	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	2	2	5	—	3	3	1	2	1	3
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	975	1 183	1 058	314	874	1 887	723	1 153	729	961
Renter-occupied housing units .....	730	725	614	1 234	60	228	290	833	263	616
White .....	707	681	531	1 153	60	227	287	806	254	534
Black .....	19	38	76	65	—	1	2	14	7	73
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	1	1	3	2	—	—	—	2	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	3	3	4	12	—	—	1	6	1	8
Other race .....	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	5	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	3	3	10	14	—	1	1	5	3	5
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	705	678	521	1 141	60	226	286	806	251	530
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units .....	101	151	129	114	16	81	82	128	40	163
For sale only .....	12	10	26	5	2	41	10	11	12	24
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	46	91	33	91	3	10	40	85	14	118
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	7	22	17	3	9	14	7	15	1	6
For migrant workers .....	3	5	33	—	—	2	5	4	2	3
Other vacant .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Boarded up .....	33	23	20	15	2	14	20	13	11	12
Boarded up .....	6	3	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room .....	3	3	14	13	—	6	4	10	4	5
2 rooms .....	219	44	29	52	—	96	75	202	72	71
3 rooms .....	246	246	96	370	7	68	64	419	47	362
4 rooms .....	479	641	375	527	62	350	483	307	286	449
5 rooms .....	417	693	496	471	210	460	286	411	326	500
6 rooms .....	286	306	332	137	218	414	137	406	186	218
7 rooms .....	111	91	233	51	228	309	38	237	74	90
8 or more rooms .....	65	55	280	50	234	522	15	153	43	67
Median, all housing units .....	4.4	4.7	5.3	4.3	6.4	5.8	4.3	4.8	4.8	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	4.5	4.7	5.6	4.4	6.6	6.0	4.5	4.8	4.9	4.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.5	4.7	5.4	4.3	6.4	5.8	4.4	4.9	4.8	4.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.2	5.0	6.2	5.4	6.5	6.0	4.6	5.9	5.1	4.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.4	4.0	4.3	4.0	4.6	3.1	3.9	3.1	3.8	3.5
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached .....	1 079	1 410	1 171	326	914	1 592	718	1 229	811	1 209
1, attached .....	4	18	52	48	7	13	46	15	17	20
2 .....	17	49	11	8	18	13	141	10	75	112
3 or 4 .....	15	72	38	112	20	5	4	67	6	69
5 to 9 .....	301	129	478	424	—	7	10	107	32	302
10 to 19 .....	175	252	60	422	—	43	47	181	63	41
20 to 49 .....	132	22	—	174	—	80	—	399	—	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	132	—	—	—	92	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	96	115	11	10	—	463	129	36	33	—
Other .....	7	12	34	15	1	9	7	9	1	9
Occupied housing units .....	1 725	1 928	1 726	1 557	944	2 144	1 020	2 017	998	1 599
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person .....	556	491	356	670	112	388	323	697	333	583
2 persons .....	567	619	629	508	356	719	385	690	369	553
3 persons .....	267	387	338	231	201	423	158	272	158	268
4 persons .....	221	270	290	93	190	432	112	234	103	133
5 persons .....	86	117	90	41	58	132	29	97	23	46
6 or more persons .....	26	44	23	14	27	50	13	27	12	16
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.04	2.26	2.31	1.71	2.52	2.45	1.99	1.95	1.95	1.89
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.33	2.45	2.39	2.33	2.56	2.57	2.01	2.42	2.02	1.96
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.59	1.90	2.14	1.55	2.10	1.50	1.91	1.50	1.67	1.73
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less .....	1 684	1 884	1 711	1 540	940	2 123	999	2 006	986	1 569
1.01 to 1.50 .....	37	44	12	10	3	18	14	8	10	27
1.51 or more .....	4	—	3	7	1	3	7	3	2	3
Mean .....	.51	.53	.44	.45	.43	.45	.49	.45	.44	.45
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	855	1 035	1 032	273	840	1 394	582	1 078	656	915
Less than \$20,000 .....	64	59	7	6	2	4	20	2	13	35
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	291	514	35	15	19	54	309	41	145	363
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	292	409	265	112	137	223	234	311	380	417
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	165	43	316	89	467	344	18	539	106	77
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	34	6	224	29	127	353	—	139	9	17
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	8	2	153	17	57	327	—	42	3	6
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	1	—	23	2	26	62	—	3	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	—	2	5	1	4	15	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	—	—	3	2	—	4	1	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more .....	—	—	1	—	1	8	—	1	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	44 200	38 600	72 900	60 500	70 000	83 600	38 800	65 500	47 800	41 900
Mean (dollars) .....	46 700	39 600	79 000	66 300	76 500	90 700	39 800	67 200	48 700	43 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	725	714	605	1 227	57	222	287	830	259	607
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	278	308	323	351	321	238	218	297	250	234
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	284	316	306	319	362	279	231	306	262	253
With meals included in rent .....	—	1	—	4	—	—	1	1	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	—	113	—	219	—	—	50	287	—	—
No meals included in rent .....	701	682	589	1 199	49	206	273	806	252	584
No cash rent .....	24	31	16	24	8	16	13	23	7	23

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
All housing units.....	1 135	1 001	937	1 333	2 840	1 914	1 424	1 521	1 241	1 284
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	1 090	961	884	1 261	2 679	1 782	1 239	1 113	1 003	1 059
Owner-occupied housing units.....	854	850	646	958	1 799	1 004	665	383	612	508
Percent of occupied housing units.....	78.3	88.4	73.1	76.0	67.2	56.3	53.7	34.4	61.0	48.0
White.....	849	839	629	901	1 761	958	445	289	413	236
Black.....	4	10	13	52	26	40	217	93	196	271
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	1	2	3	2	—	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	2	2	10	3	1	1	2	—
Other race.....	—	1	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	3	2	5	1	1	2	1	1	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	849	837	629	900	1 760	957	443	288	412	235
Renter-occupied housing units.....	236	111	238	303	880	778	574	730	391	551
White.....	213	105	216	259	807	619	297	490	219	175
Black.....	7	2	20	42	65	151	272	235	171	371
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	1	1	—	2	5	4	3	—	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	15	—	1	2	5	1	1	—	—	1
Other race.....	—	3	—	—	1	2	—	2	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	3	5	1	4	6	3	8	1	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	213	105	211	259	806	617	295	486	218	174
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	45	40	53	72	161	132	185	408	238	227
For sale only.....	10	24	12	31	34	17	42	31	28	28
For rent.....	15	7	15	14	88	83	107	270	123	72
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	6	1	5	3	6	10	12	25	12	24
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1	—	—	—	5	2	1	4	4	1
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	13	8	21	24	28	20	23	78	71	102
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	21	24	32
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	8	6	2	3	3	1	6	23	4	8
2 rooms.....	61	6	52	4	84	28	41	97	46	65
3 rooms.....	72	26	47	59	206	149	200	416	141	233
4 rooms.....	234	110	95	365	601	751	338	313	199	331
5 rooms.....	284	286	272	460	1 050	547	450	310	346	331
6 rooms.....	201	240	187	253	559	288	208	143	233	177
7 rooms.....	150	167	135	104	217	95	94	89	119	76
8 or more rooms.....	125	160	147	85	120	55	87	130	153	65
Median, all housing units.....	5.2	5.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.2	5.2	4.5
Mean, all housing units.....	5.4	6.0	5.7	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.9	4.6	5.4	4.7
Median, occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.8	5.5	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.8	4.4	5.3	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.1	4.1	3.7	4.4	3.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	942	913	737	1 204	2 073	1 236	919	614	841	967
1, attached.....	7	3	2	14	97	17	33	23	20	33
2.....	41	34	99	83	233	41	87	246	183	66
3 or 4.....	22	31	28	24	120	184	152	294	156	128
5 to 9.....	28	6	15	—	72	45	151	130	28	46
10 to 19.....	94	12	47	—	103	124	69	34	—	35
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	132	227	—	60	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	106	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	—	—	1	1	29	3	1	2	1
Other.....	1	2	9	7	9	11	10	13	11	10
Occupied housing units.....	1 090	961	884	1 261	2 679	1 782	1 239	1 113	1 003	1 059
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	384	314	281	350	759	438	359	439	250	407
2 persons.....	387	373	322	430	946	581	352	287	277	288
3 persons.....	155	119	114	214	481	400	220	164	181	157
4 persons.....	121	100	109	176	341	218	178	116	164	109
5 persons.....	35	40	47	70	112	103	79	48	74	63
6 or more persons.....	8	15	11	21	40	42	51	59	57	35
Median, occupied housing units.....	1.92	1.95	2.00	2.15	2.11	2.28	2.24	1.91	2.41	1.93
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.03	1.99	2.10	2.14	2.23	2.28	2.28	2.18	2.33	2.03
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.50	1.50	1.58	2.18	1.81	2.28	2.18	1.71	2.60	1.78
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	1 082	959	878	1 247	2 643	1 745	1 196	1 045	957	1 015
1.01 to 1.50.....	5	2	4	13	34	33	33	56	40	28
1.51 or more.....	3	—	2	1	2	4	10	12	6	16
Mean.....	.40	.36	.39	.46	.46	.52	.52	.50	.50	.49
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	791	797	577	882	1 656	934	610	322	542	459
Less than \$20,000.....	10	2	3	41	32	54	94	112	81	114
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	85	46	74	446	460	467	359	153	310	214
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	326	264	268	338	982	364	109	38	115	107
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	236	292	133	53	171	43	40	12	31	23
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	66	110	44	4	8	4	5	4	4	1
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	29	59	45	—	2	2	2	3	1	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	11	16	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	6	5	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	18	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	58 200	65 100	55 000	38 400	45 500	38 400	31 100	24 600	32 400	31 200
Mean (dollars).....	72 500	71 300	62 100	39 700	45 800	38 800	34 100	28 800	34 500	31 800
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	234	111	236	300	870	772	563	725	382	539
Median contract rent (dollars).....	269	329	256	276	278	279	207	229	250	187
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	308	336	280	277	280	247	195	264	245	196
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	1	1	—	—	4	39	2	3
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	137	575	90	—	134	800	275	288
No meals included in rent.....	226	102	223	282	834	753	530	653	369	510
No cash rent.....	10	9	12	17	35	19	31	33	11	26



Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
All housing units.....	1 084	627	1 117	286	1 099	1 039	941	671	1 203	1 683
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	942	531	808	218	905	883	809	610	1 087	1 607
Owner-occupied housing units.....	630	90	142	11	288	237	419	369	684	1 145
Percent of occupied housing units.....	66.9	16.9	17.6	5.0	31.8	26.8	51.8	60.5	62.9	71.3
White.....	210	14	139	11	285	234	409	360	656	1 138
Black.....	416	76	2	—	3	1	6	4	24	3
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	1	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	—	1	—	—	2	2	3	2	1
Other race.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	4	4	3
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	210	14	139	11	284	233	409	356	653	1 136
Renter-occupied housing units.....	312	441	666	207	617	646	390	241	403	462
White.....	112	146	559	183	590	629	379	230	383	457
Black.....	197	295	104	19	16	15	7	9	18	5
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	2	—	6	1	3	1	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	—	—	5	4	—	1	—	—	—
Other race.....	1	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	2	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	2	2	6	—	2	6	2	1	4	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	111	145	555	183	590	624	378	230	381	455
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	142	96	309	68	194	156	132	61	116	76
For sale only.....	19	13	17	32	29	9	5	7	18	18
For rent.....	55	59	192	29	102	61	54	24	44	24
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	24	7	22	—	2	3	7	3	6	10
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	6	—	13	—	4	8	—	—	8	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	38	17	65	7	57	75	66	27	40	21
Boarded up.....	8	8	6	—	8	9	12	2	3	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	9	5	32	24	78	36	3	2	2	7
2 rooms.....	14	86	171	14	196	221	63	27	23	61
3 rooms.....	97	224	375	102	227	237	180	57	161	195
4 rooms.....	158	113	227	65	238	190	167	271	385	544
5 rooms.....	313	98	125	39	151	132	203	192	346	482
6 rooms.....	201	37	50	6	97	89	139	76	148	245
7 rooms.....	130	27	31	19	58	60	104	27	79	84
8 or more rooms.....	162	37	106	17	54	74	82	19	59	65
Median, all housing units.....	5.3	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.6	4.8	4.4	4.6	4.6
Mean, all housing units.....	5.6	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.9	4.6	4.8	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.9	3.6	4.9	4.4	4.6	4.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.9	5.7	8.0	4.4	5.4	5.6	5.7	4.7	4.9	4.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.5	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.6
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1 detached.....	826	133	128	10	439	378	583	564	1 006	1 317
2 attached.....	18	14	8	33	20	18	5	13	11	42
3 or 4.....	139	44	104	1	152	117	158	35	104	205
5 to 9.....	29	96	316	—	165	222	157	18	42	20
10 to 19.....	20	93	278	21	125	94	19	21	20	24
20 to 49.....	19	111	92	34	70	74	1	3	1	65
50 or more.....	21	28	90	37	4	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	95	88	132	108	119	—	—	—	—
Other.....	11	—	—	1	1	—	3	8	4	3
Other.....	11	13	13	17	15	17	15	9	15	7
Occupied housing units.....	942	531	808	218	905	883	809	610	1 087	1 607
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	261	287	478	140	425	407	261	203	340	570
2 persons.....	261	115	217	62	227	207	230	192	343	575
3 persons.....	177	66	64	13	112	123	130	99	160	255
4 persons.....	116	27	32	3	72	72	92	74	146	146
5 persons.....	76	22	12	—	36	47	61	24	71	48
6 or more persons.....	51	14	5	—	33	27	35	18	27	13
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.30	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.62	1.67	2.12	2.03	2.09	1.91
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.26	1.83	1.86	1.80	1.98	2.23	2.13	1.98	1.99	1.99
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.45	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.11	2.14	2.37	1.57
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
.00 or less.....	904	514	793	216	857	836	777	590	1 054	1 591
.01 to 1.50.....	33	12	10	—	36	30	26	17	29	14
51 or more.....	5	5	5	2	12	17	6	3	4	2
Mean.....	.46	.48	.39	.41	.52	.53	.50	.51	.50	.45
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	539	66	83	4	228	198	366	331	617	1 063
Less than \$20,000.....	69	18	4	2	100	90	111	49	176	30
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	257	34	5	—	106	92	219	220	346	448
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	166	10	11	2	17	15	31	57	86	500
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	42	1	22	—	3	1	5	5	9	76
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	4	2	12	—	1	—	—	—	—	6
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	1	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	6	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
\$300,000 or more.....	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	36 700	28 800	79 200	30 000	21 700	21 500	26 300	31 100	27 100	41 300
Mean (dollars).....	37 400	36 400	96 000	29 100	24 600	23 700	26 700	31 000	27 900	42 200
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	306	439	466	206	614	641	388	237	393	454
Median contract rent (dollars).....	263	132	250	344	206	203	228	255	222	236
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	255	151	259	327	204	192	229	251	226	249
With meals included in rent.....	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	3	1
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	213	199	277	—	—	113	—	—	280	237
40 meals included in rent.....	286	421	649	200	595	626	365	227	371	431
40 cash rent.....	19	11	15	6	21	14	23	10	19	22



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
All housing units.....	1 115	1 096	653	1 023	520	2 183	1 278	1 383	2 036	1 283
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	965	948	535	947	490	2 064	1 178	1 291	1 954	1 259
Owner-occupied housing units.....	524	530	274	478	379	1 497	861	805	978	1 167
Percent of occupied housing units.....	54.3	55.9	51.2	50.5	77.3	72.5	73.1	62.4	50.1	92.7
White.....	518	518	244	477	379	1 488	859	788	968	1 159
Black.....	3	10	30	1	—	6	—	14	9	4
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	3
Other race.....	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	4	2	2	3	6	3	1	2	6
White, nat of Hispanic origin.....	515	515	242	475	376	1 483	857	787	966	1 153
Renter-occupied housing units.....	441	418	261	469	111	567	317	486	976	92
White.....	431	409	198	461	110	564	312	466	938	91
Black.....	7	6	61	6	1	1	2	17	27	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	3	1	2	—	2	—	1	4	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	6	—
Other race.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	—	4	6	—	2	4	3	7	—
White, nat of Hispanic origin.....	430	409	197	455	110	562	309	464	932	91
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	150	148	118	76	30	119	100	92	82	24
For sale only.....	32	28	6	18	7	27	29	9	13	9
For rent.....	59	64	75	26	8	37	30	45	41	2
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	10	14	16	7	1	13	3	7	6	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	2	1	—	—	—	7	3	3	6	3
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	47	41	21	25	14	35	35	28	16	6
Boarded up.....	4	1	3	1	6	3	2	4	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	3	5	17	61	1	4	6	3	7	—
2 rooms.....	49	37	28	76	14	125	37	188	110	2
3 rooms.....	198	177	126	188	45	181	107	173	419	9
4 rooms.....	264	277	215	228	112	523	393	360	566	64
5 rooms.....	277	274	152	180	166	576	373	306	508	552
6 rooms.....	166	155	68	131	65	372	184	219	264	379
7 rooms.....	90	116	27	82	48	244	90	82	107	154
8 or more rooms.....	68	55	20	77	69	158	88	52	55	123
Median, all housing units.....	4.7	4.7	4.2	4.3	5.0	4.9	4.8	4.4	4.4	5.5
Median, all housing units.....	4.8	4.8	4.4	4.5	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.5	4.5	5.8
Median, occupied housing units.....	4.7	4.8	4.2	4.3	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.4	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.3	5.2	4.6	5.4	5.3	5.4	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	3.9	4.1	3.7	3.2	3.9	3.7	4.0	3.1	3.6	5.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	799	839	395	642	454	1 722	1 092	852	917	1 249
1, attached.....	22	16	8	13	5	14	5	1	42	20
2.....	133	117	8	75	25	145	80	15	32	6
3 or 4.....	84	80	43	54	19	89	61	11	135	4
5 to 9.....	41	24	155	69	11	65	16	223	181	—
10 to 19.....	27	—	1	7	1	42	13	139	191	—
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	25	—	90	—	44	200	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	107	—	—	—	—	159	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	1	35	12	—	3	1	94	166	—
Other.....	9	19	8	19	5	13	10	4	13	4
Occupied housing units.....	965	948	535	947	490	2 064	1 178	1 291	1 954	1 259
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	281	272	183	409	140	599	342	403	819	217
2 persons.....	306	272	154	278	152	741	354	430	593	489
3 persons.....	156	171	92	113	84	331	210	204	291	241
4 persons.....	129	132	63	91	87	239	170	174	192	211
5 persons.....	58	61	27	38	20	119	65	64	48	74
6 or more persons.....	35	40	16	18	7	35	37	16	11	27
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.24	2.05	1.73	2.19	2.08	2.20	2.06	1.77	2.34
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.14	2.06	2.10	2.23	2.18	2.25	2.34	2.06	2.30
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.16	2.40	2.04	1.50	2.00	1.72	2.00	1.54	1.50	3.27
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	920	898	512	932	483	2 027	1 148	1 261	1 940	1 249
1.01 to 1.50.....	42	44	19	14	4	32	27	26	10	8
1.51 or more.....	3	6	4	1	3	5	3	4	4	2
Mean.....	.51	.52	.54	.46	.45	.46	.50	.51	.45	.45
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	467	445	230	422	350	1 349	805	677	743	1 097
Less than \$20,000.....	161	179	107	45	38	61	63	51	24	9
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	267	252	103	165	109	425	433	221	220	181
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	36	31	20	120	156	594	271	234	377	682
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	3	2	—	53	44	248	36	136	86	99
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	—	1	—	25	2	22	—	28	21	62
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	—	—	—	12	1	15	—	6	12	42
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	3	5
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	5
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	3
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	9
Median (dollars).....	24 600	23 200	21 000	40 100	43 200	47 000	36 500	45 200	45 500	47 900
Mean (dollars).....	25 600	24 300	22 900	45 900	42 700	47 700	37 600	47 200	48 200	57 300
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	426	409	256	444	108	558	313	483	968	89
Median contract rent (dollars).....	221	219	159	214	223	242	230	250	276	358
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	225	221	164	218	245	251	238	276	292	339
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	3	—	1	—	—	60	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	188	—	313	—	—	1 106	—
No meals included in rent.....	407	386	245	447	103	534	293	467	887	83
No cash rent.....	19	23	11	14	5	23	20	16	21	6

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37.01	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.01	Tract 38.03	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)
All housing units.....	1 016	2 078	869	2 400	2 584	2 266	1 265	1 266	1 365
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units.....	969	1 927	823	2 208	2 404	2 141	1 200	1 197	1 264
Owner-occupied housing units.....	845	1 202	566	1 914	1 256	1 534	639	721	61
Percent of occupied housing units.....	87.2	62.4	68.8	41.4	52.2	71.6	53.3	60.2	4.8
White.....	841	1 183	557	893	1 230	1 461	623	707	59
Black.....	2	13	5	19	17	43	11	8	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1	3	1	1	1	1	—	4	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	2	3	1	—	27	5	1	1
Other race.....	1	1	—	—	1	2	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	2	—	2	7	8	1	2	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	840	1 182	557	891	1 225	1 456	622	706	59
Renter-occupied housing units.....	124	725	257	1 294	1 148	607	561	476	1 203
White.....	124	681	236	1 084	1 072	573	484	456	1 123
Black.....	—	38	17	196	62	28	72	13	64
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	3	—	7	2	—	2	2	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	3	4	6	8	5	3	5	12
Other race.....	—	—	—	1	4	1	—	—	2
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	3	1	5	20	—	10	4	14
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	123	678	235	1 080	1 056	570	474	452	1 111
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units.....	47	151	46	192	180	125	65	69	101
For sale only.....	16	10	19	16	35	31	13	11	—
For rent.....	16	91	16	143	100	68	30	39	87
Rentied or sold, not occupied.....	9	22	6	13	11	4	13	4	2
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	2	5	—	8	21	5	1	4	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	4	23	5	12	13	17	8	11	12
Boarded up.....	—	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room.....	13	3	2	126	17	5	4	—	11
2 rooms.....	6	44	10	357	152	12	8	70	52
3 rooms.....	30	246	33	255	458	266	87	177	365
4 rooms.....	176	641	149	498	644	249	320	244	492
5 rooms.....	286	693	248	656	504	385	316	233	363
6 rooms.....	214	305	187	280	283	372	200	232	62
7 rooms.....	113	91	108	117	206	336	139	145	13
8 or more rooms.....	178	55	132	111	320	641	191	165	7
Median, all housing units.....	5.5	4.7	5.5	4.4	4.5	6.1	5.2	5.1	4.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.9	4.7	5.8	4.3	5.0	6.2	5.6	5.3	4.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.6	4.7	5.5	4.5	4.6	6.2	5.2	5.2	4.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.7	5.0	6.1	5.4	5.9	7.0	6.4	6.1	4.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.5	4.0	4.6	3.5	3.8	3.9	4.2	3.6	4.0
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1 detached.....	874	1 409	675	1 004	1 071	1 581	632	762	40
1 attached.....	20	18	2	70	53	52	43	41	45
2.....	6	49	6	61	14	15	7	27	5
3 or 4.....	3	72	19	204	157	89	38	35	112
5 to 9.....	1	129	28	403	231	275	471	100	424
10 to 19.....	23	252	65	283	462	213	60	176	422
20 to 49.....	71	22	69	220	288	27	—	117	174
50 or more.....	—	—	—	131	272	—	—	—	132
Mobile home or trailer.....	2	115	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
Other.....	11	12	4	23	36	14	14	8	11
Occupied housing units.....	969	1 927	823	2 208	2 404	2 141	1 200	1 197	1 264
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person.....	183	491	239	816	991	492	275	337	614
2 persons.....	366	619	318	629	824	682	474	398	417
3 persons.....	169	386	130	371	276	367	219	212	166
4 persons.....	163	270	87	269	205	411	161	171	49
5 persons.....	60	117	33	92	74	156	56	64	16
5 or more persons.....	28	44	16	31	34	33	15	15	2
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.32	2.26	2.04	1.96	1.76	2.35	2.19	2.16	1.54
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.33	2.45	2.13	2.40	2.06	2.75	2.25	2.53	1.75
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.29	1.90	1.79	1.50	1.50	1.55	2.10	1.63	1.53
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less.....	957	1 883	815	2 167	2 383	2 129	1 189	1 185	1 250
1.01 to 1.50.....	11	44	6	34	18	11	9	11	7
1.51 or more.....	1	—	2	7	3	1	2	1	7
Mean.....	.44	.53	.39	.51	.40	.41	.43	.45	.44
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	734	1 034	526	833	962	1 410	595	681	50
Less than \$20,000.....	11	59	4	9	3	2	3	5	1
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	131	514	83	130	23	13	23	55	5
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	224	408	131	465	209	173	142	256	32
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	157	43	109	177	332	362	126	292	9
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	74	6	86	25	146	290	148	36	2
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	69	2	72	18	137	321	124	19	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	30	—	25	3	55	177	22	12	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	20	2	6	2	23	39	4	4	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	9	—	5	2	10	19	2	2	—
\$300,000 or more.....	11	—	5	2	24	14	1	—	—
Median (dollars).....	60 200	38 600	66 500	53 100	73 500	90 800	80 400	61 000	50 900
Mean (dollars).....	79 500	39 600	81 400	56 400	96 600	106 500	84 900	64 400	53 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	122	714	251	1 287	1 145	607	558	473	1 202
Median contract rent (dollars).....	289	308	410	281	353	370	316	343	352
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	298	316	394	280	367	389	298	333	320
With meals included in rent.....	—	1	1	61	1	1	—	1	4
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	113	213	575	575	363	—	313	219
No meals included in rent.....	106	682	236	1 204	1 123	593	547	462	1 177
No cash rent.....	16	31	14	22	21	13	11	10	21



Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 10.98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
All housing units.....	78	2	495	1	—	129	443	1	590	306
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>										
Occupied housing units.....	77	2	475	1	—	119	434	1	526	293
Owner-occupied housing units.....	71	2	433	—	—	88	190	1	473	262
Percent of occupied housing units.....	92.2	100.0	91.2	—	—	73.9	43.8	100.0	89.9	89.4
White.....	71	2	426	—	—	86	188	1	438	255
Black.....	—	—	4	—	—	2	—	—	32	6
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Other race.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	5	—	—	—	1	—	4	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	71	2	422	—	—	86	188	1	436	255
Renter-occupied housing units.....	6	—	42	1	—	31	244	—	53	31
White.....	6	—	42	1	—	31	241	—	47	30
Black.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	4	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	6	—	42	1	—	31	241	—	47	30
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>										
Vacant housing units.....	1	—	20	—	—	10	9	—	64	13
For sale only.....	—	—	10	—	—	1	3	—	13	5
For rent.....	1	—	9	—	—	4	1	—	3	4
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	4	1
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	—	—	1	—	—	3	5	—	12	3
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	1
<b>ROOMS</b>										
1 room.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	10	2
2 rooms.....	—	—	5	—	—	1	31	—	21	—
3 rooms.....	—	—	13	—	—	13	73	—	9	5
4 rooms.....	4	—	115	—	—	44	119	—	55	35
5 rooms.....	22	1	103	—	—	39	111	—	180	108
6 rooms.....	28	1	74	1	—	14	67	1	132	75
7 rooms.....	16	—	76	—	—	13	29	—	94	38
8 or more rooms.....	8	—	108	—	—	5	13	—	89	43
Median, all housing units.....	6.0	5.5	5.6	6.0	—	4.7	4.5	6.0	5.7	5.5
Mean, all housing units.....	6.1	5.5	6.0	6.0	—	4.9	4.6	6.0	5.8	5.9
Median, occupied housing units.....	6.0	5.5	5.7	6.0	—	4.7	4.5	6.0	5.8	5.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.0	5.5	6.0	—	—	5.0	5.3	6.0	5.8	5.6
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.0	—	4.4	6.0	—	3.9	3.9	—	5.3	5.1
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>										
1, detached.....	75	2	298	1	—	119	227	1	539	286
1, attached.....	1	—	1	—	—	2	3	—	9	3
2.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—	4	3
3 or 4.....	1	—	—	—	—	8	4	—	—	—
5 to 9.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	78	—	7	—
10 to 19.....	—	—	1	—	—	—	36	—	—	—
20 to 49.....	—	—	3	—	—	—	88	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	—	—	181	—	—	—	2	—	11	10
Other.....	1	—	8	—	—	—	3	—	20	4
Occupied housing units.....	77	2	475	1	—	119	434	1	526	293
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>										
1 person.....	11	—	83	—	—	33	153	—	81	56
2 persons.....	35	—	154	—	—	43	137	—	155	91
3 persons.....	10	—	106	—	—	25	63	1	119	65
4 persons.....	15	2	88	1	—	10	47	—	129	44
5 persons.....	2	—	41	—	—	4	24	—	34	25
6 or more persons.....	4	—	3	—	—	4	10	—	8	12
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.29	4.00	2.50	4.00	—	2.12	1.97	3.00	2.73	2.49
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.33	4.00	2.53	—	—	2.31	2.25	3.00	2.72	2.52
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	1.83	—	2.27	4.00	—	1.50	1.71	—	2.77	2.33
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>										
1.00 or less.....	75	2	473	1	—	117	423	1	522	290
1.01 to 1.50.....	1	—	2	—	—	2	11	—	3	3
1.51 or more.....	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Mean.....	.44	.73	.45	.67	—	.47	.50	.50	.47	.47
<b>VALUE</b>										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	67	2	268	—	—	85	178	1	437	223
Less than \$20,000.....	—	—	1	—	—	14	13	—	4	5
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	4	—	2	—	—	32	70	—	12	10
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	15	1	16	—	—	23	58	1	123	80
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	28	—	63	—	—	15	29	—	190	80
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	14	1	91	—	—	—	6	—	76	27
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	6	—	88	—	—	1	2	—	29	16
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	68 600	67 500	93 000	—	—	37 500	41 400	42 500	67 100	62 600
Mean (dollars).....	71 200	68 800	94 600	—	—	40 500	44 700	42 500	70 900	69 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	5	—	41	—	—	31	242	—	47	25
Median contract rent (dollars).....	450	—	252	—	—	206	308	—	413	313
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	497	—	229	—	—	205	300	—	410	295
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	—	187	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	4	—	37	—	—	24	234	—	42	22
No cash rent.....	1	—	4	—	—	6	8	—	5	3



Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 104.02	Tract 104.97	Tract 104.98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
All housing units.....	1 206	882	2 223	620	2 642	8	2 545	581	1 777
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units.....	1 165	867	2 142	505	2 570	8	2 461	560	1 705
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 083	813	1 914	429	2 042	8	2 277	506	1 538
Percent of occupied housing units.....	93.0	93.8	89.4	85.0	79.5	100.0	92.5	90.4	90.2
White.....	1 064	805	1 888	421	2 022	8	2 258	505	1 534
Black.....	10	6	10	8	9	—	14	—	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	9	—	16	—	8	—	2	—	2
Other race.....	—	1	—	—	2	—	2	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	3	3	—	9	—	5	—	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 063	803	1 885	421	2 015	8	2 255	505	1 532
Renter-occupied housing units.....	82	54	228	76	528	—	184	54	167
White.....	82	54	227	70	509	—	184	54	166
Black.....	—	—	1	5	13	—	—	—	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Other race.....	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	—	—	1	1	4	—	1	—	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	82	54	226	70	506	—	183	54	164
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units.....	41	15	81	115	72	—	84	21	72
For sale only.....	15	2	41	4	28	—	32	8	25
For rent.....	1	2	10	1	14	—	15	—	3
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	4	9	14	1	6	—	1	—	4
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	4	—	2	91	3	—	2	1	7
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	17	2	14	18	21	—	34	12	33
Boarded up.....	—	—	—	3	2	—	4	—	2
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room.....	3	—	6	9	1	—	4	1	3
2 rooms.....	9	1	96	27	41	—	14	—	12
3 rooms.....	17	7	68	55	179	—	65	13	35
4 rooms.....	70	58	350	113	436	1	378	98	197
5 rooms.....	200	188	459	149	536	4	694	130	395
6 rooms.....	237	190	413	120	524	2	575	161	436
7 rooms.....	192	212	309	73	423	—	386	87	288
8 or more rooms.....	478	226	522	74	502	1	429	91	411
Median, all housing units.....	6.8	6.5	5.8	5.2	5.7	5.3	5.7	5.8	6.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	7.0	6.6	6.0	5.3	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.0	6.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	6.9	6.5	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.3	5.7	5.8	6.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	7.0	6.6	6.0	5.6	6.2	5.3	5.8	5.9	6.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.1	4.5	3.1	5.3	3.9	—	4.9	4.9	5.1
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1 detached.....	1 173	839	1 590	581	2 153	8	2 295	556	1 677
2 attached.....	5	6	13	7	8	—	12	4	29
3.....	4	18	13	1	10	—	16	1	10
4.....	1	19	5	—	55	—	7	—	19
5 to 9.....	1	—	7	—	147	—	—	—	8
10 to 19.....	—	—	43	—	176	—	10	—	2
20 to 49.....	—	—	80	—	58	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	5	—	463	25	5	—	188	11	18
Other.....	17	—	9	6	30	—	12	9	14
Occupied housing units.....	1 165	867	2 142	505	2 570	8	2 461	560	1 705
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person.....	135	101	388	85	330	3	357	85	223
2 persons.....	414	321	719	186	901	3	832	159	653
3 persons.....	218	191	423	98	520	1	499	109	330
4 persons.....	267	175	430	86	602	1	487	114	337
5 persons.....	100	56	132	37	169	—	188	67	119
6 or more persons.....	31	23	50	13	48	—	98	26	43
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.65	2.56	2.45	2.40	2.60	1.83	2.58	2.83	2.46
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.69	2.60	2.57	2.40	2.66	1.83	2.61	2.86	2.46
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.31	2.15	1.50	2.37	2.43	—	2.30	2.41	2.49
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less.....	1 155	865	2 121	497	2 520	8	2 412	548	1 691
1.01 to 1.50.....	9	2	18	8	44	—	41	11	13
1.51 or more.....	1	—	3	—	6	—	8	1	1
Mean.....	.41	.42	.45	.47	.47	.35	.48	.50	.44
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	939	773	1 392	347	1 816	5	1 761	352	1 224
Less than \$20,000.....	2	2	4	24	20	—	17	12	14
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	28	15	54	55	91	—	127	38	79
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	101	122	222	96	243	1	394	60	198
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	157	439	344	104	547	3	464	87	311
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	176	113	352	42	483	—	376	80	240
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	286	51	327	22	343	1	272	55	222
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	72	26	62	4	67	—	74	15	78
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	49	4	15	—	13	—	20	4	32
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	21	—	4	—	5	—	8	1	25
\$300,000 or more.....	47	1	8	—	4	—	9	—	25
Median (dollars).....	100 900	70 100	83 600	59 600	80 300	63 800	74 500	76 000	80 700
Mean (dollars).....	124 600	77 000	90 700	60 800	86 100	73 500	83 200	80 000	98 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	65	52	222	51	508	—	142	38	130
Median contract rent (dollars).....	310	317	238	267	299	—	259	263	271
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	381	350	279	267	366	—	279	241	297
With meals included in rent.....	—	—	—	—	17	—	1	—	2
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	—	—	—	718	—	213	—	444
No meals included in rent.....	52	45	206	38	460	—	120	26	110
No cash rent.....	13	7	16	13	31	—	21	12	18

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307.01	Tract 307.02
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>1 266</b>	<b>1 322</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>1 622</b>	<b>1 345</b>	<b>3 319</b>	<b>2 628</b>	<b>1 067</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units.....	1 142	1 185	220	1 514	1 304	3 075	2 529	1 019
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 006	1 011	126	1 282	1 164	2 238	2 289	910
Percent of occupied housing units.....	88.1	85.3	57.3	84.7	89.3	72.8	90.5	89.3
White.....	1 002	1 005	126	1 278	1 161	2 210	2 263	881
Black.....	1	—	—	2	2	19	13	21
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	3	5	—	1	1	5	4	2
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	6
Other race.....	—	1	—	1	—	1	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	3	1	—	6	1	5	5	8
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	999	1 005	126	1 273	1 160	2 206	2 260	874
Renter-occupied housing units.....	136	174	94	232	140	837	240	109
White.....	136	174	91	229	140	832	237	105
Black.....	—	—	—	2	—	3	1	1
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	—	3	1	—	—	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Other race.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	2	—	—	1	—	3	2	2
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	134	174	91	228	140	831	236	104
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units.....	124	137	32	108	61	244	99	48
For sale only.....	12	10	1	30	9	56	30	29
For rent.....	18	24	4	30	3	81	34	13
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	4	20	1	10	26	36	11	1
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	17	59	8	3	3	7	2	—
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	73	24	18	35	20	64	22	5
Boarded up.....	4	—	4	3	3	2	2	—
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room.....	7	11	3	2	1	12	3	2
2 rooms.....	14	28	4	18	9	65	13	7
3 rooms.....	59	60	16	89	54	307	41	42
4 rooms.....	279	275	55	442	268	809	248	42
5 rooms.....	411	377	74	581	343	912	596	92
6 rooms.....	234	285	48	298	318	569	585	195
7 rooms.....	146	156	22	123	173	337	489	263
8 or more rooms.....	116	130	30	69	199	308	653	424
Median, all housing units.....	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.9	5.5	5.0	6.2	7.1
Mean, all housing units.....	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.8	5.2	6.4	7.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.6	5.0	6.2	7.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.4	6.4	7.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.1	4.5	4.0	4.6	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached.....	935	1 097	197	1 148	1 080	2 505	2 364	954
1, attached.....	4	7	3	6	6	23	17	23
2.....	2	6	5	23	2	171	48	9
3 or 4.....	7	14	—	40	1	121	41	15
5 to 9.....	—	12	—	50	—	67	20	25
10 to 19.....	—	13	—	—	—	24	3	35
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	104	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	304	162	43	346	267	268	124	3
Other.....	14	11	4	9	9	24	11	3
Occupied housing units.....	1 142	1 185	220	1 514	1 304	3 075	2 529	1 019
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person.....	176	213	35	275	151	803	251	117
2 persons.....	360	399	63	464	440	955	785	307
3 persons.....	210	249	54	325	285	551	582	221
4 persons.....	224	208	44	305	283	496	641	252
5 persons.....	112	83	16	97	103	199	216	92
6 or more persons.....	60	33	8	48	42	71	54	30
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.67	2.45	2.72	2.56	2.71	2.27	2.89	2.89
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.65	2.46	2.78	2.61	2.71	2.36	2.94	3.02
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.82	2.38	2.61	2.30	2.77	1.96	2.47	1.73
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less.....	1 102	1 162	215	1 460	1 273	3 004	2 499	1 018
1.01 to 1.50.....	34	20	5	50	26	62	26	1
1.51 or more.....	6	3	—	4	5	9	4	—
Mean.....	54	49	52	54	50	48	46	42
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	449	694	76	906	653	1 902	1 952	839
Less than \$20,000.....	63	32	4	34	27	99	15	2
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	134	199	15	306	117	600	68	9
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	122	254	22	420	193	729	382	32
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	79	138	10	104	144	320	666	237
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	35	45	9	25	91	97	373	323
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	15	24	14	16	62	45	297	176
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	1	2	2	1	15	11	99	38
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	—	—	2	1	38	12
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	—	—	2	—	11	5
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	5
Median (dollars).....	43 400	47 800	57 500	43 500	58 200	45 800	74 700	87 800
Mean (dollars).....	47 600	51 900	68 100	46 100	65 600	49 400	86 200	96 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	99	150	80	224	119	815	220	107
Median contract rent (dollars).....	172	205	159	233	208	238	314	313
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	174	215	174	228	211	240	327	379
With meals included in rent.....	—	3	1	—	—	1	1	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	512	113	—	—	113	1 250	—
No meals included in rent.....	72	122	66	194	92	758	199	104
No cash rent.....	27	25	13	30	27	56	20	3



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>1 754</b>	<b>2 331</b>	<b>2 691</b>	<b>1 669</b>	<b>1 755</b>	<b>2 163</b>	<b>1 640</b>	<b>2 792</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units.....	1 642	2 187	2 515	1 581	1 560	2 049	1 497	2 622
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 337	1 554	1 372	948	1 144	1 670	1 236	2 100
Percent of occupied housing units.....	81.4	71.1	54.6	60.0	73.3	81.5	82.6	80.1
White.....	1 310	1 537	1 353	918	1 122	1 646	1 224	2 012
Black.....	17	12	14	25	17	17	6	82
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	2	2	—	1	2	—	2	3
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	7	3	4	4	2	7	1	2
Other race.....	1	—	1	—	1	—	3	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	4	5	5	2	5	3	8	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 308	1 532	1 349	916	1 118	1 643	1 219	2 009
Renter-occupied housing units.....	305	633	1 143	633	416	379	261	522
White.....	299	608	1 057	553	386	366	257	492
Black.....	4	17	77	77	29	11	1	28
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	—	3	3	2	1	—	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	5	2	1	1	1	—	—
Other race.....	1	—	2	—	—	—	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1	2	4	—	1	—	1	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	299	607	1 056	553	385	366	257	490
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units.....	112	144	176	88	195	114	143	170
For sale only.....	26	31	17	15	21	28	22	19
For rent.....	67	65	96	51	25	22	17	38
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	6	15	22	10	10	12	18	23
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1	1	5	1	120	14	27	11
For migrant workers.....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Other vacant.....	12	32	36	11	19	37	59	78
Boarded up.....	1	2	—	—	1	—	—	2
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room.....	—	5	18	3	24	5	14	6
2 rooms.....	11	57	159	51	52	9	16	25
3 rooms.....	34	178	458	141	115	64	54	92
4 rooms.....	210	458	744	513	383	426	348	639
5 rooms.....	218	495	464	488	374	555	468	811
6 rooms.....	274	402	354	280	333	439	370	584
7 rooms.....	327	295	255	122	221	313	191	308
8 or more rooms.....	680	441	239	71	253	352	179	327
Median, all housing units.....	6.9	5.4	4.5	4.8	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.3
Median, all housing units.....	6.9	5.8	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.9	5.6	5.6
Median, occupied housing units.....	7.0	5.5	4.6	4.8	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	7.4	6.2	5.8	5.3	6.0	6.0	5.6	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.5	4.1	3.6	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.8	4.7
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1, detached.....	1 345	1 602	1 121	944	1 151	1 611	1 273	2 000
1, attached.....	24	55	71	16	36	21	7	9
2.....	34	56	76	98	86	127	31	74
3 or 4.....	61	219	114	84	57	22	—	7
5 to 9.....	127	186	332	131	75	1	—	5
10 to 19.....	86	70	230	168	49	—	—	—
20 to 49.....	—	—	59	54	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	194	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	69	122	477	168	268	371	316	675
Other.....	8	21	17	6	33	10	13	22
Occupied housing units.....	1 642	2 187	2 515	1 581	1 560	2 049	1 497	2 622
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person.....	144	485	895	349	237	279	207	432
2 persons.....	477	746	860	567	540	636	503	815
3 persons.....	361	445	395	313	356	465	309	573
4 persons.....	447	351	280	252	290	450	337	512
5 persons.....	162	124	64	74	108	152	98	213
6 or more persons.....	51	36	21	26	29	67	43	77
Median, occupied housing units.....	3.05	2.32	1.92	2.28	2.51	2.74	2.62	2.61
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	3.21	2.45	2.21	2.39	2.59	2.76	2.65	2.62
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.44	1.97	1.50	2.07	2.35	2.62	2.53	2.59
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less.....	1 628	2 162	2 488	1 550	1 534	2 009	1 463	2 560
1.01 to 1.50.....	13	18	22	27	23	37	31	56
1.51 or more.....	1	7	5	4	3	3	3	6
Mean.....	.44	.44	.43	.51	.47	.49	.50	.50
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	1 201	1 307	978	762	830	1 231	706	1 215
Less than \$20,000.....	2	11	8	19	26	72	49	88
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	14	103	93	171	113	171	161	342
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	94	282	286	371	194	307	241	443
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	407	412	293	155	287	314	163	215
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	391	225	177	23	91	196	61	77
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	213	118	98	13	67	139	26	42
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	62	76	14	5	24	24	2	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	15	44	5	3	15	5	1	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	1	21	4	2	10	1	—	—
\$300,000 or more.....	2	15	—	—	3	2	1	—
Median (dollars).....	84 000	72 500	66 300	51 600	65 600	65 500	51 600	46 500
Mean (dollars).....	92 000	89 000	71 800	53 500	73 500	68 500	55 000	50 500
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	302	624	1 138	625	381	333	171	419
Median contract rent (dollars).....	335	293	288	281	291	304	251	220
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	333	307	281	271	291	277	239	218
With meals included in rent.....	—	2	1	—	—	1	—	2
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	313	1 250	—	—	113	—	144
No meals included in rent.....	289	600	1 118	591	357	301	142	320
No cash rent.....	13	22	19	34	24	31	29	97



Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY								
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)
<b>All housing units</b> .....	<b>1 005</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>906</b>	<b>1 217</b>	<b>1 193</b>	<b>2 627</b>	<b>1 659</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>564</b>
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>									
Occupied housing units .....	923	813	775	1 112	1 111	2 454	1 572	744	553
Owner-occupied housing units .....	448	419	430	515	792	1 359	941	477	380
Percent of occupied housing units .....	48.5	51.5	55.5	46.3	71.3	55.4	59.9	64.1	68.7
White .....	382	385	337	421	717	1 340	911	466	370
Black .....	65	33	92	94	74	14	25	8	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	1	—	1	—	1	4	4	2	2
Other race .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	1	1	—	2	3	5	2	3	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	381	384	337	419	714	1 336	909	463	370
Renter-occupied housing units .....	475	394	345	597	319	1 095	631	267	173
White .....	381	353	261	474	255	1 013	551	238	163
Black .....	92	40	82	118	63	76	77	28	8
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	2	1	2	4	1	3	2	1	1
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—
Other race .....	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	1	2	—	3	—	4	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	380	351	261	472	255	1 012	551	238	163
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>									
Vacant housing units .....	<b>82</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>11</b>
For sale only .....	7	5	19	25	23	17	15	10	2
For rent .....	36	31	40	36	17	93	51	18	6
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	14	9	6	12	6	22	9	2	1
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	2	3	3	4	4	5	1	4	1
For migrant workers .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant .....	23	40	63	28	32	36	11	1	1
Boarded up .....	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
<b>ROOMS</b>									
1 room .....	13	7	13	4	6	17	3	—	—
2 rooms .....	26	46	32	36	22	158	51	9	2
3 rooms .....	226	131	151	229	70	427	140	34	11
4 rooms .....	238	251	245	324	299	731	508	216	154
5 rooms .....	211	221	224	288	355	458	487	139	98
6 rooms .....	128	139	119	176	227	350	279	150	78
7 rooms .....	83	60	65	74	121	253	120	116	111
8 or more rooms .....	80	46	57	86	93	233	71	115	110
Median, all housing units .....	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	5.1	4.5	4.8	5.4	5.7
Mean, all housing units .....	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.8	5.3	4.9	4.9	5.6	6.0
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.6	5.1	4.6	4.8	5.5	5.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.8	5.3	6.3	6.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	3.7	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.3	3.6	4.0	4.1	4.2
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>									
1, detached .....	618	596	628	697	949	1 105	938	469	321
1, attached .....	28	10	29	33	16	71	16	30	13
2 .....	86	116	117	75	55	76	98	70	109
3 or 4 .....	53	68	60	266	26	114	84	37	9
5 to 9 .....	69	36	22	85	21	321	131	75	1
10 to 19 .....	24	18	6	25	60	193	168	49	—
20 to 49 .....	28	—	—	—	—	59	54	—	—
50 or more .....	63	—	—	—	—	194	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	30	39	25	16	58	477	164	47	108
Other .....	6	18	19	20	8	17	6	2	3
Occupied housing units .....	<b>923</b>	<b>813</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>1 112</b>	<b>1 111</b>	<b>2 454</b>	<b>1 572</b>	<b>744</b>	<b>553</b>
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>									
1 person .....	364	266	205	362	303	860	347	130	88
2 persons .....	269	221	241	351	365	841	562	264	175
3 persons .....	126	139	156	197	209	392	311	171	122
4 persons .....	98	106	106	126	157	278	252	130	120
5 persons .....	40	46	45	52	53	62	74	36	36
6 or more persons .....	26	35	22	24	24	21	26	13	12
Median, occupied housing units .....	1.86	2.14	2.26	2.05	2.19	1.94	2.28	2.42	2.61
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.09	2.14	2.19	2.12	2.14	2.21	2.40	2.47	2.71
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	1.50—	2.13	2.39	1.97	2.39	1.50—	2.07	2.30	2.45
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>									
1.00 or less .....	896	777	739	1 089	1 084	2 427	1 541	736	544
1.01 to 1.50 .....	20	28	31	17	23	22	27	8	9
1.51 or more .....	7	8	5	6	4	5	4	—	—
Mean .....	.46	.52	.52	.48	.46	.44	.51	.46	.47
<b>VALUE</b>									
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	<b>382</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>300</b>
Less than \$20,000 .....	60	79	82	55	72	8	18	1	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	129	171	172	211	284	92	169	18	4
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	99	66	77	92	182	283	371	81	15
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	47	13	17	34	82	289	155	221	108
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	13	3	5	19	39	177	23	61	121
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	14	1	3	23	21	95	13	22	51
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	12	2	1	6	7	14	4	6	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	4	—	—	4	2	5	3	3	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	1	—	—	—	1	4	2	4	—
\$300,000 or more .....	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	40 300	31 800	31 800	36 200	39 300	66 200	51 600	68 800	82 900
Mean (dollars) .....	52 700	33 200	34 100	46 100	46 900	71 700	53 500	74 300	85 400
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>									
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	<b>472</b>	<b>387</b>	<b>342</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>1 092</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>172</b>
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	192	225	223	191	255	287	281	300	326
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	194	228	225	193	247	280	271	306	311
With meals included in rent .....	1	2	2	1	—	—	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	113	107	213	287	—	1 250	—	—	113
No meals included in rent .....	450	357	320	560	297	1 072	590	256	166
No cash rent .....	21	28	20	27	18	19	34	8	5

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY— Con		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
All housing units .....	71	433	64	10	976	1 599	1 549	2 359
<b>TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER</b>								
Occupied housing units .....	67	424	61	9	816	1 496	1 430	2 198
Owner-occupied housing units .....	56	328	13	7	667	1 290	1 180	1 772
Percent of occupied housing units .....	83.6	77.4	21.3	77.8	81.7	86.2	82.5	80.6
White .....	56	315	13	7	656	1 276	1 168	1 697
Black .....	—	11	—	—	9	9	6	71
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	—	1	—	—	—	5	1	—
Other race .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	1
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	—	—	—	—	2	3	8	4
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	56	315	13	7	655	1 273	1 163	1 694
Renter-occupied housing units .....	11	96	48	2	149	206	250	426
White .....	11	84	44	2	148	203	246	408
Black .....	—	11	3	—	1	3	1	17
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	—
Asian or Pacific Islander .....	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Other race .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race) .....	—	2	—	—	1	—	1	2
White, not of Hispanic origin .....	11	83	44	2	147	203	246	407
<b>VACANCY STATUS</b>								
Vacant housing units .....	4	9	3	1	160	103	139	161
For sale only .....	2	4	—	—	11	26	20	15
For rent .....	1	3	3	—	7	16	16	35
Rented or sold, not occupied .....	—	2	—	1	8	11	18	21
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use .....	—	—	—	—	116	13	27	11
For migrant workers .....	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Other vacant .....	1	—	—	—	18	36	58	78
Boarded up .....	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
<b>ROOMS</b>								
1 room .....	—	—	1	—	24	5	14	6
2 rooms .....	—	5	—	—	43	7	16	20
3 rooms .....	—	9	31	1	81	53	54	83
4 rooms .....	14	88	13	5	167	272	334	551
5 rooms .....	25	153	6	1	235	457	443	658
6 rooms .....	19	106	4	1	183	361	351	478
7 rooms .....	10	35	2	2	105	202	181	273
8 or more rooms .....	3	37	6	—	138	242	176	290
Median, all housing units .....	5.4	5.2	3.5	4.3	5.2	5.5	5.3	5.3
Median, all housing units .....	5.5	5.4	4.3	4.8	5.4	5.8	5.6	5.6
Median, occupied housing units .....	5.4	5.3	3.5	4.4	5.5	5.6	5.4	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	5.7	5.5	7.0	4.3	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	4.3	4.3	3.3	5.0	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>								
1 detached .....	54	292	16	6	682	1 290	1 219	1 708
1 attached .....	—	4	—	—	6	8	7	5
2 .....	10	50	—	—	16	18	21	24
3 or 4 .....	—	3	—	—	20	13	—	4
5 to 9 .....	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	5
10 to 19 .....	—	—	37	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 49 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer .....	7	84	—	4	221	263	309	591
Other .....	—	—	—	—	31	7	13	22
Occupied housing units .....	67	424	61	9	816	1 496	1 430	2 198
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>								
1 person .....	8	52	35	2	107	191	199	380
2 persons .....	22	142	19	5	276	461	481	673
3 persons .....	16	104	3	2	185	343	293	469
4 persons .....	18	91	2	—	160	330	319	421
5 persons .....	1	28	2	—	72	116	97	185
6 or more persons .....	2	7	—	—	16	55	41	70
Median, occupied housing units .....	2.72	2.67	1.50—	2.00	2.64	2.78	2.62	2.60
Median, owner-occupied housing units .....	2.90	2.65	2.38	1.88	2.68	2.78	2.63	2.61
Median, renter-occupied housing units .....	2.08	2.72	1.50—	2.50	2.45	2.78	2.57	2.55
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>								
1.00 or less .....	65	419	61	9	798	1 465	1 398	2 141
1.01 to 1.50 .....	2	4	—	—	15	28	29	52
1.51 or more .....	—	1	—	—	3	3	3	5
Mean .....	.50	.52	.38	.41	.49	.49	.50	.50
<b>VALUE</b>								
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	45	240	11	4	413	931	641	975
Less than \$20,000 .....	—	1	—	1	25	72	49	87
\$20,000 to \$39,999 .....	7	62	1	2	95	167	154	280
\$40,000 to \$59,999 .....	32	153	3	—	113	292	209	290
\$60,000 to \$79,999 .....	4	18	4	—	66	206	159	197
\$80,000 to \$99,999 .....	1	4	—	—	30	75	60	73
\$100,000 to \$149,999 .....	—	1	3	—	45	88	26	41
\$150,000 to \$199,999 .....	—	—	—	1	18	23	2	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999 .....	—	1	—	—	12	5	1	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999 .....	—	—	—	—	6	1	—	—
\$300,000 or more .....	1	—	—	—	3	2	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	48 500	45 600	68 800	32 500	55 600	55 300	51 900	46 900
Mean (dollars) .....	61 300	47 800	77 000	60 000	72 700	63 100	54 600	51 100
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>								
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	11	95	46	1	117	161	160	324
Median contract rent (dollars) .....	281	280	295	238	271	222	238	209
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	272	267	298	237	253	235	237	202
With meals included in rent .....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) .....	—	237	—	—	—	—	—	50
No meals included in rent .....	10	78	46	1	101	135	132	242
No cash rent .....	1	16	—	—	16	26	28	81



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN		Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Total	Warrick County, IN	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson County, KY		
Occupied housing units	102 143	86 791	61 778	48 141	15 624	15 352	15 352	15 352	9 484	1 578	
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units	72 135	61 618	41 272	29 373	12 773	10 517	10 517	10 517	5 700	958	
Percent of occupied housing units	70.6	71.0	66.8	61.0	81.8	68.5	68.5	68.5	60.1	60.7	
Renter-occupied housing units	30 008	25 173	20 506	18 768	2 851	4 835	4 835	4 835	3 784	620	
Percent of occupied housing units	29.4	29.0	33.2	39.0	18.2	31.5	31.5	31.5	39.9	39.3	
ROOMS											
1 room	545	491	444	426	23	54	54	54	37	-	
2 rooms	3 281	2 942	2 633	2 440	166	339	339	339	301	23	
3 rooms	8 687	7 460	5 727	5 170	731	1 227	1 227	1 227	1 034	111	
4 rooms	21 258	17 665	13 152	11 230	2 770	3 593	3 593	3 593	2 476	587	
5 rooms	26 984	22 510	15 818	12 699	3 794	3 894	3 894	3 894	2 425	462	
6 rooms	18 376	15 511	10 482	7 576	3 019	2 865	2 865	2 865	1 564	265	
7 rooms	11 350	9 658	6 169	4 027	2 222	1 692	1 692	1 692	961	80	
8 or more rooms	12 662	10 974	6 890	4 016	2 899	1 688	1 688	1 688	866	50	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.2	5.2	5.0	4.8	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.9	4.6	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.1	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	3.9	4.1	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached	74 036	63 824	43 956	32 226	12 434	10 212	10 212	10 212	5 713	1 117	
2, attached	1 261	1 037	831	738	143	224	224	224	201	10	
3 or 4	3 778	2 987	2 542	2 463	295	791	791	791	720	31	
5 to 9	4 573	3 162	2 627	2 521	421	558	558	558	527	137	
10 to 19	3 857	4 000	3 420	3 188	392	573	573	573	561	37	
20 to 49	2 177	3 402	3 114	2 862	197	455	455	455	422	78	
50 or more	1 729	2 080	2 068	1 846	12	97	97	97	97	137	
Mobile home or trailer	1 729	1 502	1 319	1 319	104	227	227	227	227	-	
Other	6 350	4 250	1 483	627	1 546	2 100	2 100	2 100	938	26	
Median	662	547	418	351	80	115	115	115	78	5	
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	26 166	22 608	18 078	15 996	2 618	3 558	3 558	3 558	2 684	403	
2 persons	33 696	28 641	20 696	15 974	4 944	5 055	5 055	5 055	3 176	525	
3 persons	18 281	15 278	10 292	7 566	3 240	3 003	3 003	3 003	1 727	340	
4 persons	15 884	13 345	8 387	5 611	3 217	2 539	2 539	2 539	1 326	186	
5 persons	5 913	5 046	3 129	2 155	1 182	867	867	867	411	92	
6 or more persons	2 203	1 873	1 196	839	423	330	330	330	160	32	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.24	2.23	2.12	2.01	2.58	2.31	2.31	2.31	2.15	2.24	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.38	2.37	2.29	2.18	2.68	2.42	2.42	2.42	2.27	2.26	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	1.81	1.77	1.67	1.63	2.19	2.03	2.03	2.03	1.90	2.19	
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	100 369	85 314	60 781	47 325	15 335	15 055	15 055	15 055	9 314	1 548	
1.01 to 1.50	1 514	1 261	849	688	233	253	253	253	139	27	
1.51 or more	260	216	148	128	36	44	44	44	31	3	
Mean	.46	.46	.45	.45	.47	.48	.48	.48	.46	.51	
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units	58 645	51 166	35 834	26 165	9 860	7 479	7 479	7 479	4 556	891	
Less than \$20 000	3 016	2 524	1 955	1 826	1 281	1 826	1 826	1 826	1 275	54	
\$20 000 to \$39 999	12 875	11 037	8 459	7 855	1 555	1 838	1 838	1 838	1 160	456	
\$40 000 to \$59 999	17 306	15 036	11 016	9 295	2 509	2 509	2 509	2 509	1 378	338	
\$60 000 to \$79 999	12 485	10 909	6 927	4 123	2 496	2 496	2 496	2 496	1 576	39	
\$80 000 to \$99 999	6 386	5 692	3 421	1 387	1 584	694	694	694	458	3	
\$100 000 to \$149 999	4 499	4 058	2 721	1 043	960	441	441	441	242	1	
\$150 000 to \$199 999	1 255	1 154	773	370	305	101	101	101	52	-	
\$200 000 to \$249 999	187	168	126	116	108	40	40	40	22	-	
\$250 000 to \$299 999	221	213	183	89	38	19	19	19	11	-	
\$300 000 or more	221	213	183	89	24	8	8	8	4	-	
Median (dollars)	54 500	54 900	52 500	46 200	64 900	51 800	51 800	51 800	38 000	-	
Mean (dollars)	63 700	64 500	62 900	53 700	71 700	58 200	58 200	58 200	57 800	38 400	
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units	28 982	24 450	20 143	18 584	2 693	4 532	4 532	4 532	3 747	614	
Median contract rent (dollars)	264	265	270	268	263	256	256	256	260	279	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	230	221	209	188	272	249	249	249	253	249	
With meals included in rent	692	710	729	738	7	9	9	9	8	-	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	27 207	22 999	19 114	17 739	504	267	267	267	294	-	
No meals included in rent	1 545	1 230	820	667	2 452	4 208	4 208	4 208	3 567	597	
No cash rent	-	-	-	-	234	315	315	315	172	17	



Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN						Henderson city, Henderson County, KY			
	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
Occupied housing units	1 577	742	779	632	411	322	160	1 977	598	895
TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units	958	445	289	413	236	210	14	893	337	421
Percent of occupied housing units	60.7	60.0	37.1	65.3	57.4	65.2	8.8	45.2	56.4	47.0
Renter-occupied housing units	619	297	490	219	175	112	146	1 084	261	474
Percent of occupied housing units	39.3	40.0	62.9	34.7	42.6	34.8	91.3	54.8	43.6	53.0
ROOMS										
1 room	23	4	10	2	4	1	2	97	8	2
2 rooms	111	13	38	16	20	5	33	287	16	25
3 rooms	111	92	196	65	49	21	70	208	90	155
4 rooms	587	171	164	210	122	62	20	378	157	239
5 rooms	462	237	173	210	119	55	15	529	141	208
6 rooms	264	108	75	119	57	55	5	268	86	133
7 rooms	80	56	49	35	23	40	5	106	52	62
8 or more rooms	50	61	74	17	17	44	10	104	48	74
Median, occupied housing units	4.6	4.9	4.4	5.2	4.6	5.3	3.1	4.5	4.7	4.6
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.1	5.3	5.6	5.5	4.9	5.7	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.1	4.1	3.6	4.3	4.1	4.4	3.0	3.3	3.9	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached	1 116	527	351	471	342	244	21	951	416	517
1, attached	10	11	12	7	4	6	—	43	17	28
2	31	51	111	86	22	33	4	52	92	62
3 or 4	137	56	142	49	24	7	25	161	34	192
5 to 9	37	55	56	12	10	3	24	268	4	62
10 to 19	78	34	14	—	4	10	7	209	6	16
20 to 49	137	—	22	—	—	18	9	149	—	—
50 or more	—	—	63	—	—	—	64	123	—	—
Mobile home or trailer	26	2	1	1	—	—	—	1	15	4
Other	5	6	7	6	5	1	6	20	14	14
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	403	250	341	188	146	114	110	760	158	297
2 persons	525	216	206	189	121	100	27	571	191	293
3 persons	340	116	101	108	64	47	11	316	122	156
4 persons	185	95	67	94	49	32	5	233	76	94
5 persons	92	39	30	30	25	25	—	74	34	41
6 or more persons	32	26	34	23	6	4	2	23	17	14
Median, occupied housing units	2.23	2.06	1.74	2.18	1.99	1.97	1.50	1.90	2.24	2.01
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.28	2.18	2.04	2.14	2.02	2.01	1.83	2.39	2.14	2.08
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.19	1.81	1.50	2.28	1.94	1.89	1.50	1.50	2.44	1.92
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	1 547	728	743	614	403	316	155	1 948	573	881
1.01 to 1.50	27	13	31	17	6	6	4	26	21	10
1.51 or more	3	1	5	1	2	—	1	3	4	4
Mean	51	47	46	46	49	41	40	49	51	46
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	891	401	238	365	218	182	9	818	278	344
Less than \$20,000	54	57	84	65	42	20	1	8	57	33
\$20,000 to \$39,999	456	251	105	211	99	80	6	127	129	177
\$40,000 to \$59,999	338	63	31	70	63	62	1	457	69	74
\$60,000 to \$79,999	39	24	11	18	14	19	—	174	14	30
\$80,000 to \$99,999	3	3	3	—	—	—	—	25	5	19
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1	2	3	1	—	—	—	18	3	23
\$150,000 to \$199,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	4
\$250,000 to \$299,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
\$300,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Median (dollars)	38 000	30 400	24 900	31 300	35 200	38 300	31 300	53 100	33 400	37 200
Mean (dollars)	38 400	33 900	29 900	33 000	34 800	39 400	75 700	56 500	36 100	49 400
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	614	295	487	215	171	109	145	1 078	259	444
Median contract rent (dollars)	279	228	222	237	252	301	184	280	279	198
Mean contract rent (dollars)	249	217	273	234	255	283	179	285	277	198
With meals included in rent	—	—	37	—	—	1	5	61	2	—
Median contract rent (dollars)	—	—	809	—	—	213	218	575	213	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	597	276	428	209	161	100	137	996	239	445
No meals included in rent	17	19	22	6	10	8	3	21	18	21

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN—KY MSA		Indiana (pt.)		Vanderburgh County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Occupied housing units	5 917	4 778	Total	Evansville city	Total	1 139	1 019	Total	Henderson city	1 139	191
<b>TENURE</b>												
Owner-occupied housing units	2 457	1 938		1 802	1 700		519		519	424		40
Percent owner-occupied housing units	41.5	40.6		39.5	38.3		45.6		45.6	41.6		20.9
Renter-occupied housing units	3 460	2 840		2 736	2 736		620		620	595		151
Percent of occupied housing units	58.5	59.4		60.5	61.7		54.4		54.4	58.4		79.1
<b>ROOMS</b>												
1 room	59	48		48	48		11		11	11		1
2 rooms	303	259		256	256		44		44	39		2
3 rooms	946	768		744	736		178		178	167		16
4 rooms	1 400	1 045		997	977		355		355	317		77
5 rooms	1 467	1 168		1 119	1 089		299		299	271		63
6 rooms	837	685		658	639		152		152	135		16
7 rooms	459	394		367	340		65		65	53		13
8 or more rooms	446	411		375	351		35		35	26		3
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.7	4.7		4.7	4.7		4.4		4.4	4.4		4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.6	5.8		5.8	5.8		5.2		5.2	5.2		5.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0		4.0		4.0	3.9		4.3
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>												
1, detached	3 204	2 566		2 416	2 316		638		638	558		57
1, attached	142	114		112	110		28		28	27		6
2	357	274		273	272		83		83	83		7
3 or 4	630	508		487	487		122		122	118		32
5 or 6	459	392		362	362		94		94	92		6
7 or 8	197	170		169	169		27		27	27		30
9 or more	81	90		90	90		8		8	8		48
Mobile home or trailer	8	17		12	5		64		64	36		—
Other	63	51		49	47		12		12	8		5
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>												
1 person	1 701	1 374		1 324	1 301		327		327	290		32
2 persons	1 505	1 211		1 165	1 135		294		294	264		49
3 persons	1 142	880		872	839		221		221	205		59
4 persons	849	680		636	610		169		169	153		32
5 persons	423	354		337	323		69		69	58		10
6 or more persons	297	238		228	228		59		59	49		9
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.34	2.34		2.32	2.31		2.32		2.32	2.33		2.75
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.49	2.51		2.49	2.47		2.40		2.40	2.39		3.36
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.21	2.19		2.18	2.18		2.26		2.26	2.29		2.66
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>												
1.00 or less	5 609	4 540		4 331	4 204		1 069		1 069	960		185
1.01 to 1.50	242	182		177	176		60		60	50		6
1.51 or more	66	56		56	56		10		10	9		—
Mean	.55	.54		.54	.55		.57		.57	.57		.61
<b>VALUE</b>												
Specified owner-occupied housing units												
Less than \$20,000	2 148	1 720		1 602	1 515		428		428	365		37
\$20,000 to \$39,999	402	284		265	262		118		118	101		—
\$40,000 to \$59,999	865	688		675	668		177		177	157		9
\$60,000 to \$79,999	510	429		402	388		81		81	68		22
\$80,000 to \$99,999	227	187		169	145		40		40	33		4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	78	71		46	32		7		7	5		1
\$150,000 to \$199,999	54	50		36	15		4		4	1		1
\$200,000 to \$249,999	9	9		8	5		—		—	—		—
\$250,000 to \$299,999	3	2		1	—		—		—	—		—
\$300,000 or more	—	—		—	—		—		—	—		—
Median (dollars)	35 700	36 900		36 000	35 000		31 000		31 000	30 600		45 900
Mean (dollars)	40 500	42 100		40 500	38 100		34 400		34 400	33 400		48 600
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>												
Specified renter-occupied housing units												
Median contract rent (dollars)	3 422	2 810		2 732	2 706		612		612	591		150
Mean contract rent (dollars)	234	234		233	232		235		235	233		279
With meals included in rent	15	14		14	14		287		287	287		—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	262	260		260	260		579		579	566		—
No meals included in rent	3 290	2 711		2 636	2 614		579		579	566		148
No cash rent	117	85		82	78		32		32	24		2

Table 11. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units with a Black Householder: 1990** — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN										Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10-97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37-02	Tract 203	Tract 204		
<b>Occupied housing units</b>	191	489	328	347	642	613	371	215	174	212		
<b>TENURE</b>												
Owner-occupied housing units	40	217	93	196	271	416	76	19	92	94		
Percent of occupied housing units	20.9	44.4	28.4	56.5	42.2	67.9	20.5	8.8	52.9	44.3		
Renter-occupied housing units	151	272	235	151	371	197	295	196	82	118		
Percent of occupied housing units	79.1	55.6	71.6	43.5	57.8	32.1	79.5	91.2	47.1	55.7		
<b>ROOMS</b>												
1 room	1	1	6	2	3	8	2	3	1	1		
2 rooms	2	20	26	11	38	5	40	25	4	6		
3 rooms	16	65	64	25	146	55	125	28	20	48		
4 rooms	77	119	67	62	135	69	78	66	54	47		
5 rooms	63	157	69	78	154	174	65	69	60	63		
6 rooms	16	75	44	83	88	125	27	11	22	32		
7 rooms	13	35	25	45	39	75	15	9	10	8		
8 or more rooms	3	17	27	61	39	102	19	4	3	7		
Median, occupied housing units	4.5	4.8	4.5	5.6	4.5	5.5	3.7	4.3	4.6	4.6		
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.8	5.3	6.0	6.3	5.3	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.1	5.2		
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.3	4.2	4.0	4.6	3.6	4.5	3.4	4.2	4.0	3.8		
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>												
1, detached	57	285	156	271	439	488	79	26	142	118		
2, attached	6	18	5	6	23	10	13	12	7	3		
3 or 4	32	11	43	43	23	70	24	8	6	8		
5 or 6	3	65	45	40	89	13	58	24	10	55		
7 to 19	6	80	31	3	29	11	38	85	3	11		
20 to 49	30	26	17	—	—	9	72	33	—	8		
50 or more	48	—	23	—	—	1	31	19	—	—		
Mobile home or trailer	—	—	5	1	1	—	—	6	—	—		
Other	5	4	3	3	5	10	7	—	3	2		
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>												
1 person	32	105	94	62	259	146	177	50	47	64		
2 persons	49	133	80	87	166	158	88	56	49	56		
3 persons	59	103	63	71	93	129	55	52	33	41		
4 persons	32	83	49	69	59	83	22	32	30	31		
5 persons	10	40	18	44	38	50	17	17	10	11		
6 or more persons	9	25	24	34	27	47	12	8	5	9		
Median, occupied housing units	2.75	2.56	2.38	2.99	1.87	2.52	1.60	2.53	2.32	2.25		
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.36	2.48	2.58	2.95	2.05	2.40	1.83	3.08	2.43	2.36		
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.66	2.64	2.26	3.03	1.66	2.84	1.51	2.46	2.18	2.14		
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>												
1.00 or less	185	460	297	339	608	581	359	204	163	204		
1.01 to 1.50	6	20	24	23	21	27	8	7	10	6		
1.51 or more	—	9	7	5	13	1	4	4	1	2		
Mean	.61	.59	.58	.56	.49	.49	.51	.64	.55	.56		
<b>VALUE</b>												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	37	206	83	175	240	354	57	15	78	78		
Less than \$20,000	—	37	28	16	72	48	17	1	25	22		
\$20,000 to \$39,999	9	106	47	98	115	177	28	3	34	34		
\$40,000 to \$59,999	22	46	7	44	43	102	9	8	7	18		
\$60,000 to \$79,999	4	15	1	13	9	23	1	3	3	4		
\$80,000 to \$99,999	1	2	—	4	1	3	2	—	—	—		
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$250,000 to \$299,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
\$300,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Median (dollars)	45,900	32,600	24,000	34,400	27,100	35,900	27,900	53,100	25,800	29,100		
Mean (dollars)	48,600	34,400	25,500	37,500	29,000	36,400	30,200	49,900	26,900	30,700		
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	150	265	233	166	363	194	294	195	81	117		
Median contract rent (dollars)	279	179	246	265	151	244	117	284	214	173		
Mean contract rent (dollars)	238	170	247	262	168	239	138	257	219	175		
With meals included in rent	—	4	2	2	3	—	2	—	—	1		
Median contract rent (dollars)	—	134	650	275	288	—	152	—	—	287		
Mean contract rent (dollars)	148	249	220	159	344	183	284	194	79	111		
No meals included in rent	2	12	11	5	16	11	8	1	2	5		
No cash rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		



Table 12. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

(Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	190	161
<b>TENURE</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units -----	87	78
Percent of occupied housing units -----	45.8	48.4
Renter-occupied housing units -----	103	83
Percent of occupied housing units -----	54.2	51.6
<b>ROOMS</b>		
1 room -----	1	1
2 rooms -----	7	7
3 rooms -----	26	22
4 rooms -----	54	41
5 rooms -----	37	32
6 rooms -----	30	26
7 rooms -----	12	10
8 or more rooms -----	23	22
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.7	4.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.9	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.0	3.9
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>		
1, detached -----	108	99
1, attached -----	1	1
2 -----	12	7
3 or 4 -----	15	15
5 to 9 -----	14	12
10 to 19 -----	1.4	1.2
20 to 49 -----	3	3
50 or more -----	3	3
Mobile home or trailer -----	18	8
Other -----	2	1
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>		
1 person -----	57	49
2 persons -----	58	47
3 persons -----	34	28
4 persons -----	20	19
5 persons -----	13	10
6 or more persons -----	8	8
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.16	2.17
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.41	2.42
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.94	1.91
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>		
1.00 or less -----	184	155
1.01 to 1.50 -----	5	5
1.51 or more -----	1	1
Mean -----	.48	.47
<b>VALUE</b>		
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	64	60
Less than \$20,000 -----	4	4
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	21	19
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	21	20
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	6	5
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	6	6
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	3	3
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	3	3
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	2	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	2
\$300,000 or more -----	1	1
Median (dollars) -----	42,700	42,700
Mean (dollars) -----	57,500	58,500
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>		
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	96	79
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	231	228
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	230	228
With meals included in rent -----	1	1
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	113	113
No meals included in rent -----	94	76
No cash rent -----	3	2

Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Indiana (pt.)	Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	
Occupied housing units	327	300	256	211	
<b>TENURE</b>					
Owner-occupied housing units	193	170	139	99	
Percent of occupied housing units	59.0	56.7	54.3	46.9	
Renter-occupied housing units	134	130	117	112	
Percent of occupied housing units	41.0	43.3	45.7	53.1	
<b>ROOMS</b>					
1 room	9	9	6	6	
2 rooms	30	28	22	22	
3 rooms	44	42	41	38	
4 rooms	47	45	42	38	
5 rooms	56	53	48	40	
6 rooms	38	34	27	18	
7 rooms	25	23	20	15	
8 or more rooms	78	66	50	34	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.1	5.0	4.9	4.5	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.3	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>					
1, detached	200	180	147	109	
1, attached	4	4	3	3	
2	11	10	10	10	
3 or 4	14	14	11	10	
5 to 9	29	28	25	24	
10 to 19	38	36	33	32	
20 to 49	12	12	12	11	
50 or more	7	7	7	7	
Mobile home or trailer	7	4	3	1	
Other	5	5	5	4	
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>					
1 person	65	60	53	52	
2 persons	80	76	63	50	
3 persons	50	44	38	32	
4 persons	63	60	51	40	
5 persons	36	31	26	19	
6 or more persons	33	29	25	18	
Median, occupied housing units	2.87	2.82	2.82	2.61	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.67	3.67	3.66	3.60	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.04	2.02	2.06	2.02	
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>					
1.00 or less	286	260	221	182	
1.01 to 1.50	29	28	27	22	
1.51 or more	12	12	8	7	
Mean	68	68	67	67	
<b>VALUE</b>					
Specified owner-occupied housing units	163	146	120	87	
Less than \$20,000	4	4	4	4	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	20	19	18	18	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	32	28	25	22	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	16	14	9	7	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	28	25	20	9	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	35	33	27	15	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	11	9	8	6	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	7	7	5	4	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	6	5	3	1	
\$300,000 or more	4	2	1	1	
Median (dollars)	85,600	85,700	83,300	57,500	
Mean (dollars)	102,300	99,300	93,800	85,900	
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>					
Specified renter-occupied housing units	134	130	117	112	
Median contract rent (dollars)	302	301	302	303	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	318	319	313	313	
With meals included in rent	-	-	-	-	
Median contract rent (dollars)	-	-	-	-	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	-	-	-	-	
No meals included in rent	133	129	116	111	
No cash rent	1	1	1	1	

Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Vanderburgh County, IN	
			Total	Evansville city
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>438</b>	<b>386</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>262</b>
<b>TENURE</b> -----				
Owner-occupied housing units-----	231	197	131	98
Percent of occupied housing units-----	52.7	50.8	43.1	37.4
Renter-occupied housing units-----	207	191	173	164
Percent of occupied housing units-----	47.3	49.2	56.9	62.6
<b>ROOMS</b> -----				
1 room-----	9	9	8	8
2 rooms-----	26	24	23	22
3 rooms-----	52	46	44	40
4 rooms-----	96	85	67	63
5 rooms-----	85	79	62	60
6 rooms-----	69	57	43	35
7 rooms-----	46	38	22	10
8 or more rooms-----	55	50	35	24
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.5
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b> -----				
1, detached-----	260	229	166	131
1, attached-----	9	7	5	5
2-----	18	17	17	17
3 or 4-----	27	24	23	21
5 to 9-----	40	40	36	35
10 to 19-----	29	26	26	26
20 to 49-----	14	13	13	12
50 or more-----	12	12	12	12
Mobile home or trailer-----	27	18	5	3
Other-----	2	2	1	—
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b> -----				
1 person-----	111	99	91	84
2 persons-----	134	118	88	76
3 persons-----	71	61	47	39
4 persons-----	75	66	52	43
5 persons-----	33	31	16	12
6 or more persons-----	14	13	10	8
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.31	2.31	2.19	2.12
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.56	2.60	2.49	2.41
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.00	2.00	1.92	1.91
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b> -----				
1.00 or less-----	421	372	295	253
1.01 to 1.50-----	14	13	8	8
1.51 or more-----	3	3	1	1
Mean-----	.57	.56	.57	.57
<b>VALUE</b> -----				
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	178	160	110	85
Less than \$20,000-----	17	16	14	13
\$20,000 to \$29,999-----	32	30	22	20
\$30,000 to \$39,999-----	40	35	27	26
\$40,000 to \$49,999-----	37	30	18	12
\$50,000 to \$59,999-----	17	16	18	2
\$60,000 to \$69,999-----	21	21	13	4
\$70,000 to \$79,999-----	7	6	4	4
\$80,000 to \$89,999-----	3	3	2	2
\$90,000 to \$99,999-----	1	1	—	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	3	2	2	2
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	3	2	2	2
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	3	2	2	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	3	2	2	2
\$300,000 or more-----	3	2	2	2
Median (dollars)-----	60,000	59,500	52,500	44,000
Mean (dollars)-----	74,600	74,300	70,600	66,000
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b> -----				
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	200	186	171	163
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	263	265	264	263
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	277	280	275	270
With meals included in rent-----	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent-----	198	184	169	161
No cash rent-----	2	2	2	2



Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>Occupied housing units</b>	101 822	84 507	61 540	47 954
<b>TENURE</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units	71 955	61 466	41 176	29 301
Percent of occupied housing units	70.7	71.1	66.9	61.1
Renter-occupied housing units	29 867	25 041	20 364	18 653
Percent of occupied housing units	29.3	28.9	33.1	38.9
<b>ROOMS</b>				
1 room	539	485	438	420
2 rooms	3 261	2 924	2 615	2 423
3 rooms	8 657	7 433	6 164	5 704
4 rooms	21 180	17 595	13 098	11 180
5 rooms	25 922	22 031	15 772	12 654
6 rooms	18 328	15 473	10 454	7 552
7 rooms	11 317	9 632	6 155	4 022
8 or more rooms	12 618	10 934	6 864	3 999
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.2	5.2	5.0	4.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8
<b>UNITS IN STRUCTURE</b>				
1, detached	73 845	63 655	43 837	32 133
2, detached	1 253	1 031	826	733
3, detached	3 767	2 976	2 531	2 452
3 or 4	3 702	3 147	2 613	2 509
5 to 9	4 544	3 971	3 393	3 161
10 to 19	3 837	3 384	3 096	2 844
20 to 49	2 168	2 072	2 060	1 839
50 or more	1 718	1 491	1 308	1 308
Mobile home or trailer	6 327	4 234	1 479	624
Other	661	546	417	351
<b>PERSONS IN UNIT</b>				
1 person	26 086	22 538	18 014	15 936
2 persons	33 593	28 550	20 629	15 917
3 persons	18 227	15 231	10 257	7 537
4 persons	15 829	13 297	8 351	5 582
5 persons	5 892	5 026	3 119	2 148
6 or more persons	2 195	1 865	1 190	834
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.24	2.23	2.12	2.01
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.38	2.37	2.28	2.18
Median, owner-occupied housing units	1.81	1.77	1.67	1.62
<b>PERSONS PER ROOM</b>				
1.00 or less	100 061	85 043	60 570	47 145
1.01 to 1.50	1 502	1 249	842	681
1.51 or more	259	215	148	128
Mean	.46	.46	.45	.45
<b>VALUE</b>				
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>				
Less than \$20,000	58 507	51 043	35 753	26 102
\$20,000 to \$39,999	3 004	2 513	1 945	1 817
\$40,000 to \$59,999	12 846	11 010	8 440	7 837
\$60,000 to \$79,999	17 278	15 011	10 997	9 277
\$80,000 to \$99,999	12 456	10 886	6 915	4 114
\$100,000 to \$149,999	6 373	5 680	3 416	1 387
\$150,000 to \$199,999	4 482	4 041	2 710	1 039
\$200,000 to \$249,999	1 249	1 149	2 770	367
\$250,000 to \$299,999	413	373	252	115
\$300,000 or more	187	168	126	61
Median (dollars)	219	212	182	88
Mean (dollars)	54 500	54 900	52 500	46 200
Mean (dollars)	63 700	64 500	62 900	53 700
<b>CONTRACT RENT</b>				
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>				
Median contract rent (dollars)	28 846	24 322	20 022	18 470
Mean contract rent (dollars)	271	265	270	268
With meals included in rent	230	221	209	188
Mean contract rent (dollars)	692	710	729	738
No meals included in rent	27 072	22 872	18 994	17 616
No cash rent	1 544	1 229	819	666

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN—KY MSA		Posey County, IN		Vanderburgh County, IN		Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY			
	Evansville, IN—KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Warrick County, IN	Total	Henderson city	Total	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404
<b>ANCESTRY</b>														
All persons.....	278 990	235 946	25 968	165 056	126 272	252 544	89 940	86 088	51 890	43 044	5 836	2 624	2 380	4 556
Ancestry specified.....	239 675	204 898	22 506	143 571	108 431	208 431	38 821	34 777	21 236	34 777	5 082	2 166	2 199	4 389
Single ancestry.....	161 113	136 619	14 557	97 128	73 829	136 619	24 994	25 034	15 350	25 034	3 508	1 216	1 450	2 793
Multiple ancestry.....	177 962	68 219	7 949	46 443	34 602	71 822	13 827	9 743	5 886	9 743	1 574	930	749	1 596
Ancestry unclassified or not reported.....	39 315	31 048	3 462	21 487	17 841	44 115	6 059	8 267	4 709	8 267	754	458	181	467
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>														
Total ancestries reported.....	557 980	471 892	51 936	330 116	252 544	511 936	89 940	86 088	51 890	43 044	11 672	5 248	4 760	9 712
Arab.....	347	332	76	223	163	333	33	15	12	15	6	8	—	6
Austrian.....	234	219	15	160	87	160	33	15	15	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian.....	127	127	—	94	71	94	33	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian.....	185	152	7	99	91	99	33	33	—	—	—	—	7	—
Czech.....	247	183	21	124	81	124	38	64	41	64	8	—	—	—
Danish.....	493	487	16	342	260	342	129	6	6	6	—	—	—	—
Dutch.....	5 758	4 782	680	3 086	2 496	3 086	1 016	976	625	976	83	57	110	5
English.....	44 097	37 686	3 962	25 593	19 122	25 593	8 131	6 411	3 840	6 411	774	464	323	609
Finnish.....	75	70	29	32	32	32	9	5	—	5	—	—	—	29
French (except Basque).....	10 407	9 254	1 007	6 408	4 782	6 408	1 839	1 153	759	1 153	259	205	65	134
French Canadian.....	725	658	47	434	330	434	177	67	44	67	—	—	14	9
German.....	121 979	111 328	13 908	76 683	53 657	76 683	20 937	10 451	6 415	10 451	3 341	1 183	1 517	3 213
Greek.....	260	239	25	184	95	184	30	21	—	21	5	—	—	9
Hungarian.....	52 595	44 352	5 357	30 169	23 094	30 169	8 806	8 263	4 857	8 263	1 236	596	387	1 006
Irish.....	3 999	3 423	275	2 408	1 727	2 408	—	576	420	576	17	24	34	64
Italian.....	129	91	—	91	69	91	—	38	38	38	—	—	—	—
Lithuanian.....	638	621	41	365	273	365	121	17	17	17	—	—	—	8
Norwegian.....	2 265	2 053	129	1 464	923	1 464	460	212	119	212	6	30	25	36
Polish.....	197	161	5	77	38	77	79	36	36	36	—	—	—	—
Portuguese.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian.....	49	48	—	23	23	23	25	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
Russian.....	402	345	27	264	222	264	54	57	37	57	6	—	—	21
Scotch-Irish.....	5 765	4 735	426	3 273	2 547	3 273	1 036	525	525	525	81	40	46	83
Scottish.....	4 526	3 739	383	2 545	1 992	2 545	80	787	458	787	63	31	36	81
Slovak.....	505	458	57	321	257	321	80	47	35	47	—	—	—	50
Subsaharan African.....	239	199	—	199	190	199	—	40	23	40	—	—	—	—
Swedish.....	1 532	1 426	137	1 016	825	1 016	273	106	93	106	10	34	38	12
Swiss.....	787	697	20	553	325	553	124	65	65	65	3	2	—	15
Ukrainian.....	128	79	—	61	35	61	18	49	38	49	—	—	—	—
United States or American.....	21 510	14 639	1 668	9 712	8 050	9 712	3 259	6 871	3 571	6 871	314	173	139	187
Welsh.....	1 732	1 413	127	1 020	734	1 020	266	319	166	319	37	6	19	17
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups).....	101	93	7	86	74	86	—	8	—	8	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries.....	273 105	225 078	23 332	161 233	128 536	161 233	40 513	48 027	29 478	48 027	5 403	2 350	1 960	4 026
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>														
Dominican (Dominican Republic).....	17	7	—	7	7	7	—	10	10	10	—	—	—	—
Central American.....	60	55	8	47	40	47	—	5	5	5	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican.....	30	30	—	30	23	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan.....	25	25	8	17	17	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	5	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified.....	59	59	—	51	22	51	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian.....	24	24	—	16	16	16	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian.....	23	23	—	23	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan.....	6	6	—	6	6	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American.....	6	6	—	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN										Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2 01	Tract 10 97	Tract 28	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38 04	Tract 101	Tract 102 02	Tract 102 03	Tract 1	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 2 02
<b>ANCESTRY</b>														
All persons	3 900	3 171	5 844	4 478	2 331	3 953	4 839	4 540	2 847	2 640	5 793	2 255	4 504	2 309
Ancestry specified	3 299	2 760	5 114	4 014	1 815	3 336	3 931	4 090	2 498	2 469	5 263	1 971	3 861	1 992
Single ancestry	2 727	1 709	3 474	2 815	1 295	2 236	2 477	2 620	1 547	1 490	3 513	1 281	2 692	1 545
Multiple ancestry	1 172	1 051	1 640	1 199	520	1 100	1 454	1 470	951	979	1 750	690	1 169	447
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	691	411	750	464	516	617	908	450	369	191	530	284	643	317
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>														
Total ancestries reported	7 980	6 342	11 738	8 954	4 642	7 906	9 478	9 000	5 734	5 320	11 544	4 510	9 008	4 618
Arab	34	28	9	—	—	9	—	—	18	—	27	—	9	6
Austrian	9	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	20	6
Canadian	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
Czech	—	7	15	—	—	—	—	9	—	5	—	—	—	—
Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	78	—	—	17	—	—	6
Dutch	182	106	24	72	27	91	119	146	40	49	87	43	24	22
English	694	613	992	525	262	563	1 008	786	563	690	1 051	337	711	410
French	—	—	9	—	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
French (except Basque)	104	184	250	204	66	194	186	140	125	121	221	104	199	129
French Canadian	—	8	34	11	—	16	25	17	—	—	—	—	18	—
German	1 633	1 349	3 118	1 697	1 072	1 605	1 856	2 068	1 227	1 254	3 351	1 031	2 232	1 093
Greek	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungarian	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Irish	846	687	850	857	394	705	929	782	647	602	1 063	573	644	327
Italian	20	33	229	111	53	49	34	17	59	20	158	17	133	8
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Lithuanian	—	—	18	48	11	20	—	6	21	—	—	—	18	—
Polish	7	13	101	31	5	53	—	82	20	60	93	6	94	12
Portuguese	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	7
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	12	17	—	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish	82	62	150	120	27	60	83	129	120	118	15	6	134	—
Scottish	18	79	109	47	34	55	42	80	—	7	83	21	91	20
Slovak	—	—	16	—	—	5	14	—	—	—	14	—	16	56
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	11	17	7	12	5	59	—	113	14	30	6	—	7	—
Swiss	—	—	19	11	—	—	—	11	11	31	17	7	9	—
Ukrainian	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	416	289	169	433	161	458	423	306	78	136	18	226	138	129
Welsh	26	16	31	19	22	19	—	56	32	27	258	—	31	20
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	3 865	2 844	5 370	4 739	2 508	3 907	4 897	4 171	2 703	2 112	4 882	2 010	4 293	2 360
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability: see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10, 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17
ANCESTRY															
All persons		4 405	2 351	2 077	2 056	3 045	6 279	4 478	3 145	2 632	2 767	2 444	2 407	1 318	1 433
Ancestry specified		3 645	2 242	1 947	1 878	2 659	5 315	4 014	2 523	2 061	2 335	2 198	2 214	1 141	1 321
Single ancestry		2 425	1 500	1 328	1 119	1 827	3 498	2 815	2 116	1 698	1 789	1 927	1 963	1 000	922
Multiple ancestry		1 220	742	619	759	832	1 817	1 199	407	363	546	271	251	141	399
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		760	109	130	178	386	964	464	622	571	432	246	193	177	112
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported		8 810	4 702	4 154	4 112	6 090	12 558	8 956	6 290	5 264	5 534	4 888	4 814	2 636	2 866
Arab		17	—	—	28	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	8
Austrian		10	9	12	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian		10	—	—	22	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech		—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	8	—	—
Danish		6	—	4	4	19	25	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	6
Dutch		124	68	21	77	107	81	72	38	53	32	20	18	24	43
English		671	449	486	362	528	1 071	525	215	175	271	104	139	81	267
Finnish		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)		195	67	61	72	93	135	204	47	8	49	67	17	13	59
French Canadian		17	—	—	—	26	19	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
German		1 844	1 381	1 075	1 068	1 236	2 670	1 697	768	586	623	525	317	126	565
Greek		—	—	—	—	7	11	5	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungarian		19	—	22	—	—	6	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Irish		717	430	406	428	575	1 458	857	246	385	304	162	229	95	319
Italian		74	81	81	63	29	47	111	—	24	10	10	8	—	22
Lithuanian		—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian		6	6	17	15	40	—	48	—	9	6	14	7	—	8
Polish		73	6	11	20	14	40	31	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Portuguese		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
Rumanian		7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian		—	21	—	7	—	—	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	8
Scotch-Irish		72	97	64	63	25	156	120	32	7	12	38	40	—	38
Scottish		56	67	71	36	27	110	47	29	12	42	—	—	—	9
Slovak		21	14	5	25	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African		—	16	—	—	—	—	—	17	8	24	16	—	6	—
Swedish		46	6	11	24	8	107	12	—	10	12	—	—	—	7
Swiss		6	5	32	37	16	36	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American		265	100	99	65	211	345	433	243	309	114	102	55	68	36
Welsh		25	18	22	6	28	43	19	8	6	40	7	6	—	9
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries		4 477	1 832	1 623	1 652	3 084	6 080	4 739	4 611	3 644	3 944	3 803	3 952	2 223	1 425
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con

	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31
<b>ANCESTRY</b>														
All persons	902	2 004	2 175	2 027	1 449	2 554	3 464	2 424	2 468	1 455	2 011	1 228	4 909	2 985
Ancestry specified	848	1 734	1 412	1 763	1 253	2 065	3 062	1 828	1 834	1 143	1 600	1 060	4 103	2 549
Single ancestry	679	1 132	967	1 107	746	1 466	1 978	1 202	1 313	1 118	1 118	640	3 083	1 716
Multiple ancestry	169	602	445	656	507	599	1 084	626	521	230	482	470	1 070	833
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	54	270	763	264	196	489	402	596	634	312	411	168	806	436
<b>SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS</b>														
Total ancestries reported	1 804	4 008	4 350	4 054	2 898	5 108	6 928	4 848	4 936	2 910	4 072	2 456	9 818	5 970
Arab	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austrian	9	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danish	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dutch	—	55	42	67	38	36	36	37	7	12	17	8	—	5
English	178	197	233	399	192	343	486	261	236	65	231	133	80	27
Finnish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	545	453
French (except Basque)	21	49	63	15	68	137	183	95	88	17	66	69	99	92
French Canadian	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
German	313	817	670	899	522	1 024	1 831	855	883	424	965	648	3 022	1 527
Greek	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Irish	49	579	450	485	434	468	891	492	445	205	379	226	806	493
Italian	—	—	9	—	18	6	29	15	5	6	43	33	39	28
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	9	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Polish	—	83	9	11	10	—	14	15	—	—	11	—	10	—
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	4	—	5	11	9	7
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish	29	31	19	40	21	29	65	63	12	—	—	—	—	—
Scottish	—	9	28	26	14	51	28	29	6	21	22	51	60	26
Slovak	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	18	—	24	22	42	44
Subsaharan African	5	—	19	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Swedish	4	28	—	—	—	17	23	—	—	—	5	7	20	29
Swiss	15	—	—	—	—	9	6	—	6	—	—	—	13	5
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Welsh	87	225	88	171	217	181	206	287	295	153	111	136	183	16
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	7	6	36	8	8	—	22	22	20	258
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	31
Other ancestries	952	1 905	2 709	1 862	1 321	2 794	3 054	2 686	2 806	1 980	2 113	1 063	4 852	2 875
<b>PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS</b>														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.															
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37 01	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 01	Tract 38 03	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)
ANCESTRY															
All persons		2 936	4 087	3 323	2 546	4 839	2 508	5 130	4 871	5 586	2 938	3 127	2 194	227	—
Ancestry specified		2 539	3 551	2 841	2 212	3 931	2 243	4 387	4 454	5 103	2 681	2 795	1 896	227	—
Single ancestry		1 715	2 477	1 769	1 168	2 477	1 394	2 933	2 624	2 891	1 782	1 736	1 190	168	—
Multiple ancestry		824	1 074	1 072	1 044	1 462	849	1 454	1 830	2 212	899	1 059	706	59	—
Ancestry unclassified or not reported		397	536	482	334	908	265	743	417	483	257	332	298	—	—
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported		5 872	8 174	6 646	5 092	9 678	5 016	10 260	9 742	11 172	5 876	6 254	4 388	454	—
Arab		9	—	5	—	—	—	6	—	45	—	6	18	—	—
Austrian		15	8	6	—	—	—	—	28	19	—	6	—	—	—
Belgian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech		—	—	10	—	—	7	9	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Danish		—	—	—	—	25	—	—	21	12	71	11	—	—	—
Dutch		91	85	136	73	119	43	114	105	112	76	93	30	5	—
English		354	719	724	618	1 008	476	693	1 037	1 154	516	607	409	53	—
Finnish		23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)		164	251	99	102	186	104	289	353	334	88	169	62	—	—
French Canadian		16	7	6	—	25	44	42	16	34	9	5	—	—	—
German		1 258	1 926	1 393	1 292	1 856	1 165	2 216	2 457	2 800	1 345	1 718	888	106	—
Greek		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34	13	—	—	—	—
Hungarian		—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	14	—	—	11	—	—
Irish		503	657	854	508	929	493	913	802	1 221	528	539	520	70	—
Italian		49	32	21	52	34	99	17	100	159	17	52	59	—	—
Lithuanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	13	—	23	—	—	—
Norwegian		9	—	24	14	—	14	9	24	60	6	7	10	—	—
Polish		17	8	59	23	—	54	30	61	70	23	30	20	—	—
Portuguese		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian		—	6	6	26	—	13	—	42	25	12	—	9	—	—
Scotch-Irish		41	144	104	66	83	34	127	204	102	63	61	65	—	—
Scottish		35	97	26	61	42	123	99	194	149	43	73	—	7	—
Slovak		5	33	—	—	14	6	16	10	49	—	15	—	—	—
Subsaharan African		—	—	—	—	10	5	33	86	31	85	—	14	5	—
Swedish		23	28	47	52	27	7	10	31	36	11	6	11	—	—
Swiss		—	—	6	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American		—	—	145	173	423	52	314	212	145	140	203	53	18	—
Welsh		9	15	10	8	—	58	36	19	71	37	12	11	—	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)		—	—	—	6	—	—	12	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries		2 895	3 835	2 908	1 955	4 897	2 207	5 197	3 791	4 423	2 737	2 607	2 170	190	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)		—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American		—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan		—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American		—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American		—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN													
	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 10 98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97
ANCESTRY													
All persons	1 360			320	1 017		1 607	673	3 375	2 433	5 793	1 385	7 372
Ancestry specified	1 253			215	797		1 409	602	3 140	2 242	5 263	1 217	6 652
Single ancestry	782			177	521		838	357	1 999	1 322	3 513	760	4 763
Multiple ancestry	471			38	276		571	245	1 141	920	1 750	457	1 889
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	107			105	220		193	71	235	191	530	168	670
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS													
Total ancestries reported	2 720			640	2 034		3 204	1 346	6 750	4 866	11 586	2 770	14 644
Arab									62				
Austrian										5			8
Belgian									6				
Canadian							9					6	
Czech									2				
Danish							7		8				
Dutch				10			70	10	52	44	87	34	86
English	281			31	209		270	154	710	637	1 051	233	848
Finnish													
French (except Basque)	51				30		52	63	190	121	221	45	275
French Canadian													
German	16						8		6				22
Greek	886			107	347		723	339	1 632	1 148	3 351	809	4 544
Hungarian									60				
Irish	7												37
Italian	206			15	202		254	127	659	532	1 063	205	1 414
Lithuanian	96			10					78	20	158	47	141
Lithuanian													
Norwegian					11			11	11			6	14
Polish	7				36		59		77	60	93	9	46
Portuguese									7	16			
Romanian													
Russian								8					
Scotch Irish	16								11				
Scottish	18			5	19		29	55	68	118	129	14	135
Slovak				10	20		37		75		83	7	118
Subsaharan African									5		14		10
Swedish													9
Swiss					36		28		39	25	6	14	35
Ukrainian	10									31	17	16	
United States or American													
Welsh	31			50	102		166	25	220	118	258	72	172
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)					10		19	21	49	27	18	5	12
Yugoslavian													
Other ancestries	1 077			395	1 012		1 434	533	2 647	1 922	4 882	1 188	6 593
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)													
Central American													
Costa Rican													7
Guatemalan													7
Honduran													
Nicaraguan													
Panamanian													
Salvadoran													
Central American, origin not specified													23
South American										6			
Argentinean													
Chilean													
Colombian													
Ecuadorian													
Peruvian													
Venezuelan													23
Other South American													

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.				Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307 01	Tract 307.02
ANCESTRY												
All persons	14	7 043	1 644	4 745	3 407	3 196	620	4 248	3 783	8 008	7 549	3 259
Ancestry specified	14	6 484	1 544	4 308	2 787	2 890	614	3 368	3 116	6 891	6 566	2 851
Single ancestry	14	4 331	1 152	2 770	1 770	1 933	410	2 228	2 045	4 475	4 327	1 693
Multiple ancestry	—	2 153	392	1 538	1 017	957	204	1 140	1 071	2 416	2 229	1 158
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	—	579	140	437	620	306	6	900	667	1 117	1 003	408
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS												
Total ancestries reported	28	14 126	3 348	9 490	6 814	6 392	1 240	8 536	7 546	16 016	15 138	6 518
Arab	—	—	—	12	—	2	—	11	—	—	—	6
Austrian	—	11	—	—	—	9	—	—	8	—	13	8
Belgian	—	—	—	—	22	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Czech	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	14
Danish	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	19	8	—	26	16
Dutch	—	104	14	79	86	60	8	131	68	152	176	79
English	7	1 104	129	807	717	469	129	512	660	1 291	1 359	670
Finnish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	257	244	167
French (except Basque)	—	291	26	261	140	130	34	99	185	—	—	—
French Canadian	—	46	6	—	—	—	—	6	—	44	47	23
German	7	4 790	1 417	2 926	1 415	1 796	399	1 607	1 806	3 487	3 921	1 623
Greek	—	29	—	—	2	12	—	5	—	—	5	—
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	8	—	36	20
Irish	—	1 384	220	794	707	687	166	931	719	2 055	1 184	457
Italian	—	56	14	61	22	30	—	31	26	98	266	65
Lithuanian	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	—	25	—	16	10	17	—	4	15	9	8	44
Polish	—	83	—	71	—	—	—	8	16	30	73	39
Portuguese	—	11	—	5	—	—	—	10	—	9	—	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Russian	—	—	—	8	—	4	—	—	—	—	28	—
Scotch-Irish	—	53	21	64	92	90	—	78	49	103	265	68
Scottish	—	97	11	77	15	36	13	101	57	80	173	57
Slovak	—	11	16	8	—	2	—	—	12	5	25	5
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	—	9	8	26	18	18	—	23	—	55	38	13
Swiss	—	25	8	47	13	—	—	15	—	28	18	11
Ukrainian	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	—	266	8	174	286	254	43	474	315	732	434	175
Welsh	—	30	10	48	8	8	—	5	30	46	43	35
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	14	5 674	1 453	3 873	3 261	2 732	448	4 425	3 535	7 470	6 678	2 745
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS												
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warlick County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Henderson County, KY)							Henderson City, Henderson County, KY				
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	
ANCESTRY														
All persons	5 227	5 583	5 771	3 980	4 238	5 936	4 274	7 432	2 095	1 967	2 018	2 621	2 712	
Ancestry specified	4 715	5 023	4 865	3 123	3 481	4 932	3 311	5 903	1 709	1 420	1 725	2 097	2 211	
Single ancestry	2 848	3 265	3 356	2 183	2 418	3 356	2 296	4 322	1 405	959	1 297	1 619	1 606	
Multiple ancestry	1 867	1 758	1 509	940	1 063	1 359	1 015	1 581	304	461	428	605	605	
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	512	560	906	857	757	1 004	963	1 529	386	547	293	524	501	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS														
Total ancestries reported	10 454	11 166	11 542	7 960	8 476	11 872	8 548	14 864	4 190	3 934	4 036	5 242	5 424	
Arab	14	6	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Austrian	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Canadian	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Czech	8	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Danish	39	21	—	—	22	10	—	13	—	—	—	19	—	
Dutch	167	89	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
English	1 028	1 296	207	106	84	155	99	122	53	50	44	30	26	
French	—	—	1 107	572	678	1 084	719	1 033	287	171	193	237	330	
French (except Basque)	348	235	163	107	130	223	50	132	107	98	28	25	90	
German	43	14	12	15	—	7	—	16	—	17	—	—	—	
Greek	2 397	2 486	1 698	862	1 212	1 323	956	1 876	330	516	386	631	661	
Hungarian	—	6	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Irish	24	30	24	—	5	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	
Italian	893	1 007	1 157	755	984	1 248	864	1 287	355	314	386	339	574	
Lithuanian	84	118	97	78	86	70	31	73	28	28	—	13	72	
Lithuanian	—	—	31	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Norwegian	—	31	—	5	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Polish	111	114	55	—	38	40	31	15	19	—	—	10	4	
Portuguese	21	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	9	8	—	—	—	
Romanian	6	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Russian	22	17	—	6	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Scotch-Irish	153	138	145	38	160	269	14	146	24	13	24	51	53	
Scottish	155	124	174	106	68	77	105	121	50	37	—	29	20	
Slovak	23	8	16	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Swedish	60	48	—	22	6	13	—	17	—	—	—	49	23	
Swiss	30	9	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ukrainian	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
United States or American	203	343	703	719	558	1 154	706	1 567	271	194	326	307	366	
Welsh	38	53	68	6	21	41	93	32	—	6	21	7	24	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other ancestries	4 312	4 907	5 783	4 530	4 328	6 016	4 678	8 339	2 657	2 482	2 623	3 463	3 128	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS														
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Salvadoran	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	



Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY—Con					Remainder of Henderson County, KY						
	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
ANCESTRY												
All persons	5 701	3 955	1 882	1 554	216	1 224	70	2 356	4 382	4 058	6 208	
Ancestry specified	4 809	3 098	1 664	1 333	187	983	56	1 817	3 599	3 124	4 920	
Single ancestry	3 313	2 158	1 185	894	99	815	43	1 233	2 679	2 197	3 507	
Multiple ancestry	1 496	940	479	439	88	168	13	584	920	927	1 413	
Ancestry undclassified or not reported	892	857	218	221	29	241	14	539	783	934	1 288	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS												
Total ancestries reported	11 402	7 910	3 764	3 108	432	2 448	140	4 712	8 764	8 116	12 416	
Arab	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Austrian	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Czech	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	6	27	—	13	
Danish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	
Dutch	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
English	194	106	43	45	—	34	13	41	110	89	88	
French	1 107	572	396	292	24	231	—	282	792	695	802	
French (except Basque)	163	107	69	72	—	—	—	5	151	50	132	
French Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
German	12	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	16	
Greek	1 672	862	624	371	54	308	26	588	952	902	1 568	
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	
Irish	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	13	
Italian	1 147	747	380	391	91	133	10	604	857	773	1 154	
Lithuanian	97	78	63	31	—	10	—	23	39	31	63	
Norwegian	31	7	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Polish	—	5	7	24	—	—	—	—	16	31	15	
Portuguese	55	—	19	—	—	—	—	31	—	—	—	
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Russian	17	6	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	
Scotch-Irish	145	38	68	100	4	5	—	6	169	14	141	
Scottish	166	106	14	—	—	36	8	54	77	103	85	
Slovak	16	—	19	—	—	—	—	12	—	105	—	
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Swedish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	
Swiss	—	22	6	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	
Ukrainian	25	—	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	14	11	
United States or American	—	—	—	38	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	
Welsh	694	719	231	213	45	205	9	327	941	661	1 362	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	68	6	—	16	18	—	—	21	25	75	32	
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	
Other ancestries	5 709	4 488	1 796	1 466	180	1 486	74	2 532	4 550	4 498	6 853	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS												
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Costa Rican	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Salvadoran	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	278 990	235 946	25 968	165 058	126 272	44 920	43 044	43 044	25 945
Native	276 825	233 984	25 899	163 526	125 099	44 559	42 841	42 841	25 827
Foreign born	2 165	1 962	69	1 532	1 173	361	203	203	118
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	463	434	58	360	305	16	29	29	29
Persons 5 years and over	259 477	219 360	23 989	153 602	117 572	41 769	40 117	40 117	24 167
In linguistically isolated households	758	714	80	602	498	32	44	44	44
Speak a language other than English	6 929	6 283	523	4 725	3 706	1 035	646	646	395
Do not speak English "very well"	2 184	2 059	186	1 614	1 258	259	125	125	96
Speak Spanish	2 293	2 035	74	1 531	1 169	430	258	258	169
Do not speak English "very well"	705	642	23	492	332	127	63	63	54
Linguistically isolated	92	79	7	72	64	—	13	13	13
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	764	713	2	628	546	83	51	51	13
Do not speak English "very well"	437	425	2	379	345	44	12	12	6
Linguistically isolated	262	262	—	230	211	32	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	68 019	57 565	6 522	39 087	28 352	11 956	10 454	10 454	5 990
Preprimary school	5 143	4 540	580	3 031	2 127	929	603	603	406
Public school	2 844	2 462	310	1 572	1 110	580	382	382	253
Elementary or high school	47 279	39 446	4 910	25 682	18 624	8 854	7 833	7 833	4 415
Public school	41 082	33 879	4 361	21 415	16 003	8 103	7 203	7 203	4 169
College	15 597	13 579	1 032	10 374	7 601	2 173	2 018	2 018	1 169
Public college	11 427	9 769	899	7 040	4 701	1 830	1 658	1 658	927
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	181 741	154 098	16 513	109 217	84 200	28 368	27 643	27 643	16 896
Less than 9th grade	18 674	14 713	1 606	10 996	9 302	2 111	3 961	3 961	2 575
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	26 659	21 920	2 308	16 085	13 946	3 527	4 739	4 739	3 122
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	67 132	57 309	7 305	39 349	29 929	10 655	9 823	9 823	5 592
Some college, no degree	31 334	26 794	2 452	19 023	14 148	5 319	4 540	4 540	2 709
Associate degree	10 977	9 479	1 019	6 291	4 617	2 169	1 498	1 498	899
Bachelor's degree	16 133	14 394	1 065	10 402	7 433	2 927	1 739	1 739	1 116
Graduate or professional degree	10 832	9 489	758	7 071	4 825	1 660	1 343	1 343	883
Percent high school graduate or higher	75.1	76.2	76.3	75.2	72.4	80.1	68.5	68.5	66.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	14.8	15.5	11.0	16.0	14.6	16.2	11.1	11.1	11.8
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	308	297	344	307	355	233	368	368	407
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 451	1 427	1 623	1 369	1 372	1 537	1 582	1 582	1 490
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 874	1 846	2 048	1 781	1 756	1 937	2 022	2 022	1 928
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	259 477	219 360	23 989	153 602	117 572	41 769	40 117	40 117	24 167
Same house	146 172	125 130	15 180	85 577	63 482	24 373	21 042	21 042	11 595
Different house in United States	112 434	93 448	8 794	67 322	53 502	17 332	18 986	18 986	12 515
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	54 977	44 935	1 304	40 018	33 743	3 613	10 042	10 042	7 733
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	31 166	26 485	6 126	11 423	7 002	8 936	4 681	4 681	2 059
Different MSA/PMSA	15 736	13 679	785	10 002	8 106	2 892	2 057	2 057	1 257
Not in an MSA/PMSA	10 555	8 349	579	5 879	4 651	1 891	2 206	2 206	1 466
Abroad	871	782	15	703	588	64	89	89	57
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	199 948	173 442	7 217	141 028	126 272	25 197	26 506	26 506	25 945
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	143 987	125 169	6 109	98 977	88 035	20 083	18 818	18 818	18 489
Rural population	79 042	62 504	18 751	24 030	24 030	19 723	16 538	16 538	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	33 532	26 414	9 031	8 761	8 761	8 622	7 118	7 118	—
On farms	4 751	3 505	1 352	1 003	—	1 150	1 246	1 246	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	129 873	110 364	11 879	76 919	57 239	21 566	19 509	19 509	11 469
Car, truck, or van	121 637	103 094	11 063	71 553	52 680	20 478	18 543	18 543	10 768
Drove alone	106 935	91 282	9 752	63 071	46 218	18 459	15 653	15 653	8 872
Carpooled	14 702	11 812	1 311	8 482	6 462	2 019	2 890	2 890	1 896
Public transportation (including taxicab)	1 175	1 048	19	992	974	37	127	127	106
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	1 094	995	19	939	921	37	99	99	78
Subway or elevated railroad or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	3 437	3 006	308	2 389	2 090	309	431	431	351
Other means	1 020	904	104	669	576	131	116	116	96
Worked at home	2 604	2 312	385	1 316	919	611	292	292	148
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.06	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.05	1.09	1.09	1.10
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.1	18.1	20.5	16.8	15.9	21.6	18.3	18.3	15.8
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	6 653	5 342	639	3 290	2 456	1 413	1 311	1 311	616
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	32 056	26 906	3 038	18 357	12 967	5 511	5 150	5 150	2 875
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	42 010	36 025	3 860	25 730	18 537	6 435	5 985	5 985	3 580
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	13 937	12 191	1 244	8 547	6 607	2 400	1 746	1 746	1 121
All other times	32 613	27 588	2 713	19 679	15 753	5 196	5 025	5 025	3 129
Worked in MSA of residence	123 986	106 158	11 408	74 528	55 674	20 222	17 828	17 828	10 644
Evansville city, IN	79 861	77 203	3 936	63 624	49 208	9 643	2 658	2 658	1 683
Darmstadt town, IN	63	63	—	63	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	7 626	7 379	574	5 840	2 993	965	247	247	136
Boonville city, IN	2 565	2 553	10	1 777	1 777	2 366	12	12	12
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	9 529	9 322	73	2 317	1 768	6 932	207	207	119
Mount Vernon city, IN	3 277	3 265	2 757	476	264	32	12	12	6
Remainder of Posey County, IN	5 137	5 137	4 022	1 040	502	—	—	—	—
Henderson city, KY	13 359	935	27	737	579	171	12 421	12 421	7 865
Corydon city, KY	58	—	—	—	—	—	58	58	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	2 511	301	9	254	197	38	2 210	2 210	823
Worked outside MSA of residence	5 887	4 206	471	2 391	1 565	1 344	1 681	1 681	825
Princeton city, IN	233	233	8	184	41	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	595	589	129	381	172	79	6	6	—
Pike County, IN	141	141	4	86	66	51	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	307	307	—	77	57	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	552	517	—	139	121	—	35	35	14
Union County, KY	650	128	7	103	93	18	522	522	256
Owensboro city, KY	429	189	—	121	94	68	240	240	101
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	62	42	—	20	17	22	20	20	5
Webster County, KY	471	137	19	93	60	334	334	334	175
Knox County, IN	100	95	15	61	36	19	5	5	5
Worked elsewhere	2 347	1 828	289	1 126	765	413	519	519	269



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2 01	Tract 10 97	Tract 28
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	5 836	2 624	2 380	4 856	3 111	3 990	3 171	5 864	4 478	2 331
Native	5 825	2 616	2 380	4 840	3 101	3 978	3 159	5 712	4 473	2 308
Foreign born	11	8	—	16	10	12	12	152	5	23
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	13	—	20	13	—	5	7	27	—	16
Persons 5 years and over	5 325	2 446	2 233	4 467	2 854	3 723	2 941	5 487	3 979	2 274
In linguistically isolated households	13	—	36	19	—	5	7	62	—	22
Speak a language other than English	119	39	67	126	29	101	42	229	101	84
Do not speak English "very well"	53	4	36	47	—	18	28	103	27	32
Speak Spanish	25	10	—	7	9	16	7	76	37	48
Do not speak English "very well"	7	2	—	7	—	—	7	32	14	10
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	13	—
Do not speak English "very well"	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	60	5	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	51	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 425	560	693	1 385	763	981	715	1 602	1 032	428
Preprimary school	138	39	64	134	85	62	58	125	125	28
Public school	95	15	26	55	31	49	39	30	104	13
Elementary or high school	1 111	449	526	982	541	767	534	1 017	780	337
Public school	952	446	471	783	495	687	527	843	684	254
College	176	72	103	269	137	152	123	460	127	63
Public college	154	47	75	241	130	147	105	332	76	63
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	3 682	1 751	1 490	2 946	2 007	2 560	2 077	3 731	2 688	1 714
Less than 9th grade	285	143	94	315	155	350	264	134	270	334
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	541	305	261	213	212	502	274	249	552	348
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 816	777	714	1 356	855	932	855	1 120	1 119	579
Some college, no degree	416	276	233	435	373	361	358	1 023	428	196
Associate degree	282	102	74	185	186	118	72	308	202	66
Bachelor's degree	178	93	80	289	101	192	132	594	89	113
Graduate or professional degree	164	55	34	153	125	105	122	303	28	78
Percent high school graduate or higher	77.6	74.4	76.2	82.1	81.7	66.7	74.1	89.7	69.4	60.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.3	8.5	7.7	15.0	11.3	11.6	12.2	24.0	4.4	11.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	307	435	244	244	232	585	350	104	549	172
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 602	1 569	1 562	1 642	1 698	1 711	1 527	1 201	1 441	1 542
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 123	1 985	2 313	2 197	1 684	1 854	2 101	1 535	1 969	1 948
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	5 325	2 446	2 233	4 467	2 854	3 723	2 941	5 487	3 979	2 274
Same house	3 673	1 472	1 642	2 873	1 788	2 044	1 688	2 832	2 317	1 335
Different house in United States	1 650	974	591	1 594	1 053	1 679	1 253	2 585	1 655	939
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	350	22	173	579	17	75	88	1 311	1 285	665
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 084	729	326	740	802	1 447	998	483	132	115
Different MSA/PMSA	53	118	79	168	192	95	80	439	136	63
Not in an MSA/PMSA	163	105	13	107	42	62	87	352	102	96
Abroad	2	—	—	—	13	—	—	70	7	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	—	—	—	—	382	3 706	3 129	5 708	4 478	2 305
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	326	2 986	2 797	4 347	3 040	1 679
Rural population	5 836	2 624	2 380	4 856	2 729	284	42	156	—	26
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 487	1 236	978	2 029	1 067	202	32	97	—	26
On farms	492	122	218	197	323	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	2 648	1 115	1 125	2 371	1 532	1 647	1 441	3 485	1 860	1 046
Car, truck, or van	2 370	1 034	1 072	2 254	1 449	1 502	1 382	3 362	1 681	984
Drove alone	1 985	832	1 003	1 995	1 349	1 347	1 241	3 070	1 430	870
Carpooled	385	202	69	259	100	155	141	292	251	114
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	8	11	—	—	—	30	69	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	8	11	—	—	—	30	69	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	112	43	20	24	25	43	41	23	41	39
Other means	10	12	—	18	14	44	6	—	37	6
Worked at home	156	26	25	64	44	58	12	70	32	17
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.10	1.13	1.04	1.06	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.05	1.09	1.07
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.8	23.3	25.8	22.8	17.8	13.6	15.3	16.5	16.9	12.7
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	168	70	68	169	57	53	54	168	80	29
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	811	322	366	622	322	364	231	651	488	254
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	785	289	287	677	655	651	516	1 284	551	346
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	247	137	112	223	193	182	150	443	221	150
All other times	481	271	267	616	261	339	478	869	488	250
Worked in MSA of residence	2 452	1 094	1 074	2 299	1 487	1 601	1 401	3 346	1 840	1 031
Evansville city, IN	1 069	189	606	1 450	224	172	226	2 837	1 701	907
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	139	16	190	151	45	23	10	—	62	117
Boonville city, IN	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	26	—	—	21	18	—	—	165	34	—
Mount Vernon city, IN	66	229	15	236	592	883	736	15	6	7
Remainder of Posey County, IN	1 125	655	255	434	608	516	429	15	—	—
Henderson city, KY	15	5	—	—	—	7	—	49	23	—
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	2	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	14	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	196	21	51	72	45	46	40	139	20	5
Princeton city, IN	3	—	—	5	—	—	—	24	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	103	—	21	5	—	—	—	8	8	—
Pike County, IN	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Union County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	12	—
Knox County, IN	2	—	8	—	—	5	—	8	—	—
Worked elsewhere	84	21	22	42	45	35	40	48	—	5



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38.04	Tract 101	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 1	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 2 02	Tract 3
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	3 953	4 839	4 540	2 867	2 660	5 793	2 255	4 504	2 309	4 405
Native	3 944	4 811	4 482	2 790	2 612	5 718	2 253	4 403	2 309	4 350
Foreign born	9	28	58	77	48	75	2	101	—	55
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	25	10	—	8	—	10	—	27	—	23
Persons 5 years and over	3 710	4 486	4 125	2 678	2 472	5 272	2 089	4 254	2 218	4 173
In linguistically isolated households	45	10	—	8	—	18	—	62	—	35
Speak a language other than English	87	97	172	95	91	171	21	164	24	114
Do not speak English "very well"	51	20	40	8	40	62	—	84	7	65
Speak Spanish	55	29	45	35	25	46	—	50	7	35
Do not speak English "very well"	33	—	16	—	9	7	—	13	7	13
Linguistically isolated	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	26	60	30	28	24	—	60	—	45
Do not speak English "very well"	—	20	6	8	22	—	—	60	—	35
Linguistically isolated	—	10	—	8	—	—	—	51	—	23
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	919	1 142	1 192	570	769	1 576	366	1 255	482	1 750
Preprimary school	63	76	143	49	71	196	46	75	49	62
Public school	35	62	54	19	31	115	18	7	20	32
Elementary or high school	614	803	787	329	485	1 109	227	772	286	349
Public school	563	685	649	309	363	901	200	639	251	271
College	242	263	262	192	213	271	93	408	147	1 339
Public college	198	228	208	132	167	202	80	285	129	208
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	2 575	3 101	2 808	1 966	1 807	3 697	1 631	2 874	1 740	2 227
Less than 9th grade	434	369	110	101	24	237	275	106	210	251
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	429	417	234	212	116	292	301	232	264	311
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 022	1 347	942	655	657	1 286	687	863	757	870
Some college, no degree	416	586	576	374	389	822	216	818	273	402
Associate degree	106	186	205	148	148	245	70	213	66	146
Bachelor's degree	131	126	464	322	309	511	47	430	104	153
Graduate or professional degree	37	70	277	154	164	304	35	212	66	94
Percent high school graduate or higher	66.5	74.7	87.7	84.1	92.3	85.7	64.7	88.2	72.8	74.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.5	6.3	26.4	24.2	26.2	22.0	5.0	22.3	9.8	11.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	209	372	462	520	—	182	385	83	76	132
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 121	1 458	1 613	670	1 379	1 313	1 017	1 047	1 005	961
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 601	1 606	1 599	1 939	1 726	1 904	1 778	1 557	1 532	1 533
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	3 710	4 486	4 125	2 678	2 472	5 272	2 089	4 254	2 218	4 173
Same house	2 009	2 330	1 949	934	1 524	2 643	1 232	2 062	1 356	1 709
Different house in United States	1 681	2 114	2 176	1 726	948	2 629	852	2 153	862	2 419
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	986	1 466	1 185	779	419	1 257	565	1 037	557	967
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	337	310	369	367	211	758	144	365	142	251
Different MSA/PMSA	288	188	369	331	214	354	141	411	41	882
Not in an MSA/PMSA	70	150	253	249	104	260	2	340	122	319
Abroad	20	42	—	18	—	—	5	39	—	45
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	3 925	4 839	4 389	2 194	2 660	5 016	2 255	4 504	2 309	4 405
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 466	3 728	2 876	163	2 395	4 508	1 744	3 314	1 863	2 634
Rural population	28	—	151	673	—	777	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	10	—	70	330	—	171	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	1 746	2 509	2 147	1 519	1 434	3 066	1 032	2 759	1 068	1 887
Car, truck, or van	1 696	2 445	2 078	1 485	1 391	3 009	997	2 686	1 031	1 460
Drove alone	1 429	2 148	1 794	1 362	1 333	2 739	860	2 468	937	1 273
Carpooled	267	297	284	123	58	270	137	218	94	187
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	18	23	13	—	—	—	30	—	27
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	18	23	—	—	—	—	30	—	27
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	8	17	20	21	5	19	14	15	18	340
Other means	42	—	6	—	6	—	15	—	—	14
Worked at home	—	29	20	—	32	38	6	28	19	46
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.07	1.08	1.05	1.02	1.05	1.09	1.05	1.05	1.07
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.0	16.5	18.3	19.0	16.4	18.9	16.9	16.1	14.5	11.9
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	113	137	79	13	47	154	60	134	39	38
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	531	592	425	331	364	764	322	433	309	257
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	405	737	748	570	467	1 180	304	989	327	535
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	176	326	220	233	165	328	89	390	180	199
All other times	521	688	655	372	359	602	251	785	194	812
Worked in MSA of residence	1 718	2 426	2 037	1 462	1 404	2 977	993	2 661	1 062	1 861
Evansville city, IN	1 367	2 140	1 793	1 131	1 178	2 512	846	2 322	905	1 721
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	198	133	65	142	135	249	75	122	56	32
Boonville city, IN	—	5	—	26	—	—	11	15	6	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	6	109	145	114	50	67	27	131	23	45
Mount Vernon city, IN	23	—	—	30	5	29	19	15	9	16
Remainder of Posey County, IN	116	—	10	—	31	75	15	15	27	27
Henderson city, KY	—	20	12	8	—	36	—	41	36	20
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	8	24	7	11	5	—	—	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	28	83	110	57	30	89	39	98	6	26
Princeton city, IN	—	9	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	10	13	8	—	39	12	8	—	6
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	7
Spencer County, IN	8	—	15	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Union County, IN	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
Owensboro city, KY	—	20	—	7	—	8	—	17	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knox County, IN	9	—	—	—	6	—	12	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	44	70	34	24	27	15	48	6	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
<b>All persons</b>	<b>2 351</b>	<b>2 077</b>	<b>2 056</b>	<b>3 045</b>	<b>6 279</b>	<b>4 478</b>	<b>3 145</b>	<b>2 632</b>	<b>2 767</b>	<b>2 444</b>
Native	2 286	2 072	2 030	3 019	6 226	4 473	3 137	2 612	2 740	2 437
Foreign born	65	5	26	26	53	5	8	20	27	7
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	23	—	—	—	28	—	10	18	12	5
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>2 174</b>	<b>1 947</b>	<b>1 940</b>	<b>2 823</b>	<b>5 876</b>	<b>3 979</b>	<b>2 842</b>	<b>2 422</b>	<b>2 568</b>	<b>2 269</b>
In linguistically isolated households	63	—	—	—	28	—	10	27	24	5
Speak a language other than English	114	12	65	135	235	101	69	115	108	71
Do not speak English "very well"	63	—	12	16	44	27	25	59	24	27
Speak Spanish	13	5	25	92	91	37	13	37	53	48
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	6	16	10	14	—	26	—	13
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	5
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	41	—	19	—	55	13	8	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	41	—	—	—	19	5	8	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	41	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
<b>Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>373</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>1 349</b>	<b>1 032</b>	<b>841</b>	<b>664</b>	<b>835</b>	<b>485</b>
Preprimary school	61	12	29	81	76	125	41	45	29	32
Public school	18	—	7	47	48	104	41	35	26	32
Elementary or high school	200	219	315	458	895	780	647	479	641	338
Public school	120	189	175	426	783	684	635	472	584	293
College	274	142	186	91	378	127	153	140	165	115
Public college	73	89	126	71	248	76	114	131	128	80
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
<b>Persons 25 years and over</b>	<b>1 617</b>	<b>1 572</b>	<b>1 395</b>	<b>2 072</b>	<b>4 321</b>	<b>2 688</b>	<b>1 844</b>	<b>1 678</b>	<b>1 689</b>	<b>1 705</b>
Less than 9th grade	91	81	72	188	403	270	267	319	175	269
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	104	84	112	346	451	552	430	266	532	522
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	533	440	327	948	1 897	1 119	669	562	501	512
Some college, no degree	299	338	248	276	835	428	291	326	242	224
Associate degree	131	93	124	146	328	202	48	84	96	42
Bachelor's degree	297	309	267	121	283	89	80	49	81	84
Graduate or professional degree	162	227	245	47	124	28	59	72	81	84
Percent high school graduate or higher	87.9	89.5	86.8	74.2	80.2	69.4	62.2	65.1	58.1	53.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	28.4	34.1	36.7	8.1	9.4	4.4	7.5	7.2	10.5	7.4
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	317	—	211	263	481	549	703	450	490	316
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 240	910	1 042	1 551	1 314	1 441	1 761	1 861	1 892	2 192
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 661	1 631	2 067	1 977	1 614	1 969	2 237	1 604	2 290	1 775
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
<b>Persons 5 years and over</b>	<b>2 174</b>	<b>1 947</b>	<b>1 940</b>	<b>2 823</b>	<b>5 876</b>	<b>3 979</b>	<b>2 842</b>	<b>2 422</b>	<b>2 568</b>	<b>2 269</b>
Same house	1 149	1 308	1 176	1 843	3 739	2 317	1 602	872	1 514	1 249
Different house in United States	960	639	764	980	2 115	1 655	1 225	1 542	1 046	1 020
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	543	403	399	741	1 536	1 285	1 007	1 245	848	775
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	137	89	118	105	269	132	31	110	52	42
Different MSA/PMSA	194	125	189	87	181	136	103	85	88	137
Not in on MSA/PMSA	86	22	58	47	129	102	84	102	58	66
Abroad	65	—	—	—	22	7	15	8	8	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	2 351	2 077	2 056	3 045	6 279	4 478	3 145	2 632	2 767	2 444
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 985	1 912	1 682	2 869	5 031	3 040	2 014	1 528	2 218	1 701
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	<b>1 048</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>1 039</b>	<b>1 414</b>	<b>3 250</b>	<b>1 860</b>	<b>1 291</b>	<b>1 010</b>	<b>1 126</b>	<b>876</b>
Car, truck, or van	950	898	977	1 383	3 087	1 681	1 127	797	998	762
Drove alone	862	872	911	1 116	2 759	1 430	942	642	828	608
Carpooled	88	26	66	267	328	251	185	155	170	154
Public transportation (including taxicab)	13	—	—	11	29	69	72	113	68	48
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	13	—	—	11	29	69	50	113	68	45
Subway or elevated railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	74	23	32	10	30	41	28	70	37	42
Other means	—	10	12	—	36	37	49	8	23	17
Worked at home	11	31	18	10	68	32	15	22	—	7
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.05	1.02	1.04	1.11	1.06	1.09	1.09	1.12	1.10	1.11
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	12.1	13.5	14.3	15.8	16.8	16.9	19.2	19.2	16.0	16.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	34	30	25	100	106	80	105	69	75	27
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	163	141	143	351	722	488	285	262	277	227
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	435	444	462	418	1 126	551	377	350	268	240
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	190	130	125	142	377	221	68	64	152	108
All other times	215	186	266	393	851	488	441	243	354	267
Worked in MSA of residence	1 035	949	996	1 373	3 150	1 840	1 252	992	1 104	852
Evansville city, IN	910	843	907	1 283	2 724	1 701	1 094	948	972	782
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	37	41	43	36	199	62	58	11	81	25
Boonville city, IN	—	11	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	15
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	53	27	23	41	136	34	68	33	29	7
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Posey County, IN	—	3	6	3	29	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city, KY	35	24	6	—	33	23	32	—	14	23
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	—	—	11	10	7	14	—	—	8	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	13	13	43	41	100	20	39	18	22	24
Princeton city, IN	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	—	—	9	—	8	—	—	—	—
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Union County, KY	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	—	—	7
Owensboro city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	9
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	7	13	31	17	100	—	5	—	14	—



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	2 407	1 318	1 433	902	2 004	2 175	2 027	1 449	2 554	3 464
Native	2 364	1 313	1 420	892	1 990	2 175	2 020	1 449	2 554	3 464
Foreign born	43	5	13	10	14	—	7	—	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	25	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	6	—
Persons 5 years and over	2 325	1 155	1 379	893	1 862	2 028	1 865	1 325	2 359	3 261
In linguistically isolated households	76	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	6	—
Speak a language other than English	93	36	27	70	77	79	85	39	27	51
Do not speak English "very well"	63	—	14	11	29	26	32	21	10	21
Speak Spanish	14	9	—	17	15	7	45	25	4	—
Do not speak English "very well"	8	—	—	—	—	—	25	21	4	—
Linguistically isolated	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	37	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	37	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	595	262	170	74	437	384	440	319	569	515
Preprimary school	41	6	16	14	9	11	25	34	29	20
Public school	10	6	8	—	—	11	14	8	29	10
Elementary or high school	426	222	104	22	348	281	392	237	437	353
Public school	400	208	72	22	309	281	378	180	395	299
College	128	34	50	38	80	92	23	48	103	142
Public college	43	28	34	33	65	69	23	44	68	119
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	1 571	805	1 129	764	1 340	1 512	1 294	905	1 644	2 622
Less than 9th grade	203	233	118	148	346	443	163	149	303	170
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	328	205	199	156	406	455	358	294	401	528
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	467	243	250	229	388	436	548	261	662	1 211
Some college, no degree	335	77	205	95	65	116	121	113	148	499
Associate degree	89	22	52	26	26	34	56	21	55	97
Bachelor's degree	55	13	206	66	55	28	42	52	59	69
Graduate or professional degree	94	12	99	44	54	—	6	15	16	48
Percent high school graduate or higher	66.2	45.6	71.9	60.2	43.9	40.6	59.7	51.0	57.2	73.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.5	3.1	27.0	14.4	8.1	1.9	3.7	7.4	4.6	4.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	181	1 430	171	—	537	1 008	373	483	680	335
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 340	1 657	910	1 590	1 794	2 265	1 614	1 793	1 581	1 158
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 072	1 403	716	1 000	2 201	1 450	1 393	1 778	2 139	1 253
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	2 325	1 155	1 379	893	1 862	2 028	1 865	1 325	2 359	3 261
Same house	1 632	531	474	264	761	886	898	760	1 510	1 940
Different house in United States	652	624	889	604	1 101	1 142	925	558	849	1 306
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	526	490	527	340	776	833	692	461	663	847
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	66	26	123	45	93	91	73	80	94	289
Different MSA/PMSA	53	34	141	139	147	109	96	13	67	105
Not in an MSA/PMSA	7	74	98	80	85	109	64	4	25	65
Abroad	41	—	16	25	—	—	42	7	—	15
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	2 407	1 318	1 433	902	2 004	2 175	2 027	1 449	2 554	3 464
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 896	206	242	40	1 109	980	1 517	1 327	2 219	2 984
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	994	292	662	217	728	701	886	684	1 032	1 714
Car, truck, or van	817	216	548	97	590	560	744	623	900	1 626
Drove alone	696	166	467	90	477	450	582	569	754	1 448
Carpooled	121	50	81	7	113	110	162	54	146	178
Public transportation (including taxicab)	81	12	33	27	16	34	29	10	22	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	81	12	33	27	16	25	29	10	22	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	28	51	55	79	106	107	79	41	49	11
Other means	34	8	16	—	16	—	27	10	38	7
Worked at home	34	5	10	14	—	—	7	—	23	70
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.14	1.09	1.04	1.11	1.11	1.13	1.05	1.09	1.06
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.4	14.7	15.9	13.9	14.9	16.3	14.1	13.2	15.6	16.0
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	45	39	31	5	33	61	72	46	51	63
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	197	84	83	23	220	123	249	162	320	392
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	346	48	259	70	141	188	244	182	247	621
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	79	33	114	35	96	29	26	98	87	164
All other times	293	83	165	70	238	300	288	196	304	404
Worked in MSA of residence	940	292	611	193	718	693	868	677	1 014	1 688
Evansville city, IN	797	277	565	187	666	686	781	614	925	1 459
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	40	—	10	—	7	7	79	46	68	146
Boonville city, IN	—	—	10	—	4	—	—	9	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	78	—	13	—	25	—	—	8	—	46
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	12
Remainder of Posey County, IN	15	7	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	14
Henderson city, KY	—	8	—	—	—	—	8	—	21	5
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	10	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Worked outside MSA of residence	54	—	51	24	10	8	18	7	18	26
Princeton city, IN	—	—	6	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	10	12
Pike County, IN	7	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	9	6	—	—	—	—	—	6
Union County, KY	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Worked elsewhere	31	—	27	11	—	—	18	—	—	8



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	2 424	2 468	1 455	2 011	1 228	4 909	2 985	2 936	4 087	3 323
Native	2 420	2 468	1 455	2 000	1 228	4 889	2 964	2 927	4 071	3 306
Foreign born	4	—	—	11	—	20	21	9	16	17
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	8	—	—	16	—	6	—	17	8	6
Persons 5 years and over	2 199	2 247	1 352	1 960	1 112	4 556	2 774	2 745	3 815	3 140
In linguistically isolated households	8	—	—	22	—	13	—	17	8	6
Speak a language other than English	50	41	40	84	13	97	106	55	83	33
Do not speak English "very well"	30	22	13	32	—	37	35	43	28	6
Speak Spanish	8	—	16	48	—	53	28	31	30	22
Do not speak English "very well"	8	—	8	10	—	18	11	25	12	—
Linguistically isolated	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	595	463	328	374	292	925	723	654	729	694
Preprimary school	42	18	15	23	14	114	36	53	33	76
Public school	34	18	15	13	11	50	22	25	27	49
Elementary or high school	480	376	261	293	204	574	572	419	505	474
Public school	460	376	257	228	166	327	514	368	486	398
College	73	69	52	58	74	237	115	182	191	144
Public college	64	61	38	58	68	194	85	138	129	131
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	1 455	1 598	897	1 465	786	3 375	1 953	1 900	2 948	2 288
Less than 9th grade	316	337	144	272	86	280	175	295	419	208
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	431	481	317	288	129	494	363	298	597	293
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	487	590	285	497	274	1 451	990	795	1 099	944
Some college, no degree	171	123	103	186	159	602	202	298	354	406
Associate degree	36	63	25	49	59	165	115	88	163	100
Bachelor's degree	14	4	12	108	45	279	56	100	230	243
Graduate or professional degree	—	—	11	65	34	104	52	26	86	94
Percent high school graduate or higher	48.7	48.8	48.6	61.8	72.6	77.1	72.5	68.8	65.5	78.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	1.0	.3	2.6	11.8	10.1	11.3	5.5	6.6	10.7	14.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	805	1 011	776	161	291	314	365	157	307	211
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	2 155	1 498	1 838	1 520	1 621	1 528	1 328	1 091	1 452	1 106
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 115	1 981	1 640	1 836	1 755	1 573	1 856	1 711	1 631	1 901
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	2 199	2 247	1 352	1 960	1 112	4 556	2 774	2 745	3 815	3 140
Same house	1 061	1 094	636	1 167	717	2 770	1 751	1 519	1 956	2 169
Different house in United States	1 132	1 153	716	793	395	1 719	1 023	1 206	1 859	971
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	999	888	541	550	247	1 182	669	1 056	1 056	522
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	49	133	66	100	84	298	214	258	386	116
Different MSA/PMSA	50	47	91	53	37	111	73	209	225	153
Not in an MSA/PMSA	34	85	18	90	27	128	121	70	192	180
Abroad	6	—	—	—	—	67	—	20	—	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	2 424	2 468	1 455	2 011	1 228	4 909	2 985	2 936	4 087	3 323
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 805	1 849	829	1 495	1 149	4 050	2 570	2 021	2 307	3 137
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	811	992	472	932	553	2 381	1 296	1 396	1 653	1 791
Car, truck, or van	679	852	400	870	511	2 228	1 234	1 346	1 591	1 717
Drive alone	532	667	280	766	415	2 028	1 046	1 113	1 400	1 569
Carpooled	147	185	120	104	96	200	188	233	191	148
Public transportation (including taxicab)	25	18	26	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	19	18	26	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	93	95	41	39	21	87	32	8	33	26
Other means	6	27	5	6	9	31	9	42	—	6
Worked at home	8	—	17	12	35	8	—	—	29	42
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.14	1.13	1.20	1.07	1.11	1.05	1.09	1.10	1.07	1.05
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.0	15.6	16.0	12.4	16.4	16.1	16.2	17.2	14.1	15.9
<b>Departure time for work:</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	55	37	29	29	13	44	51	80	40	69
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	218	304	154	232	129	707	425	390	311	449
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	189	235	104	297	180	813	336	321	504	594
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	88	88	51	150	60	128	113	146	264	170
All other times	253	328	134	207	159	654	363	459	505	467
Worked in MSA of residence	792	972	453	917	546	2 342	1 269	1 379	1 624	1 740
Evansville city, IN	730	870	432	820	427	2 025	1 051	1 086	1 470	1 565
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	35	88	15	90	52	160	137	166	73	80
Boonville city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	14	8	—	—	20	61	31	6	17	62
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	6	6	7	10	18	17	23	—	13
Remainder of Posey County, IN	8	—	—	—	23	42	15	90	23	20
Henderson city, KY	5	—	—	—	14	20	—	—	8	—
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	19	20	19	15	7	16	18	8	6	51
Princeton city, IN	—	8	—	—	—	39	27	17	29	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pike County, IN	—	12	—	10	—	—	—	—	11	12
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Spencer County, IN	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Union County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	8	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—
Webster County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Knox County, IN	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
Worked elsewhere	12	—	7	5	7	25	19	—	8	19

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN—Con								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37 01	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 01	Tract 38 03	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	2 546	4 839	2 508	5 130	4 871	5 586	2 938	3 127	2 194
Native	2 515	4 811	2 459	5 053	4 826	5 426	2 895	3 076	2 117
Foreign born	31	28	49	77	45	160	43	51	77
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	10	—	—	27	10	—	5	8
Persons 5 years and over	2 372	4 486	2 410	4 749	4 609	5 124	2 704	2 978	2 013
In linguistically isolated households	—	10	—	—	27	31	—	5	8
Speak a language other than English	58	97	79	134	187	311	108	85	85
Do not speak English "very well"	12	20	6	36	102	70	19	37	8
Speak Spanish	21	29	31	23	53	79	30	—	25
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	4	39	8	13	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	26	9	—	8	70	45	30	30
Do not speak English "very well"	—	20	—	—	8	47	6	15	8
Linguistically isolated	—	10	—	—	—	31	—	—	8
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	646	1 142	414	1 054	1 008	1 457	747	732	416
Preprimary school	70	76	30	98	145	161	92	20	39
Public school	25	62	5	43	40	72	39	6	19
Elementary or high school	475	803	332	660	570	959	494	497	217
Public school	370	685	290	605	444	672	415	438	217
College	101	263	52	296	293	337	161	215	160
Public college	60	228	45	209	236	195	131	123	122
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 720	3 101	1 859	3 483	3 518	3 580	1 820	2 200	1 460
Less than 9th grade	145	369	224	268	123	46	82	188	72
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	241	417	275	599	277	107	142	212	137
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	514	1 347	467	1 175	979	732	592	837	451
Some college, no degree	318	586	314	631	758	891	361	396	242
Associate degree	141	186	117	273	141	238	121	176	112
Bachelor's degree	193	126	243	296	634	997	300	207	312
Graduate or professional degree	168	70	219	241	606	569	222	184	134
Percent high school graduate or higher	77.6	74.7	73.2	75.1	88.6	95.7	87.7	81.8	85.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	21.0	6.3	24.9	15.4	35.2	43.7	28.7	17.8	30.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	42	372	247	436	81	110	558	115	595
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 552	1 458	1 315	1 283	861	1 240	1 514	1 381	659
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 843	1 606	1 737	1 597	1 893	1 703	1 717	1 840	2 056
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	2 372	4 486	2 410	4 749	4 609	5 124	2 704	2 978	2 013
Same house	1 513	2 330	1 331	2 348	2 268	2 433	1 352	1 703	458
Different house in United States	849	2 114	1 049	2 373	2 341	2 684	1 352	1 275	1 537
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	521	1 466	629	1 514	1 133	1 140	680	613	686
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	211	310	90	187	381	306	178	365	285
Different MSA/PMSA	78	188	174	464	681	956	272	188	331
Not in an MSA/PMSA	39	150	156	208	146	282	222	109	235
Abroad	10	42	30	28	—	7	—	—	18
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	2 546	4 839	2 508	5 130	4 871	5 586	2 938	3 127	2 194
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 888	3 728	1 522	2 620	2 564	4 465	1 594	1 997	1 163
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	1 297	2 509	872	2 343	2 363	2 943	1 375	1 419	1 165
Car, truck, or van	1 227	2 445	793	2 231	2 230	2 837	1 323	1 341	1 131
Drove alone	1 087	2 148	743	2 012	2 057	2 602	1 106	1 264	1 060
Carpooled	140	297	50	219	173	235	217	77	71
Public transportation (including taxicab)	6	18	9	41	19	—	20	22	13
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	6	18	9	41	19	—	20	22	—
Subway or elevated railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	6	17	38	45	57	8	20	18	21
Other means	—	—	—	9	12	17	—	20	—
Worked at home	58	29	32	17	45	81	12	18	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.07	1.03	1.05	1.04	1.04	1.09	1.03	1.04
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.4	16.5	15.2	15.1	15.9	17.2	16.3	15.9	18.8
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	60	137	13	113	32	120	57	96	13
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	326	592	205	529	411	592	241	296	216
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	389	737	325	801	897	1 250	440	460	440
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	124	326	121	266	348	413	145	177	211
All other times	340	688	176	617	630	487	480	372	285
Worked in MSA of residence	1 229	2 426	855	2 293	2 263	2 790	1 317	1 394	1 115
Evansville city, IN	1 054	2 140	711	2 048	2 058	2 318	1 203	1 257	895
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	89	133	59	98	71	162	15	99	90
Boonville city, IN	—	—	10	—	7	8	5	—	18
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	35	109	39	85	87	178	81	12	63
Mount Vernon city, IN	7	—	—	24	—	8	—	5	30
Remainder of Posey County, IN	30	—	8	—	25	27	—	8	—
Henderson city, KY	7	20	22	38	—	89	6	13	8
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	7	24	6	—	15	—	7	—	11
Worked outside MSA of residence	68	83	17	50	100	153	58	25	50
Princeton city, IN	13	9	—	17	4	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	13	10	6	—	—	16	6	14	8
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	8
Spencer County, IN	7	—	6	—	—	14	6	—	—
Union County, KY	7	—	—	8	—	—	12	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	—	20	—	9	7	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	6	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	22	44	5	16	65	81	34	11	34



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 10.98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	227	-	1 360	-	-	320	1 017	-	1 602	673
Native	205	-	1 309	-	-	306	1 017	-	1 587	673
Foreign born	22	-	51	-	-	12	-	-	15	-
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	201	-	1 233	-	-	314	965	-	1 421	665
In linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	-	-
Speak a language other than English	28	-	65	-	-	-	32	-	64	10
Do not speak English "very well"	22	-	19	-	-	-	8	-	21	-
Speak Spanish	-	-	26	-	-	-	24	-	15	10
Do not speak English "very well"	-	-	19	-	-	-	8	-	3	-
Linguistically isolated	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	-
Do not speak English "very well"	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Linguistically isolated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	67	-	347	-	-	54	265	-	445	154
Preprimary school	4	-	50	-	-	5	10	-	51	10
Public school	4	-	23	-	-	-	10	-	15	-
Elementary or high school	31	-	245	-	-	44	195	-	293	112
Public school	21	-	204	-	-	26	195	-	234	92
College	32	-	52	-	-	5	60	-	101	32
Public college	22	-	47	-	-	5	60	-	77	10
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	155	-	857	-	-	249	675	-	988	506
Less than 9th grade	-	-	28	-	-	62	139	-	28	29
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	11	-	17	-	-	60	131	-	92	75
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	43	-	257	-	-	82	227	-	350	204
Some college, no degree	57	-	205	-	-	10	118	-	215	132
Associate degree	6	-	95	-	-	17	18	-	84	36
Bachelor's degree	22	-	164	-	-	5	31	-	164	10
Graduate or professional degree	16	-	91	-	-	13	11	-	55	20
Percent high school graduate or higher	92.9	-	94.7	-	-	51.0	60.0	-	87.9	79.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	24.5	-	29.8	-	-	7.2	6.2	-	22.2	5.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1 000 women 15 to 24 years	-	-	231	-	-	375	481	-	212	-
Children ever born per 1 000 women 25 to 34 years	1 300	-	1 650	-	-	1 700	1 188	-	1 729	800
Children ever born per 1 000 women 35 to 44 years	2 364	-	1 467	-	-	4 000	1 292	-	1 311	1 667
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	201	-	1 233	-	-	314	965	-	1 421	665
Same house	122	-	770	-	-	168	490	-	597	476
Different house in United States	79	-	432	-	-	146	475	-	824	489
Central city of this MSA, PMSA	29	-	274	-	-	115	317	-	505	93
Remainder of this MSA, PMSA	18	-	118	-	-	15	79	-	191	82
Different MSA, PMSA	21	-	26	-	-	10	79	-	97	-
Not in an MSA, PMSA	11	-	12	-	-	6	-	-	31	14
Abroad	-	-	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>										
Urban population	227	-	1 204	-	-	294	989	-	1 451	-
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	227	-	1 033	-	-	164	445	-	1 282	-
Rural population	-	-	156	-	-	26	28	-	151	673
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	-	-	97	-	-	26	10	-	70	330
On farms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	144	-	726	-	-	114	350	-	772	354
Car, truck, or van	139	-	676	-	-	114	350	-	755	354
Drove alone	139	-	602	-	-	104	316	-	688	302
Carpooled	-	-	74	-	-	10	34	-	67	52
Public transportation, including taxicab	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
Subway or elevated railroad or ferryboat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Walked	5	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other means	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Worked at home	-	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.00	-	1.06	-	-	1.05	1.05	-	1.05	1.09
Mean travel time to work, minutes	13.5	-	18.3	-	-	15.2	16.1	-	21.7	9.6
<b>Departure time for work</b>										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	-	-	34	-	-	-	33	-	22	-
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	7	-	218	-	-	22	141	-	184	115
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	53	-	295	-	-	49	84	-	306	130
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	22	-	53	-	-	-	30	-	75	22
All other times	62	-	84	-	-	43	62	-	175	87
Worked in MSA of residence	144	-	685	-	-	114	339	-	720	347
Evansville city, IN	133	-	515	-	-	87	261	-	590	236
Darmstadt town, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	-	-	128	-	-	27	32	-	50	52
Boonville city, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	5	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	64	51
Mount Vernon city, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Posey County, IN	6	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	10	-
Henderson city, KY	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Corydon city, KY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worked outside MSA of residence	-	-	41	-	-	-	11	-	52	7
Princeton city, IN	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Pike County, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dubois County, IN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spencer County, IN	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
Union County, KY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Owensboro city, KY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Webster County, KY	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
Knox County, IN	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worked elsewhere	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	3 375	2 433	5 793	1 385	7 322	14	7 063	1 684	4 745
Native	3 326	2 407	5 718	1 371	7 256	14	7 034	1 684	4 723
Foreign born	49	26	75	14	66	—	29	—	22
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	10	—	10	—	12	8	7
Persons 5 years and over	3 145	2 271	5 272	1 282	6 909	14	6 567	1 554	4 418
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	18	—	19	—	24	8	7
Speak a language other than English	50	63	171	7	264	—	149	27	117
Do not speak English "very well"	5	18	62	—	103	—	60	8	52
Speak Spanish	14	25	46	—	124	—	48	—	30
Do not speak English "very well"	—	9	7	—	60	—	24	—	30
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	24	—	43	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	34	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	974	702	1 576	398	2 450	—	1 777	477	1 116
Preprimary school	108	67	196	25	146	—	112	21	103
Public school	52	27	115	13	97	—	56	4	50
Elementary or high school	677	454	1 109	311	1 990	—	1 322	378	728
Public school	499	342	901	273	911	—	873	201	661
College	189	181	271	62	1 114	—	343	78	285
Public college	124	145	202	49	1 049	—	298	59	214
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	2 206	1 652	3 697	924	4 348	14	4 620	1 048	3 233
Less than 9th grade	59	24	237	93	293	7	382	116	197
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	161	105	292	150	295	7	366	109	279
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	681	614	1 286	333	1 733	—	1 944	465	1 244
Some college, no degree	429	332	822	181	868	—	944	190	526
Associate degree	189	142	245	39	212	—	299	63	235
Bachelor's degree	375	287	511	103	496	—	365	75	383
Graduate or professional degree	312	148	304	25	451	—	417	30	369
Percent high school graduate or higher	90.0	92.2	85.7	73.7	86.5	—	83.8	78.5	85.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	31.1	26.3	22.0	13.9	21.8	—	16.9	10.0	23.3
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	41	—	182	120	69	—	324	—	127
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 595	1 386	1 313	1 202	1 087	—	1 357	1 432	1 411
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 776	1 696	1 904	1 627	1 833	—	2 139	2 147	1 854
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	3 145	2 271	5 272	1 282	6 909	14	6 567	1 554	4 418
Same house	1 720	1 402	2 643	870	4 004	7	4 728	1 140	3 080
Different house in United States	1 425	869	2 629	412	2 838	7	1 823	414	1 337
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	656	390	1 257	222	1 108	7	637	110	584
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	351	193	758	156	735	—	970	260	513
Different MSA/PMSA	388	193	354	12	432	—	153	14	136
Not in an MSA/PMSA	30	93	260	22	563	—	63	30	104
Abroad	—	—	—	—	67	—	16	—	1
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	148	2 433	5 016	67	2 833	—	321	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	72	2 168	4 508	40	925	—	285	—	—
Rural population	3 227	—	777	1 318	4 489	14	6 742	1 684	4 745
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 476	—	171	470	2 299	—	2 244	181	1 387
On farms	72	—	—	75	50	—	167	367	272
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	1 697	1 290	3 066	671	3 908	7	3 513	813	2 399
Car, truck, or van	1 635	1 252	3 009	653	3 644	7	3 400	777	2 247
Drove alone	1 481	1 194	2 739	538	3 217	7	2 942	661	2 062
Carpooled	154	58	270	115	427	—	458	116	185
Public transportation (including taxicab)	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	7	—	19	—	139	—	70	7	49
Other means	13	6	—	5	45	—	—	—	18
Worked at home	27	32	38	13	80	—	43	29	85
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.02	1.05	1.11	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.08	1.05
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.1	16.7	18.9	22.0	18.6	10.0	18.6	20.6	22.7
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	82	47	154	18	136	—	158	45	105
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	360	357	764	215	901	—	1 149	273	691
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	770	414	1 180	213	1 516	7	1 116	257	854
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	193	143	328	51	384	—	359	80	222
All other times	265	297	602	161	891	—	688	129	442
Worked in MSA of residence	1 611	1 260	2 977	658	3 732	7	3 359	803	2 242
Evansville city, IN	1 257	1 045	2 512	491	2 694	—	2 611	547	1 550
Darmstadt town, IN	4	—	9	—	—	—	3	3	44
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	245	135	249	94	700	7	512	187	429
Boonville city, IN	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	44	45	67	5	15	—	79	2	143
Mount Vernon city, IN	22	5	29	8	93	—	35	—	20
Remainder of Posey County, IN	10	25	75	53	142	—	104	62	31
Henderson city, KY	26	—	36	—	70	—	—	—	12
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	3	5	—	7	12	—	15	2	13
Worked outside MSA of residence	86	30	89	13	176	—	154	10	157
Princeton city, IN	14	—	6	—	6	—	19	—	31
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	29	—	39	—	20	—	71	7	36
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	18
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Union County, KY	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	3	—	8	—	9	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Webster County, KY	6	—	—	6	10	—	—	—	—
Knox County, IN	—	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	2
Worked elsewhere	34	24	27	7	101	—	64	1	67

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307.01	Tract 307.02
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	3 407	3 196	620	4 268	3 783	8 008	7 569	3 259
Native	3 392	3 196	620	4 256	3 770	7 957	7 524	3 200
Foreign born	15	—	—	12	13	51	45	59
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	3 203	3 008	559	3 982	3 596	7 393	6 985	3 057
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	57	58	20	60	51	187	163	142
Do not speak English "very well"	6	13	8	5	21	44	49	19
Speak Spanish	22	25	—	14	30	95	88	52
Do not speak English "very well"	3	11	—	—	7	40	49	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	986	782	170	1 055	985	1 765	2 102	942
Preprimary school	47	39	14	90	51	96	151	93
Public school	33	25	8	84	34	62	96	36
Elementary or high school	772	629	108	851	756	1 376	1 525	663
Public school	760	620	108	808	704	1 329	1 337	537
College	167	114	48	114	178	293	426	186
Public college	165	100	41	103	120	247	362	159
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	2 061	2 108	370	2 640	2 417	5 244	4 671	2 182
Less than 9th grade	220	175	45	291	236	637	141	175
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	412	282	55	500	343	945	413	106
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	936	986	163	1 238	1 085	1 904	1 764	600
Some college, no degree	265	337	77	427	368	789	983	411
Associate degree	110	135	18	105	196	472	394	189
Bachelor's degree	87	98	12	35	104	257	638	466
Graduate or professional degree	31	95	—	44	85	240	338	235
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.3	78.3	73.0	70.0	76.0	69.8	88.1	87.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	5.7	9.2	3.2	3.0	7.8	9.5	20.9	32.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	376	171	314	495	193	249	184	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	2 004	1 675	1 443	1 760	1 532	1 523	1 430	1 421
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 377	1 975	2 271	1 922	1 727	1 862	1 893	1 917
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	3 203	3 008	559	3 982	3 596	7 393	6 985	3 057
Some house	2 234	2 006	405	2 698	2 384	4 218	3 883	1 782
Different house in United States	969	1 002	154	1 273	1 212	3 175	3 065	1 275
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	27	210	37	286	144	289	777	462
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	751	505	84	663	889	2 130	1 381	379
Different MSA/PMSA	58	69	15	132	113	384	611	280
Not in an MSA/PMSA	133	218	18	192	66	372	296	154
Abroad	—	—	—	11	—	—	37	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	—	—	—	3 099	—	6 724	1 982	2 628
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	2 715	—	5 484	1 502	2 099
Rural population	3 407	3 196	620	1 169	3 783	1 284	5 587	631
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	731	1 404	251	563	741	638	3 788	489
On farms	427	160	26	44	302	—	184	7
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	1 484	1 534	273	1 826	1 850	3 485	4 049	1 483
Car, truck, or van	1 371	1 447	240	1 741	1 723	3 255	3 938	1 447
Drove alone	1 216	1 277	192	1 524	1 553	2 866	3 560	1 362
Carpooled	155	170	48	217	170	389	378	85
Public transportation (including taxicab)	5	2	—	—	8	11	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	5	2	—	—	8	11	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	33	31	—	20	39	83	8	22
Other means	6	5	—	31	8	—	36	14
Worked at home	69	49	33	34	72	136	67	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.06	1.07	1.11	1.07	1.06	1.07	1.05	1.03
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	30.1	25.3	24.2	21.9	23.3	19.7	20.7	18.1
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	214	143	26	132	198	168	169	63
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	318	422	87	550	480	819	1 125	405
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	291	395	68	386	463	1 052	1 393	520
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	95	102	29	190	147	411	494	219
All other times	497	423	30	534	490	899	801	276
Worked in MSA of residence	1 032	1 389	273	1 783	1 763	3 350	3 892	1 393
Evansville city, IN	333	610	145	975	610	918	2 107	883
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	30	112	20	61	31	135	233	53
Boonville city, IN	197	102	6	148	360	1 281	1 111	21
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	472	537	102	558	754	1 007	1 388	391
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	5	—	—	—	9	—	6
Remainder of Posey County, IN	—	17	—	31	—	—	6	6
Henderson city, KY	—	6	—	—	8	—	47	27
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	6
Worked outside MSA of residence	452	145	—	43	87	135	157	90
Princeton city, IN	—	21	—	—	—	—	9	5
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	11	—	—	5	—	9	—	5
Pike County, IN	13	12	—	12	8	—	—	6
Dubois County, IN	158	28	—	8	—	19	11	6
Spencer County, IN	217	25	—	6	33	24	14	6
Union County, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owensboro city, KY	—	6	—	—	—	10	21	13
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	14	—	8	—
Webster County, KY	—	1	—	—	—	—	8	11
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Worked elsewhere	53	20	—	12	32	73	78	38



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warwick County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	5 227	5 583	5 771	3 980	4 238	5 936	4 274	7 432
Native	5 148	5 496	5 741	3 930	4 224	5 869	4 254	7 423
Foreign born	79	87	30	50	14	67	20	9
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	16	—	5	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	4 838	5 148	5 449	3 684	3 945	5 572	3 986	6 894
In linguistically isolated households	—	32	—	5	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	97	200	101	57	67	83	59	97
Do not speak English "very well"	18	76	24	23	—	6	12	11
Speak Spanish	34	70	49	24	41	22	9	43
Do not speak English "very well"	—	17	17	5	—	—	5	4
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	20	52	—	13	—	6	29	3
Do not speak English "very well"	—	44	—	6	—	6	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 709	1 460	1 084	926	1 126	1 725	1 075	1 920
Preprimary school	178	170	67	70	90	79	46	133
Public school	104	98	18	50	41	39	27	108
Elementary or high school	1 243	931	736	694	817	1 222	839	1 497
Public school	1 077	823	697	676	705	1 091	723	1 377
College	288	359	281	162	219	424	190	290
Public college	232	301	221	148	194	330	155	263
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	3 079	3 596	4 090	2 521	2 686	3 701	2 700	4 576
Less than 9th grade	52	139	576	359	282	479	227	578
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	123	348	609	497	389	444	445	723
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	802	1 177	1 243	953	914	1 189	1 231	1 917
Some college, no degree	863	799	916	296	509	727	380	852
Associate degree	292	258	195	172	194	250	150	225
Bachelor's degree	612	618	295	170	221	274	160	190
Graduate or professional degree	335	257	256	74	177	338	107	91
Percent high school graduate or higher	94.3	86.5	71.0	66.0	75.0	75.1	75.1	71.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	30.8	24.3	13.5	9.7	14.8	16.5	9.9	6.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	131	248	234	363	275	317	309	388
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 682	1 127	1 349	1 451	1 680	1 251	1 875	1 841
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 964	1 950	1 686	1 959	1 935	2 046	2 061	2 211
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	4 838	5 148	5 449	3 684	3 945	5 572	3 986	6 894
Same house	2 368	2 395	2 102	1 816	2 217	3 052	2 405	4 176
Different house in United States	2 454	2 753	3 347	1 862	1 728	2 494	1 569	2 718
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	536	845	1 926	1 124	867	1 257	448	1 112
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	851	1 303	584	298	347	790	645	1 173
Different MSA/PMSA	848	382	379	193	292	334	196	216
Not in an MSA/PMSA	219	223	458	247	222	113	280	217
Abroad	16	—	—	6	—	26	12	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	5 227	5 537	5 701	3 955	2 084	1 554	216	1 583
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	4 365	3 918	3 648	2 764	1 277	1 224	188	1 338
Rural population	—	46	70	25	2 154	4 382	4 058	5 849
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	17	10	8	1 016	2 194	1 403	2 487
On farms	—	—	—	—	126	308	315	497
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	2 645	2 937	2 729	1 910	2 080	2 827	1 988	3 457
Car, truck, or van	2 542	2 774	2 633	1 815	1 995	2 753	1 921	3 344
Drove alone	2 372	2 537	2 209	1 464	1 766	2 435	1 634	2 906
Carpooled	170	237	424	351	229	318	287	438
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	11	—	26	32	—	—	12
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	11	—	14	22	—	—	12
Subway or elevated railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	26	47	51	43	14	29	22	31
Other means	18	13	13	6	8	5	6	9
Worked at home	59	92	32	20	31	40	39	61
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.04	1.05	1.09	1.11	1.06	1.07	1.09	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.0	20.1	15.7	15.8	20.4	20.0	22.3	21.7
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	129	171	80	136	145	174	211	290
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	595	710	695	567	493	827	540	992
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 014	853	1 011	459	703	955	558	926
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	329	384	319	183	165	260	138	279
All other times	519	727	592	545	543	571	502	909
Worked in MSA of residence	2 514	2 833	2 543	1 739	1 861	2 567	1 815	3 018
Evansville city, IN	1 381	1 681	536	245	387	409	209	331
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	151	139	21	40	68	47	22	28
Boonville city, IN	75	65	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	840	883	28	18	35	21	15	61
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	8	—	—	12	—	—	—
Remainder of Posey County, IN	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city, KY	36	47	1 769	1 301	1 133	1 680	1 154	1 975
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	7	9	42
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	26	—	189	135	226	403	406	581
Worked outside MSA of residence	131	104	186	171	219	260	173	439
Princeton city, IN	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	11	6	—	—	—	—	6	—
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	34	19	—	—	13	7	—	8
Union County, KY	—	18	37	86	46	78	37	182
Owensboro city, KY	8	10	34	6	45	54	35	52
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	5	—	58	32	27	50	45	82
Knox County, IN	11	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	56	51	57	42	68	71	50	115



Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY								
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>									
All persons	2 095	1 967	2 018	2 621	2 712	5 701	3 955	1 882	1 554
Native	2 095	1 961	2 018	2 621	2 705	5 674	3 905	1 875	1 541
Foreign born	—	6	—	—	7	27	50	7	13
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>									
Linguistically isolated households	8	—	9	7	—	—	5	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 959	1 800	1 859	2 449	2 520	5 379	3 659	1 763	1 469
In linguistically isolated households	23	—	9	7	—	—	5	—	—
Speak a language other than English	48	33	24	50	27	101	57	13	11
Do not speak English "very well"	8	6	15	20	—	24	23	—	—
Speak Spanish	33	14	11	12	—	49	24	6	—
Do not speak English "very well"	8	6	11	7	—	17	5	—	—
Linguistically isolated	8	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	409	549	450	606	584	1 067	926	537	441
Preprimary school	8	18	22	40	30	67	70	71	23
Public school	8	13	22	35	21	18	50	34	13
Elementary or high school	338	437	370	433	450	736	694	350	324
Public school	321	407	339	433	434	697	676	296	300
College	63	94	58	133	104	264	162	116	94
Public college	55	61	49	95	87	214	148	100	67
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>									
Persons 25 years and over	1 450	1 145	1 252	1 667	1 855	4 050	2 502	1 176	975
Less than 9th grade	324	203	263	379	291	576	359	71	43
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	294	306	335	319	378	600	478	119	116
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	434	354	410	481	697	1 234	953	388	277
Some college, no degree	136	150	82	255	237	912	296	265	217
Associate degree	49	51	44	70	98	195	172	92	92
Bachelor's degree	152	43	66	88	80	277	170	142	91
Graduate or professional degree	61	38	52	75	74	256	74	90	139
Percent high school graduate or higher	57.4	55.5	52.2	58.1	63.9	71.0	66.5	83.1	83.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	14.7	7.1	9.4	9.8	8.3	13.2	9.8	19.7	23.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	333	503	626	672	333	240	371	311	427
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 814	1 645	1 537	1 712	1 332	1 349	1 451	1 283	1 000
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 248	2 205	1 911	2 239	1 957	1 713	1 959	1 633	2 034
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>									
Persons 5 years and over	1 959	1 800	1 859	2 449	2 520	5 379	3 659	1 763	1 469
Same house	1 018	769	965	1 074	1 448	2 094	1 808	985	606
Different house in United States	936	1 010	888	1 362	1 072	3 285	1 845	778	857
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	593	575	647	788	705	1 912	1 124	502	606
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	114	184	65	277	204	561	281	65	173
Different MSA/PMSA	85	113	37	131	81	376	193	152	47
Not in an MSA/PMSA	144	138	139	166	82	436	247	59	31
Abroad	5	21	6	13	—	—	6	—	6
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>									
Urban population	2 095	1 967	2 018	2 621	2 712	5 701	3 955	1 882	1 554
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 476	1 416	1 621	1 582	2 284	3 648	2 764	1 240	1 224
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>									
Workers 16 years and over	861	730	809	965	1 153	2 674	1 885	1 010	771
Car, truck, or van	750	660	684	885	1 103	2 582	1 795	974	736
Drive alone	607	568	496	642	926	2 165	1 444	895	632
Carpooled	143	92	188	243	177	417	351	79	104
Public transportation (including taxicab)	8	13	12	12	12	—	21	28	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	8	13	12	6	12	—	9	18	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	88	22	90	33	8	51	43	—	16
Other means	15	17	12	18	9	9	6	—	5
Worked at home	—	18	11	17	23	32	20	8	14
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.12	1.09	1.17	1.17	1.09	1.09	1.11	1.04	1.09
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.8	14.3	13.2	14.7	15.3	15.8	15.9	16.3	15.9
<b>Departure time for work:</b>									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	38	55	28	87	67	77	136	38	49
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	156	144	240	164	332	686	554	191	170
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	330	184	229	258	372	994	459	371	293
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	51	63	77	126	85	310	183	89	93
All other times	286	266	224	313	274	575	533	313	152
Worked in MSA of residence	821	692	781	907	1 084	2 488	1 714	946	660
Evansville city, IN	101	129	62	84	165	526	245	181	99
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	7	—	7	—	7	21	40	32	15
Boonville city, IN	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	—	—	15	—	14	28	18	30	—
Mount Vernon city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Remainder of Posey County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson city, KY	645	538	609	786	834	1 728	1 276	590	489
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	68	25	76	37	64	185	135	107	57
Worked outside MSA of residence	40	38	28	58	69	186	171	64	111
Princeton city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	7
Union County, KY	9	10	7	15	15	37	86	18	41
Owensboro city, KY	—	7	—	7	—	34	6	7	23
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Webster County, KY	10	13	5	12	—	58	32	16	16
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Worked elsewhere	21	8	9	24	54	57	42	18	24

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city Henderson County, KY— Con.		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt 1)	Tract 209 (pt 1)	Tract 206.01 (pt 1)	Tract 206.02 (pt 1)	Tract 207.01 (pt 1)	Tract 207.02 (pt 1)	Tract 208 (pt 1)	Tract 209 (pt 1)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	216	1 224	70	25	2 356	4 382	4 058	6 208
Native	216	1 216	67	25	2 349	4 328	4 038	6 207
Foreign born	—	8	3	—	7	54	20	1
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	196	1 114	70	25	2 182	4 103	3 790	5 780
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak a language other than English	—	31	—	—	54	72	59	66
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	6	12	11
Speak Spanish	—	20	—	—	35	22	9	23
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	6	29	3
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	61	360	17	—	589	1 284	1 014	1 560
Preprimary school	6	51	—	—	19	56	40	82
Public school	6	33	—	—	7	26	21	75
Elementary or high school	37	246	—	—	467	898	802	1 251
Public school	37	229	—	—	409	791	686	1 148
College	18	63	17	—	103	330	172	227
Public college	—	51	7	—	94	263	155	212
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	128	696	40	19	1 510	2 726	2 572	3 880
Less than 9th grade	5	61	—	—	211	436	222	517
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24	144	9	19	261	328	421	579
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	78	286	—	—	526	912	1 153	1 631
Some college, no degree	—	159	4	—	244	510	380	693
Associate degree	12	24	—	—	102	158	138	201
Bachelor's degree	—	7	18	—	79	183	160	183
Graduate or professional degree	9	15	—	—	87	199	98	76
Percent high school graduate or higher	77.3	70.5	77.5	—	68.7	72.0	75.0	71.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.0	3.2	45.0	—	11.0	14.0	10.0	6.7
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	278	535	—	—	231	280	312	354
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 171	2 254	—	—	1 894	1 335	1 946	1 752
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 455	1 817	1 059	—	2 339	2 050	2 046	2 282
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	196	1 114	70	25	2 182	4 103	3 790	5 780
Same house	167	661	8	8	1 232	2 446	2 238	3 515
Different house in United States	29	433	62	17	950	1 637	1 540	2 265
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	25	262	14	—	365	651	423	850
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	—	129	23	17	282	617	645	1 044
Different MSA/PMSA	4	38	3	—	140	287	192	178
Not in an MSA/PMSA	—	24	22	—	163	82	280	193
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	20	12	—
<b>URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE</b>								
Urban population	216	1 224	—	—	202	—	—	359
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	188	1 046	—	—	37	—	—	292
Rural population	—	—	70	25	2 154	4 382	4 058	5 849
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	10	8	1 016	2 194	1 403	2 487
On farms	—	—	—	—	126	308	315	497
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	104	507	55	25	1 070	2 056	1 884	2 950
Car, truck, or van	104	495	51	20	1 021	2 017	1 817	2 849
Drove alone	74	423	44	20	871	1 803	1 560	2 483
Carpooled	30	72	7	—	150	214	257	366
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	12
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	12
Subway or elevated railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	—	—	—	14	13	22	31
Other means	—	7	4	—	8	—	6	2
Worked at home	—	5	—	—	23	26	39	56
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.17	1.08	1.07	1.00	1.08	1.06	1.08	1.08
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.4	21.4	12.4	9.7	24.3	21.5	22.3	21.8
<b>Departure time for work:</b>								
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	5	36	3	—	107	125	206	254
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	68	170	9	13	302	657	472	822
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	14	76	17	—	332	662	544	850
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	—	44	9	—	167	138	138	235
All other times	17	176	17	12	230	419	485	733
Worked in MSA of residence	92	459	55	25	915	1 907	1 723	2 559
Evansville city, IN	—	91	10	—	206	310	209	240
Darmstadt town, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN	—	7	—	—	36	32	22	21
Boonville city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Warrick County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mount Vernon city, IN	8	6	—	—	5	21	7	55
Remainder of Posey County, IN	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Henderson city, KY	65	305	41	25	543	1 191	1 089	1 670
Corydon city, KY	—	—	—	—	—	7	9	42
Remainder of Henderson County, KY	19	50	4	—	119	346	387	531
Worked outside MSA of residence	12	48	—	—	155	149	161	391
Princeton city, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Gibson County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Pike County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dubois County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spencer County, IN	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	8
Union County, KY	8	10	—	—	28	37	29	172
Dwensboro city, KY	—	17	—	—	38	31	35	35
Remainder of Owensboro, KY MSA	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
Webster County, KY	4	9	—	—	11	34	41	73
Knox County, IN	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	—	12	—	—	50	47	50	103



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over .....	215 587	182 739	19 392	129 641	100 083	33 706	32 848	32 848	20 071
In labor force .....	141 159	119 701	12 709	83 887	63 078	23 105	21 458	21 458	12 821
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	65.5	65.5	65.5	64.7	63.0	68.5	65.3	65.3	63.9
Civilian labor force .....	140 954	119 529	12 696	83 754	62 965	23 079	21 425	21 425	12 789
Employed .....	132 407	112 550	12 058	78 494	58 474	21 998	19 857	19 857	11 710
Unemployed .....	8 547	6 979	638	5 260	4 491	1 081	1 568	1 568	1 079
Percent of civilian labor force .....	6.1	5.8	5.0	6.3	7.1	4.7	7.3	7.3	8.4
Not in labor force .....	74 428	63 038	6 683	45 754	37 005	10 601	11 390	11 390	7 250
Institutionalized persons .....	4 273	3 796	221	2 989	2 811	586	477	477	477
Enrolled in school .....	8 809	7 472	802	5 190	3 725	1 480	1 337	1 337	692
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	32 044	27 522	2 658	21 185	17 559	3 679	4 522	4 522	3 205
Females 16 years and over .....	114 843	97 422	10 033	69 956	54 802	17 433	17 421	17 421	11 049
In labor force .....	65 326	55 685	5 420	40 011	30 585	10 254	9 641	9 641	6 065
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	56.9	57.2	54.0	57.2	55.8	58.8	55.3	55.3	54.9
Civilian labor force .....	65 296	55 655	5 420	39 989	30 563	10 246	9 641	9 641	6 065
Employed .....	61 812	52 919	5 106	37 956	28 815	9 857	8 893	8 893	5 525
Unemployed .....	3 484	2 736	314	2 033	1 748	389	748	748	540
Percent of civilian labor force .....	5.3	4.9	5.8	5.1	5.7	3.8	7.8	7.8	8.9
With own children under 6 years .....	16 736	14 119	1 725	9 658	7 330	2 736	2 617	2 617	1 598
In labor force .....	11 172	9 431	1 063	6 624	4 909	1 744	1 741	1 741	1 078
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	20 676	17 107	2 045	11 039	7 995	4 023	3 569	3 569	1 978
In labor force .....	15 916	13 234	1 538	8 788	6 415	2 908	2 682	2 682	1 534
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	23 076	19 651	2 391	13 510	10 240	3 750	3 425	3 425	2 057
All parents present in household in labor force .....	14 656	12 556	1 411	8 808	6 485	2 337	2 100	2 100	1 309
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	45 550	37 963	4 730	24 625	17 650	8 608	7 587	7 587	4 262
All parents present in household in labor force .....	33 022	27 625	3 251	18 368	13 081	6 006	5 397	5 397	3 127
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	15 544	13 101	1 384	8 903	6 621	2 814	2 443	2 443	1 407
Not enrolled in school .....	3 769	3 073	349	2 175	1 836	549	696	696	447
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	1 618	1 299	162	942	860	195	319	319	202
Not high school graduate .....	1 812	1 475	173	1 049	917	253	337	337	232
Employed .....	699	580	71	398	331	111	119	119	92
Unemployed .....	496	392	56	276	246	60	104	104	65
Not in labor force .....	616	503	46	375	340	82	113	113	75
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	132 407	112 550	12 058	78 494	58 474	21 998	19 857	19 857	11 710
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	13 554	11 710	1 135	8 415	5 773	2 160	1 844	1 844	1 105
Professional specialty occupations .....	15 876	13 796	1 132	10 050	7 006	2 614	2 080	2 080	1 323
Technicians and related support occupations .....	5 296	4 776	520	3 218	2 315	841	520	520	317
Sales occupations .....	16 018	14 085	1 104	10 098	7 577	2 883	1 933	1 933	1 250
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	19 926	17 140	1 761	12 374	9 180	3 005	2 786	2 786	1 797
Private household occupations .....	245	195	47	134	121	14	50	50	44
Protective service occupations .....	1 664	1 385	157	1 104	875	124	279	279	179
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	16 225	13 824	1 364	10 167	8 494	2 293	2 401	2 401	1 532
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	2 099	1 633	499	771	461	363	466	466	114
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	16 743	13 866	1 790	8 701	6 044	3 375	2 877	2 877	1 519
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	12 200	9 640	1 049	6 589	5 246	2 002	2 560	2 560	1 430
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	6 416	5 311	642	3 453	2 675	1 216	1 105	1 105	508
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	6 145	5 189	661	3 420	2 707	1 108	956	956	592
Construction .....	7 563	6 513	744	4 220	2 762	1 549	1 050	1 050	500
Manufacturing .....	30 340	25 024	3 741	16 316	11 863	4 967	5 316	5 316	2 974
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	8 928	7 434	854	5 355	3 863	1 225	1 494	1 494	937
Wholesale and retail trade .....	31 409	27 472	2 243	19 820	15 458	5 409	3 937	3 937	2 530
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	7 053	6 232	543	4 392	3 184	1 297	821	821	514
Business and repair services .....	5 619	4 878	438	3 476	2 621	964	741	741	454
Professional and related services .....	29 379	25 285	2 200	18 581	14 030	4 504	4 094	4 094	2 530
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	132 407	112 550	12 058	78 494	58 474	21 998	19 857	19 857	11 710
Private wage and salary workers .....	111 902	95 462	10 030	66 928	50 152	18 504	16 440	16 440	9 775
Government workers .....	12 096	10 091	1 094	7 284	5 388	1 713	2 005	2 005	1 259
Local government workers .....	7 056	6 090	564	4 465	3 343	1 061	966	966	613
Self-employed workers .....	7 967	6 652	868	4 078	2 793	1 706	1 315	1 315	657
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	152 046	129 012	13 977	90 131	67 668	24 904	23 034	23 034	13 683
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	118 084	99 774	10 877	69 589	52 269	19 308	18 310	18 310	10 836
50 to 52 weeks .....	86 545	73 494	8 177	50 692	37 413	14 625	13 051	13 051	7 815
40 to 49 weeks .....	12 282	10 302	956	7 425	5 853	1 921	1 980	1 980	1 235
27 to 39 weeks .....	7 354	6 176	683	4 316	3 462	1 177	1 178	1 178	699
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	16 800	14 574	1 521	10 439	7 510	2 614	2 226	2 226	1 368
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	174 952	147 750	16 222	102 597	77 349	28 931	27 202	27 202	15 937
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	7 106	5 864	618	4 404	3 692	1 242	1 242	1 242	760
With a mobility limitation .....	3 558	2 860	340	2 017	1 746	503	698	698	437
In labor force .....	621	568	73	412	334	83	53	53	31
With a self-care limitation .....	5 036	4 218	455	3 257	2 660	506	818	818	483
With a work disability .....	14 008	11 117	1 106	8 083	6 837	1 928	2 891	2 891	1 824
Prevented from working .....	5 146	4 259	362	3 133	2 521	764	887	887	582
No work disability .....	7 734	5 943	673	4 297	3 842	973	1 791	1 791	1 126
Na work disability .....	160 944	136 633	15 116	94 514	70 512	27 003	24 311	24 311	14 113
In labor force .....	131 910	111 946	12 056	78 054	58 343	21 836	19 964	19 964	11 797
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	36 157	31 021	2 936	23 922	19 810	4 163	5 136	5 136	3 625
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	7 582	6 423	551	5 109	4 489	763	1 159	1 159	809
With a mobility limitation .....	5 933	5 005	435	3 910	3 458	660	928	928	673
With a self-care limitation .....	3 993	3 292	295	2 623	2 294	374	701	701	465
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers .....	9 682	8 172	684	6 234	5 176	1 254	1 510	1 510	1 029
Mean family income (dollars) .....	19 593	20 732	21 606	20 296	19 302	22 423	13 431	13 431	12 643
1 worker .....	21 144	17 710	2 189	12 341	9 770	3 180	3 434	3 434	2 137
Mean family income (dollars) .....	33 254	34 143	31 139	34 465	32 167	34 965	28 665	28 665	26 591
2 or more workers .....	46 408	39 155	4 480	26 281	18 668	8 394	7 253	7 253	4 070
Mean family income (dollars) .....	46 531	47 085	46 310	46 294	42 169	49 973	43 540	43 540	43 505



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 201	Tract 1097	Tract 28
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	4 255	2 031	1 732	3 523	2 348	3 073	2 430	4 593	3 228	1 958
In labor force	2 826	1 203	1 187	2 538	1 628	1 772	1 555	3 665	2 181	1 159
Percent of persons 16 years and over	66.4	59.2	68.5	72.0	69.3	57.7	64.0	79.8	67.6	59.2
Civilian labor force	2 825	1 200	1 187	2 538	1 619	1 772	1 555	3 642	2 181	1 159
Employed	2 721	1 130	1 140	2 402	1 523	1 671	1 471	3 511	1 933	1 065
Unemployed	104	70	47	136	96	101	84	131	248	94
Percent of civilian labor force	3.7	5.8	4.0	5.4	5.9	5.7	5.4	3.6	11.4	8.1
Not in labor force	1 429	828	545	985	720	1 301	875	928	1 047	799
Institutionalized persons	24	63	—	—	—	134	—	—	—	89
Enrolled in school	144	93	69	142	125	156	73	151	89	37
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	631	273	204	375	248	542	385	424	417	468
Females 16 years and over	2 206	1 045	838	1 770	1 199	1 667	1 308	2 239	1 769	1 120
In labor force	1 219	456	472	1 120	694	761	698	1 680	1 088	537
Percent of females 16 years and over	55.3	43.6	56.3	63.3	57.9	45.7	53.4	75.0	61.5	47.9
Civilian labor force	1 219	456	472	1 120	694	761	698	1 669	1 088	537
Employed	1 157	438	460	1 044	639	707	661	1 630	994	471
Unemployed	62	18	12	76	55	54	37	39	94	66
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	3.9	2.5	6.8	7.9	7.1	5.3	2.3	8.6	12.3
With own children under 6 years	423	155	162	361	209	210	205	316	358	62
In labor force	250	79	108	266	139	99	122	240	233	48
With own children 6 to 17 years only	420	203	218	384	253	362	205	453	351	153
In labor force	311	146	151	298	189	282	161	394	317	117
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	607	223	186	513	311	288	263	441	569	87
All parents present in household in labor force	350	94	113	379	204	117	154	314	376	60
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 061	437	504	974	500	733	521	978	781	306
All parents present in household in labor force	674	270	322	739	364	507	375	845	652	246
Persons 16 to 19 years	262	150	107	300	171	240	154	313	253	81
Not enrolled in school	88	48	17	56	29	56	55	33	78	35
Unemployed or not in labor force	24	25	12	20	20	46	15	12	42	17
Not high school graduate	55	32	12	20	10	44	—	19	42	22
Employed	38	11	5	7	—	10	—	11	—	12
Unemployed	12	—	7	13	10	14	—	—	13	10
Not in labor force	5	21	—	—	—	20	—	8	29	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 721	1 130	1 140	2 402	1 523	1 671	1 471	3 511	1 933	1 065
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	212	75	59	303	180	187	119	478	93	78
Professional specialty occupations	286	48	126	233	94	175	170	587	153	118
Technicians and related support occupations	97	91	27	96	127	162	117	176	45	36
Sales occupations	183	75	99	273	195	95	184	544	275	126
Administrative support occupations including clerical	432	169	162	336	244	228	190	597	263	160
Private household occupations	15	6	—	13	8	—	5	8	9	—
Protective service occupations	11	44	7	21	13	16	45	77	28	6
Service occupations, except protective and household	308	139	145	279	109	187	197	319	292	138
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	177	64	60	45	97	43	13	45	20	31
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	474	188	186	361	197	230	154	211	273	152
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	220	143	119	184	93	166	124	231	236	132
Transportation and material moving occupations	169	48	51	117	103	89	65	159	109	57
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	137	40	99	141	63	93	88	79	137	31
Construction	250	66	73	128	63	115	49	106	108	70
Manufacturing	664	403	334	795	519	543	483	610	426	326
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	221	71	79	171	83	123	106	277	103	44
Wholesale and retail trade	481	137	247	548	291	304	235	1 008	620	231
Finance, insurance, and real estate	88	50	61	105	84	86	69	209	69	57
Business and repair services	91	36	59	77	34	55	86	120	96	46
Professional and related services	564	181	189	445	215	281	325	870	367	207
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 721	1 130	1 140	2 402	1 523	1 671	1 471	3 511	1 933	1 065
Private wage and salary workers	2 162	928	965	2 119	1 233	1 375	1 248	2 855	1 692	938
Government workers	268	140	50	165	89	206	176	431	168	96
Local government workers	124	75	—	103	36	144	82	242	80	70
Self-employed workers	271	60	109	111	180	90	47	225	73	31
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 013	1 388	1 311	2 732	1 808	2 012	1 713	3 823	2 204	1 257
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 453	1 103	1 005	2 047	1 379	1 612	1 278	2 992	1 715	980
50 to 52 weeks	1 813	838	825	1 520	1 084	1 192	905	2 338	1 239	746
40 to 49 weeks	269	77	74	216	75	108	137	263	188	81
27 to 39 weeks	156	64	38	101	58	143	123	222	82	40
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	274	105	126	317	189	258	252	478	236	89
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 546	1 663	1 510	3 105	2 061	2 345	1 992	4 053	2 773	1 331
With a mobility or self-care limitation	125	51	73	104	67	79	119	53	224	94
With a mobility limitation	69	31	28	35	26	65	86	26	120	44
In labor force	—	2	—	—	—	7	48	19	34	12
With a self-care limitation	86	30	57	91	55	51	85	43	184	84
With a work disability	219	101	111	203	69	190	213	168	308	140
In labor force	76	38	28	80	6	51	83	119	128	55
Prevented from working	127	52	68	105	63	139	119	41	157	76
No work disability	3 327	1 562	1 399	2 902	1 992	2 155	1 779	3 885	2 465	1 191
In labor force	2 696	1 133	1 141	2 415	1 583	1 669	1 419	3 430	2 015	1 049
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	684	302	222	418	278	594	438	517	455	538
With a mobility or self-care limitation	109	66	14	52	39	208	63	46	122	108
With a mobility limitation	81	58	14	52	29	164	37	46	102	91
With a self-care limitation	53	49	7	10	25	99	52	17	70	54
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	141	57	52	74	85	159	116	113	157	66
Mean family income (dollars)	21 008	17 848	16 630	23 036	22 304	24 108	21 559	27 497	16 456	19 376
Worker	507	273	187	341	269	337	275	370	410	134
Mean family income (dollars)	28 289	31 526	27 981	31 910	42 140	29 304	28 685	33 404	17 878	26 012
or more workers	971	414	467	935	605	584	504	1 182	644	383
Mean family income (dollars)	44 859	37 899	43 417	48 104	51 280	47 408	48 130	50 480	36 429	40 006

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38.04	Tract 101	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 1	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 2.02	Tract 3
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	3 101	3 757	3 308	2 396	2 054	4 280	1 829	3 605	1 928	3 818
In labor force	1 958	2 731	2 315	1 611	1 469	3 211	1 128	2 897	1 111	2 127
Percent of persons 16 years and over	63.1	72.7	70.0	67.2	71.5	75.0	61.7	80.4	57.6	55.7
Civilian labor force	1 958	2 722	2 309	1 611	1 469	3 211	1 128	2 874	1 105	2 127
Employed	1 803	2 522	2 225	1 538	1 447	3 136	1 055	2 777	1 079	1 991
Unemployed	155	200	84	73	22	75	73	97	26	136
Percent of civilian labor force	7.9	7.3	3.6	4.5	1.5	2.3	6.5	3.4	2.4	6.4
Not in labor force	1 143	1 026	993	785	585	1 069	701	708	817	1 691
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	144	—
Enrolled in school	81	112	154	111	78	193	34	120	32	711
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	577	411	415	371	228	484	412	348	462	656
Females 16 years and over	1 562	1 979	1 849	1 408	1 057	2 207	998	1 739	1 154	2 208
In labor force	833	1 327	1 138	817	674	1 490	531	1 327	609	1 130
Percent of females 16 years and over	53.3	67.1	61.5	58.0	63.8	67.5	53.2	76.3	52.8	51.2
Civilian labor force	833	1 327	1 138	817	674	1 490	531	1 316	609	1 130
Employed	791	1 257	1 098	790	667	1 432	513	1 284	602	1 059
Unemployed	42	70	40	27	7	58	18	32	7	71
Percent of civilian labor force	5.0	5.3	3.5	3.3	1.0	3.9	3.4	2.4	1.1	6.3
With own children under 6 years	158	323	390	197	138	422	148	219	64	200
In labor force	80	243	258	84	112	341	99	157	44	147
With own children 6 to 17 years only	300	423	303	135	247	504	87	308	142	194
In labor force	217	327	238	135	203	397	64	283	123	161
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	269	399	540	196	220	612	232	298	107	283
All parents present in household in labor force	140	275	336	81	167	493	169	197	74	205
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	593	744	795	297	459	1 066	196	708	284	321
All parents present in household in labor force	471	557	551	257	393	853	134	621	214	262
Persons 16 to 19 years	162	300	218	93	159	299	55	264	60	721
Not enrolled in school	73	121	39	8	—	26	12	25	9	57
Unemployed or not in labor force	23	30	11	8	—	—	—	4	—	32
Not high school graduate	7	51	18	8	—	—	12	11	—	32
Employed	7	28	13	—	—	—	12	11	—	6
Unemployed	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	6
Not in labor force	—	23	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	20
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 803	2 522	2 225	1 538	1 447	3 136	1 055	2 777	1 079	1 991
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	171	101	300	201	202	373	101	347	78	185
Professional specialty occupations	159	186	343	230	188	509	19	441	107	239
Technicians and related support occupations	84	78	106	99	113	164	55	155	50	61
Sales occupations	157	396	426	255	248	393	125	479	154	350
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	185	483	316	233	221	442	191	458	234	303
Private household occupations	20	—	—	—	6	—	9	8	—	—
Protective service occupations	32	18	22	21	7	67	—	56	7	50
Service occupations, except protective and household	197	522	192	172	124	279	164	275	91	270
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	8	17	18	—	—	44	6	29	—	9
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	287	289	225	160	192	370	127	155	154	201
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	252	166	155	70	34	305	99	191	63	125
Transportation and material moving occupations	117	156	64	52	51	91	57	138	62	103
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	134	110	58	45	61	99	102	45	79	95
Construction	155	139	81	65	122	130	65	97	86	61
Manufacturing	503	387	394	303	305	838	244	461	203	286
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	130	195	133	73	158	215	67	199	50	152
Wholesale and retail trade	431	832	583	386	308	646	313	841	268	635
Finance, insurance, and real estate	49	155	153	89	88	231	40	158	77	88
Business and repair services	122	137	99	104	94	113	49	85	62	44
Professional and related services	293	583	670	382	274	793	183	737	247	556
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 803	2 522	2 225	1 538	1 447	3 136	1 055	2 777	1 079	1 991
Private wage and salary workers	1 574	2 283	1 889	1 304	1 176	2 684	960	2 278	904	1 770
Government workers	158	132	246	166	133	243	53	331	123	142
Local government workers	136	71	138	75	101	168	25	158	80	90
Self-employed workers	64	107	77	68	132	209	36	168	52	79
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 051	2 931	2 470	1 732	1 569	3 415	1 193	3 015	1 148	2 796
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 633	2 363	1 930	1 452	1 139	2 796	956	2 331	933	1 757
50 to 52 weeks	1 162	1 712	1 409	1 117	944	2 251	698	1 873	742	976
40 to 49 weeks	181	268	230	169	110	205	181	181	76	164
27 to 39 weeks	140	199	121	75	49	171	54	171	52	182
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	189	275	298	100	246	342	129	389	101	416
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 508	3 273	2 768	2 010	1 773	3 760	1 324	3 183	1 240	3 096
With a mobility or self-care limitation	105	127	83	98	34	84	114	53	51	72
With a mobility limitation	66	81	30	37	21	44	57	26	21	7
In labor force	—	8	—	13	6	7	13	19	7	—
With a self-care limitation	64	83	63	79	19	59	64	43	30	72
With a work disability	165	286	115	139	62	208	143	155	88	166
In labor force	39	88	67	56	20	111	47	106	39	47
Prevented from working	114	179	48	56	23	84	82	41	42	89
No work disability	2 343	2 987	2 653	1 871	1 711	3 552	1 181	3 028	1 152	2 930
In labor force	1 903	2 570	2 129	1 547	1 396	3 064	988	2 717	990	2 018
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	593	475	534	379	281	520	505	399	538	722
With a mobility or self-care limitation	121	93	106	96	22	89	106	46	60	225
With a mobility limitation	108	54	76	58	11	78	74	46	32	168
With a self-care limitation	32	61	68	65	16	69	56	17	35	139
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	202	116	128	121	109	117	130	97	115	189
Mean family income (dollars)	14 612	13 173	13 711	15 480	35 363	32 583	15 789	26 634	18 726	18 947
1 worker	313	401	430	230	185	422	180	189	178	300
Mean family income (dollars)	24 396	19 359	43 358	17 275	46 940	34 826	20 826	32 954	32 632	27 132
2 or more workers	553	871	776	427	558	1 225	388	887	333	448
Mean family income (dollars)	35 662	36 051	56 256	44 062	50 172	54 391	34 135	49 910	40 184	40 364



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN—Con									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10 97 (pt)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	1 962	1 770	1 650	2 385	5 055	3 228	2 236	1 975	2 037	1 972
In labor force	1 122	1 046	1 075	1 526	3 473	2 181	1 477	1 287	1 290	1 059
Percent of persons 16 years and over	57.2	59.1	65.2	64.0	68.7	67.6	66.1	65.2	63.3	53.7
Civilian labor force	1 122	1 046	1 075	1 526	3 473	2 181	1 477	1 287	1 284	1 059
Employed	1 071	981	1 064	1 454	3 299	1 933	1 298	1 051	1 129	917
Unemployed	51	65	11	72	174	248	179	236	155	142
Percent of civilian labor force	4.5	6.2	1.0	4.7	5.0	11.4	12.1	18.3	12.1	13.4
Not in labor force	840	724	575	859	1 582	1 047	759	688	747	913
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	97
Enrolled in school	140	70	76	113	147	89	93	86	119	74
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	473	505	366	469	876	417	354	266	274	439
Females 16 years and over	1 077	997	879	1 295	2 745	1 769	1 254	1 005	1 084	1 163
In labor force	559	515	506	724	1 710	1 088	719	610	654	549
Percent of females 16 years and over	51.9	51.7	57.6	55.9	62.3	61.5	57.3	60.7	60.3	47.2
Civilian labor force	559	515	506	724	1 710	1 088	719	610	654	549
Employed	543	504	499	703	1 602	994	635	525	593	472
Unemployed	16	11	7	21	108	94	84	85	61	77
Percent of civilian labor force	2.9	2.1	1.4	2.9	6.3	8.6	11.7	13.9	9.3	14.0
With own children under 6 years	171	94	87	203	411	358	208	166	149	131
In labor force	122	74	48	160	297	233	155	90	92	63
With own children 6 to 17 years only	119	94	145	169	437	351	242	167	238	121
In labor force	92	75	132	131	365	317	136	147	190	91
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	201	143	136	294	466	569	329	270	228	210
All parents present in household in labor force	148	112	69	225	324	376	201	137	149	105
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	227	176	305	458	853	781	645	467	540	289
All parents present in household in labor force	140	88	259	364	681	652	354	354	377	180
Persons 16 to 19 years	89	72	107	158	313	253	198	156	199	127
Not enrolled in school	13	9	27	25	132	78	54	62	47	58
Unemployed or not in labor force	13	—	—	11	33	42	9	47	24	47
Not high school graduate	6	—	—	4	29	42	36	33	33	39
Employed	—	—	—	4	10	—	27	3	9	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	19	13	9	30	4	14
Not in labor force	6	—	—	—	—	29	—	—	20	25
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 071	981	1 064	1 454	3 299	1 933	1 298	1 051	1 129	917
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	172	174	103	77	398	93	95	98	75	20
Professional specialty occupations	201	241	270	116	328	153	107	105	109	89
Technicians and related support occupations	35	42	34	61	107	45	51	58	49	47
Sales occupations	171	191	147	158	423	275	121	117	91	72
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	175	124	219	298	641	263	145	111	146	116
Private household occupations	7	—	—	—	—	9	—	7	—	11
Protective service occupations	6	3	6	21	86	28	18	26	14	33
Service occupations, except protective and household	108	84	103	204	399	292	285	202	273	252
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	7	6	—	16	22	20	5	14	14	19
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	82	69	86	166	253	273	123	68	119	76
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	48	29	41	210	369	236	160	106	97	109
Transportation and material moving occupations	47	11	45	66	101	109	82	42	84	21
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	12	7	10	61	172	137	106	97	58	52
Construction	30	31	68	103	158	108	69	41	43	29
Manufacturing	149	178	179	276	641	426	342	204	199	176
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	90	38	63	149	216	103	56	59	122	63
Wholesale and retail trade	245	180	203	327	968	620	297	233	289	235
Finance, insurance, and real estate	83	77	55	65	204	69	48	44	30	15
Business and repair services	41	22	54	72	81	96	90	22	53	51
Professional and related services	360	379	390	300	715	367	257	284	292	220
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 071	981	1 064	1 454	3 299	1 933	1 298	1 051	1 129	917
Private wage and salary workers	906	775	862	1 244	2 707	1 692	1 095	935	934	795
Government workers	79	82	132	145	448	168	128	107	147	92
Local government workers	58	42	94	97	346	80	83	75	76	65
Self-employed workers	86	118	64	58	136	73	52	—	35	30
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 273	1 173	1 183	1 629	3 727	2 204	1 462	1 228	1 360	1 105
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	945	844	964	1 270	2 939	1 715	1 108	960	974	783
50 to 52 weeks	660	601	671	943	2 176	1 239	697	645	643	528
40 to 49 weeks	130	109	136	186	382	188	142	81	149	68
27 to 39 weeks	54	53	86	70	141	82	157	85	54	37
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week 40 to 52 weeks	163	190	116	159	420	236	191	91	197	158
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 411	1 178	1 252	1 860	4 089	2 773	1 826	1 683	1 710	1 342
With a mobility or self-care limitation	20	42	30	96	149	224	166	277	90	120
With a mobility limitation	13	5	24	41	63	120	59	172	32	33
In labor force	—	5	5	6	19	34	15	37	—	14
With a self-care limitation	7	37	24	91	111	184	130	169	70	96
With a work disability	74	53	69	137	330	308	157	355	135	210
In labor force	18	22	19	55	164	128	80	113	23	69
Prevented from working	49	26	36	74	166	157	62	235	83	130
No work disability	1 337	1 125	1 183	1 723	3 759	2 465	1 669	1 328	1 575	1 132
In labor force	1 026	951	1 024	1 423	3 219	2 015	1 341	1 156	1 223	903
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	551	592	398	525	966	455	410	292	321	533
With a mobility or self-care limitation	103	53	71	122	150	122	135	107	91	174
With a mobility limitation	69	53	49	96	134	102	120	79	59	125
With a self-care limitation	70	11	40	58	45	70	48	35	67	94
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	129	113	97	120	276	157	137	110	167	132
Mean family income (dollars)	32 908	38 178	40 065	18 684	16 814	16 456	6 719	10 385	10 097	9 051
1 worker	231	177	141	247	400	282	282	254	249	191
Mean family income (dollars)	52 906	45 261	45 594	21 497	32 384	17 878	17 117	35 704	15 302	15 843
2 or more workers	313	341	343	501	1 127	644	389	243	306	258
Mean family income (dollars)	58 379	50 115	58 940	34 285	36 877	36 429	33 009	31 781	36 715	28 705



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over .....	1 894	965	1 275	873	1 592	1 765	1 486	1 117	1 986	2 928
In labor force .....	1 206	421	720	228	850	862	1 040	729	1 173	1 828
Percent of persons 16 years and over .....	63.7	43.6	56.5	26.1	53.4	48.8	70.0	65.3	59.1	62.4
Civilian labor force .....	1 193	421	720	228	850	852	1 040	729	1 173	1 828
Employed .....	1 005	306	662	217	739	718	938	706	1 080	1 714
Unemployed .....	188	115	58	11	111	134	102	23	93	114
Percent of civilian labor force .....	15.8	27.3	8.1	4.8	13.1	15.7	9.8	3.2	7.9	6.2
Not in labor force .....	688	544	555	645	742	903	446	388	813	1 100
Institutionalized persons .....	—	155	—	520	67	273	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school .....	93	37	9	—	41	30	32	20	37	54
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school .....	388	190	298	44	269	335	206	227	453	700
Females 16 years and over .....	1 019	595	672	375	869	968	790	598	1 110	1 580
In labor force .....	614	183	326	88	430	377	506	338	549	901
Percent of females 16 years and over .....	60.3	30.8	48.5	23.5	49.5	38.9	64.1	56.5	49.5	57.0
Civilian labor force .....	603	183	326	88	430	377	506	338	549	901
Employed .....	538	156	306	84	369	345	471	331	500	847
Unemployed .....	65	27	20	4	61	32	35	7	49	54
Percent of civilian labor force .....	10.8	14.8	6.1	4.5	14.2	8.5	6.9	2.1	8.9	6.0
With own children under 6 years .....	77	92	44	11	122	94	140	79	168	172
In labor force .....	73	39	36	11	93	67	69	39	86	140
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	166	71	24	4	124	87	154	82	181	186
In labor force .....	147	51	13	4	108	61	126	78	122	173
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies .....	105	179	56	14	152	162	187	157	254	249
All parents present in household in labor force .....	101	81	45	14	105	131	107	72	124	195
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies .....	411	155	75	22	319	247	353	211	368	312
All parents present in household in labor force .....	388	80	62	22	211	195	220	166	247	277
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	124	77	33	21	138	80	76	97	152	110
Not enrolled in school .....	40	26	13	5	55	34	8	38	19	27
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	26	21	—	5	37	7	8	16	7	20
Not high school graduate .....	15	21	—	5	37	34	8	10	—	13
Employed .....	6	—	—	—	—	27	—	10	—	—
Unemployed .....	—	3	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	6
Not in labor force .....	9	18	—	5	37	—	8	—	—	7
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 005	306	662	217	739	718	938	706	1 080	1 714
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	100	25	51	63	91	42	30	29	51	158
Professional specialty occupations .....	107	14	143	27	65	17	42	43	71	76
Technicians and related support occupations .....	24	—	34	11	35	19	23	11	43	30
Sales occupations .....	102	29	113	16	76	52	66	109	72	208
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	105	26	87	12	71	75	139	104	113	327
Private household occupations .....	14	6	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	6
Protective service occupations .....	12	41	17	—	6	—	—	—	21	22
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	203	90	88	35	150	194	245	88	220	216
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	7	—	19	12	—	—	9	10	8	30
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	100	30	31	6	34	75	79	115	178	267
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	105	29	47	13	124	109	88	98	196	246
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	43	16	16	22	43	36	99	51	58	77
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	83	—	16	—	44	90	118	48	49	51
Construction .....	77	—	12	—	17	24	39	23	67	96
Manufacturing .....	212	48	106	37	170	175	212	134	263	531
Transportation, communications, and other utilities .....	79	8	34	29	57	58	77	72	42	124
Wholesale and retail trade .....	234	56	137	57	217	228	358	237	308	415
Finance, insurance, and real estate .....	55	17	34	16	18	4	54	36	23	84
Business and repair services .....	22	16	31	15	33	21	14	34	99	57
Professional and related services .....	231	85	229	33	190	141	141	106	183	304
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	1 005	306	662	217	739	718	938	706	1 080	1 714
Private wage and salary workers .....	821	229	498	193	712	633	834	619	977	1 517
Government workers .....	124	69	81	6	19	31	89	62	53	85
Local government workers .....	75	50	51	6	10	18	30	35	40	51
Self-employed workers .....	60	8	83	18	8	54	15	25	42	104
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	1 184	430	773	389	915	880	1 092	765	1 252	1 946
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	901	319	626	293	734	689	903	593	940	1 547
50 to 52 weeks .....	605	199	465	125	426	384	675	400	676	1 145
40 to 49 weeks .....	70	23	48	36	100	136	106	94	99	144
27 to 39 weeks .....	108	27	26	22	82	51	39	44	49	136
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks .....	107	27	101	20	94	49	120	78	128	194
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	1 455	583	944	305	1 230	1 123	1 245	848	1 495	2 167
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	102	54	73	5	106	111	62	30	71	55
With a mobility limitation .....	27	24	58	5	23	69	27	17	19	19
In labor force .....	7	—	18	—	4	6	—	7	5	6
With a self-care limitation .....	81	43	49	—	87	57	46	13	52	49
With a work disability .....	122	90	208	48	207	216	147	100	153	207
In labor force .....	53	48	57	22	64	62	63	56	63	122
Prevented from working .....	66	42	142	19	137	147	84	36	77	80
No work disability .....	1 333	493	736	257	1 023	907	1 098	748	1 342	1 960
In labor force .....	1 102	336	630	202	760	766	942	642	1 072	1 657
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	426	227	331	48	295	359	241	269	491	761
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	155	102	117	—	94	151	30	80	113	138
With a mobility limitation .....	90	72	97	—	72	130	30	80	101	131
With a self-care limitation .....	89	49	49	—	79	52	24	13	61	49
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers .....	115	92	55	11	106	86	58	59	124	155
Mean family income (dollars) .....	16 107	5 787	15 701	12 330	9 178	9 226	10 822	8 684	12 422	20 432
1 worker .....	184	83	77	25	157	143	184	114	217	306
Mean family income (dollars) .....	20 399	11 868	29 915	40 571	16 005	18 099	16 110	21 072	16 370	26 924
2 or more workers .....	339	76	150	41	234	182	283	203	342	545
Mean family income (dollars) .....	43 369	25 150	56 912	48 594	27 559	25 454	32 580	33 147	33 082	38 846

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt 1)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt 1)	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	1 779	1 883	1 112	1 692	914	3 941	2 272	2 341	3 357	2 676
In labor force	977	1 156	586	1 035	588	2 561	1 431	1 540	1 830	1 882
Percent of persons 16 years and over	54.9	61.4	52.7	61.2	64.3	65.0	63.0	65.8	54.5	70.3
Civilian labor force	970	1 156	586	1 035	588	2 561	1 431	1 540	1 823	1 882
Employed	839	1 020	482	951	553	2 441	1 308	1 444	1 693	1 841
Unemployed	131	136	104	84	35	120	123	96	130	41
Percent of civilian labor force	13.5	11.8	17.7	8.1	6.0	4.7	8.6	6.2	7.1	2.2
Not in labor force	802	727	526	657	326	1 380	841	801	1 527	794
Institutionalized persons	27	81	149	—	—	91	—	—	144	—
Enrolled in school	84	44	19	37	26	54	69	52	104	56
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over not enrolled in school	343	325	150	426	176	779	414	339	779	397
Females 16 years and over	945	1 074	494	963	499	2 143	1 218	1 145	2 059	1 438
In labor force	422	571	260	479	283	1 246	683	652	960	937
Percent of females 16 years and over	44.7	53.2	52.6	49.7	56.7	58.1	56.1	56.9	46.6	65.2
Civilian labor force	422	571	260	479	283	1 246	683	652	960	937
Employed	378	521	189	419	261	1 194	661	623	938	896
Unemployed	44	50	71	60	22	52	22	29	22	41
Percent of civilian labor force	10.4	8.8	27.3	12.5	7.8	4.2	3.2	4.4	2.3	4.4
With own children under 6 years	161	163	68	46	82	309	138	119	257	211
In labor force	78	80	33	35	73	213	102	48	153	183
With own children 6 to 17 years only	157	119	136	140	76	277	265	232	249	201
In labor force	108	119	101	104	57	246	177	166	208	161
Owls children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	263	256	123	71	129	398	222	209	306	201
All parents present in household in labor force	117	92	53	50	117	254	143	87	181	163
Owls children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	415	304	251	268	196	629	516	405	473	482
All parents present in household in labor force	203	254	192	208	157	483	306	301	339	404
Persons 16 to 19 years	130	115	90	81	47	263	164	151	157	178
Not enrolled in school	55	62	51	35	13	118	33	62	56	68
Unemployed or not in labor force	36	42	38	17	—	53	17	23	27	19
Not high school graduate	34	40	39	22	—	27	26	7	21	54
Employed	14	8	7	12	—	12	16	7	10	41
Unemployed	7	16	16	10	—	15	10	—	—	—
Not in labor force	13	16	16	—	—	—	—	—	11	13
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	839	1 020	482	951	553	2 441	1 308	1 444	1 693	1 841
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	25	23	31	67	46	207	87	126	99	141
Professional specialty occupations	12	47	22	112	42	184	68	87	146	261
Technicians and related support occupations	32	—	13	36	23	104	47	56	72	67
Sales occupations	73	117	38	121	84	239	85	118	169	254
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	86	121	30	138	100	509	273	161	417	307
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	24	15	6	20	31	16	32	21	19
Service occupations except protective and household	214	202	155	125	77	298	195	175	248	270
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	12	14	—	31	—	11	8	—	17	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	135	118	48	117	86	325	272	252	220	204
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	146	214	57	132	42	233	99	213	133	183
Transportation and material moving occupations	48	61	30	41	6	152	85	108	73	90
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	56	79	43	25	27	148	73	96	78	45
Construction	60	64	34	52	22	190	130	127	65	81
Manufacturing	244	240	119	295	132	556	262	385	373	409
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	22	39	24	39	34	178	117	101	110	141
Wholesale and retail trade	254	341	136	201	151	619	322	355	395	483
Finance, insurance, and real estate	46	21	5	57	39	113	47	42	151	92
Business and repair services	53	73	36	39	27	94	46	108	101	99
Professional and related services	101	183	71	189	111	496	270	229	382	402
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	839	1 020	482	951	553	2 441	1 308	1 444	1 693	1 841
Private wage and salary workers	778	917	414	834	451	2 127	1 171	1 250	1 466	1 600
Government workers	19	63	56	86	73	221	81	150	121	144
Local government workers	—	41	27	65	42	109	59	128	78	102
Self-employed workers	42	40	7	31	29	93	56	44	106	97
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 124	1 200	720	1 127	579	2 729	1 518	1 639	1 992	2 002
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	877	889	583	881	456	2 117	1 214	1 315	1 577	1 557
50 to 52 weeks	531	549	300	681	344	1 582	836	954	1 138	1 172
40 to 49 weeks	90	124	60	68	48	283	134	152	166	158
27 to 39 weeks	62	68	56	33	31	108	86	92	98	97
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week 40 to 52 weeks	121	161	57	70	61	316	184	135	182	296
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 391	1 449	794	1 206	722	3 006	1 811	1 986	2 326	2 211
With a mobility or self-care limitation	116	155	60	79	32	47	110	80	119	50
With a mobility limitation	78	36	32	38	13	47	57	49	67	31
In labor force	—	6	4	6	—	11	10	—	5	—
With a self-care limitation	64	141	36	69	26	84	56	86	86	32
With a work disability	268	171	136	122	54	217	143	138	260	118
In labor force	36	65	36	41	23	46	41	39	75	33
Prevented from working	204	106	92	72	31	149	98	87	170	50
No work disability	1 123	1 278	658	1 084	668	2 789	1 668	1 848	2 066	2 093
In labor force	923	1 063	531	949	549	2 457	1 343	1 485	1 647	1 781
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	354	353	169	486	192	844	461	355	880	465
With a mobility or self-care limitation	128	157	40	92	53	185	128	74	240	47
With a mobility limitation	101	143	29	75	38	171	109	61	186	27
With a self-care limitation	69	76	30	54	15	66	39	23	125	41
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>										
No workers	115	141	80	66	76	236	103	123	214	96
Mean family income (dollars)	10 247	11 119	10 809	19 376	16 783	20 163	15 764	17 018	21 411	16 424
Worker	219	206	61	119	95	362	249	248	376	214
Mean family income (dollars)	20 754	15 629	14 591	27 767	30 315	28 728	20 029	25 914	24 169	34 085
2 or more workers	273	318	186	326	171	839	441	427	590	729
Mean family income (dollars)	24 309	26 349	26 387	41 056	43 434	37 821	40 781	36 358	37 648	40 864



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37.01	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.01	Tract 38.03	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 947	3 757	2 100	4 069	4 072	4 148	2 181	2 503	1 823
In labor force	1 381	2 731	943	2 530	2 512	3 144	1 494	1 525	1 232
Percent of persons 16 years and over	70.9	72.7	44.9	62.2	61.7	75.8	68.5	60.9	67.6
Civilian labor force	1 381	2 722	937	2 530	2 492	3 144	1 488	1 525	1 232
Employed	1 330	2 522	873	2 387	2 396	3 024	1 429	1 429	1 184
Unemployed	51	200	64	143	96	120	59	96	48
Percent of civilian labor force	3.7	7.3	6.8	5.7	3.9	3.8	4.0	6.3	3.9
Not in labor force	566	1 026	1 157	1 539	1 560	1 004	687	978	591
Institutionalized persons	—	—	552	237	—	—	—	274	—
Enrolled in school	76	112	47	55	176	203	96	61	97
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	247	411	354	662	950	341	344	377	285
Females 16 years and over	1 014	1 979	1 108	2 396	2 334	2 125	1 273	1 436	1 134
In labor force	633	1 327	417	1 254	1 222	1 444	773	753	672
Percent of females 16 years and over	62.4	67.1	37.6	52.4	52.4	68.0	60.7	52.4	59.1
Civilian labor force	633	1 327	417	1 254	1 222	1 444	773	753	672
Employed	611	1 257	394	1 213	1 195	1 408	737	746	644
Unemployed	22	70	23	41	27	36	36	7	27
Percent of civilian labor force	3.5	5.3	5.5	3.3	2.2	2.5	4.7	9	4.0
With own children under 6 years	200	323	88	339	220	430	263	116	174
In labor force	123	243	68	254	131	296	181	96	72
With own children 6 to 17 years only	108	423	170	297	260	469	164	249	93
In labor force	108	327	121	214	166	374	135	223	93
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	237	399	104	439	339	558	341	167	178
All parents present in household in labor force	126	275	82	296	176	371	233	111	73
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	426	744	326	695	556	1 013	477	519	207
All parents present in household in labor force	349	557	224	492	305	748	332	470	184
Persons 16 to 19 years	144	300	100	240	213	237	141	118	55
Not enrolled in school	17	121	30	95	45	47	34	13	8
Unemployed or not in labor force	10	30	22	53	16	16	6	13	8
Not high school graduate	10	51	30	67	26	9	13	13	8
Employed	—	28	8	20	10	—	13	—	—
Unemployed	10	—	13	14	16	—	—	—	8
Not in labor force	—	23	9	33	—	9	—	13	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 330	2 522	873	2 387	2 396	3 024	1 429	1 429	1 184
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	224	101	126	240	398	711	162	127	155
Professional specialty occupations	167	186	137	287	556	770	273	288	221
Technicians and related support occupations	57	78	47	98	121	152	87	70	65
Sales occupations	127	396	98	404	422	456	252	177	219
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	228	483	181	305	348	330	193	298	165
Private household occupations	—	—	—	8	—	7	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	33	18	19	29	5	67	13	13	21
Service occupations, except protective and household	151	522	80	424	212	136	151	164	129
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	13	17	31	24	—	7	14	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	119	289	63	232	159	193	109	124	100
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	60	166	48	182	98	63	112	69	52
Transportation and material moving occupations	73	156	28	111	49	47	29	39	20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	78	110	15	43	28	85	34	60	33
Construction	64	139	34	100	54	67	29	73	28
Manufacturing	287	387	185	373	351	622	257	270	234
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	110	195	72	89	161	166	67	104	61
Wholesale and retail trade	280	832	209	728	637	613	379	295	290
Finance, insurance, and real estate	83	155	25	164	170	291	69	124	89
Business and repair services	58	137	33	104	98	138	68	55	78
Professional and related services	356	583	196	632	764	854	492	470	297
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 330	2 522	873	2 387	2 396	3 024	1 429	1 429	1 184
Private wage and salary workers	1 096	2 283	725	2 082	2 012	2 487	1 178	1 237	1 021
Government workers	98	132	71	178	248	373	182	169	122
Local government workers	71	71	33	97	153	252	111	98	66
Self-employed workers	124	107	70	110	136	164	63	23	41
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 432	2 931	1 083	2 717	2 767	3 364	1 557	1 589	1 320
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 142	2 363	806	1 990	2 104	2 773	1 223	1 183	1 071
50 to 52 weeks	932	1 712	572	1 426	1 622	2 115	837	988	827
40 to 49 weeks	72	268	100	231	247	327	161	87	129
27 to 39 weeks	75	199	50	118	81	142	86	44	63
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	121	275	114	354	329	338	182	242	75
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 627	3 273	1 143	3 109	2 967	3 755	1 725	1 804	1 526
With a mobility or self-care limitation	35	127	32	173	73	52	73	57	31
With a mobility limitation	28	81	24	83	48	5	30	19	19
In labor force	21	8	7	18	—	5	6	—	—
With a self-care limitation	7	83	22	118	48	47	53	44	12
With a work disability	116	286	76	262	193	130	79	85	99
In labor force	70	88	44	79	84	73	42	32	34
Prevented from working	33	179	32	167	102	52	37	34	45
No work disability	1 511	2 987	1 067	2 847	2 774	3 625	1 646	1 719	1 427
In labor force	1 238	2 570	848	2 400	2 295	3 036	1 340	1 451	1 190
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	320	475	399	723	1 085	393	450	425	297
With a mobility or self-care limitation	31	93	69	170	185	44	83	51	74
With a mobility limitation	7	54	43	121	138	—	53	44	49
With a self-care limitation	24	61	54	94	87	44	56	34	52
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers	77	116	101	147	214	103	116	116	95
Mean family income (dollars)	21 068	13 173	38 079	22 742	44 392	47 462	13 711	23 892	15 413
1 worker	190	401	228	409	358	395	297	223	201
Mean family income (dollars)	59 344	19 359	68 303	18 327	50 819	127 273	47 842	27 373	15 541
2 or more workers	499	871	252	745	734	1 081	463	463	278
Mean family income (dollars)	57 459	36 051	47 193	43 138	59 092	62 844	55 453	46 031	39 883



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN						
	Tract 102 02 (pt)	Tract 102 03 (pt)	Tract 2 01 (pt)	Tract 10 97 (pt)	Tract 10 98	Tract 28 (pt)	Tract 32 (pt)	Tract 36 (pt)	Tract 38 04 (pt)
									Tract 101 (pt)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	185	—	988	—	—	266	760	—	1 127
In labor force	144	—	768	—	—	124	418	—	821
Percent of persons 16 years and over	77.8	—	77.7	—	—	46.6	55.0	—	72.8
Civilian labor force	144	—	768	—	—	124	418	—	821
Employed	144	—	734	—	—	114	359	—	796
Unemployed	—	—	34	—	—	10	59	—	25
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	4.4	—	—	8.1	14.1	—	3.0
Not in labor force	41	—	220	—	—	142	342	—	306
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	89	—	—	7
Enrolled in school	—	—	31	—	—	—	29	—	58
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	29	—	76	—	—	42	238	—	71
Females 16 years and over	78	—	500	—	—	157	417	—	576
In labor force	53	—	353	—	—	58	181	—	365
Percent of females 16 years and over	67.9	—	70.6	—	—	36.9	43.4	—	63.4
Civilian labor force	53	—	353	—	—	58	181	—	365
Employed	53	—	346	—	—	52	168	—	361
Unemployed	—	—	7	—	—	6	13	—	4
Percent of civilian labor force	—	—	2.0	—	—	10.3	7.2	—	1.1
With own children under 6 years	13	—	97	—	—	16	39	—	127
In labor force	13	—	83	—	—	13	32	—	77
With own children 6 to 17 years only	17	—	145	—	—	13	68	—	139
In labor force	17	—	111	—	—	13	51	—	103
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	19	—	143	—	—	16	60	—	199
All parents present in household in labor force	19	—	117	—	—	10	53	—	103
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	25	—	270	—	—	38	188	—	318
All parents present in household in labor force	25	—	224	—	—	38	170	—	219
Persons 16 to 19 years	17	—	49	—	—	—	11	—	77
Not enrolled in school	—	—	8	—	—	—	11	—	5
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	5
Not high school graduate	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	5
Employed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	5
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	144	—	734	—	—	114	359	—	796
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	17	—	131	—	—	11	45	—	138
Professional, specialty occupations	10	—	146	—	—	6	72	—	70
Technicians and related support occupations	10	—	21	—	—	—	28	—	19
Sales occupations	11	—	65	—	—	5	39	—	174
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	24	—	139	—	—	22	24	—	123
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	9
Service occupations, except protective and household	35	—	44	—	—	13	22	—	41
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	16	—	—	—	8	—	4
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	12	—	56	—	—	35	35	—	116
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6	—	40	—	—	—	39	—	43
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—	21	—	—	16	9	—	35
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	19	—	34	—	—	6	38	—	24
Construction	—	—	9	—	—	18	28	—	52
Manufacturing	30	—	149	—	—	31	118	—	137
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	26	—	78	—	—	5	29	—	66
Wholesale and retail trade	37	—	167	—	—	30	76	—	204
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7	—	51	—	—	—	7	—	84
Business and repair services	12	—	35	—	—	7	14	—	31
Professional and related services	22	—	133	—	—	18	64	—	178
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	144	—	734	—	—	114	359	—	796
Private wage and salary workers	133	—	577	—	—	104	324	—	711
Government workers	5	—	100	—	—	10	8	—	64
Local government workers	5	—	84	—	—	5	8	—	27
Self-employed workers	6	—	57	—	—	—	20	—	14
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	156	—	808	—	—	130	412	—	913
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	124	—	661	—	—	99	318	—	707
50 to 52 weeks	103	—	465	—	—	65	208	—	572
40 to 49 weeks	10	—	82	—	—	13	29	—	69
27 to 39 weeks	11	—	51	—	—	7	48	—	35
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	23	—	89	—	—	19	54	—	116
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	156	—	870	—	—	125	522	—	1 043
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	15	25	—	10
With a mobility limitation	—	—	—	—	—	6	17	—	18
In labor force	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	13
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	15	8	—	10
With a work disability	6	—	13	—	—	18	27	—	36
In labor force	—	—	13	—	—	14	—	—	25
Prevented from working	—	—	—	—	—	4	27	—	11
Work disability	150	—	857	—	—	107	495	—	1 007
In labor force	144	—	713	—	—	100	418	—	789
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	29	—	118	—	—	52	238	—	84
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	16	47	—	23
With a mobility limitation	—	—	—	—	—	16	47	—	23
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	12
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
Workers	11	—	16	—	—	—	79	—	12
Mean family income (dollars)	30 171	—	32 727	—	—	—	10 866	—	13 720
Worker	—	—	81	—	—	15	65	—	133
Mean family income (dollars)	—	—	34 456	—	—	12 090	18 606	—	33 347
More workers	66	—	295	—	—	57	126	—	313
Mean family income (dollars)	47 550	—	52 195	—	—	33 997	33 301	—	57 444

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 102.01	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 104.02	Tract 104.97	Tract 104.98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	2 515	1 869	4 280	1 025	5 834	14	5 343	1 231	3 733
In labor force	1 778	1 325	3 211	730	4 132	7	3 742	859	2 515
Percent of persons 16 years and over	70.7	70.9	75.0	71.2	70.8	50.0	70.0	69.8	67.4
Civilian labor force	1 778	1 325	3 211	730	4 120	7	3 734	859	2 515
Employed	1 715	1 303	3 136	688	3 956	7	3 575	842	2 441
Unemployed	63	22	75	42	164	—	159	17	74
Percent of civilian labor force	3.5	1.7	2.3	5.8	4.0	—	4.3	2.0	2.9
Not in labor force	737	544	1 069	295	1 702	7	1 601	372	1 218
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	82	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	95	78	193	25	499	—	208	66	169
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	298	199	484	151	605	7	702	139	532
Females 16 years and over	1 272	979	2 207	521	3 103	7	2 685	601	1 859
In labor force	780	621	1 490	346	2 057	7	1 628	359	1 037
Percent of females 16 years and over	61.3	63.4	67.5	66.4	66.3	100.0	60.6	59.7	55.8
Civilian labor force	780	621	1 490	346	2 057	7	1 628	359	1 037
Employed	751	614	1 432	330	1 986	7	1 576	359	1 015
Unemployed	29	7	58	16	71	—	52	—	22
Percent of civilian labor force	3.7	1.1	3.9	4.6	3.5	—	3.2	—	2.1
With own children under 6 years	226	125	422	82	354	—	438	130	251
In labor force	175	99	341	58	268	—	314	92	151
With own children 6 to 17 years only	285	230	504	108	525	—	540	114	331
In labor force	212	186	397	78	420	—	416	62	282
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	289	201	612	117	477	—	605	159	374
All parents present in household in labor force	202	148	493	85	337	—	432	122	213
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	663	434	1 066	265	1 240	—	1 316	352	735
All parents present in household in labor force	500	368	853	168	998	—	926	201	549
Persons 16 to 19 years	181	142	299	59	697	—	376	111	242
Not enrolled in school	26	—	26	24	117	—	83	12	27
Unemployed or not in labor force	16	—	—	—	17	—	26	7	3
Not high school graduate	16	—	—	5	20	—	67	7	4
Employed	—	—	—	5	10	—	49	—	3
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	10	—	13	7	—
Not in labor force	16	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	1
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 715	1 303	3 136	688	3 956	7	3 575	842	2 441
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	298	185	373	78	477	—	458	144	262
Professional specialty occupations	354	178	509	64	627	—	472	62	475
Technicians and related support occupations	48	103	164	37	185	—	177	26	61
Sales occupations	244	237	393	88	516	—	414	84	226
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	248	197	442	87	753	—	572	144	375
Private household occupations	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	7	7
Protective service occupations	23	7	67	33	137	—	50	—	2
Service occupations, except protective and household	81	89	279	99	331	7	378	77	169
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	35	—	44	13	36	—	54	35	65
Precision production, craft and repair occupations	213	180	370	95	494	—	476	125	402
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	61	28	305	50	265	—	248	53	193
Transportation and material moving occupations	55	51	91	36	155	—	166	34	77
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	55	42	99	8	100	—	110	58	127
Construction	103	122	130	85	236	—	353	96	189
Manufacturing	385	275	838	103	816	—	800	215	517
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	115	132	215	49	322	—	238	47	184
Wholesale and retail trade	412	271	646	163	829	—	737	231	500
Finance, insurance, and real estate	108	81	231	33	318	—	127	39	129
Business and repair services	71	82	113	43	103	—	181	40	109
Professional and related services	386	252	793	99	998	7	826	106	606
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 715	1 303	3 136	688	3 956	7	3 575	842	2 441
Private wage and salary workers	1 447	1 043	2 684	513	3 315	—	3 086	716	1 973
Government workers	158	128	243	101	435	7	315	33	250
Local government workers	88	96	168	67	171	7	192	26	174
Self-employed workers	106	126	209	74	206	—	174	89	183
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 937	1 413	3 415	764	4 617	7	3 946	945	2 744
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 456	1 015	2 796	584	3 408	—	3 013	751	2 131
50 to 52 weeks	1 087	841	2 251	436	2 468	—	2 473	549	1 574
40 to 49 weeks	155	100	205	83	296	—	162	95	243
27 to 39 weeks	40	38	171	36	152	—	161	9	94
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week 40 to 52 weeks	287	223	342	75	676	—	549	120	354
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 183	1 617	3 760	850	5 081	7	4 487	1 077	3 142
With a mobility or self-care limitation	37	34	84	22	206	—	26	40	146
With a mobility limitation	4	21	44	—	77	—	18	13	53
In labor force	—	6	7	—	20	—	—	13	13
With a self-care limitation	33	19	59	22	186	—	26	27	125
With a work disability	60	56	208	58	321	—	207	35	167
In labor force	37	20	111	28	154	—	86	22	80
Prevented from working	18	23	84	25	103	—	78	13	58
No work disability	2 123	1 561	3 552	792	4 760	7	4 280	1 042	2 975
In labor force	1 712	1 252	3 064	678	3 912	7	3 510	822	2 377
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	332	252	520	175	659	7	848	154	591
With a mobility or self-care limitation	50	22	89	35	93	—	96	14	113
With a mobility limitation	20	11	78	28	77	—	64	5	74
With a self-care limitation	30	16	69	21	35	—	54	9	61
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
No workers	89	98	117	15	193	—	221	27	165
Mean family income (dollars)	44 774	35 946	32 583	21 384	22 147	—	17 644	12 365	27 334
1 worker	250	185	422	105	316	7	502	111	350
Mean family income (dollars)	72 818	46 940	34 826	30 268	46 352	12 373	39 392	25 968	55 535
2 or more workers	652	492	1 225	258	1 459	—	1 312	325	950
Mean family income (dollars)	65 501	50 524	54 391	45 071	57 805	—	52 790	60 238	66 535



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307 01	Tract 307 02
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	2 493	2 493	460	3 141	2 923	6 167	5 570	2 443
In labor force	1 688	1 660	294	2 035	1 967	3 757	4 276	1 576
Percent of persons 16 years and over	67.7	66.6	63.9	64.8	67.3	60.9	76.8	64.5
Civilian labor force	1 685	1 657	294	2 035	1 959	3 753	4 268	1 576
Employed	1 536	1 579	273	1 855	1 858	3 562	4 146	1 536
Unemployed	149	78	21	180	101	191	122	40
Percent of civilian labor force	8.8	4.7	7.1	8.8	5.2	5.1	2.9	2.5
Not in labor force	805	833	166	1 106	956	2 410	1 294	867
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	228	—	222
Enrolled in school	135	109	24	65	155	226	168	113
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	281	381	19	390	290	1 073	356	257
Females 16 years and over	1 218	1 266	218	1 412	1 412	3 362	2 786	1 312
In labor force	720	715	107	909	795	1 723	1 860	689
Percent of females 16 years and over	59.1	56.5	49.1	55.0	56.3	51.2	66.8	52.5
Civilian labor force	720	715	107	909	787	1 723	1 860	689
Employed	672	687	92	834	779	1 661	1 797	677
Unemployed	48	28	15	75	8	62	63	12
Percent of civilian labor force	6.7	3.9	14.0	8.3	1.0	3.6	3.4	1.7
With own children under 6 years	166	162	48	272	209	439	512	206
In labor force	117	112	21	131	95	265	375	124
With own children 6 to 17 years only	339	275	57	386	354	552	720	311
In labor force	239	195	33	249	252	394	519	242
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	261	206	61	348	247	686	719	252
All parents present in household in labor force	154	144	36	150	128	404	514	138
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	744	575	108	822	749	1 322	1 505	654
All parents present in household in labor force	555	410	37	470	491	968	1 070	480
Persons 16 to 19 years	239	214	47	222	284	431	474	159
Not enrolled in school	74	33	30	66	46	123	107	5
Unemployed or not in labor force	32	9	6	35	—	63	25	5
Not high school graduate	45	9	6	33	15	54	51	5
Employed	13	3	6	9	15	18	32	—
Unemployed	24	—	—	4	—	20	12	—
Not in labor force	8	6	—	20	—	16	7	5
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 536	1 579	273	1 855	1 858	3 562	4 146	1 536
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	81	82	6	117	115	322	397	306
Professional specialty occupations	56	120	21	106	151	331	652	304
Technicians and related support occupations	38	38	—	75	38	135	169	81
Sales occupations	137	174	27	164	138	419	596	230
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	182	228	25	253	217	521	579	234
Private household occupations	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	29	20	—	32	5	—	8	15
Service occupations, except protective and household	258	166	34	236	279	389	336	62
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	98	22	26	38	56	53	18	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	236	291	66	293	335	614	609	177
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	175	235	28	305	262	390	294	37
Transportation and material moving occupations	136	125	33	135	171	160	214	46
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	108	72	7	101	91	228	274	38
Construction	91	65	33	168	150	264	343	70
Manufacturing	433	422	54	531	416	725	861	323
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	104	139	—	102	151	151	241	52
Wholesale and retail trade	300	332	77	441	452	965	956	399
Finance, insurance, and real estate	72	65	13	51	23	179	313	107
Business and repair services	43	96	14	64	65	162	239	41
Professional and related services	202	254	26	311	358	697	989	464
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 536	1 579	273	1 855	1 858	3 562	4 146	1 536
Private wage and salary workers	1 265	1 354	207	1 561	1 572	2 871	3 550	1 336
Government workers	95	125	7	161	131	337	345	123
Local government workers	57	90	—	107	80	225	196	60
Self-employed workers	160	83	59	129	155	343	251	77
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 805	1 791	341	2 206	2 111	4 097	4 564	1 694
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 398	1 412	227	1 703	1 570	3 306	3 474	1 329
50 to 52 weeks	1 004	1 032	159	1 292	1 120	2 386	2 661	1 020
40 to 49 weeks	133	132	28	152	141	349	432	132
27 to 39 weeks	93	118	7	125	97	224	193	67
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	190	199	46	178	238	415	534	176
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 159	2 084	427	2 652	2 596	4 731	5 126	1 943
With a mobility or self-care limitation	59	58	29	66	119	167	156	32
With a mobility limitation	32	39	15	44	78	92	78	18
In labor force	2	16	—	—	6	15	20	—
With a self-care limitation	46	26	14	47	59	109	90	20
With a work disability	177	138	30	172	210	344	280	70
In labor force	58	55	—	60	59	111	125	37
Prevented from working	102	65	22	112	146	200	116	25
No work disability	1 982	1 946	397	2 480	2 386	4 387	4 846	1 873
In labor force	1 577	1 577	280	1 933	1 871	3 511	4 063	1 523
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	331	406	33	432	319	1 204	436	278
With a mobility or self-care limitation	39	91	—	53	71	269	65	42
With a mobility limitation	34	86	—	45	53	244	55	31
With a self-care limitation	35	47	—	27	40	92	28	28
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
a workers	107	102	13	147	134	323	127	71
Mean family income (dollars)	14 420	18 046	22 352	16 238	16 075	22 111	34 527	31 252
worker	279	256	48	419	301	459	443	226
Mean family income (dollars)	27 173	29 101	18 945	23 506	32 168	24 621	49 469	46 009
or more workers	586	579	120	668	701	1 395	1 673	590
Mean family income (dollars)	38 601	43 095	33 651	37 242	40 199	44 653	53 532	69 972



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307.03	Tract 308	Tract 206.01	Tract 206.02	Tract 207.01	Tract 207.02	Tract 208	Tract 209
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	3 722	4 294	4 791	3 017	3 158	4 467	3 202	5 465
In labor force	2 780	3 072	2 910	2 120	2 246	3 046	2 139	3 719
Percent of persons 16 years and over	74.7	71.5	60.7	70.3	71.1	68.2	66.8	68.1
Civilian labor force	2 780	3 072	2 910	2 097	2 246	3 037	2 139	3 718
Employed	2 688	2 965	2 795	1 931	2 107	2 873	2 010	3 520
Unemployed	92	107	115	166	139	164	129	198
Percent of civilian labor force	3.3	3.5	4.0	7.9	6.2	5.4	6.0	5.3
Not in labor force	942	1 222	1 881	897	912	1 421	1 063	1 746
Institutionalized persons	—	79	400	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	243	242	157	75	133	259	167	244
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	219	413	752	414	312	377	320	604
Females 16 years and over	1 925	2 281	2 724	1 636	1 610	2 263	1 600	2 745
In labor force	1 257	1 479	1 387	1 041	983	1 349	854	1 568
Percent of females 16 years and over	65.3	64.8	50.9	63.6	61.1	59.6	53.4	57.1
Civilian labor force	1 257	1 479	1 387	1 041	983	1 349	854	1 568
Employed	1 214	1 444	1 324	927	916	1 301	794	1 456
Unemployed	43	35	63	114	67	48	60	112
Percent of civilian labor force	3.4	2.4	4.5	11.0	6.8	3.6	7.0	7.1
With own children under 6 years	365	357	307	276	288	324	261	477
In labor force	233	271	234	201	177	223	160	316
With own children 6 to 17 years only	607	422	346	314	402	615	371	669
In labor force	418	367	250	253	297	487	281	467
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	472	498	340	378	363	455	350	641
All parents present in household in labor force	305	364	279	259	186	300	206	360
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 262	867	756	688	805	1 196	823	1 433
All parents present in household in labor force	816	709	584	518	549	900	553	976
Persons 16 to 19 years	407	337	283	223	196	410	289	445
Not enrolled in school	32	33	69	62	45	78	71	150
Unemployed or not in labor force	20	—	28	27	12	35	38	51
Not high school graduate	20	15	37	25	29	43	31	55
Employed	—	15	16	10	17	17	4	23
Unemployed	—	—	5	9	7	8	17	7
Not in labor force	20	—	16	6	5	18	10	24
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 688	2 965	2 795	1 931	2 107	2 873	2 010	3 520
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	404	330	289	157	260	388	157	228
Professional specialty occupations	405	468	354	197	256	389	242	243
Technicians and related support occupations	152	115	82	41	68	107	48	40
Sales occupations	547	451	335	197	213	290	166	298
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	377	389	522	293	325	408	160	458
Private household occupations	—	6	—	—	—	—	6	11
Protective service occupations	5	10	61	30	13	31	24	45
Service occupations, except protective and household	179	354	344	210	188	267	174	461
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	13	33	31	11	20	86	144	114
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	290	464	355	277	294	388	335	620
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	133	143	212	243	266	251	291	575
Transportation and material moving occupations	75	121	75	160	137	153	165	264
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	108	81	135	115	67	115	98	163
Construction	124	241	98	54	126	167	148	228
Manufacturing	572	630	597	587	598	699	591	1 093
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	151	134	295	146	168	216	164	191
Wholesale and retail trade	656	831	562	436	395	519	323	638
Finance, insurance, and real estate	287	187	151	92	108	129	57	127
Business and repair services	94	146	123	59	73	99	36	157
Professional and related services	632	571	591	391	456	668	390	602
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 688	2 965	2 795	1 931	2 107	2 873	2 010	3 520
Private wage and salary workers	2 311	2 477	2 318	1 693	1 754	2 270	1 615	2 995
Government workers	179	210	320	192	184	303	196	299
Local government workers	104	142	151	102	67	188	69	130
Self-employed workers	188	261	157	46	169	265	167	215
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 968	3 327	3 171	2 215	2 412	3 354	2 326	3 970
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 291	2 598	2 521	1 841	2 019	2 636	1 866	3 140
50 to 52 weeks	1 876	2 075	1 812	1 393	1 500	1 847	1 341	2 234
40 to 49 weeks	172	250	172	138	230	291	220	319
27 to 39 weeks	83	170	130	99	88	190	114	230
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	297	341	325	184	193	320	253	350
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 474	3 739	3 567	2 527	2 812	4 013	2 805	4 797
With a mobility or self-care limitation	29	127	179	109	114	127	111	218
With a mobility limitation	23	84	116	89	53	53	56	122
In labor force	—	24	—	18	—	—	7	11
With a self-care limitation	17	78	97	42	81	119	61	155
With a work disability	196	311	350	270	292	310	246	521
In labor force	94	165	103	102	122	76	81	138
Prevented from working	57	128	219	168	148	196	139	342
No work disability	3 278	3 428	3 217	2 257	2 520	3 703	2 559	4 276
In labor force	2 657	2 844	2 745	1 942	2 090	2 899	1 998	3 524
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	248	476	824	467	346	445	397	667
With a mobility or self-care limitation	14	119	134	86	42	145	52	177
With a mobility limitation	8	104	100	62	40	105	42	122
With a self-care limitation	6	71	77	56	19	93	32	127
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
No workers	113	117	224	121	137	103	151	191
Mean family income (dollars)	25 567	27 941	16 262	10 541	15 824	10 782	17 959	13 763
1 worker	357	392	276	308	403	448	331	599
Mean family income (dollars)	44 944	40 964	40 171	22 508	33 964	35 432	40 589	24 547
2 or more workers	1 030	1 052	967	729	777	1 188	806	1 268
Mean family income (dollars)	61 980	54 977	46 551	39 573	47 576	48 293	47 556	37 341

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city Henderson County, KY								
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206 01 (pt 1)	Tract 206 02 (pt 1)	Tract 207 01 (pt 1)	Tract 207 02 (pt 1)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>									
Persons 16 years and over	1 682	1 381	1 542	2 022	2 121	4 721	2 992	1 416	1 175
In labor force	1 019	887	913	1 185	1 274	2 855	2 095	1 062	833
Percent of persons 16 years and over	60.6	64.2	59.2	58.6	60.1	60.5	70.0	75.0	70.9
Civilian labor force	1 019	887	913	1 185	1 274	2 855	2 072	1 062	824
Employed	887	737	824	982	1 191	2 740	1 906	1 017	784
Unemployed	132	150	89	203	83	115	166	45	40
Percent of civilian labor force	13.0	16.9	9.7	17.1	6.5	4.0	8.0	4.2	4.9
Not in labor force	663	494	629	837	847	1 866	897	354	342
Institutionalized persons	—	4	—	73	—	400	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	27	33	68	83	91	150	75	50	65
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	437	222	247	406	431	744	414	128	81
Females 16 years and over	945	771	822	1 121	1 184	2 679	1 625	777	609
In labor force	462	422	421	599	555	1 357	1 030	516	419
Percent of females 16 years and over	48.9	54.7	51.2	53.4	46.9	50.7	63.4	66.4	68.8
Civilian labor force	462	422	421	599	555	1 357	1 030	516	419
Employed	405	347	389	517	517	1 294	916	491	405
Unemployed	57	75	32	82	38	63	114	25	14
Percent of civilian labor force	12.3	17.8	7.6	13.7	6.8	4.6	11.1	4.8	3.3
With own children under 6 years	111	144	129	170	130	307	276	119	88
In labor force	87	93	61	119	70	234	201	76	68
With own children 6 to 17 years only	157	165	135	171	224	346	314	211	174
In labor force	134	109	117	123	164	250	253	166	156
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	142	189	170	211	186	340	378	152	99
All parents present in household in labor force	116	86	85	130	93	279	259	73	75
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	300	393	336	429	428	756	688	361	321
All parents present in household in labor force	241	223	223	330	300	584	518	265	277
Persons 16 to 19 years	98	92	124	139	144	283	217	94	94
Not enrolled in school	31	35	62	50	43	69	56	27	26
Unemployed or not in labor force	26	24	23	30	25	28	27	—	—
Not high school graduate	13	24	25	38	17	37	25	17	17
Employed	—	11	13	8	—	16	10	17	17
Unemployed	13	—	6	23	9	5	9	—	—
Not in labor force	—	13	6	7	8	16	6	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	887	737	824	982	1 191	2 740	1 906	1 017	784
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	58	31	104	80	92	269	151	137	172
Professional specialty occupations	128	59	58	74	80	351	197	165	153
Technicians and related support occupations	32	25	12	18	47	82	41	41	19
Sales occupations	81	67	72	91	123	335	197	137	105
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	78	87	102	170	183	522	293	163	131
Private household occupations	—	—	—	22	11	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	12	10	25	22	6	61	30	—	6
Service occupations, except protective and household	185	146	110	194	122	335	210	94	54
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	15	7	20	—	18	31	11	—	5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	85	110	107	100	206	355	269	120	42
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	107	128	154	120	213	193	243	79	38
Transportation and material moving occupations	55	22	17	23	34	75	155	58	14
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	51	45	43	68	56	131	109	23	45
Construction	48	41	46	41	53	95	54	13	46
Manufacturing	185	163	241	201	361	578	579	232	201
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	85	53	59	43	74	295	146	95	62
Wholesale and retail trade	179	179	185	264	257	550	424	228	166
Finance, insurance, and real estate	26	18	37	29	45	151	92	46	34
Business and repair services	32	51	57	13	41	116	59	59	5
Professional and related services	253	148	131	227	237	581	386	276	196
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>									
Employed persons 16 years and over	887	737	824	982	1 191	2 740	1 906	1 017	784
Private wage and salary workers	690	646	665	820	974	2 266	1 673	851	643
Government workers	153	64	106	84	104	320	187	101	86
Local government workers	63	46	41	60	49	151	97	34	55
Self-employed workers	44	27	39	78	108	154	46	65	55
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 068	950	995	1 240	1 333	3 109	2 190	1 150	909
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	785	749	805	903	1 045	2 462	1 827	959	744
50 to 49 weeks	558	443	561	581	781	1 775	1 379	688	505
40 to 39 weeks	98	123	53	102	101	300	138	142	93
27 to 39 weeks	61	37	64	94	71	127	99	44	55
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	128	97	55	154	167	322	184	95	73
<b>DISABILITY</b>									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 198	1 118	1 250	1 487	1 628	3 505	2 502	1 273	1 056
With a mobility or self-care limitation	98	57	77	52	100	179	109	58	10
With a mobility limitation	44	30	38	23	74	116	89	7	5
In labor force	—	—	—	6	—	—	18	7	—
With a self-care limitation	76	40	39	42	66	97	42	51	10
With a work disability	162	137	194	220	189	350	264	117	86
In labor force	61	60	35	49	60	103	96	59	27
Prevented from working	101	65	143	160	110	219	168	49	44
With a work disability	1 036	981	1 056	1 267	1 439	3 155	2 238	1 156	970
In labor force	911	790	833	1 080	1 152	2 690	1 923	988	768
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	484	259	292	462	493	816	467	143	110
With a mobility or self-care limitation	123	58	68	155	119	134	86	17	26
With a mobility limitation	103	52	63	134	105	100	62	17	26
With a self-care limitation	63	41	23	100	70	77	56	12	6
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>									
Workers	135	75	89	149	135	224	121	41	16
Mean family income (dollars)	15 032	8 347	8 087	8 515	15 558	16 262	10 541	16 838	11 677
Worker	160	171	174	279	279	276	308	195	141
Mean family income (dollars)	19 279	25 529	14 969	16 486	28 282	40 171	22 508	31 462	45 629
More workers	254	274	280	397	315	723	723	367	301
Mean family income (dollars)	72 233	30 553	34 296	35 894	36 170	47 052	39 803	48 952	51 905



Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY— Con.		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	166	853	70	25	1 742	3 292	3 036	4 612
In labor force	117	581	55	25	1 184	2 213	2 022	3 138
Percent of persons 16 years and over	70.5	68.1	78.6	100.0	68.0	67.2	66.6	68.0
Civilian labor force	117	581	55	25	1 184	2 213	2 022	3 137
Employed	113	529	55	25	1 090	2 089	1 897	2 991
Unemployed	4	52	—	—	94	124	125	146
Percent of civilian labor force	3.4	9.0	—	—	7.9	5.6	6.2	4.7
Not in labor force	49	272	15	—	558	1 079	1 014	1 474
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	23	27	7	—	83	194	144	217
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	—	95	8	—	184	296	320	509
Females 16 years and over	84	432	45	11	833	1 654	1 516	2 313
In labor force	54	230	30	11	467	930	800	1 338
Percent of females 16 years and over	64.3	53.2	66.7	100.0	56.1	56.2	52.8	57.8
Civilian labor force	54	230	30	11	467	930	800	1 338
Employed	54	190	30	11	425	896	740	1 266
Unemployed	—	40	—	—	42	34	60	72
Percent of civilian labor force	—	17.4	—	—	9.0	3.7	7.5	5.4
With own children under 6 years	11	113	—	—	169	236	250	364
In labor force	4	65	—	—	101	155	156	251
With own children 6 to 17 years only	15	66	—	—	191	441	356	603
In labor force	15	47	—	—	131	331	266	420
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	20	170	—	—	211	356	330	471
All parents present in household in labor force	8	105	—	—	113	225	198	255
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	43	207	—	—	444	875	780	1 226
All parents present in household in labor force	24	142	—	—	284	623	529	834
Persons 16 to 19 years	33	89	—	6	102	316	256	356
Not enrolled in school	10	38	—	6	18	52	61	112
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	19	—	—	12	35	38	32
Not high school graduate	—	19	—	—	12	26	4	23
Employed	—	—	—	—	7	—	17	7
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	5	18	10	5
Not in labor force	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	113	529	55	25	1 090	2 089	1 897	2 991
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	11	20	6	123	216	157	217
Professional specialty occupations	22	36	3	—	91	236	220	207
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	—	—	27	88	48	40
Sales occupations	—	42	—	—	76	185	166	256
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	9	59	—	—	162	277	151	399
Private household occupations	—	11	—	—	—	—	6	—
Protective service occupations	—	7	—	—	13	25	24	38
Service occupations, except protective and household	9	73	9	—	94	213	165	388
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	7	—	—	20	81	144	107
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	10	115	—	8	174	346	325	505
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	49	106	19	—	187	213	242	469
Transportation and material moving occupations	8	47	—	5	79	139	157	217
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6	15	4	6	44	70	92	148
Construction	10	53	3	—	113	121	138	175
Manufacturing	48	188	19	8	366	498	543	905
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	—	22	—	—	73	154	164	169
Wholesale and retail trade	11	87	12	12	167	353	312	551
Finance, insurance, and real estate	9	25	—	—	62	95	48	102
Business and repair services	—	21	7	—	14	94	36	136
Professional and related services	22	73	10	5	180	472	368	529
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	113	529	55	25	1 090	2 089	1 897	2 991
Private wage and salary workers	100	447	52	20	903	1 627	1 515	2 548
Government workers	9	45	—	5	83	217	187	254
Local government workers	—	17	—	5	33	133	69	113
Self-employed workers	4	37	3	—	104	210	163	178
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	138	601	62	25	1 262	2 445	2 188	3 369
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	118	439	59	14	1 060	1 892	1 748	2 701
50 to 52 weeks	72	272	37	14	812	1 342	1 269	1 962
40 to 49 weeks	14	71	5	—	88	198	206	248
27 to 39 weeks	9	38	3	—	44	135	105	192
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	13	80	3	—	98	247	240	270
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	162	758	62	25	1 539	2 957	2 643	4 039
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	14	—	—	56	117	105	204
With a mobility limitation	6	5	—	—	46	48	50	117
In labor force	—	—	—	—	4	—	7	11
With a self-care limitation	6	14	—	—	30	109	55	141
With a work disability	11	94	—	6	175	224	235	427
In labor force	—	32	—	6	63	49	81	106
Prevented from working	11	56	—	—	99	152	128	286
No work disability	151	664	62	19	1 364	2 733	2 408	3 612
In labor force	113	549	55	19	1 102	2 131	1 885	2 975
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	4	95	8	—	203	335	393	572
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	23	—	—	25	119	52	154
With a mobility limitation	—	11	—	—	23	79	42	111
With a self-care limitation	—	17	—	—	7	87	32	110
<b>WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989</b>								
No workers	5	39	—	—	96	87	146	152
Mean family income (dollars)	6 449	11 231	—	—	15 391	10 617	18 354	14 413
1 worker	15	133	—	—	208	307	316	466
Mean family income (dollars)	18 130	24 432	—	—	36 310	30 749	41 655	24 579
2 or more workers	46	162	16	6	410	887	760	1 104
Mean family income (dollars)	40 267	37 740	16 756	11 800	46 344	47 068	47 997	37 282



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.) Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city	
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	108 685	92 193	9 468	66 894	53 058	15 831	16 492	16 492	10 500
Less than \$5 000	7 241	5 742	434	4 783	4 394	525	1 499	1 499	1 152
\$5 000 to \$9 999	11 308	9 468	850	7 559	6 881	1 059	1 840	1 840	1 376
\$10 000 to \$14 999	10 361	8 560	764	6 695	5 990	1 101	1 801	1 801	1 243
\$15 000 to \$24 999	20 666	17 742	1 636	13 353	11 201	2 753	2 924	2 924	1 907
\$25 000 to \$34 999	18 197	15 241	1 562	10 972	8 949	2 707	2 956	2 956	1 707
\$35 000 to \$49 999	20 343	17 443	2 130	11 806	8 638	3 507	2 900	2 900	1 633
\$50 000 to \$74 999	14 286	12 370	1 494	7 926	4 834	2 950	1 916	1 916	1 103
\$75 000 to \$99 999	3 458	3 107	430	1 920	1 014	757	351	351	224
\$100 000 or more	2 825	2 520	168	1 880	1 157	472	305	305	155
Median (dollars)	27 229	27 539	31 530	25 798	22 936	34 069	25 556	25 556	22 085
Mean (dollars)	33 710	34 174	35 027	32 769	29 445	39 602	31 111	31 111	28 796
Families	77 234	65 037	7 353	44 856	33 614	12 828	12 197	12 197	7 236
Median income (dollars)	33 523	34 370	36 333	32 558	29 368	38 375	30 231	30 231	28 359
Males 15 years and over with income	96 906	82 135	9 140	57 209	43 220	15 786	14 771	14 771	8 646
Median income (dollars)	20 340	20 516	23 073	19 496	17 649	23 484	19 100	19 100	17 795
Percent year-round full-time workers	54 3	54 2	59 2	51 8	49 0	60 0	54 9	54 9	52 4
Median income (dollars)	27 852	28 146	30 355	26 902	25 160	31 056	26 648	26 648	26 266
Females 15 years and over with income	99 226	84 558	8 203	61 695	48 745	14 660	14 668	14 668	9 604
Median income (dollars)	9 317	9 506	8 419	9 649	9 279	9 388	8 210	8 210	8 004
Percent year-round full-time workers	34 0	34 1	33 3	34 1	33 2	34 8	33 4	33 4	31 9
Median income (dollars)	16 687	16 812	16 206	16 919	16 526	16 662	16 020	16 020	16 209
Per capita income (dollars)	13 265	13 488	12 879	13 434	12 564	14 037	12 042	12 042	11 828
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	108 685	92 193	9 468	66 894	53 058	15 831	16 492	16 492	10 500
With earnings	85 845	72 679	7 823	51 558	39 666	13 298	13 166	13 166	8 048
Mean earnings (dollars)	34 607	34 945	35 094	33 528	30 246	40 353	32 740	32 740	30 764
With Social Security income	31 250	26 795	2 567	20 464	17 252	3 764	4 455	4 455	3 154
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 858	7 983	7 638	7 995	7 834	8 151	7 111	7 111	6 977
With public assistance income	6 657	5 247	454	4 195	3 893	598	1 410	1 410	1 044
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 456	3 466	4 299	3 380	3 342	3 438	3 417	3 417	3 084
With retirement income	16 399	14 165	1 135	10 859	8 810	2 171	2 234	2 234	1 552
Mean retirement income (dollars)	6 496	6 518	7 221	6 447	6 031	6 503	6 359	6 359	6 033
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	39 519	40 250	39 496	39 426	35 741	43 560	35 624	35 624	34 121
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 650	40 202	39 486	39 214	34 530	43 675	36 835	36 835	35 150
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	39 394	40 294	39 506	39 613	36 773	43 432	34 379	34 379	33 127
Married-couple families (dollars)	43 583	44 409	41 782	44 314	41 004	46 227	39 153	39 153	38 913
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 877	46 563	43 005	47 205	43 489	46 838	42 370	42 370	42 886
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	41 562	42 539	40 551	42 053	39 203	45 552	36 099	36 099	35 617
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	18 296	18 856	18 404	18 326	17 174	22 377	15 338	15 338	15 028
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 320	14 716	15 124	14 102	12 795	18 752	12 344	12 344	11 760
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 264	24 937	24 825	24 654	24 047	26 470	20 397	20 397	20 843
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	77 234	65 037	7 353	44 856	33 614	12 828	12 197	12 197	7 236
Householder worked in 1989	62 391	52 577	6 285	35 335	25 801	10 957	9 814	9 814	5 591
With related children under 18 years	39 665	33 141	3 974	22 197	16 493	6 970	6 524	6 524	3 800
With related children under 5 years	15 597	13 165	1 543	9 155	6 947	2 467	2 432	2 432	1 491
Married-couple families	63 317	53 364	6 529	35 545	25 388	11 290	9 953	9 953	5 503
Householder worked in 1989	52 353	44 061	5 597	28 641	19 934	9 823	8 292	8 292	4 423
With related children under 18 years	30 667	25 656	3 408	16 190	11 126	6 058	5 011	5 011	2 598
With related children under 5 years	12 623	10 677	1 357	7 106	5 028	2 214	1 946	1 946	1 120
Female householder, no husband present	11 063	9 301	630	7 466	6 622	1 205	1 762	1 762	1 423
Householder worked in 1989	7 703	6 535	516	5 170	4 546	849	1 168	1 168	922
With related children under 18 years	7 424	6 172	442	5 005	4 515	725	1 252	1 252	1 036
With related children under 5 years	2 514	2 093	155	1 726	1 643	212	421	421	344
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	38 598	33 469	2 477	27 263	23 641	3 729	5 129	5 129	3 809
Nonfamily householder	31 451	27 156	2 115	22 038	19 444	3 003	4 295	4 295	3 264
65 years and over	13 229	11 331	1 028	9 002	8 054	1 301	1 898	1 898	1 439
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	272 676	230 257	25 679	160 427	121 892	44 151	42 419	42 419	25 381
Persons under 18 years	69 942	58 699	7 199	38 962	28 624	12 538	11 243	11 243	6 499
Related children under 18 years	69 669	58 470	7 186	38 784	28 476	12 500	11 199	11 199	6 469
Related children 5 to 17 years	50 369	42 049	5 224	27 453	19 885	9 372	8 320	8 320	4 712
Persons 65 years and over	36 157	31 021	2 936	23 922	19 810	4 163	5 136	5 136	3 625
Persons 75 years and over	14 179	12 084	1 175	9 470	8 182	1 439	2 095	2 095	1 546
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	6 661	5 133	400	4 089	3 769	644	1 528	1 528	1 078
Percent below poverty level	8 6	7 9	5 4	9 1	11 2	5 0	12 5	12 5	14 9
Householder worked in 1989	3 626	2 819	253	2 149	1 950	417	807	807	528
With related children under 18 years	5 108	3 994	319	3 186	2 988	489	1 114	1 114	787
With related children under 5 years	2 545	2 028	170	1 625	1 533	233	517	517	391
Married-couple families	2 751	2 015	211	1 467	1 241	337	736	736	445
Householder worked in 1989	1 626	1 198	132	836	697	230	428	428	218
With related children under 18 years	1 645	1 198	152	837	724	209	447	447	236
With related children under 5 years	920	710	89	499	432	122	210	210	136
Female householder, no husband present	3 595	2 879	171	2 439	2 350	269	716	716	607
Householder worked in 1989	1 787	1 433	103	1 181	1 126	149	354	354	300
With related children under 18 years	3 219	2 597	149	2 206	2 126	242	622	622	536
With related children under 5 years	1 519	1 237	78	1 057	1 037	102	282	282	245
Unrelated individuals	9 867	8 358	607	6 995	5 839	756	1 509	1 509	1 155
Nonfamily householder	6 798	5 600	466	4 617	4 081	517	1 198	1 198	925
65 years and over	3 279	2 602	273	2 067	1 876	262	677	677	512
Persons	31 086	24 880	1 958	20 016	17 812	2 906	6 206	6 206	4 326
Percent below poverty level	11 4	10 8	7 6	12 5	14 6	6 6	14 6	14 6	17 0
Persons under 18 years	10 476	8 391	644	6 661	6 212	1 086	2 085	2 085	1 441
Related children under 18 years	10 258	8 209	638	6 513	6 094	1 058	2 049	2 049	1 419
Related children 5 to 17 years	6 722	5 313	408	4 164	3 907	741	1 409	1 409	950
Persons 65 years and over	4 482	3 503	346	2 784	2 474	373	979	979	746
Persons 75 years and over	2 205	1 637	171	1 280	1 135	186	568	568	449
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	13 777	11 178	693	9 394	8 241	1 091	2 599	2 599	1 887
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	43 461	34 848	2 871	27 524	24 337	4 453	8 613	8 613	5 834
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	79 983	65 325	6 561	49 268	43 272	9 496	14 658	14 658	9 625

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 201	Tract 10 97	Tract 28
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	2 126	992	794	1 653	1 098	1 538	1 267	2 497	1 668	1 122
Less than \$5,000 .....	103	63	16	35	22	128	67	85	153	89
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	211	103	25	97	46	226	142	156	228	247
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	149	86	69	117	84	163	96	204	240	122
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	441	182	147	237	119	264	246	494	379	219
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	410	188	128	257	215	137	227	384	263	172
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	429	199	265	475	263	287	212	547	272	201
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	264	147	112	311	236	239	185	466	101	36
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	78	19	19	81	101	70	62	129	24	24
\$100,000 or more .....	41	5	13	43	12	24	30	32	8	12
Median (dollars) .....	28 090	28 429	35 577	36 951	38 561	24 444	27 995	32 326	20 432	19 904
Mean (dollars) .....	32 705	31 810	35 963	38 952	42 875	31 108	33 691	36 552	24 082	24 082
Families .....	1 619	744	706	1 350	959	1 080	895	1 565	1 211	583
Median income (dollars) .....	32 580	33 214	36 163	39 643	41 127	37 045	33 459	42 365	24 858	31 563
Males 15 years and over, with income .....	1 999	938	879	1 741	1 140	1 333	1 110	2 293	1 395	812
Median income (dollars) .....	21 167	23 174	24 004	23 287	28 320	23 675	21 250	23 898	16 238	19 135
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	58.8	62.5	64.4	58.2	66.9	57.8	48.3	62.3	48.9	56.8
Median income (dollars) .....	27 079	29 375	27 950	32 636	32 023	32 148	31 731	28 383	22 476	22 985
Females 15 years and over, with income .....	1 741	811	686	1 478	983	1 397	1 107	2 115	1 507	1 029
Median income (dollars) .....	9 467	7 061	7 460	10 069	8 193	7 341	8 750	13 593	8 185	8 105
Percent year-round full-time workers .....	35.7	31.1	37.0	34.3	31.2	30.1	33.3	43.0	37.0	27.7
Median income (dollars) .....	15 369	16 131	15 211	17 161	16 384	15 429	19 606	18 823	13 796	16 083
Per capita income (dollars) .....	11 907	12 060	12 066	13 186	15 377	12 464	13 559	15 424	9 225	11 725
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households .....	2 126	992	794	1 653	1 098	1 538	1 267	2 497	1 668	1 122
With earnings .....	1 724	848	712	1 455	956	1 114	1 014	2 219	1 267	759
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	34 001	29 679	35 217	37 975	41 882	33 958	32 107	35 255	25 533	26 369
With Social Security income .....	563	267	179	376	257	503	422	478	503	469
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 037	7 353	9 096	8 389	8 115	7 438	7 282	8 529	7 060	7 169
With public assistance income .....	87	53	23	60	21	126	84	45	212	64
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	4 313	4 054	4 204	5 628	4 985	3 523	4 506	2 441	2 591	2 729
With retirement income .....	277	76	76	217	110	171	208	306	231	192
Mean retirement income (dollars) .....	5 226	14 499	4 045	6 053	8 363	7 040	9 144	9 831	5 270	4 445
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars) .....	37 593	34 024	37 356	42 640	46 148	38 329	38 712	45 875	27 559	34 454
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	38 105	35 241	35 320	42 291	48 368	35 734	39 993	47 938	25 538	31 206
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	37 030	32 098	39 825	43 086	44 075	41 273	37 599	43 460	30 227	36 540
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	39 671	35 395	38 117	44 790	48 143	42 904	41 018	48 079	33 092	36 677
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	40 419	36 331	37 265	45 971	53 074	43 505	42 829	51 221	34 385	34 768
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	38 850	34 501	39 130	43 416	44 112	42 337	39 447	44 432	31 860	37 803
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	19 812	23 940	16 316	19 594	14 952	16 228	19 871	26 838	12 697	20 265
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	17 633	16 298	19 477	17 669	13 449	10 671	16 351	18 173	11 289	16 865
No own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	21 901	30 233	9 205	27 481	38 000	33 611	23 311	36 421	17 964	24 054
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families .....	1 619	744	706	1 350	959	1 080	895	1 565	1 211	583
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 382	643	609	1 221	835	874	721	1 395	976	480
With related children under 18 years .....	889	377	416	779	478	608	427	849	721	233
With related children under 5 years .....	404	155	137	282	203	183	179	318	306	43
Married-couple families .....	1 437	690	621	1 203	896	894	788	1 396	863	496
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 219	596	532	1 082	775	732	661	1 248	722	417
With related children under 18 years .....	787	337	358	668	418	468	372	755	428	189
With related children under 5 years .....	377	138	130	224	170	150	168	318	143	43
Female householder, no husband present .....	143	31	52	107	49	161	87	139	332	74
Householder worked in 1989 .....	124	25	44	107	46	117	53	117	243	50
With related children under 18 years .....	76	20	44	86	46	122	48	73	287	39
With related children under 5 years .....	24	12	7	50	24	27	11	—	157	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	582	300	107	379	187	506	416	1 141	551	608
Nonfamily householder .....	507	248	88	303	139	458	372	932	457	539
65 years and over .....	265	115	24	127	57	270	170	151	185	304
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	5 801	2 557	2 380	4 833	3 105	3 832	3 171	5 837	4 467	2 217
Persons under 18 years .....	1 683	663	701	1 500	826	1 042	784	1 427	1 383	397
Related children under 18 years .....	1 677	663	701	1 493	826	1 042	784	1 427	1 383	397
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 166	485	554	1 104	569	792	554	1 050	895	340
Persons 65 years and over .....	684	302	222	418	278	594	438	517	455	538
Persons 75 years and over .....	301	127	42	144	102	259	200	174	163	289
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families .....	117	53	22	36	37	90	45	26	178	27
Percent below poverty level .....	7.2	7.1	3.1	2.7	3.9	8.3	5.0	1.7	14.7	4.6
Householder worked in 1989 .....	65	47	22	28	32	41	18	26	104	8
With related children under 18 years .....	68	49	22	28	32	90	30	16	166	6
With related children under 5 years .....	26	18	14	21	24	44	23	9	124	—
Married-couple families .....	88	30	14	15	13	17	34	19	34	21
Householder worked in 1989 .....	53	24	14	7	8	8	18	19	27	8
With related children under 18 years .....	61	26	14	7	8	17	19	9	22	—
With related children under 5 years .....	24	15	14	7	—	17	12	7	144	6
Female householder, no husband present .....	29	5	8	21	24	73	11	7	77	—
Householder worked in 1989 .....	12	5	8	21	24	33	—	7	144	6
With related children under 18 years .....	7	5	8	21	24	33	11	7	144	6
With related children under 5 years .....	2	—	—	14	24	27	11	—	102	—
Unrelated individuals .....	159	73	15	68	40	174	78	244	141	157
Nonfamily householder .....	134	47	9	32	34	150	60	147	110	133
65 years and over .....	80	37	—	5	12	109	30	34	43	61
Persons .....	560	256	84	149	193	481	235	317	793	215
Percent below poverty level .....	9.7	10.0	3.5	3.1	6.2	12.6	7.4	5.4	17.8	9.7
Persons under 18 years .....	151	89	33	33	91	193	54	30	407	14
Related children under 18 years .....	145	89	33	33	91	193	54	30	407	14
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	101	71	19	15	58	117	27	12	187	14
Persons 65 years and over .....	141	39	—	5	22	109	30	34	49	80
Persons 75 years and over .....	69	18	—	5	5	44	30	26	24	47
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	93	146	30	49	40	182	153	117	350	69
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	781	363	221	304	242	608	352	413	1 094	400
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level .....	1 880	722	552	902	468	1 236	801	915	1 912	721



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts BNA's in Vanderburgh County IN—Con						Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38 04	Tract 101	Tract 102 02	Tract 102 03	Tract 1	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 2 02	Tract 3
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 734	1 955	1 710	1 594	952	2 166	1 038	1 979	1 025	1 616
Less than \$5 000	128	132	98	149	—	38	51	76	54	151
\$5 000 to \$9 999	251	138	132	238	5	71	90	147	77	253
\$10 000 to \$14 999	156	357	96	142	44	179	150	163	130	174
\$15 000 to \$24 999	459	448	233	297	145	381	344	426	256	336
\$25 000 to \$34 999	335	442	288	330	101	307	218	300	166	294
\$35 000 to \$49 999	285	331	375	267	286	477	120	409	201	257
\$50 000 to \$74 999	111	76	328	117	304	510	59	365	111	112
\$75 000 to \$99 999	—	—	55	54	48	100	6	83	30	32
\$100 000 or more	9	31	105	—	19	103	—	10	—	7
Median (dollars)	21 164	22 191	35 244	23 792	42 111	39 179	20 880	30 998	24 719	21 278
Mean (dollars)	24 163	27 443	43 096	25 909	45 464	42 942	23 544	34 727	28 258	24 753
Families	1 068	1 388	1 334	778	852	1 764	698	1 173	626	937
Median income (dollars)	25 750	25 446	40 240	30 794	44 605	44 611	25 185	42 426	30 893	28 426
Males 15 years and over with income	1 456	1 682	1 424	973	967	1 996	811	1 825	747	1 543
Median income (dollars)	17 244	15 129	27 319	24 098	29 225	26 657	16 842	23 202	20 030	13 125
Percent year-round full-time workers	49.9	51.7	58.0	65.6	61.1	71.3	45.9	61.8	42.0	34.8
Median income (dollars)	25 571	21 523	31 855	27 273	35 110	30 750	21 467	27 210	28 487	25 486
Females 15 years and over with income	1 319	1 768	1 584	1 296	920	1 919	891	1 648	1 019	2 001
Median income (dollars)	8 855	10 249	11 354	9 804	12 119	12 555	9 306	14 244	12 219	5 914
Percent year-round full-time workers	33.0	47.6	36.4	37.0	37.7	43.1	35.9	45.3	42.0	21.9
Median income (dollars)	13 970	14 247	17 346	19 952	20 058	19 071	16 133	19 033	17 321	16 532
Per capita income (dollars)	10 660	11 238	16 308	14 376	16 261	15 967	10 816	15 106	13 468	9 822
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 734	1 955	1 710	1 594	952	2 166	1 038	1 979	1 025	1 616
With earnings	1 299	1 731	1 409	1 226	817	1 910	748	1 757	727	1 137
Mean earnings (dollars)	26 098	25 456	43 204	28 650	43 499	42 752	24 026	34 012	27 603	25 737
With Social Security income	479	450	414	366	241	368	451	361	391	554
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 715	8 230	7 758	6 111	9 048	9 890	8 059	8 646	8 756	8 699
With public assistance income	133	101	90	20	27	27	63	27	38	123
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 199	3 200	3 294	2 838	1 986	2 968	2 687	2 188	3 866	4 393
With retirement income	277	281	228	155	187	273	248	213	208	292
Mean retirement income (dollars)	5 284	4 403	10 660	7 358	12 695	6 356	3 776	9 137	7 891	6 702
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	28 379	29 317	48 016	31 697	47 575	48 264	27 286	45 253	34 095	31 808
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 282	31 064	41 996	32 178	46 751	51 151	27 340	49 100	33 720	31 946
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 460	27 389	54 585	38 373	48 249	44 902	27 257	41 197	34 326	31 706
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 306	33 416	56 521	40 776	48 493	52 006	29 009	47 574	33 511	35 458
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 370	37 504	54 345	37 677	47 271	55 556	29 856	52 677	36 552	38 459
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 750	29 258	58 353	42 007	49 543	47 832	28 525	42 121	31 744	33 799
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 630	14 525	18 120	14 241	34 600	21 916	20 563	28 431	38 957	17 793
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 368	10 267	13 693	11 975	35 561	20 077	11 244	18 091	18 547	16 117
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 375	20 933	29 393	20 900	34 146	24 030	23 196	36 421	52 563	20 684
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	1 068	1 388	1 334	778	852	1 764	698	1 173	626	937
Householder worked in 1989	788	1 153	1 153	613	710	1 548	486	1 038	445	682
With related children under 18 years	512	754	728	359	401	977	278	607	254	414
With related children under 5 years	151	278	333	189	126	367	145	222	69	198
Married-couple families	814	1 053	1 024	503	792	1 536	555	1 026	536	716
Householder worked in 1989	611	878	909	419	662	1 370	391	913	369	531
With related children under 18 years	374	557	495	143	384	843	202	535	212	255
With related children under 5 years	137	225	244	98	126	345	118	222	59	134
Female householder, no husband present	162	248	266	260	53	187	118	117	80	188
Householder worked in 1989	110	188	200	179	41	137	78	95	66	128
With related children under 18 years	93	149	196	201	17	107	59	51	32	126
With related children under 5 years	14	46	72	91	—	14	22	—	5	47
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	784	721	480	909	121	453	370	993	455	875
Nonfamily householder	666	567	376	816	100	402	340	806	399	679
65 years and over	222	132	192	247	41	141	152	126	194	241
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 938	4 811	4 540	2 831	2 660	5 793	2 248	4 477	2 156	3 351
Persons under 18 years	897	1 178	1 347	493	698	1 693	438	1 006	405	618
Related children under 18 years	884	1 151	1 347	493	691	1 693	428	1 006	405	611
Related children 5 to 17 years	650	808	932	317	503	1 172	262	756	323	393
Persons 65 years and over	593	475	534	379	281	520	505	399	538	722
Persons 75 years and over	247	90	163	174	89	88	174	148	201	333
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	107	140	97	153	—	30	53	17	27	60
Percent below poverty level	10.0	10.1	7.3	19.7	—	1.7	7.6	1.4	4.3	6.4
Householder worked in 1989	18	102	42	107	—	23	23	17	13	24
With related children under 18 years	44	122	91	143	—	21	30	7	13	45
With related children under 5 years	—	57	31	67	—	14	12	—	6	29
Married-couple families	51	73	6	—	—	24	29	10	27	16
Householder worked in 1989	—	49	—	—	—	17	6	10	13	9
With related children under 18 years	13	55	—	—	—	15	6	—	13	9
With related children under 5 years	—	35	—	—	—	8	—	—	6	9
Female householder, no husband present	56	67	91	153	—	6	24	7	—	44
Householder worked in 1989	18	53	42	107	—	6	17	7	—	15
With related children under 18 years	31	67	91	143	—	6	24	7	—	36
With related children under 5 years	—	22	31	67	—	6	12	—	—	20
Unrelated individuals	180	175	73	160	12	63	75	228	67	309
Nonfamily householder	124	89	61	116	5	50	45	138	54	207
65 years and over	59	53	42	84	—	14	15	34	29	50
Persons	494	632	333	565	12	179	221	268	140	471
Percent below poverty level	12.5	13.1	7.3	20.0	.5	3.1	9.8	6.0	6.5	14.1
Persons under 18 years	103	258	146	217	7	59	42	12	21	77
Related children under 18 years	90	231	146	217	—	59	32	12	21	77
Related children 5 to 17 years	90	142	92	151	—	20	22	12	13	33
Persons 65 years and over	137	78	54	91	—	14	27	34	41	58
Persons 75 years and over	67	30	22	64	—	—	6	26	21	38
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	230	300	130	252	7	84	41	101	65	271
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	709	906	475	766	77	293	323	335	246	701
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 476	2 020	1 189	1 058	234	806	873	745	537	1 184



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 106	988	873	1 271	2 669	1 668	1 247	1 096	1 013	1 096
Less than \$5,000	69	23	27	12	89	153	276	188	166	198
\$5,000 to \$9,999	113	93	80	205	281	228	225	229	129	247
\$10,000 to \$14,999	97	52	86	136	299	240	131	154	135	190
\$15,000 to \$24,999	274	168	162	374	611	379	224	262	201	232
\$25,000 to \$34,999	125	172	78	215	513	263	154	115	170	84
\$35,000 to \$49,999	144	240	188	234	647	272	143	69	107	96
\$50,000 to \$74,999	178	145	168	74	205	101	54	68	94	32
\$75,000 to \$99,999	52	57	31	21	11	24	31	—	11	7
\$100,000 or more	54	38	53	—	13	8	—	—	—	10
Median (dollars)	25 000	33 654	35 156	22 301	25 706	20 432	14 410	14 167	17 817	12 279
Mean (dollars)	41 895	38 838	43 734	25 743	28 082	24 082	20 396	22 928	22 163	17 372
Families	673	631	581	868	1 803	1 211	808	607	722	581
Median income (dollars)	41 458	41 708	39 125	25 902	31 166	24 858	19 635	17 129	19 891	16 556
Males 15 years and over, with income	820	779	743	1 072	2 249	1 395	883	884	873	768
Median income (dollars)	22 328	26 161	22 434	16 863	18 631	16 238	15 644	11 071	10 956	9 500
Percent year-round full-time workers	48.2	43.3	56.8	46.1	51.4	48.9	41.0	39.5	40.2	41.1
Median income (dollars)	33 350	35 462	30 455	20 617	24 857	22 476	22 917	19 795	22 443	16 923
Females 15 years and over, with income	999	932	817	1 057	2 457	1 507	1 079	851	951	1 032
Median income (dollars)	11 980	11 707	11 583	10 837	10 307	8 185	7 370	8 054	8 824	6 263
Percent year-round full-time workers	26.5	28.3	30.5	42.5	41.5	37.0	31.0	34.8	30.7	20.5
Median income (dollars)	19 306	23 077	19 556	17 515	16 528	13 796	13 044	14 107	17 056	14 167
Per capita income (dollars)	19 839	18 381	18 616	10 754	12 012	9 225	8 194	9 608	8 302	7 861
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	1 106	988	873	1 271	2 669	1 668	1 247	1 096	1 013	1 096
With earnings	795	685	673	971	2 115	1 267	882	831	725	697
Mean earnings (dollars)	36 274	35 472	44 116	26 156	27 808	25 533	21 884	19 242	25 126	19 648
With Social Security income	474	455	301	360	797	503	407	286	307	421
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 644	9 081	7 704	8 863	8 310	7 060	7 196	7 258	6 344	7 037
With public assistance income	23	12	19	80	126	212	163	205	174	215
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 071	3 711	7 993	3 996	2 648	2 591	2 610	3 684	5 426	2 333
With retirement income	279	233	173	199	437	231	135	123	149	229
Mean retirement income (dollars)	6 207	7 488	6 316	5 956	6 342	5 270	4 302	4 786	4 605	5 003
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	51 618	46 616	52 550	28 489	32 809	27 559	23 005	29 545	23 174	20 011
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	56 858	40 929	54 194	26 049	29 990	25 538	19 128	18 675	20 823	13 695
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	47 793	49 160	51 351	30 452	35 073	30 227	27 526	43 113	25 524	25 199
Married-couple families (dollars)	56 609	49 751	59 113	30 622	36 040	33 092	30 059	42 819	29 500	26 433
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	64 155	44 101	62 603	29 903	34 404	31 385	28 626	29 432	31 875	26 296
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	51 323	52 202	56 671	31 117	37 229	31 860	31 213	50 865	27 893	26 49
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	23 597	28 114	21 126	19 394	19 542	12 697	7 802	11 346	11 850	12 258
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 146	25 905	18 456	15 622	15 854	11 289	5 945	10 786	8 629	6 917
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 358	29 506	23 600	25 123	23 813	17 964	12 495	13 333	19 422	22 939
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	673	631	581	868	1 803	1 211	808	607	722	581
Householder worked in 1989	464	463	446	693	1 407	976	573	416	486	349
With related children under 18 years	296	195	263	405	841	721	476	375	437	324
With related children under 5 years	169	95	84	185	379	306	215	159	128	131
Married-couple families	568	532	476	696	1 373	863	482	333	441	297
Householder worked in 1989	405	393	363	541	1 092	722	398	222	294	206
With related children under 18 years	234	161	206	299	603	428	232	141	205	112
With related children under 5 years	143	91	62	142	286	143	128	99	57	25
Female householder, no husband present	99	88	79	136	341	332	268	200	248	198
Householder worked in 1989	53	59	57	120	226	243	135	132	173	101
With related children under 18 years	56	34	46	85	196	287	211	168	223	164
With related children under 5 years	20	4	22	35	66	157	87	30	62	96
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	515	405	403	476	1 034	551	531	677	434	631
Nonfamily householder	433	357	292	403	866	457	439	489	291	511
65 years and over	218	219	137	216	309	185	217	137	128	27
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 294	2 065	2 035	3 045	6 279	4 467	3 145	2 625	2 767	2 341
Persons under 18 years	435	326	446	752	1 337	1 383	1 017	743	834	521
Related children under 18 years	435	319	446	752	1 326	1 383	1 008	743	834	521
Related children 5 to 17 years	258	189	330	530	923	895	705	533	635	341
Persons 65 years and over	551	592	398	525	966	455	410	292	321	53
Persons 75 years and over	248	278	203	220	340	163	148	123	112	241
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	20	8	21	51	128	178	259	177	223	201
Percent below poverty level	3.0	1.3	3.6	5.9	7.1	14.7	32.1	29.2	30.9	35.4
Householder worked in 1989	7	8	15	45	43	104	98	90	87	91
With related children under 18 years	11	8	15	51	96	166	197	141	163	161
With related children under 5 years	11	4	15	22	53	124	99	57	56	81
Married-couple families	16	—	6	29	49	34	51	58	65	41
Householder worked in 1989	7	—	—	23	27	27	20	43	12	11
With related children under 18 years	7	—	—	29	36	22	20	38	13	1
With related children under 5 years	7	—	—	15	11	22	20	20	9	—
Female householder, no husband present	4	8	15	22	79	144	189	97	145	121
Householder worked in 1989	—	8	15	22	16	77	68	33	70	51
With related children under 18 years	4	8	15	22	60	144	158	81	145	121
With related children under 5 years	4	4	15	7	42	102	79	23	42	7
Unrelated individuals	134	67	75	84	149	141	143	288	120	241
Nonfamily householder	79	36	61	63	101	110	116	163	56	19
65 years and over	15	15	27	44	46	43	61	38	48	91
Persons	175	82	120	241	558	793	1 013	895	831	831
Percent below poverty level	7.6	4.0	5.9	7.9	8.9	17.8	32.2	34.1	30.0	35.4
Persons under 18 years	9	14	17	78	174	407	491	327	344	28
Related children under 18 years	9	7	17	78	174	407	482	327	344	28
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	4	—	58	101	187	309	270	247	17
Persons 65 years and over	29	15	40	44	58	49	96	46	90	12
Persons 75 years and over	16	9	28	27	21	24	27	11	35	4
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	139	23	26	41	204	350	730	414	454	311
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	245	113	155	425	833	1 094	1 314	1 160	969	98
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	466	257	396	1 161	1 762	1 912	1 699	1 589	1 355	1 48

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	937	495	908	206	834	931	813	616	1 039	1 652
Less than \$5 000	87	173	209	14	158	203	69	78	107	83
\$5 000 to \$9 999	146	159	190	45	188	224	111	113	213	169
\$10 000 to \$14 999	88	68	67	19	152	144	116	75	136	280
\$15 000 to \$24 999	219	54	163	23	190	217	244	145	218	353
\$25 000 to \$34 999	150	28	145	37	53	87	152	91	171	307
\$35 000 to \$49 999	100	6	49	43	61	32	67	83	168	342
\$50 000 to \$74 999	103	—	31	15	24	24	46	28	19	104
\$75 000 to \$99 999	28	—	—	4	—	—	8	—	—	—
\$100 000 or more	16	7	54	6	8	—	—	3	7	14
Median (dollars)	21 227	6 536	14 302	27 857	12 305	11 659	19 290	17 727	17 832	23 361
Mean (dollars)	26 979	10 803	26 142	28 353	16 710	14 421	22 331	21 298	20 721	26 079
Families	638	251	282	77	497	411	525	376	683	1 006
Median income (dollars)	27 375	7 705	23 158	35 060	18 048	17 415	21 971	23 333	22 868	30 517
Males 15 years and over with income	793	337	592	374	644	781	662	489	842	1 295
Median income (dollars)	17 104	7 232	10 625	6 282	10 291	7 768	15 363	13 750	13 971	19 312
Percent year-round full-time workers	42 9	34 7	45 9	19 5	35 7	27 4	61 8	46 0	45 4	50 0
Median income (dollars)	25 556	22 303	24 516	21 812	14 583	15 902	18 697	20 491	19 120	25 581
Females 15 years and over with income	897	543	639	313	767	886	703	539	986	1 424
Median income (dollars)	8 888	4 981	7 393	5 290	6 374	5 470	9 932	7 940	7 415	10 649
Percent year-round full-time workers	29 5	15 1	30 2	16 6	25 6	19 2	37 8	32 5	29 8	34 9
Median income (dollars)	14 421	12 143	19 338	21 848	16 635	14 189	13 526	15 257	13 824	15 770
Per capita income (dollars)	10 264	5 836	16 764	9 126	6 994	6 651	9 209	9 126	8 563	12 511
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	937	495	908	206	834	931	813	616	1 039	1 652
With earnings	680	238	552	142	522	532	642	454	703	1 194
Mean earnings (dollars)	27 768	13 825	29 074	28 521	20 190	17 981	23 355	22 161	22 090	26 059
With Social Security income	356	194	364	68	350	402	198	244	462	599
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 411	5 344	6 479	6 963	6 379	6 287	6 749	6 723	7 051	8 198
With public assistance income	44	140	87	6	125	144	100	45	137	56
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 481	3 751	2 874	3 600	2 823	3 558	2 685	3 482	3 363	5 545
With retirement income	162	44	88	33	96	149	88	94	163	418
Mean retirement income (dollars)	7 696	6 991	3 938	7 968	4 488	2 719	6 890	3 946	4 110	6 441
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	31 830	13 661	41 503	40 809	19 989	19 499	24 404	25 647	24 021	32 383
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 916	10 456	53 005	27 206	18 009	17 863	20 344	27 011	22 610	29 868
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 772	17 703	36 199	44 663	21 929	20 947	31 276	24 680	25 380	33 809
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 338	16 408	44 000	55 555	23 381	22 778	28 119	27 450	28 084	34 017
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 930	22 871	77 979	36 000	22 898	21 764	25 865	34 433	28 127	33 184
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 417	12 691	30 122	58 814	23 811	23 706	32 523	22 544	28 048	34 382
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	23 405	8 834	15 695	23 114	10 505	12 866	21 256	14 890	13 192	20 846
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 378	8 015	6 278	22 410	5 545	5 501	11 015	7 169	9 121	19 873
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 094	10 610	25 762	23 436	16 853	19 371	34 601	21 067	17 715	24 448
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All income levels in 1989</b>										
Families	638	251	282	77	497	411	525	376	683	1 006
Householder worked in 1989	449	124	219	58	320	257	441	297	468	742
With related children under 18 years	298	158	104	17	270	213	370	171	365	396
With related children under 5 years	58	88	54	7	119	100	167	75	144	145
Married-couple families	442	63	200	42	342	249	322	269	483	823
Householder worked in 1989	308	28	162	37	229	180	291	241	342	601
With related children under 18 years	179	23	66	6	175	126	216	119	239	283
With related children under 5 years	20	23	41	—	95	56	130	40	93	118
Female householder, no husband present	158	171	60	35	114	113	152	90	171	127
Householder worked in 1989	103	79	35	21	62	47	109	42	104	114
With related children under 18 years	99	135	38	11	74	66	123	47	104	100
With related children under 5 years	38	65	13	7	19	23	26	35	40	27
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	409	326	740	191	427	622	415	275	450	761
Nonfamily householder	299	244	626	129	337	520	288	240	356	646
65 years and over	136	162	230	38	135	226	113	92	213	288
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 388	1 127	1 433	382	1 927	1 862	2 016	1 449	2 554	3 458
Persons under 18 years	540	357	166	36	427	574	378	378	641	578
Related children under 18 years	534	357	166	36	485	427	574	368	636	578
Related children 5 to 17 years	452	200	112	27	343	280	412	244	441	375
Persons 65 years and over	426	227	331	48	295	359	241	269	491	761
Persons 75 years and over	186	111	178	26	124	173	93	125	234	352
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	64	127	42	6	99	104	99	71	155	11
Percent below poverty level	10 0	50 6	14 9	7 8	19 9	25 3	18 9	18 9	22 7	1 1
Householder worked in 1989	41	47	26	—	58	50	66	38	78	6
With related children under 18 years	46	110	34	—	89	87	89	40	120	6
With related children under 5 years	13	66	19	—	37	28	51	40	72	6
Married-couple families	18	7	14	—	42	46	34	40	45	5
Householder worked in 1989	12	—	14	—	25	31	34	33	19	—
With related children under 18 years	11	7	6	—	32	38	34	9	32	—
With related children under 5 years	—	7	6	—	18	11	34	9	27	—
Female householder, no husband present	38	115	28	6	57	49	35	31	99	6
Householder worked in 1989	21	42	12	—	33	19	12	5	48	6
With related children under 18 years	35	103	28	—	57	49	35	31	77	6
With related children under 5 years	13	59	13	—	19	17	6	31	34	6
Unrelated individuals	107	142	282	56	214	284	85	81	104	145
Nonfamily householder	72	115	209	26	175	217	57	64	78	100
65 years and over	27	100	77	—	96	101	17	41	48	49
Persons	300	614	409	68	548	669	386	328	577	175
Percent below poverty level	12 6	54 5	28 5	17 8	28 4	35 9	19 1	22 6	22 6	5 1
Persons under 18 years	86	289	75	—	188	221	161	137	224	13
Related children under 18 years	80	289	75	—	188	221	161	127	219	13
Related children 5 to 17 years	57	154	53	—	141	169	108	59	120	6
Persons 65 years and over	54	107	77	6	104	101	25	85	75	60
Persons 75 years and over	12	59	41	6	51	41	11	39	61	15
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	144	433	145	44	225	202	142	190	291	97
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	559	724	517	81	763	854	552	469	746	335
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	941	952	686	155	1 256	1 236	1 057	742	1 240	896



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	944	977	529	1 023	447	2 082	1 183	1 270	1 984	1 254
Less than \$5,000	145	122	94	84	59	102	67	83	202	64
\$5,000 to \$9,999	160	136	140	225	29	191	163	140	327	51
\$10,000 to \$14,999	162	182	68	112	67	217	111	125	283	64
\$15,000 to \$24,999	216	269	89	203	58	483	343	318	445	168
\$25,000 to \$34,999	183	173	81	156	66	515	178	270	271	334
\$35,000 to \$49,999	61	80	45	176	110	318	210	234	278	376
\$50,000 to \$74,999	12	15	12	31	35	217	96	91	143	163
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—	24	17	16	5	—	15	19
\$100,000 or more	5	—	—	12	6	23	10	9	20	15
Median (dollars)	15 134	17 797	13 162	19 832	27 019	25 736	21 758	23 013	17 459	33 500
Mean (dollars)	17 870	18 564	16 401	24 105	29 006	28 257	26 367	25 791	23 203	34 884
Families	607	665	327	511	342	1 437	793	798	1 180	1 039
Median income (dollars)	17 776	19 203	18 450	31 964	32 232	30 193	26 250	29 474	26 698	35 266
Males 15 years and over, with income	797	745	572	713	405	1 734	994	1 122	1 275	1 167
Median income (dollars)	10 961	13 224	8 587	19 419	18 819	18 805	17 418	18 156	17 458	21 383
Percent year-round full-time workers	42.9	38.9	36.5	58.5	45.9	53.1	44.2	54.3	43.5	59.1
Median income (dollars)	15 776	17 845	19 659	22 482	29 643	23 823	25 598	26 168	23 288	24 909
Females 15 years and over, with income	830	951	415	883	427	1 880	1 040	982	1 876	1 263
Median income (dollars)	6 092	6 611	6 007	8 492	8 527	10 278	9 795	9 232	8 633	10 695
Percent year-round full-time workers	22.8	27.2	21.9	29.9	37.0	35.2	38.2	35.1	31.1	38.2
Median income (dollars)	14 236	15 156	15 515	15 855	15 671	16 104	14 049	13 456	16 819	17 079
Per capita income (dollars)	7 101	7 568	7 019	12 219	10 585	12 048	10 509	11 209	11 250	13 159
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	944	977	529	1 023	447	2 082	1 183	1 270	1 984	1 254
With earnings	674	760	355	680	315	1 633	875	1 023	1 292	1 081
Mean earnings (dollars)	18 849	18 655	18 847	26 690	32 780	28 277	27 117	26 446	25 347	32 952
With Social Security income	330	289	150	427	154	711	423	308	786	390
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 994	7 070	6 440	7 244	8 875	9 234	8 018	7 417	7 283	8 819
With public assistance income	143	113	112	64	37	49	62	111	191	37
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 803	2 831	2 599	2 729	2 431	2 603	5 324	4 611	2 651	4 341
With retirement income	132	183	57	174	77	458	251	194	304	263
Mean retirement income (dollars)	3 674	4 052	9 026	4 638	6 805	4 559	4 817	5 919	5 620	4 156
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	20 362	19 799	20 376	35 161	33 867	32 630	31 016	30 131	30 409	37 209
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	17 680	16 510	17 504	31 816	28 615	32 838	28 725	30 923	28 904	38 653
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 199	22 535	25 015	37 243	38 485	32 462	33 070	29 500	31 566	36 265
Married-couple families (dollars)	22 738	21 603	24 894	37 502	37 633	34 202	33 700	33 427	35 147	38 251
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 503	19 831	23 709	35 262	36 376	36 347	31 476	35 559	39 437	40 510
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 910	23 046	26 580	38 803	38 440	32 535	35 524	31 692	32 706	36 762
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 233	15 584	10 639	21 274	9 973	19 709	20 679	18 958	16 032	30 070
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 181	7 333	8 235	18 326	9 973	17 437	17 625	14 822	11 749	23 762
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 658	21 721	19 104	24 054	—	22 846	23 551	22 375	24 337	33 617
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>										
Families	607	665	327	511	342	1 437	793	798	1 180	1 039
Householder worked in 1989	437	467	236	419	240	1 095	609	606	897	884
With related children under 18 years	336	346	220	201	166	654	415	369	542	444
With related children under 5 years	128	172	75	37	332	113	107	107	284	209
Married-couple families	417	410	206	430	289	1 169	617	595	841	934
Householder worked in 1989	294	311	168	362	210	864	467	467	645	798
With related children under 18 years	183	189	121	163	119	511	307	282	327	392
With related children under 5 years	74	118	32	37	54	307	75	101	171	190
Female householder, no husband present	153	211	104	68	40	169	130	126	291	75
Householder worked in 1989	106	112	51	44	23	144	96	87	214	62
With related children under 18 years	116	129	92	33	40	98	74	57	199	27
With related children under 5 years	46	49	36	—	16	11	31	6	108	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	467	442	267	581	121	809	471	573	869	239
Nonfamily householder	337	312	202	512	105	645	390	472	804	215
65 years and over	147	105	94	284	66	272	192	125	419	97
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 369	2 346	1 306	1 986	1 228	4 770	2 960	2 930	3 943	3 323
Persons under 18 years	687	588	389	343	333	1 027	746	638	791	742
Related children under 18 years	681	577	389	343	333	1 027	746	636	785	742
Related children 5 to 17 years	464	365	286	292	217	678	544	445	513	559
Persons 65 years and over	354	353	169	486	192	844	461	355	880	465
Persons 75 years and over	160	160	76	273	82	358	168	113	377	127
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	157	159	103	27	45	85	71	64	135	47
Percent below poverty level	25.9	23.9	31.5	5.3	13.2	5.9	9.0	8.0	11.4	4.5
Householder worked in 1989	98	93	54	8	18	28	36	9	57	26
With related children under 18 years	122	137	96	6	35	40	56	22	122	36
With related children under 5 years	48	83	43	—	12	22	19	—	81	22
Married-couple families	69	65	31	21	15	60	41	30	33	30
Householder worked in 1989	43	65	18	8	5	22	12	—	13	9
With related children under 18 years	45	55	24	—	5	15	32	13	20	19
With related children under 5 years	27	47	11	—	—	15	7	—	6	15
Female householder, no husband present	80	94	65	6	23	25	30	34	102	10
Householder worked in 1989	47	28	29	—	6	6	24	9	44	10
With related children under 18 years	69	82	65	6	23	25	24	9	102	10
With related children under 5 years	21	36	25	—	12	7	12	—	75	—
Unrelated individuals	172	147	129	147	42	111	104	124	294	35
Nonfamily householder	103	67	87	123	31	61	73	77	257	35
65 years and over	49	22	47	51	20	10	46	22	176	12
Persons	710	656	481	205	175	327	370	303	703	203
Percent below poverty level	30.0	28.0	36.8	10.3	14.3	6.9	12.5	10.3	17.8	6.1
Persons under 18 years	288	265	205	14	57	68	139	41	221	89
Related children under 18 years	282	254	205	14	57	68	139	39	215	89
Related children 5 to 17 years	194	137	134	14	40	33	99	39	129	71
Persons 65 years and over	69	44	59	70	31	61	46	79	201	12
Persons 75 years and over	23	33	25	37	6	24	31	30	61	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	302	275	266	69	99	182	94	147	215	142
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	920	847	624	376	224	465	521	349	886	272
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 564	1 378	820	667	367	1 433	1 139	954	1 554	472



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37 01	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 01	Tract 38 03	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
<b>Households</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>1 955</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>2 226</b>	<b>2 397</b>	<b>2 146</b>	<b>1 164</b>	<b>1 190</b>	<b>1 297</b>
Less than \$5,000	13	132	12	154	84	—	83	39	141
\$5,000 to \$9,999	69	138	55	400	207	82	116	85	212
\$10,000 to \$14,999	66	357	52	280	221	42	86	87	126
\$15,000 to \$24,999	132	448	118	462	450	223	183	264	249
\$25,000 to \$34,999	198	442	140	375	447	346	186	210	280
\$35,000 to \$49,999	269	331	213	302	347	558	180	235	199
\$50,000 to \$74,999	101	76	134	163	365	477	198	242	74
\$75,000 to \$99,999	47	—	27	25	117	178	55	17	16
\$100,000 or more	79	31	67	65	159	240	77	11	—
Median (dollars)	35 489	22 191	36 633	19 883	28 267	44 833	30 562	30 980	21 375
Mean (dollars)	47 342	27 443	47 240	26 936	40 090	66 785	41 719	33 728	23 098
<b>Families</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>1 388</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>1 301</b>	<b>1 306</b>	<b>1 579</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>802</b>	<b>574</b>
Median income (dollars)	38 692	25 446	39 135	29 116	43 517	49 461	35 921	35 781	28 026
<b>Males 15 years and over with income</b>	<b>911</b>	<b>1 682</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>1 604</b>	<b>1 689</b>	<b>1 999</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>1 036</b>	<b>670</b>
Median income (dollars)	24 116	15 129	22 940	19 324	25 022	32 898	25 912	21 186	24 198
Percent year-round full-time workers	61.9	51.7	37.1	49.9	54.6	66.4	52.2	55.6	72.1
<b>Females 15 years and over with income</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>1 768</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>2 078</b>	<b>2 214</b>	<b>1 845</b>	<b>1 113</b>	<b>1 299</b>	<b>1 095</b>
Median income (dollars)	10 491	10 249	8 166	9 545	12 737	16 083	10 935	10 258	9 117
Percent year-round full-time workers	41.2	47.6	26.6	30.1	31.6	42.7	33.2	31.7	31.4
Median income (dollars)	16 961	14 247	18 542	17 349	21 170	22 388	18 021	20 236	17 778
Per capita income (dollars)	18 231	11 238	16 218	12 096	19 417	25 885	16 362	13 611	13 653
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
<b>Households</b>	<b>974</b>	<b>1 955</b>	<b>818</b>	<b>2 226</b>	<b>2 397</b>	<b>2 146</b>	<b>1 164</b>	<b>1 190</b>	<b>1 297</b>
With earnings	809	1 731	603	1 630	1 765	1 921	901	900	983
Mean earnings (dollars)	46 223	25 456	42 668	29 691	38 744	64 476	42 279	34 108	25 352
With Social Security income	262	450	310	752	824	318	316	406	325
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 722	8 230	10 010	7 393	8 844	7 894	7 940	8 902	5 987
With public assistance income	13	101	20	138	30	44	79	33	146
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	5 017	3 200	3 204	3 447	2 000	2 997	3 528	545	2 444
With retirement income	155	281	163	380	436	226	190	269	118
Mean retirement income (dollars)	9 314	4 403	11 912	4 307	6 585	8 019	11 220	7 999	8 086
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
<b>Families (dollars)</b>	<b>54 269</b>	<b>29 317</b>	<b>53 893</b>	<b>33 034</b>	<b>54 416</b>	<b>77 958</b>	<b>47 345</b>	<b>37 641</b>	<b>27 309</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	49 689	31 064	59 283	29 596	62 930	84 284	36 123	35 986	18 599
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	57 537	27 389	49 618	36 135	49 286	70 095	57 310	39 086	35 898
<b>Married-couple families (dollars)</b>	<b>56 383</b>	<b>33 416</b>	<b>60 554</b>	<b>39 922</b>	<b>58 129</b>	<b>82 698</b>	<b>57 969</b>	<b>41 473</b>	<b>38 476</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	52 054	37 504	70 363	39 754	73 489	90 034	52 402	43 889	36 366
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	59 404	29 258	54 069	40 043	49 567	73 421	61 281	39 893	39 296
<b>Female householder, no husband present (dollars)</b>	<b>25 818</b>	<b>14 525</b>	<b>25 378</b>	<b>16 686</b>	<b>21 828</b>	<b>36 621</b>	<b>16 134</b>	<b>19 495</b>	<b>8 428</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 032	10 267	26 554	13 187	23 019	25 668	11 338	18 124	7 497
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 501	20 933	23 513	24 852	20 452	46 757	30 706	27 873	12 757
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All income levels in 1989</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>1 388</b>	<b>581</b>	<b>1 301</b>	<b>1 306</b>	<b>1 579</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>802</b>	<b>574</b>
Householder worked in 1989	649	1 153	473	1 085	996	1 429	723	630	448
With related children under 18 years	319	754	273	674	507	884	435	388	285
With related children under 5 years	181	278	92	337	201	378	196	117	177
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>1 053</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>1 084</b>	<b>1 420</b>	<b>646</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>350</b>
Householder worked in 1989	603	878	346	743	817	1 288	559	510	285
With related children under 18 years	293	557	195	377	404	793	259	266	98
With related children under 5 years	166	225	74	190	163	370	129	108	98
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>209</b>
Householder worked in 1989	46	188	80	245	144	121	144	109	148
With related children under 18 years	26	149	78	243	96	71	163	117	172
With related children under 5 years	15	46	18	121	38	8	60	9	79
<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>721</b>	<b>314</b>	<b>1 067</b>	<b>1 216</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>806</b>
Nonfamily householder	208	567	237	925	1 091	287	288	388	723
65 years and over	111	132	141	368	443	121	144	177	227
<b>Persons for whom poverty status is determined</b>	<b>2 540</b>	<b>4 811</b>	<b>1 956</b>	<b>4 877</b>	<b>4 871</b>	<b>5 586</b>	<b>2 938</b>	<b>2 847</b>	<b>2 181</b>
Persons under 18 years	682	1 178	461	1 150	895	1 571	824	686	385
Related children under 18 years	663	1 151	461	1 150	895	1 571	824	686	385
Related children 5 to 17 years	489	808	363	785	633	1 109	590	537	217
Persons 65 years and over	320	475	399	723	1 085	393	450	435	297
Persons 75 years and over	94	90	231	280	509	87	121	162	160
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>146</b>
Percent below poverty level	9	10.1	2.1	12.2	5.0	1.6	10.5	2.7	25.4
Householder worked in 1989	—	102	—	118	42	—	37	9	107
With related children under 18 years	—	122	12	154	29	—	86	15	136
With related children under 5 years	7	57	6	102	8	—	31	9	67
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>—</b>
Householder worked in 1989	—	49	—	38	20	15	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	55	—	38	13	15	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	35	—	30	—	8	—	—	—
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>146</b>
Householder worked in 1989	—	53	—	80	22	11	37	9	107
With related children under 18 years	7	67	12	116	16	11	86	15	136
With related children under 5 years	7	22	6	72	8	—	31	9	67
<b>Unrelated individuals</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>142</b>
Nonfamily householder	25	89	6	209	102	—	41	53	108
65 years and over	6	53	6	64	43	—	22	24	84
<b>Persons</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>632</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>774</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>519</b>
Percent below poverty level	3.4	13.1	3.2	15.9	6.8	2.2	10.0	5.0	23.8
Persons under 18 years	49	258	18	311	70	57	141	24	209
Related children under 18 years	30	231	18	311	70	57	141	24	209
Related children 5 to 17 years	17	142	14	189	59	51	87	17	143
Persons 65 years and over	6	78	12	74	43	—	34	24	84
Persons 75 years and over	—	30	6	38	32	—	11	19	57
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	63	300	22	418	110	16	130	75	234
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	130	906	127	1 198	453	174	414	250	704
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	497	2 020	438	1 639	844	469	934	593	908

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102.02 (pt.)	Tract 102.03 (pt.)	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 10.98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	82	—	518	—	—	99	464	—	546	297
Less than \$5,000	—	—	9	—	—	5	45	—	15	8
\$5,000 to \$9,999	—	—	9	—	—	22	111	—	16	26
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	—	41	—	—	10	31	—	10	16
\$15,000 to \$24,999	5	—	68	—	—	16	141	—	50	48
\$25,000 to \$34,999	10	—	84	—	—	16	65	—	102	50
\$35,000 to \$49,999	38	—	138	—	—	25	51	—	195	68
\$50,000 to \$74,999	29	—	101	—	—	5	20	—	130	43
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	46	—	—	—	—	—	—	38
\$100,000 or more	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	28	—
Median (dollars)	41 250	—	38 839	—	—	23 250	17 250	—	41 481	35 078
Mean (dollars)	44 274	—	43 523	—	—	23 848	19 709	—	46 032	38 185
Families	77	—	392	—	—	72	270	—	458	204
Median income (dollars)	43 750	—	42 083	—	—	30 357	19 091	—	43 600	42 700
Males 15 years and over, with income	107	—	468	—	—	99	334	—	541	303
Median income (dollars)	23 917	—	29 219	—	—	16 705	14 722	—	29 812	23 860
Percent year-round full-time workers	67.3	—	64.5	—	—	44.4	35.3	—	67.5	51.2
Median income (dollars)	24 167	—	33 824	—	—	25 000	21 786	—	34 393	28 854
Females 15 years and over, with income	78	—	467	—	—	146	337	—	471	201
Median income (dollars)	11 250	—	11 361	—	—	6 307	7 441	—	12 869	17 574
Percent year-round full-time workers	39.7	—	34.9	—	—	14.4	26.7	—	43.9	67.2
Median income (dollars)	18 393	—	18 105	—	—	17 321	20 000	—	16 652	23 352
Per capita income (dollars)	15 820	—	16 476	—	—	8 615	9 074	—	16 207	16 731
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	82	—	518	—	—	99	464	—	546	297
With earnings	66	—	462	—	—	79	276	—	508	243
Mean earnings (dollars)	46 923	—	39 981	—	—	23 602	24 806	—	44 845	41 994
With Social Security income	16	—	117	—	—	42	171	—	98	41
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	12 809	—	8 166	—	—	6 402	8 253	—	7 172	7 090
With public assistance income	—	—	18	—	—	—	16	—	11	25
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	—	2 820	—	—	—	1 187	—	1 619	5 136
With retirement income	15	—	93	—	—	18	83	—	38	37
Mean retirement income (dollars)	4 576	—	11 421	—	—	2 584	3 800	—	7 859	5 037
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	45 067	—	47 735	—	—	29 433	23 199	—	49 301	44 044
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 847	—	45 045	—	—	27 469	21 305	—	50 516	42 653
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 982	—	52 074	—	—	31 004	25 065	—	47 318	44 725
Married-couple families (dollars)	45 067	—	49 481	—	—	31 306	25 543	—	54 048	46 039
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 847	—	47 713	—	—	31 771	26 327	—	56 408	40 534
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 982	—	52 074	—	—	31 004	25 065	—	50 500	48 332
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	—	—	18 363	—	—	8 828	8 483	—	25 567	38 062
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	18 363	—	—	8 828	8 483	—	24 968	46 989
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26 427	31 290
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	77	—	392	—	—	72	270	—	458	204
Householder worked in 1989	66	—	357	—	—	61	182	—	430	165
With related children under 18 years	33	—	242	—	—	32	143	—	293	74
With related children under 5 years	21	—	96	—	—	6	44	—	137	12
Married-couple families	77	—	370	—	—	66	219	—	378	153
Householder worked in 1989	66	—	335	—	—	55	144	—	350	134
With related children under 18 years	33	—	220	—	—	26	92	—	236	45
With related children under 5 years	21	—	96	—	—	6	36	—	115	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	22	—	—	6	36	—	56	51
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	22	—	—	6	23	—	56	31
With related children under 18 years	—	—	22	—	—	6	36	—	33	29
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	12	12
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	5	—	148	—	—	27	211	—	127	103
Nonfamily householder	5	—	126	—	—	27	194	—	88	93
65 years and over	5	—	25	—	—	20	97	—	48	20
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	227	—	1 360	—	—	231	1 008	—	1 602	650
Persons under 18 years	51	—	421	—	—	54	259	—	523	108
Related children under 18 years	51	—	421	—	—	54	248	—	523	108
Related children 5 to 17 years	25	—	294	—	—	48	205	—	342	100
Persons 65 years and over	29	—	118	—	—	52	238	—	84	82
Persons 75 years and over	13	—	26	—	—	16	134	—	42	14
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	—	—	9	—	—	—	43	—	5	7
Percent below poverty level	—	—	2.3	—	—	—	15.9	—	1.1	3.4
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	9	—	—	—	9	—	5	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	9	—	—	—	22	—	5	7
With related children under 5 years	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Married-couple families	—	—	9	—	—	—	21	—	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
With related children under 5 years	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	5	7
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	5	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	5	7
With related children under 5 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unrelated individuals	—	—	16	—	—	10	56	—	25	18
Nonfamily householder	—	—	9	—	—	10	47	—	20	8
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	10	37	—	20	—
Persons	—	—	49	—	—	10	191	—	40	46
Percent below poverty level	—	—	3.6	—	—	4.3	18.9	—	2.5	7.1
Persons under 18 years	—	—	18	—	—	—	62	—	5	8
Related children under 18 years	—	—	18	—	—	—	51	—	5	8
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	51	—	5	8
Persons 65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	10	58	—	20	7
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	10	37	—	11	7
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	—	16	—	—	—	83	—	—	16
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	—	—	78	—	—	24	360	—	61	62
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	—	—	170	—	—	54	522	—	255	150



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt)	Tract 102 03 (pt)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>									
<b>Households</b>	<b>1 149</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>2 166</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>2 529</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2 427</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>1 713</b>
Less than \$5 000	20	—	38	19	69	—	99	12	50
\$5 000 to \$9 999	32	5	71	55	137	—	81	21	92
\$10 000 to \$14 999	27	44	179	19	126	7	117	27	51
\$15 000 to \$24 999	165	140	381	99	405	—	313	95	231
\$25 000 to \$34 999	124	91	307	64	308	—	474	110	228
\$35 000 to \$49 999	203	248	477	135	579	—	570	116	363
\$50 000 to \$74 999	292	275	510	65	590	—	531	126	404
\$75 000 to \$99 999	149	48	100	34	204	—	117	25	145
\$100 000 or more	137	19	103	7	111	—	125	22	149
Median (dollars)	50 154	42 111	39 179	34 148	41 992	11 250	38 732	36 765	43 582
Mean (dollars)	60 884	45 576	42 942	36 338	45 177	12 373	42 859	44 903	55 655
<b>Families</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>1 764</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>1 968</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2 035</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>1 465</b>
Median income (dollars)	52 497	44 735	44 611	37 672	47 907	11 250	42 135	41 467	45 856
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 245	860	1 996	498	2 670	7	2 574	596	1 798
Median income (dollars)	29 699	29 850	26 657	20 729	23 411	8 750	25 385	22 803	27 842
Percent year-round full-time workers	59.5	60.3	71.3	56.8	54.3	—	64.5	58.2	57.7
Median income (dollars)	39 777	35 855	30 750	30 673	36 365	—	31 063	29 831	35 448
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 056	842	1 919	437	2 803	7	2 206	507	1 551
Median income (dollars)	12 409	12 217	12 555	9 413	10 881	3 750	10 674	11 674	10 303
Percent year-round full-time workers	32.8	37.5	43.1	35.0	36.3	—	36.8	39.8	33.5
Median income (dollars)	22 375	20 250	19 071	16 750	19 891	—	17 126	18 250	18 125
Per capita income (dollars)	20 862	16 302	15 967	13 041	15 669	6 187	14 785	14 625	19 976
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>									
<b>Households</b>	<b>1 149</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>2 166</b>	<b>497</b>	<b>2 529</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2 427</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>1 713</b>
With earnings	1 020	751	1 910	425	2 243	7	2 070	479	1 419
Mean earnings (dollars)	56 760	43 198	42 752	34 430	43 118	4 300	42 716	44 333	53 339
With Social Security income	267	225	368	144	546	—	597	133	456
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	10 185	8 780	9 890	8 871	9 293	6 310	8 056	8 403	9 157
With public assistance income	14	20	26	26	37	—	73	9	26
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	10 642	1 986	2 968	2 696	3 097	—	4 440	7 520	4 246
With retirement income	190	172	273	35	384	—	430	37	259
Mean retirement income (dollars)	7 754	13 403	6 356	9 011	9 313	—	7 661	4 019	8 177
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>									
<b>Families (dollars)</b>	<b>65 485</b>	<b>47 825</b>	<b>48 264</b>	<b>40 019</b>	<b>52 469</b>	<b>12 373</b>	<b>45 668</b>	<b>49 230</b>	<b>59 492</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	70 646	47 025	51 151	39 350	54 988	—	48 477	44 938	66 095
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	60 396	48 483	44 902	40 839	50 258	12 373	43 070	54 401	55 065
<b>Married-couple families (dollars)</b>	<b>67 794</b>	<b>48 862</b>	<b>52 006</b>	<b>41 742</b>	<b>54 409</b>	<b>12 373</b>	<b>46 777</b>	<b>50 373</b>	<b>60 998</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	74 444	47 610	55 556	42 503	56 762	—	49 968	45 841	67 515
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	61 275	49 953	47 832	40 922	52 250	12 373	43 927	56 264	56 557
<b>Female householder, no husband present (dollars)</b>	<b>32 084</b>	<b>34 600</b>	<b>21 916</b>	<b>11 707</b>	<b>27 457</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>30 186</b>	<b>17 538</b>	<b>39 634</b>
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 244	35 561	20 077	11 707	29 433	—	33 855	7 740	43 018
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 837	34 146	24 030	—	26 499	—	24 606	23 417	38 037
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>									
<b>All income levels in 1989</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>775</b>	<b>1 764</b>	<b>378</b>	<b>1 968</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2 035</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>1 465</b>
Householder worked in 1989	848	644	1 548	329	1 637	—	1 700	415	1 218
With related children under 18 years	505	368	977	215	960	—	1 025	260	610
With related children under 5 years	200	105	367	91	389	—	401	131	229
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>1 536</b>	<b>345</b>	<b>1 789</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1 882</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>1 357</b>
Householder worked in 1989	783	596	1 370	304	1 519	—	1 595	392	1 130
With related children under 18 years	450	351	843	186	879	—	919	251	566
With related children under 5 years	188	105	345	84	374	—	380	131	218
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>78</b>
Householder worked in 1989	44	41	137	15	93	—	81	13	62
With related children under 18 years	39	17	107	15	65	—	81	9	31
With related children under 5 years	4	—	14	—	6	—	21	—	6
<b>Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined</b>	<b>196</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>453</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>1 174</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>312</b>
Nonfamily householder	158	95	402	119	561	—	392	91	248
65 years and over	44	36	141	77	110	—	133	47	150
<b>Persons for whom poverty status is determined</b>	<b>3 368</b>	<b>2 433</b>	<b>5 793</b>	<b>1 378</b>	<b>7 223</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>7 063</b>	<b>1 684</b>	<b>4 728</b>
Persons under 18 years	964	647	1 693	382	1 726	—	1 929	523	1 109
Related children under 18 years	964	640	1 693	382	1 726	—	1 929	511	1 109
Related children 5 to 17 years	734	478	1 172	279	1 313	—	1 433	381	789
Persons 65 years and over	332	252	520	175	659	7	848	154	591
Persons 75 years and over	92	76	88	55	180	—	292	45	228
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>									
<b>Families</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>37</b>
Percent below poverty level	3.4	—	1.7	4.2	1.5	—	5.1	1.3	2.5
Householder worked in 1989	25	—	23	16	24	—	53	6	29
With related children under 18 years	21	—	21	16	21	—	42	6	28
With related children under 5 years	14	—	14	—	15	—	21	—	19
<b>Married-couple families</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>30</b>
Householder worked in 1989	25	—	17	10	9	—	45	—	24
With related children under 18 years	21	—	15	10	9	—	28	—	21
With related children under 5 years	14	—	8	—	9	—	13	—	14
<b>Female householder, no husband present</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>
Householder worked in 1989	—	—	6	15	—	—	8	6	—
With related children under 18 years	—	—	6	12	—	—	14	6	2
With related children under 5 years	—	—	6	—	6	—	8	—	—
<b>Unrelated individuals</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>59</b>
Nonfamily householder	16	5	50	19	244	—	60	12	36
65 years and over	7	—	14	26	9	—	42	9	17
<b>Persons</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>778</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>389</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>186</b>
Percent below poverty level	4.5	5	3.1	8.9	10.8	—	5.5	3.1	3.9
Persons under 18 years	42	—	59	26	36	—	96	27	63
Related children under 18 years	42	—	59	26	36	—	96	15	63
Related children 5 to 17 years	21	—	20	26	20	—	52	15	39
Persons 65 years and over	7	—	14	26	9	—	122	9	28
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	11	—	—	56	2	11
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	37	7	84	86	512	—	173	17	120
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	220	77	293	157	975	—	447	116	317
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	328	234	806	297	1 271	14	927	303	665

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307 01	Tract 307 02
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	1 154	1 188	211	1 525	1 314	3 046	2 514	1 031
Less than \$5,000	39	32	13	74	61	167	34	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	113	79	15	117	102	393	74	18
\$10,000 to \$14,999	122	85	29	123	81	349	87	33
\$15,000 to \$24,999	264	215	51	487	251	502	239	105
\$25,000 to \$34,999	186	299	35	341	265	538	332	125
\$35,000 to \$49,999	253	299	35	302	342	538	731	219
\$50,000 to \$74,999	164	140	33	50	156	491	709	320
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	7	—	19	41	36	168	154
\$100,000 or more	—	2	—	12	15	32	140	52
Median (dollars)	27 892	31 250	24 688	23 826	31 667	26 451	45 395	50 485
Mean (dollars)	29 951	33 142	28 407	27 474	32 811	31 484	48 986	56 577
Families	972	937	181	1 234	1 136	2 177	2 243	887
Median income (dollars)	30 969	33 895	24 519	26 338	33 938	32 998	46 987	53 459
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 221	1 191	242	1 415	1 458	2 677	2 713	1 110
Median income (dollars)	18 458	22 807	17 097	18 236	20 739	18 907	29 591	32 250
Percent year-round full-time workers	52.7	62.0	57.4	58.7	52.9	52.8	66.5	59.0
Median income (dollars)	25 865	29 350	22 212	23 403	29 896	28 706	33 827	44 791
Females 15 years and over, with income	938	1 031	176	1 344	1 079	2 921	2 439	1 063
Median income (dollars)	8 174	8 329	4 242	7 357	6 422	9 291	10 441	11 503
Percent year-round full-time workers	36.9	28.1	11.4	34.4	31.8	33.0	35.1	34.3
Median income (dollars)	14 180	15 449	21 429	14 764	15 806	14 757	18 897	22 679
Per capita income (dollars)	10 152	12 418	9 622	9 968	11 481	12 154	16 273	18 148
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	1 154	1 188	211	1 525	1 314	3 046	2 514	1 031
With earnings	952	963	190	1 288	1 108	2 148	2 297	935
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 177	33 953	26 478	27 611	32 970	35 163	47 081	54 293
With Social Security income	300	362	36	418	308	1 079	432	194
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 606	7 396	8 929	7 432	8 434	7 557	8 460	9 650
With public assistance income	48	25	15	97	56	201	59	7
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 989	4 742	1 932	3 741	4 088	3 075	3 197	1 170
With retirement income	142	199	26	174	176	604	265	155
Mean retirement income (dollars)	5 329	5 331	12 323	5 802	5 046	5 797	5 684	9 314
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	32 659	36 545	28 939	30 076	35 226	37 085	51 654	60 767
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 946	39 042	27 650	30 850	35 328	39 101	50 966	58 161
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 439	34 373	30 680	29 209	35 133	35 277	52 457	64 261
Married-couple families (dollars)	33 639	37 695	29 822	30 998	37 594	40 959	53 478	62 672
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 540	40 822	28 973	31 334	37 867	45 089	53 070	60 145
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 741	34 855	30 998	30 639	37 354	37 329	53 945	66 022
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 458	23 307	9 320	27 068	12 916	18 996	25 748	35 905
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	8 663	10 959	9 320	31 432	12 535	13 677	21 045	32 653
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 732	29 200	—	21 154	13 374	24 314	31 173	41 480
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels In 1989</b>								
Families	972	937	181	1 234	1 136	2 177	2 243	887
Householder worked in 1989	826	777	153	1 032	948	1 690	2 019	791
With related children under 18 years	523	451	104	679	557	1 084	1 233	525
With related children under 5 years	160	142	37	259	174	471	410	162
Married-couple families	912	853	167	1 029	1 005	1 772	2 053	814
Householder worked in 1989	781	722	139	871	858	1 430	1 862	724
With related children under 18 years	473	421	97	540	479	862	1 112	481
With related children under 5 years	158	135	37	194	157	395	388	162
Female householder, no husband present	44	65	7	179	86	330	140	57
Householder worked in 1989	29	40	7	135	51	202	107	51
With related children under 18 years	34	21	7	121	57	187	85	36
With related children under 5 years	2	5	—	65	17	59	16	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	216	297	45	357	220	1 048	347	163
Nonfamily householder	182	251	30	291	178	869	271	144
65 years and over	70	128	7	108	76	544	119	32
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	3 364	3 188	612	4 191	3 769	7 759	7 555	3 037
Persons under 18 years	1 012	801	169	1 180	996	2 042	2 260	916
Related children under 18 years	1 012	801	169	1 180	996	2 042	2 260	916
Related children 5 to 17 years	808	617	116	897	817	1 417	1 674	714
Persons 65 years and over	331	406	33	432	319	1 204	436	278
Persons 75 years and over	92	167	—	144	110	491	104	89
<b>Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	99	24	20	111	68	176	49	12
Percent below poverty level	10.2	2.6	11.0	9.0	6.0	8.1	2.2	1.4
Householder worked in 1989	81	3	20	87	23	96	31	7
With related children under 18 years	81	10	20	98	41	132	31	—
With related children under 5 years	23	—	13	34	26	78	—	—
Married-couple families	72	17	13	60	31	78	25	5
Householder worked in 1989	57	2	13	49	9	57	7	—
With related children under 18 years	54	3	13	47	9	49	7	—
With related children under 5 years	21	—	13	11	9	41	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	18	6	7	42	37	79	24	7
Householder worked in 1989	15	—	7	29	14	20	24	7
With related children under 18 years	18	6	7	42	32	64	24	—
With related children under 5 years	2	—	—	23	17	28	—	—
Unrelated individuals	66	60	15	81	60	259	44	7
Nonfamily householder	45	44	—	57	43	179	32	—
65 years and over	16	26	—	33	27	112	16	—
Persons	420	117	107	484	274	873	162	32
Percent below poverty level	12.5	3.7	17.5	11.5	7.3	11.3	2.1	1.1
Persons under 18 years	181	18	46	221	81	332	37	—
Related children under 18 years	181	18	46	221	81	332	37	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	144	18	33	171	60	211	37	—
Persons 65 years and over	37	35	—	44	44	145	36	—
Persons 75 years and over	15	13	—	37	26	71	—	—
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	83	27	74	133	183	349	43	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	614	216	191	778	403	1 232	243	49
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 135	612	294	1 496	901	2 309	761	204



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warren County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	1 692	2 156	2 452	1 559	1 578	2 059	1 515	2 558
Less than \$5 000	29	71	229	70	103	103	66	157
\$5 000 to \$9 999	47	101	288	185	64	185	108	189
\$10 000 to \$14 999	42	150	257	161	129	205	125	286
\$15 000 to \$24 999	194	445	414	302	317	276	250	461
\$25 000 to \$34 999	220	366	442	355	255	312	354	587
\$35 000 to \$49 999	407	381	386	313	329	411	350	534
\$50 000 to \$74 999	481	406	314	144	268	435	169	317
\$75 000 to \$99 999	166	128	81	12	66	49	44	27
\$100 000 or more	106	108	41	17	47	83	49	—
Median (dollars)	46 000	33 553	25 772	26 240	32 208	33 430	30 748	28 121
Mean (dollars)	56 400	41 369	31 743	29 413	39 210	39 042	38 627	29 100
Families	1 500	1 561	1 467	1 158	1 317	1 739	1 288	2 056
Median income (dollars)	49 132	41 201	34 135	28 292	34 304	36 956	32 090	30 352
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 792	1 967	1 968	1 350	1 531	2 033	1 544	2 652
Median income (dollars)	32 992	25 750	20 692	20 684	21 482	24 301	21 759	19 539
Percent year-round full-time workers	67 9	64 2	55 0	61 3	60 4	59 1	59 7	54 4
Median income (dollars)	39 589	31 609	26 713	26 414	28 964	30 380	30 079	26 528
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 636	2 033	2 405	1 390	1 318	1 833	1 260	2 189
Median income (dollars)	11 359	11 366	8 731	9 107	10 363	9 273	8 678	8 327
Percent year-round full-time workers	40 3	39 2	30 4	40 7	43 6	34 8	31 7	35 7
Median income (dollars)	18 921	17 212	17 277	15 302	16 051	18 583	15 636	15 170
Per capita income (dollars)	18 220	16 018	14 020	11 551	14 664	13 513	13 734	10 139
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	1 692	2 156	2 452	1 559	1 578	2 059	1 515	2 558
With earnings	1 556	1 861	1 848	1 276	1 397	1 788	1 260	2 188
Mean earnings (dollars)	55 325	41 152	34 441	30 693	37 914	39 742	40 865	29 102
With Social Security income	182	453	684	400	291	385	377	596
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	11 058	8 838	7 906	7 231	8 250	7 112	7 270	7 332
With public assistance income	59	31	168	86	67	60	86	197
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 457	5 330	4 283	3 310	2 694	4 333	4 354	4 740
With retirement income	185	245	366	212	169	222	178	353
Mean retirement income (dollars)	7 999	8 785	6 889	4 635	6 140	9 348	6 834	7 168
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	55 182	49 431	40 726	32 000	40 108	42 758	42 296	31 423
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	51 833	47 496	45 227	31 814	46 371	40 676	41 409	31 962
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	61 684	51 349	37 271	32 185	32 849	45 248	43 249	30 776
Married-couple families (dollars)	58 629	53 748	43 017	36 118	43 428	45 554	42 357	33 660
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	55 562	51 882	46 511	37 872	51 417	44 469	44 215	34 612
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	64 420	55 697	40 657	34 647	34 362	46 806	40 383	32 525
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 051	26 959	16 664	13 603	17 934	15 746	21 739	16 717
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	13 021	19 907	15 484	15 173	16 512	11 314	15 015	14 971
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 843	32 093	17 945	9 091	19 863	24 107	27 773	19 647
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	1 500	1 561	1 467	1 158	1 317	1 739	1 288	2 056
Householder worked in 1989	1 338	1 383	1 181	972	1 091	1 520	1 099	1 742
With related children under 18 years	1 000	814	672	600	725	960	690	1 192
With related children under 5 years	322	330	310	211	289	279	239	425
Married-couple families	1 375	1 310	1 183	927	1 108	1 568	1 149	1 787
Householder worked in 1989	1 252	1 184	967	803	943	1 383	982	1 573
With related children under 18 years	905	688	502	441	599	840	608	1 007
With related children under 5 years	290	298	266	182	219	241	229	352
Female householder, no husband present	100	197	219	186	165	153	74	158
Householder worked in 1989	76	151	149	129	110	124	66	114
With related children under 18 years	76	101	124	138	103	113	42	119
With related children under 5 years	32	16	22	24	58	31	10	54
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	282	754	1 112	450	348	398	290	635
Nonfamily householder	192	595	985	401	261	320	227	502
65 years and over	20	197	401	185	67	148	97	234
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	5 227	5 449	5 364	3 980	4 238	5 936	4 246	7 371
Persons under 18 years	1 775	1 387	1 119	1 077	1 180	1 659	1 184	2 108
Related children under 18 years	1 747	1 387	1 111	1 077	1 180	1 651	1 178	2 108
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 358	952	796	887	1 081	1 287	890	1 597
Persons 65 years and over	248	476	824	467	346	445	397	667
Persons 75 years and over	61	181	374	172	112	165	129	248
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	63	22	149	122	110	176	61	197
Percent below poverty level	4 2	1 4	10 2	10 5	8 4	10 1	4 7	9 6
Householder worked in 1989	47	22	61	55	80	115	43	103
With related children under 18 years	54	22	81	69	77	137	56	142
With related children under 5 years	45	14	28	21	49	57	32	60
Married-couple families	22	14	60	58	55	112	48	103
Householder worked in 1989	22	14	11	31	44	73	37	68
With related children under 18 years	13	14	16	31	22	81	43	83
With related children under 5 years	13	14	5	16	8	25	26	33
Female householder, no husband present	41	8	79	59	55	57	6	58
Householder worked in 1989	25	8	40	24	36	35	6	27
With related children under 18 years	41	8	55	33	55	49	6	43
With related children under 5 years	32	—	13	5	41	25	6	19
Unrelated individuals	39	125	281	71	55	96	104	178
Nonfamily householder	15	102	232	64	37	81	76	122
65 years and over	—	32	107	44	—	43	27	95
Persons	218	219	616	475	342	621	354	908
Percent below poverty level	4 2	4 0	11 5	11 9	8 1	10 5	8 3	12 3
Persons under 18 years	113	57	87	122	122	224	124	310
Related children under 18 years	85	57	87	122	122	216	118	310
Related children 5 to 17 years	25	42	62	137	73	148	75	210
Persons 65 years and over	—	32	147	102	10	88	34	107
Persons 75 years and over	—	24	85	89	—	45	5	69
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	117	82	246	182	204	162	201	337
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	330	397	816	607	648	902	534	1 276
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	614	1 170	1 452	1 324	1 013	1 601	1 086	2 425

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY									
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)	
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	988	757	769	1 124	1 133	2 406	1 545	740	570	
Less than \$5,000	172	135	135	217	112	229	70	42	20	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	199	111	150	227	134	288	185	26	29	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	112	101	127	158	140	248	155	46	73	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	139	180	126	212	247	402	294	140	88	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	176	88	67	121	199	417	355	127	69	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	108	111	93	104	161	386	313	138	93	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	64	17	42	51	95	314	144	166	165	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	9	—	21	16	26	81	12	48	11	
\$100,000 or more	9	14	8	18	19	41	17	7	22	
Median (dollars)	15 687	16 064	13 958	13 936	20 675	25 732	26 381	34 450	35 682	
Mean (dollars)	29 677	21 669	21 044	19 838	26 457	31 873	29 530	37 841	43 160	
Families	549	520	543	743	817	1 451	1 152	603	458	
Median income (dollars)	27 743	20 076	16 442	18 312	27 643	34 442	28 417	37 639	46 071	
Males 15 years and over, with income	726	575	681	811	900	1 943	1 336	656	527	
Median income (dollars)	15 288	12 367	9 688	10 712	17 500	20 814	20 708	25 625	26 394	
Percent year-round full-time workers	49.3	44.3	42.0	39.2	54.1	55.2	61.3	64.0	55.8	
Median income (dollars)	21 176	19 453	17 403	23 250	24 970	26 854	26 507	33 140	34 773	
Females 15 years and over, with income	849	678	731	1 035	980	2 360	1 379	682	514	
Median income (dollars)	6 719	6 750	6 262	6 527	7 860	8 629	9 196	10 821	14 800	
Percent year-round full-time workers	23.6	27.7	35.7	25.4	29.5	29.8	40.6	39.3	41.1	
Median income (dollars)	16 750	13 631	13 922	14 635	14 688	17 269	15 366	19 265	20 219	
Per capita income (dollars)	13 965	8 510	8 031	8 717	11 055	13 997	11 567	14 929	15 956	
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	988	757	769	1 124	1 133	2 406	1 545	740	570	
With earnings	665	585	558	770	831	1 810	1 262	675	497	
Mean earnings (dollars)	35 033	22 783	21 626	22 386	27 826	34 681	30 851	36 180	42 192	
With Social Security income	381	254	273	384	430	676	400	144	117	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 537	6 480	6 600	6 179	6 552	7 645	7 231	8 087	7 659	
With public assistance income	164	115	152	197	118	160	86	24	6	
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 963	2 399	3 099	2 666	2 600	4 300	3 310	3 846	2 700	
With retirement income	160	93	121	185	175	366	212	86	101	
Mean retirement income (dollars)	7 060	5 344	4 704	3 367	5 849	6 889	4 635	5 436	10 412	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	42 734	25 698	23 807	23 116	30 013	40 990	32 105	41 112	48 568	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	58 097	27 238	22 538	19 666	28 142	45 227	31 814	46 266	41 948	
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 603	23 711	24 964	26 272	31 523	37 674	32 398	34 799	56 594	
Married-couple families (dollars)	54 661	31 430	24 960	28 760	34 605	43 131	36 277	46 453	54 630	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	94 288	37 494	28 292	29 502	33 335	46 511	37 872	53 071	50 222	
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 341	23 776	22 308	28 345	35 569	40 825	34 922	38 382	59 559	
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 892	13 974	16 925	12 186	12 026	16 898	13 603	18 599	17 570	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 049	9 633	7 541	9 742	9 670	15 484	15 173	16 033	10 285	
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 759	23 315	31 203	19 275	14 320	18 577	9 091	21 741	33 354	
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	549	520	543	743	817	1 451	1 152	603	458	
Householder worked in 1989	366	381	371	488	603	1 165	966	518	396	
With related children under 18 years	283	324	292	382	404	672	600	340	264	
With related children under 5 years	118	120	130	174	137	310	211	114	77	
Married-couple families	376	328	404	488	635	1 176	921	475	377	
Householder worked in 1989	259	258	288	328	508	960	797	423	326	
With related children under 18 years	159	183	193	192	287	502	441	261	199	
With related children under 5 years	75	79	102	93	108	266	182	74	54	
Female householder, no husband present	164	145	116	234	148	210	186	109	74	
Householder worked in 1989	98	87	66	154	71	140	129	76	70	
With related children under 18 years	124	124	82	184	99	124	138	68	65	
With related children under 5 years	43	41	28	81	29	22	24	40	23	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	502	305	298	430	361	1 072	442	167	133	
Nonfamily householder	439	237	226	381	316	955	393	137	112	
65 years and over	231	110	109	162	154	393	185	32	45	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 090	1 922	2 018	2 548	2 706	5 294	3 955	1 882	1 554	
Persons under 18 years	455	590	537	685	649	1 119	1 077	519	420	
Related children under 18 years	455	590	529	671	649	1 111	1 077	519	420	
Related children 5 to 17 years	319	437	370	499	457	796	781	400	335	
Persons 65 years and over	484	259	292	462	493	816	467	143	110	
Persons 75 years and over	260	97	119	207	212	374	172	40	41	
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	127	124	132	225	105	149	122	36	23	
Percent below poverty level	23.1	23.8	24.3	30.3	12.9	10.3	10.6	6.0	5.0	
Householder worked in 1989	54	73	54	126	43	61	55	29	17	
With related children under 18 years	106	95	101	179	71	81	69	36	23	
With related children under 5 years	51	55	45	91	28	28	21	29	17	
Married-couple families	48	53	73	101	25	60	58	—	—	
Householder worked in 1989	21	40	34	56	13	11	31	—	—	
With related children under 18 years	27	31	42	62	9	16	31	—	—	
With related children under 5 years	13	20	17	38	9	5	16	—	—	
Female householder, no husband present	79	71	59	117	76	79	59	36	23	
Householder worked in 1989	33	33	20	70	30	40	24	29	17	
With related children under 18 years	79	64	59	117	62	55	33	36	23	
With related children under 5 years	38	35	28	53	19	13	5	29	17	
Unrelated individuals	209	110	123	177	105	281	71	24	19	
Nonfamily householder	192	95	80	142	77	232	64	24	14	
65 years and over	149	45	46	56	65	107	44	—	—	
Persons	563	516	599	835	377	616	475	98	76	
Percent below poverty level	26.9	26.8	29.7	32.8	13.9	11.6	12.0	5.2	4.9	
Persons under 18 years	168	198	225	340	108	87	179	38	34	
Related children under 18 years	168	198	217	326	108	87	179	38	34	
Related children 5 to 17 years	114	129	167	232	62	62	137	12	17	
Persons 65 years and over	161	55	69	95	111	147	102	—	—	
Persons 75 years and over	84	32	29	57	73	85	89	—	—	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	208	220	293	428	118	246	182	78	28	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	725	621	808	1 112	564	811	590	170	164	
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	974	973	1 238	1 453	1 119	1 424	1 307	290	347	



Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city Henderson County, KY— Con		Remainder of Henderson County KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	66	402	46	14	838	1 489	1 449	2 156
Less than \$5 000	—	20	—	—	61	83	66	137
\$5 000 to \$9 999	5	22	—	—	38	156	103	167
\$10 000 to \$14 999	5	78	9	6	83	132	120	208
\$15 000 to \$24 999	23	56	12	8	177	188	227	405
\$25 000 to \$34 999	4	84	25	—	128	243	350	503
\$35 000 to \$49 999	11	115	—	—	191	318	339	419
\$50 000 to \$74 999	18	—	—	—	102	270	151	290
\$75 000 to \$99 999	—	—	—	—	18	38	44	27
\$100 000 or more	—	—	—	—	40	61	49	—
Median (dollars)	27 500	28 226	27 885	20 313	29 130	32 236	30 773	28 099
Mean (dollars)	32 674	27 634	24 910	16 486	40 418	37 466	38 898	29 373
Families	66	334	16	6	714	1 281	1 222	1 722
Median income (dollars)	27 500	31 111	12 222	11 250	30 562	35 542	32 161	30 235
Males 15 years and over, with income	82	409	25	14	875	1 506	1 462	2 243
Median income (dollars)	18 750	23 125	15 417	20 313	18 722	22 600	22 057	18 917
Percent year-round full-time workers	43 9	45 7	40 0	57 1	57 7	60 2	60 6	56 0
Median income (dollars)	27 500	28 565	20 714	21 250	24 358	28 207	30 088	25 997
Females 15 years and over, with income	72	324	45	11	636	1 319	1 188	1 865
Median income (dollars)	11 607	6 212	9 922	6 250	9 716	8 238	8 440	8 648
Percent year-round full-time workers	50 0	26 2	60 0	54 5	48 3	32 4	30 6	37 4
Median income (dollars)	17 000	16 932	17 813	6 250	14 730	17 992	15 509	15 028
Per capita income (dollars)	10 313	9 127	15 895	9 032	14 453	12 646	13 916	10 339
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	66	402	46	14	838	1 489	1 449	2 156
With earnings	61	334	38	14	722	1 291	1 199	1 854
Mean earnings (dollars)	32 917	28 243	23 006	16 486	39 535	38 799	41 269	29 257
With Social Security income	9	86	8	—	147	268	368	510
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 671	8 288	29 999	—	8 409	6 873	7 334	7 171
With public assistance income	—	22	8	—	43	54	86	175
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	—	3 360	3 936	—	2 052	4 514	4 354	4 913
With retirement income	—	53	—	—	83	121	178	300
Mean retirement income (dollars)	—	9 405	—	—	6 869	8 459	6 834	6 772
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	32 674	29 346	16 756	11 800	39 259	40 681	42 816	31 826
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 392	26 766	—	—	46 463	40 218	42 317	33 089
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	41 410	33 196	16 756	11 800	31 290	41 233	43 355	30 371
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 205	31 656	23 900	11 800	41 158	42 681	42 656	34 028
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 973	29 205	—	—	50 101	42 683	44 787	35 694
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 998	35 109	23 900	11 800	31 542	42 678	40 352	32 100
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	29 250	15 872	11 200	—	16 639	13 946	20 285	16 861
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 000	13 104	—	—	17 334	12 430	15 851	15 331
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	43 000	22 200	11 200	—	15 480	16 455	24 442	19 303
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	66	334	16	6	714	1 281	1 222	1 722
Householder worked in 1989	61	276	16	6	573	1 124	1 038	1 466
With related children under 18 years	32	207	—	—	385	696	658	985
With related children under 5 years	10	90	—	—	175	202	229	335
Married-couple families	46	277	7	6	633	1 191	1 103	1 510
Householder worked in 1989	41	235	7	6	520	1 057	941	1 338
With related children under 18 years	19	162	—	—	338	641	589	845
With related children under 5 years	10	77	—	—	145	187	219	275
Female householder, no husband present	12	23	9	—	56	77	62	135
Householder worked in 1989	12	19	9	—	34	54	54	95
With related children under 18 years	5	23	—	—	35	48	37	96
With related children under 5 years	—	13	—	—	18	8	10	41
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	—	99	40	8	181	265	290	536
Nonfamily householder	—	68	30	8	124	208	227	434
65 years and over	—	18	8	—	35	103	97	216
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	216	1 196	70	25	2 356	4 382	4 030	6 175
Persons under 18 years	63	385	—	—	661	1 239	1 121	1 723
Related children under 18 years	63	385	—	—	661	1 231	1 115	1 723
Related children 5 to 17 years	43	275	—	—	487	952	847	1 322
Persons 65 years and over	4	95	8	—	203	335	393	572
Persons 75 years and over	—	24	—	—	72	124	129	224
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	5	30	—	—	74	153	56	167
Percent below poverty level	7.6	9.0	—	—	10.4	11.9	4.6	9.7
Householder worked in 1989	—	16	—	—	51	98	43	87
With related children under 18 years	—	26	—	—	41	114	56	116
With related children under 5 years	—	26	—	—	20	40	32	34
Married-couple families	5	22	—	—	55	112	43	81
Householder worked in 1989	—	12	—	—	44	73	37	56
With related children under 18 years	—	18	—	—	22	81	43	65
With related children under 5 years	—	18	—	—	8	25	26	15
Female householder, no husband present	—	8	—	—	19	34	6	50
Householder worked in 1989	—	4	—	—	7	18	6	23
With related children under 18 years	—	8	—	—	12	26	6	35
With related children under 5 years	—	8	—	—	19	8	6	11
Unrelated individuals	—	36	—	—	31	77	104	142
Nonfamily householder	—	5	—	—	13	67	76	117
65 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	43	27	95
Persons	11	160	—	—	244	545	343	748
Percent below poverty level	5.1	13.4	—	—	10.4	12.4	8.5	12.1
Persons under 18 years	—	64	—	—	84	190	124	246
Related children under 18 years	—	64	—	—	84	182	118	246
Related children 5 to 17 years	—	18	—	—	61	131	75	192
Persons 65 years and over	—	6	—	—	10	88	34	101
Persons 75 years and over	—	—	—	—	—	45	5	69
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	—	86	—	—	126	134	201	251
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	23	246	5	17	478	738	511	1 030
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	61	439	28	17	723	1 254	1 025	1 986

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN					
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Warrick County, IN	Kentucky (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH						
All persons	260 788	220 998	151 136	112 956	44 226	39 790
Native	259 551	219 893	150 346	112 430	43 976	39 658
Foreign born	1 237	1 105	790	526	250	132
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH						
Linguistically isolated households	279	259	201	156	-	20
Persons 5 years and over	242 926	205 793	140 937	105 458	41 168	37 133
Speak a language other than English	5 511	4 938	3 540	2 597	877	573
Do not speak English "very well"	1 550	1 452	1 053	736	215	98
In linguistically isolated households	369	334	254	169	-	35
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL						
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	62 155	52 666	34 565	24 095	11 704	9 489
Preprimary school	4 669	4 129	2 651	1 781	903	540
Public school	2 496	2 171	1 296	841	570	325
Elementary or high school	43 057	35 971	22 471	15 555	8 691	7 086
Public school	37 036	30 544	18 344	13 057	7 940	6 492
College	14 429	12 566	9 443	6 759	2 110	1 863
Public college	10 668	9 131	6 469	4 215	1 782	1 537
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Persons 25 years and over	171 696	145 903	101 567	76 851	27 993	25 793
Less than 9th grade	17 147	13 547	9 875	8 192	2 066	3 600
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24 448	20 172	14 414	12 290	3 488	4 276
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	64 061	54 827	37 003	27 662	10 602	9 234
Some college, no degree	29 653	25 380	17 699	12 858	5 256	4 273
Associate degree	10 490	9 066	5 907	4 275	2 146	1 424
Bachelor's degree	15 612	13 930	10 034	7 127	2 844	1 682
Graduate or professional degree	10 285	8 981	6 635	4 447	1 591	1 304
Percent high school graduate or higher	75.8	76.9	76.1	73.3	80.2	69.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.1	15.7	16.4	15.1	15.8	11.6
FERTILITY						
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 235	1 214	1 145	1 129	1 334	1 350
RESIDENCE IN 1985						
Persons 5 years and over	242 926	205 793	140 937	105 458	41 168	37 133
Same house	138 300	118 690	79 604	57 689	24 037	19 610
Different house in United States	104 018	86 540	60 847	47 365	17 067	17 478
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	48 743	39 819	35 006	28 873	3 509	8 924
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	30 624	26 007	11 174	6 763	8 859	4 617
Different MSA/PMSA	14 504	12 659	9 037	7 292	2 848	1 845
Not in an MSA/PMSA	10 147	8 055	5 630	4 437	1 851	2 092
Abroad	608	563	486	404	64	45
JOURNEY TO WORK						
Workers 16 years and over	123 277	104 956	71 878	52 457	21 289	18 321
Car, truck, or van	116 115	98 614	67 374	48 752	20 244	17 501
Drive alone	102 665	87 678	59 730	43 120	18 248	14 987
Carpooled	13 450	10 936	7 644	5 632	1 996	2 514
Public transportation	731	628	572	557	37	103
Other means	3 937	3 512	2 692	2 305	431	425
Worked at home	2 494	2 202	1 240	843	577	292
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.2	18.1	16.7	15.7	21.6	18.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	117 723	100 954	69 673	51 069	19 963	16 769
Central city	87 757	73 610	60 021	45 646	9 659	14 147
Outside central city	29 966	27 344	9 652	5 423	10 304	2 622
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	5 554	4 002	2 205	1 388	1 326	1 552
LABOR FORCE STATUS						
Persons 16 years and over	202 771	172 222	119 809	90 685	33 226	30 549
In labor force	132 960	113 037	77 660	57 144	22 800	19 923
Employed	125 658	106 999	73 332	53 571	21 706	18 659
Unemployed	7 145	5 907	4 236	3 501	1 068	1 238
Percent of civilian labor force	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.1	4.7	6.2
Females 16 years and over	107 862	91 701	64 568	49 649	17 200	16 161
Employed	58 199	49 926	35 129	26 134	9 741	8 273
Unemployed	2 855	2 265	1 589	1 325	383	590
With own children under 6 years	15 610	13 171	8 772	6 476	2 697	2 439
In labor force	10 440	8 816	6 065	4 373	1 711	1 624
With own children 6 to 17 years only	19 220	15 914	9 944	6 964	3 962	3 306
In labor force	14 759	12 300	7 920	5 594	2 866	2 459
Persons 16 to 19 years	14 274	11 998	7 890	5 659	2 742	2 276
Not enrolled in school	3 481	2 818	1 933	1 599	544	663
Unemployed or not in labor force	1 444	1 153	796	719	195	291
Not high school graduate	1 657	1 335	914	787	248	322
Employed	658	539	362	295	106	119
Unemployed	445	356	240	210	60	89
Not in labor force	553	440	312	282	82	113
WORK STATUS IN 1989						
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	143 696	122 229	83 823	61 683	24 564	21 467
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	111 838	94 764	64 952	47 860	19 053	17 074
50 to 52 weeks	82 632	70 310	47 732	34 606	14 463	12 322
DISABILITY						
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	164 249	138 926	94 345	69 504	28 534	25 323
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6 367	5 226	3 784	3 117	824	1 141
With a mobility limitation	3 300	2 627	1 802	1 536	485	673
In labor force	574	521	365	287	83	53
With a self-care limitation	4 426	3 689	2 740	2 188	494	737
With a work disability	12 869	10 159	7 166	5 947	1 910	2 710
In labor force	4 746	3 904	2 778	2 178	764	842
Prevented from working	7 034	5 366	3 761	3 321	955	1 668
No work disability	151 380	128 767	87 179	63 557	26 624	22 613
In labor force	124 355	105 824	72 348	52 918	21 546	18 531
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	34 462	29 679	22 646	18 561	4 111	4 783
With a mobility or self-care limitation	7 054	5 951	4 642	4 028	758	1 103
With a mobility limitation	5 553	4 681	3 591	3 145	655	872
With a self-care limitation	3 712	3 027	2 363	2 040	369	685



Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. See text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97	Tract 38 04	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	39 790	23 086	3 813	4 062	3 813	1 668	1 782	1 579
Native	39 658	22 998	3 808	4 056	3 808	1 668	1 762	1 562
Foreign born	132	88	5	6	5	—	20	17
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	20	20	—	—	—	—	10	—
Persons 5 years and over	37 133	21 558	3 452	3 674	3 452	1 554	1 635	1 481
Speak a language other than English	573	335	76	82	76	38	68	32
Do not speak English "very well"	98	75	27	22	27	7	36	—
In linguistically isolated households	35	35	—	—	—	—	10	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	9 489	5 119	793	1 030	793	379	332	386
Preprimary school	540	343	64	137	64	9	26	22
Public school	325	196	58	54	58	9	16	22
Elementary or high school	7 086	3 749	632	653	632	287	265	296
Public school	6 492	3 526	536	523	536	275	258	272
College	1 863	1 027	97	240	97	83	41	68
Public college	1 537	819	53	186	53	44	32	62
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	25 793	15 292	2 400	2 566	2 400	1 097	1 208	1 073
Less than 9th grade	3 600	2 283	265	110	265	154	284	99
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	4 276	2 705	508	213	508	238	206	318
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	9 234	5 077	1 009	852	1 009	397	353	343
Some college, no degree	4 273	2 486	335	526	335	173	200	131
Associate degree	1 424	825	179	191	179	11	77	41
Bachelor's degree	1 682	1 059	82	425	82	72	26	96
Graduate or professional degree	1 304	857	22	249	22	52	62	45
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.5	67.4	67.8	87.4	67.8	64.3	59.4	61.1
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	11.6	12.5	4.3	26.3	4.3	11.3	7.3	13.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 350	1 252	1 402	1 204	1 402	1 263	1 540	1 533
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	37 133	21 558	3 452	3 674	3 452	1 554	1 635	1 481
Same house	19 610	10 447	2 153	1 835	2 153	853	589	1 012
Different house in United States	17 478	11 078	1 292	1 839	1 292	686	1 038	461
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8 924	6 628	967	942	967	510	794	356
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	4 617	2 010	128	337	128	31	104	18
Different MSA/PMSA	1 845	1 053	103	318	103	77	47	47
Not in an MSA/PMSA	2 092	1 387	94	242	94	68	93	40
Abroad	45	33	7	—	7	15	8	8
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	18 321	10 458	1 586	1 924	1 586	821	647	691
Car, truck, or van	17 501	9 890	1 470	1 872	1 470	721	517	622
Drove alone	14 987	8 323	1 251	1 638	1 251	624	419	511
Carpooled	2 514	1 567	219	234	219	97	98	111
Public transportation	103	82	13	6	13	24	68	34
Other means	425	338	78	26	78	67	53	35
Worked at home	292	148	25	20	25	9	9	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.5	15.7	16.2	18.2	16.2	18.3	18.6	15.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	16 769	9 745	1 566	1 830	1 566	790	637	669
Central city	14 147	8 740	1 462	1 634	1 462	719	607	585
Outside central city	2 622	1 005	104	196	104	71	30	84
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	1 552	713	20	94	20	31	10	22
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	30 549	18 080	2 832	2 978	2 832	1 295	1 380	1 240
In labor force	19 923	11 479	1 879	2 067	1 879	888	820	735
Employed	18 659	10 689	1 653	2 002	1 653	828	669	691
Unemployed	1 238	765	226	59	226	60	151	44
Percent of civilian labor force	6.2	6.7	12.0	2.9	12.0	6.8	18.4	6.0
Females 16 years and over	16 161	9 954	1 500	1 674	1 500	709	710	668
Employed	8 273	4 978	794	986	794	406	314	359
Unemployed	590	391	79	31	79	30	56	12
With own children under 6 years	2 439	1 425	266	351	266	100	154	92
In labor force	1 624	966	167	231	167	85	85	45
With own children 6 to 17 years only	3 306	1 748	319	234	319	134	95	109
In labor force	2 459	1 335	285	181	285	92	75	83
Persons 16 to 19 years	2 276	1 262	190	174	190	98	101	93
Not enrolled in school	663	422	56	28	56	27	54	26
Unemployed or not in labor force	291	182	42	—	42	9	42	9
Not high school graduate	322	217	42	13	42	9	30	18
Employed	119	92	—	13	—	—	—	9
Unemployed	89	50	13	—	13	9	30	—
Not in labor force	113	75	29	—	29	—	—	9
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	21 467	12 323	1 913	2 226	1 913	932	804	796
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	17 074	9 749	1 487	1 726	1 487	738	648	602
50 to 52 weeks	12 322	6 980	1 089	1 276	1 089	481	421	431
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	25 323	14 315	2 388	2 450	2 388	1 038	1 147	977
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 141	674	193	74	193	100	214	62
With a mobility limitation	673	412	103	25	103	31	142	14
In labor force	53	31	17	6	17	15	15	—
With a self-care limitation	737	417	159	54	159	84	120	48
With a work disability	2 710	1 657	272	100	272	93	268	82
In labor force	842	537	112	63	112	50	64	10
Prevented from working	1 668	1 015	137	37	137	35	197	47
No work disability	22 613	12 658	2 116	2 350	2 116	945	879	895
In labor force	18 531	10 555	1 729	1 897	1 729	796	743	694
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	4 783	3 323	444	522	444	257	233	263
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 103	753	122	106	122	62	89	71
With a mobility limitation	872	617	102	76	102	55	69	47
With a self-care limitation	685	449	70	68	70	14	27	47

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.					Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.03	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>							
All persons	1 016	714	437	4 507	5 170	1 533	2 017
Native	1 009	708	437	4 462	5 125	1 533	2 017
Foreign born	7	6	—	45	45	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>							
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Persons 5 years and over	934	684	405	4 211	4 755	1 416	1 885
Speak a language other than English	9	11	10	124	160	5	85
Do not speak English "very well"	4	5	—	31	31	—	20
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	168	123	16	834	1 298	342	380
Preprimary school	—	7	—	58	142	18	23
Public school	—	—	—	9	61	18	18
Elementary or high school	94	87	10	490	866	279	254
Public school	49	70	10	464	611	248	254
College	74	29	6	286	290	45	103
Public college	47	29	6	205	175	36	86
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>							
Persons 25 years and over	749	503	357	3 179	3 351	975	1 319
Less than 9th grade	58	41	129	246	26	216	300
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	158	98	75	535	95	222	238
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	266	185	71	1 080	723	340	378
Some college, no degree	142	124	56	576	883	56	196
Associate degree	24	19	8	249	201	33	55
Bachelor's degree	22	30	6	279	920	56	84
Graduate or professional degree	79	6	12	214	503	52	68
Percent high school graduate or higher	71.2	72.4	42.9	75.4	96.4	55.1	59.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	13.5	7.2	5.0	15.5	42.5	11.1	11.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	750	1 098	1 514	992	1 128	1 237	1 170
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>							
Persons 5 years and over	934	684	405	4 211	4 755	1 416	1 885
Same house	513	385	123	2 252	2 321	765	766
Different house in United States	421	299	282	1 936	2 427	645	1 119
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	289	235	189	1 164	1 035	441	610
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	36	36	20	155	298	65	277
Different MSA/PMSA	40	21	12	409	843	24	71
Not in an MSA/PMSA	56	7	61	208	251	115	161
Abroad	—	—	—	23	7	6	—
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>							
Workers 16 years and over	474	330	95	2 116	2 764	660	793
Car, truck, or van	460	276	79	2 020	2 670	584	724
Drive alone	390	248	79	1 837	2 478	447	545
Carpooled	70	28	—	183	192	137	179
Public transportation	—	21	—	33	—	9	12
Other means	7	18	16	46	25	56	40
Worked at home	7	15	—	17	69	11	17
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	14.7	15.0	14.1	15.2	17.1	13.2	14.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	466	323	95	2 066	2 623	632	749
Central city	445	303	95	1 886	2 240	547	722
Outside central city	21	20	—	180	383	85	27
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	8	7	—	50	141	28	44
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>							
Persons 16 years and over	877	568	389	3 706	3 855	1 180	1 610
In labor force	520	390	111	2 275	2 908	711	896
Employed	488	340	95	2 160	2 816	669	810
Unemployed	62	50	16	115	92	42	86
Percent of civilian labor force	6.2	12.8	14.4	5.1	3.2	5.9	9.6
Females 16 years and over	570	307	231	2 158	2 001	605	914
Employed	264	163	38	1 064	1 312	301	416
Unemployed	24	12	26	26	36	13	37
With own children under 6 years	53	23	14	262	393	95	134
In labor force	42	23	7	204	259	56	83
With own children 6 to 17 years only	33	38	12	265	412	96	126
In labor force	33	33	4	182	333	83	89
Persons 16 to 19 years	43	25	10	219	209	104	112
Not enrolled in school	12	16	10	95	47	56	50
Unemployed or not in labor force	6	10	10	53	16	17	30
Not high school graduate	6	6	10	67	9	19	38
Employed	—	6	—	20	—	13	8
Unemployed	—	—	—	14	—	—	23
Not in labor force	6	—	10	33	9	6	7
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	541	374	132	2 441	3 136	762	993
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	364	330	119	1 755	2 577	601	707
50 to 52 weeks	273	216	90	1 277	1 967	475	479
<b>DISABILITY</b>							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	530	441	162	2 778	3 462	951	1 159
With a mobility or self-care limitation	19	12	8	167	30	60	32
With a mobility limitation	13	12	—	77	5	34	13
In labor force	6	7	—	18	5	—	6
With a self-care limitation	6	—	8	118	25	26	32
With a work disability	40	42	10	233	130	157	163
In labor force	21	26	4	79	73	29	39
Prevented from working	12	16	6	138	52	112	124
No work disability	490	399	152	2 545	3 332	794	996
In labor force	435	358	95	2 145	2 800	651	816
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	250	127	87	713	393	229	387
With a mobility or self-care limitation	71	52	30	160	44	68	145
With a mobility limitation	58	21	25	121	—	63	124
With a self-care limitation	28	46	17	84	44	23	90



Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN					
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Warrick County, IN	Kentucky (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>						
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	125 658	106 999	73 332	53 571	21 706	18 659
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	13 145	11 364	8 095	5 463	2 155	1 781
Professional specialty occupations .....	15 188	13 193	9 523	6 528	2 538	1 995
Technicians and related support occupations .....	5 098	4 612	3 059	2 175	836	486
Sales occupations .....	15 518	13 675	9 732	7 250	2 847	1 843
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	19 079	16 397	11 681	8 522	2 955	2 682
Private household occupations .....	167	144	91	78	14	23
Protective service occupations .....	1 535	1 256	975	755	124	279
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	14 568	12 444	8 809	7 179	2 286	2 124
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	2 044	1 596	734	424	363	448
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	16 204	13 411	8 294	5 672	3 340	2 793
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	11 205	8 948	5 940	4 617	1 966	2 257
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	6 152	5 066	3 258	2 480	1 174	1 086
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	5 755	4 893	3 141	2 428	1 108	862
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Households .....	102 059	86 754	61 757	48 114	15 640	15 305
Less than \$5,000 .....	5 930	4 704	3 763	3 389	525	1 226
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	10 083	8 460	6 606	5 948	1 035	1 623
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	9 587	7 914	6 082	5 381	1 088	1 673
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	19 469	16 769	12 413	10 285	2 727	2 700
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	17 414	14 616	10 409	8 405	2 659	2 798
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	19 696	16 895	11 289	8 153	3 490	2 801
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	13 846	11 975	7 542	4 521	2 939	1 871
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	3 311	2 990	1 827	929	733	321
\$100,000 or more .....	2 723	2 431	1 826	1 103	444	292
Median (dollars) .....	28 003	28 353	26 598	23 906	34 131	26 385
Mean (dollars) .....	34 371	34 838	33 703	30 325	39 107	31 725
Families .....	72 796	61 386	41 469	30 354	12 654	11 410
Median income (dollars) .....	34 392	35 180	33 733	30 366	38 427	30 826
Per capita income (dollars) .....	13 579	13 806	13 927	13 116	13 892	12 322
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>						
Households .....	102 059	86 754	61 757	48 114	15 640	15 305
With earnings .....	80 899	68 644	47 796	36 068	13 109	12 255
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	35 087	35 414	34 234	30 878	39 833	33 255
With Social Security income .....	29 607	25 441	19 187	16 005	3 701	4 166
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 953	8 072	8 100	7 956	8 219	7 224
With public assistance income .....	5 525	4 330	3 303	3 005	598	1 195
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 505	3 514	3 428	3 379	3 438	3 475
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>						
Families (dollars) .....	40 227	40 993	40 612	37 004	42 975	36 102
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	40 652	41 295	40 853	36 224	43 330	37 378
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	43 696	44 550	44 730	41 427	45 563	39 087
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	45 896	46 685	47 531	43 760	46 492	41 887
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	19 455	20 119	19 756	18 516	22 537	15 832
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	15 394	15 891	15 345	13 777	18 994	12 820
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>						
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>						
Families .....	72 796	61 386	41 469	30 354	12 654	11 410
Householder worked in 1989 .....	59 282	50 024	33 008	23 593	10 800	9 258
With related children under 18 years .....	36 702	30 656	19 896	14 289	6 856	6 046
With related children under 5 years .....	14 500	12 240	8 285	6 094	2 431	2 260
Married-couple families .....	61 092	51 535	33 896	23 839	11 163	9 557
Householder worked in 1989 .....	50 641	42 660	27 404	18 789	9 704	7 981
With related children under 18 years .....	29 448	24 604	15 254	10 267	5 975	4 844
With related children under 5 years .....	12 195	10 305	6 784	4 718	2 178	1 890
Female householder, no husband present .....	9 210	7 783	6 001	5 179	1 182	1 427
Householder worked in 1989 .....	6 591	5 623	4 298	3 696	826	968
With related children under 18 years .....	5 911	4 942	3 821	3 346	709	969
With related children under 5 years .....	1 921	1 616	1 254	1 171	212	305
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	35 594	30 983	24 856	21 367	3 682	4 611
Nonfamily householder .....	29 263	25 368	20 288	17 760	2 986	3 895
65 years and over .....	12 498	10 792	8 471	7 534	1 293	1 706
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	255 003	215 736	146 885	108 949	43 488	39 267
Persons under 18 years .....	63 983	53 750	34 412	24 285	12 271	10 233
Related children under 18 years .....	63 757	53 553	34 266	24 162	12 233	10 204
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	46 074	38 502	24 181	16 762	9 198	7 572
Persons 65 years and over .....	34 462	29 679	22 646	18 561	4 111	4 783
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>						
Families .....	5 213	3 963	2 954	2 639	644	1 250
Percent below poverty level .....	7.2	6.5	7.1	8.7	5.1	11.0
Householder worked in 1989 .....	2 972	2 301	1 653	1 459	417	671
With related children under 18 years .....	3 928	3 033	2 255	2 062	489	895
With related children under 5 years .....	2 002	1 582	1 184	1 092	233	420
Married-couple families .....	2 439	1 773	1 237	1 011	337	666
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 484	1 103	753	614	230	381
With related children under 18 years .....	1 482	1 073	719	606	209	409
With related children under 5 years .....	855	660	449	382	122	195
Female householder, no husband present .....	2 543	2 024	1 607	1 523	269	519
Householder worked in 1989 .....	1 333	1 068	826	776	149	265
With related children under 18 years .....	2 270	1 829	1 461	1 386	242	441
With related children under 5 years .....	1 068	868	693	673	102	200
Unrelated individuals .....	8 660	7 388	6 034	4 951	756	1 272
Nonfamily householder .....	6 020	4 978	4 001	3 485	517	1 042
65 years and over .....	2 903	2 343	1 808	1 623	262	560
Persons .....	25 060	19 985	15 270	13 166	2 898	5 075
Percent below poverty level .....	9.8	9.3	10.4	12.1	6.7	12.9
Persons under 18 years .....	7 808	6 192	4 552	4 127	1 078	1 616
Related children under 18 years .....	7 637	6 042	4 436	4 034	1 050	1 595
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	4 937	3 850	2 773	2 521	741	1 087
Persons 65 years and over .....	3 901	3 076	2 357	2 053	373	825
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>						
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	10 327	8 342	6 667	5 590	1 091	1 985
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	35 895	28 719	21 621	18 570	4 390	7 176

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97	Tract 38 04	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	18 659	10 689	1 653	2 002	1 653	828	669	691
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	1 781	1 042	93	273	93	57	68	65
Professional specialty occupations .....	1 995	1 258	122	309	122	74	68	74
Technicians and related support occupations .....	486	289	45	92	45	38	50	35
Sales occupations .....	1 843	1 171	244	413	244	88	97	58
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	2 682	1 702	220	282	220	93	70	58
Private household occupations .....	23	17	—	4	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	279	179	20	13	20	3	26	14
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	2 124	1 291	234	178	234	177	95	135
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	448	114	20	18	20	5	44	6
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	2 793	1 450	258	207	258	94	14	91
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	2 257	1 182	181	110	181	84	59	55
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	1 086	489	103	55	103	48	6	71
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	862	505	109	52	109	67	72	29
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	15 305	9 455	1 438	1 545	1 438	675	788	623
Less than \$5,000 .....	1 226	911	100	87	100	106	136	68
\$5,000 to \$9,999 .....	1 623	1 176	196	107	196	75	191	87
\$10,000 to \$14,999 .....	1 673	1 144	193	92	193	64	93	92
\$15,000 to \$24,999 .....	2 700	1 692	338	195	338	153	181	125
\$25,000 to \$34,999 .....	2 798	1 570	224	248	224	109	89	124
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	2 801	1 548	259	359	259	100	46	57
\$50,000 to \$74,999 .....	1 871	1 065	96	297	96	35	41	70
\$75,000 to \$99,999 .....	321	194	24	55	24	24	—	—
\$100,000 or more .....	292	155	8	105	8	9	11	—
Median (dollars) .....	26 385	23 371	21 512	36 326	21 512	22 028	13 143	19 335
Mean (dollars) .....	31 725	29 858	25 283	44 633	25 283	25 484	23 985	23 053
Families .....	11 410	6 542	1 054	1 184	1 054	433	400	408
Median income (dollars) .....	30 826	29 882	26 150	42 021	26 150	24 890	16 649	24 531
Per capita income (dollars) .....	12 322	12 399	9 794	17 054	9 794	10 586	10 677	9 255
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households .....	15 305	9 455	1 438	1 545	1 438	675	788	623
With earnings .....	12 255	7 249	1 093	1 260	1 093	480	570	441
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	33 255	31 833	26 533	44 896	26 533	26 637	18 323	25 014
With Social Security income .....	4 166	2 915	471	393	471	255	220	227
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	7 224	7 091	7 183	7 859	7 183	7 437	7 895	7 025
With public assistance income .....	1 195	849	171	76	171	70	168	84
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	3 475	3 101	2 478	3 360	2 478	3 041	3 664	6 819
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars) .....	36 102	35 367	29 018	50 380	29 018	28 552	32 762	25 006
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	37 378	37 298	27 918	44 742	27 918	26 608	18 971	22 839
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	39 087	39 465	32 892	58 474	32 892	31 524	44 492	29 455
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	41 887	43 759	34 420	57 500	34 420	28 904	26 640	31 374
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	15 832	15 576	12 804	19 812	12 804	12 468	10 193	13 182
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	12 820	12 191	11 246	15 094	11 246	10 995	9 298	8 641
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families .....	11 410	6 542	1 054	1 184	1 054	433	400	408
Householder worked in 1989 .....	9 258	5 114	855	1 025	855	336	269	272
With related children under 18 years .....	6 046	3 368	591	600	591	217	235	206
With related children under 5 years .....	2 260	1 325	222	303	222	98	121	82
Married-couple families .....	9 557	5 193	831	926	831	316	253	291
Householder worked in 1989 .....	7 981	4 184	690	823	690	256	170	183
With related children under 18 years .....	4 844	2 470	413	411	413	139	117	13
With related children under 5 years .....	1 890	1 070	143	219	143	72	91	43
Female householder, no husband present .....	1 427	1 095	207	219	207	81	125	88
Householder worked in 1989 .....	968	729	154	163	154	57	77	74
With related children under 18 years .....	969	760	172	157	172	60	104	70
With related children under 5 years .....	305	228	73	72	73	26	30	34
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	4 611	3 345	440	452	440	312	547	302
Nonfamily householder .....	3 895	2 913	384	361	384	242	388	215
65 years and over .....	1 706	1 272	174	192	174	130	111	130
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	39 267	22 606	3 802	4 062	3 802	1 668	1 775	1 579
Persons under 18 years .....	10 233	5 574	1 084	1 175	1 084	422	448	378
Related children under 18 years .....	10 204	5 559	1 084	1 175	1 084	413	448	378
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	7 572	4 041	734	787	734	299	301	280
Persons 65 years and over .....	4 783	3 323	444	522	444	257	233	263
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families .....	1 250	807	115	61	115	62	124	87
Percent below poverty level .....	11.0	12.3	10.9	5.2	10.9	14.3	31.0	21.3
Householder worked in 1989 .....	671	397	72	22	72	28	69	39
With related children under 18 years .....	895	572	103	61	103	47	100	50
With related children under 5 years .....	420	294	73	31	73	18	43	32
Married-couple families .....	666	382	34	—	34	7	54	34
Householder worked in 1989 .....	381	176	27	—	27	—	43	8
With related children under 18 years .....	409	202	22	—	22	—	38	5
With related children under 5 years .....	195	121	22	—	22	—	20	5
Female householder, no husband present .....	519	410	81	61	81	46	70	40
Householder worked in 1989 .....	265	211	45	22	45	28	26	26
With related children under 18 years .....	441	355	81	61	81	38	62	40
With related children under 5 years .....	200	163	51	31	51	18	23	22
Unrelated individuals .....	1 272	955	115	73	115	73	245	73
Nonfamily householder .....	1 042	804	89	61	89	54	131	41
65 years and over .....	560	417	37	42	37	20	31	40
Persons .....	5 075	3 266	548	243	548	261	659	354
Percent below poverty level .....	12.9	14.4	14.4	6.0	14.4	15.6	37.1	22.4
Persons under 18 years .....	1 616	986	251	109	251	108	209	121
Related children under 18 years .....	1 595	979	251	109	251	99	209	121
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	1 087	642	106	55	106	68	168	79
Persons 65 years and over .....	825	616	43	42	43	20	31	66
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	1 985	1 303	210	109	210	229	288	168
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	7 176	4 485	767	367	767	366	846	414



Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN—Con					Henderson city Henderson County KY	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 03	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>OCCUPATION</b>							
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	488	340	95	2 160	2 816	669	810
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	14	65	10	231	680	83	67
Professional specialty occupations .....	57	13	—	265	690	51	74
Technicians and related support occupations .....	32	6	—	93	152	12	12
Sales occupations .....	54	49	7	391	444	62	70
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	74	48	12	296	302	95	147
Private household occupations .....	—	—	—	8	7	—	6
Protective service occupations .....	6	—	36	21	54	25	22
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	80	41	14	332	116	86	163
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	13	7	—	24	7	20	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	53	65	8	193	169	79	91
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	65	4	8	152	63	114	77
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	11	30	—	111	47	17	18
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	29	12	—	43	85	25	63
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	466	293	151	1 984	1 994	602	902
Less than \$5 000 .....	55	12	47	133	—	92	165
\$5 000 to \$9 999 .....	63	53	47	365	82	109	190
\$10 000 to \$14 999 .....	134	17	33	228	42	112	140
\$15 000 to \$24 999 .....	101	89	10	405	201	93	145
\$25 000 to \$34 999 .....	41	72	14	336	315	64	89
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	52	23	—	270	523	85	100
\$50 000 to \$74 999 .....	20	12	—	157	457	25	46
\$75 000 to \$99 999 .....	—	15	—	25	148	14	9
\$100 000 or more .....	—	—	—	65	226	8	18
Median (dollars) .....	14 181	22 550	7 233	20 809	45 170	14 464	13 706
Mean (dollars) .....	18 935	25 579	9 941	27 803	66 881	21 265	20 328
Families .....	225	186	43	1 142	1 453	433	582
Median income (dollars) .....	19 961	26 000	10 568	31 544	49 418	16 378	18 988
Per capita income (dollars) .....	9 085	10 451	8 092	12 666	26 145	8 331	9 272
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>							
Households .....	466	293	151	1 984	1 994	602	902
With earnings .....	309	215	65	1 429	1 769	436	617
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	21 728	25 923	12 956	30 802	64 444	22 011	23 116
With Social Security income .....	189	122	73	730	307	211	322
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	6 771	8 000	5 988	7 460	8 148	6 799	6 028
With public assistance income .....	35	—	15	101	33	105	151
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	1 986	—	4 576	3 351	3 919	3 050	2 698
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>							
Families (dollars) .....	25 478	31 182	12 273	35 144	78 344	23 662	24 259
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	20 053	35 352	11 846	32 839	85 063	24 780	21 959
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	31 818	33 874	18 389	40 515	82 426	25 568	28 211
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	32 715	37 627	29 180	41 070	90 036	29 069	29 502
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	8 189	24 189	4 547	17 971	36 133	12 538	12 427
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	5 175	24 500	4 547	14 873	22 469	7 788	7 854
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>							
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>							
Families .....	225	186	43	1 142	1 453	433	582
Householder worked in 1989 .....	169	146	17	954	1 303	310	402
With related children under 18 years .....	87	78	27	543	777	223	291
With related children under 5 years .....	45	16	15	257	333	102	127
Married-couple families .....	161	150	24	848	1 329	360	429
Householder worked in 1989 .....	130	116	13	706	1 197	260	302
With related children under 18 years .....	47	63	8	345	710	171	192
With related children under 5 years .....	11	11	8	170	325	90	93
Female householder, no husband present .....	58	22	19	198	106	57	139
Householder worked in 1989 .....	33	16	4	161	98	40	94
With related children under 18 years .....	40	9	19	149	59	42	93
With related children under 5 years .....	34	5	7	61	8	12	34
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	295	141	170	963	626	224	334
Nonfamily householder .....	241	107	108	842	541	169	320
65 years and over .....	154	44	64	358	121	88	132
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	919	714	275	4 285	5 170	1 533	1 953
Persons under 18 years .....	147	152	26	884	1 420	400	466
Related children under 18 years .....	147	152	26	884	1 420	400	459
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	65	122	—	595	1 005	283	327
Persons 65 years and over .....	250	127	87	713	393	229	387
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>							
Families .....	47	8	19	117	26	78	158
Percent below poverty level .....	20.9	4.3	44.2	10.2	1.8	18.0	27.1
Householder worked in 1989 .....	22	8	4	94	26	36	86
With related children under 18 years .....	36	—	19	112	26	62	123
With related children under 5 years .....	30	—	7	68	8	24	72
Married-couple families .....	7	—	—	38	15	53	97
Householder worked in 1989 .....	—	—	—	38	15	23	52
With related children under 18 years .....	—	—	—	38	15	37	62
With related children under 5 years .....	—	—	—	30	8	12	38
Female householder, no husband present .....	40	—	19	79	11	25	61
Householder worked in 1989 .....	22	—	4	56	11	13	34
With related children under 18 years .....	36	—	19	74	11	25	61
With related children under 5 years .....	30	—	7	38	—	12	34
Unrelated individuals .....	91	17	60	211	25	102	134
Nonfamily householder .....	63	17	43	186	—	67	127
65 years and over .....	44	6	33	54	—	38	41
Persons .....	208	36	96	603	124	400	587
Percent below poverty level .....	22.6	5.0	34.9	14.1	2.4	26.1	30.1
Persons under 18 years .....	58	—	17	210	57	143	203
Related children under 18 years .....	58	—	17	210	57	143	196
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	8	—	—	127	51	112	120
Persons 65 years and over .....	48	6	33	64	—	55	73
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	79	9	63	298	16	177	236
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	215	134	123	931	174	551	751

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN				Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>								
All persons	16 080	13 067	12 447	12 043	3 013	3 013	2 714	660
Native	16 038	13 025	12 405	12 010	3 013	3 013	2 714	660
Foreign born	42	42	42	33	-	-	-	-
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>								
Linguistically isolated households	71	62	62	62	9	9	9	-
Persons 5 years and over	14 607	11 836	11 276	10 913	2 771	2 771	2 489	522
Speak a language other than English	510	473	461	441	37	37	37	25
Do not speak English "very well"	185	170	170	155	15	15	15	-
In linguistically isolated households	114	105	105	105	9	9	9	-
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	4 943	4 046	3 818	3 658	897	897	830	239
Preprimary school	395	332	327	303	63	63	63	61
Public school	313	256	251	244	57	57	57	46
Elementary or high school	3 676	2 997	2 841	2 773	679	679	625	148
Public school	3 606	2 934	2 778	2 710	672	672	618	148
College	872	717	650	582	155	155	142	30
Public college	676	555	488	420	121	121	108	23
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>								
Persons 25 years and over	8 989	7 259	6 911	6 713	1 730	1 730	1 535	283
Less than 9th grade	1 377	1 033	995	984	344	344	277	-
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	2 122	1 678	1 625	1 614	444	444	411	44
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	2 821	2 273	2 178	2 121	548	548	490	110
Some college, no degree	1 575	1 315	1 238	1 208	260	260	223	93
Associate degree	417	350	338	318	67	67	67	23
Bachelor's degree	357	306	242	213	51	51	51	7
Graduate or professional degree	320	304	295	255	16	16	16	6
Percent high school graduate or higher	61.1	62.7	62.1	61.3	54.5	54.5	55.2	84.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.5	8.4	7.8	7.0	3.9	3.9	4.4	4.6
<b>FERTILITY</b>								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 516	1 485	1 502	1 533	1 656	1 656	1 706	976
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>								
Persons 5 years and over	14 607	11 836	11 276	10 913	2 771	2 771	2 489	522
Same house	7 063	5 701	5 410	5 273	1 362	1 362	1 135	159
Different house in United States	7 501	6 110	5 841	5 624	1 391	1 391	1 336	363
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	5 874	4 802	4 743	4 641	1 072	1 072	1 067	318
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	469	405	234	224	64	64	43	4
Different MSA/PMSA	869	696	682	601	173	173	165	33
Not in an MSA/PMSA	289	207	182	158	82	82	61	8
Abroad	43	25	25	16	18	18	18	-
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>								
Workers 16 years and over	5 696	4 610	4 394	4 233	1 086	1 086	945	274
Car, truck, or van	4 693	3 746	3 570	3 417	947	947	819	211
Drove alone	3 587	2 998	2 857	2 708	589	589	497	179
Carpooled	1 106	748	713	709	358	358	322	32
Public transportation	436	412	412	409	24	24	24	56
Other means	491	376	344	339	115	115	102	-
Worked at home	76	76	68	68	-	-	-	7
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.7	18.0	17.8	17.8	16.7	16.7	16.5	21.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	5 430	4 466	4 261	4 109	964	964	840	274
Central city	4 772	3 927	3 825	3 703	845	845	749	262
Outside central city	658	539	436	406	119	119	91	12
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	266	144	133	124	122	122	105	-
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>								
Persons 16 years and over	11 308	9 154	8 714	8 405	2 154	2 154	1 912	391
In labor force	7 174	5 753	5 490	5 295	1 421	1 421	1 271	302
Employed	5 810	4 714	4 491	4 330	1 096	1 096	955	280
Unemployed	1 316	998	958	924	318	318	309	22
Percent of civilian labor force	18.5	17.5	17.6	17.6	22.5	22.5	24.4	7.3
Females 16 years and over	6 306	5 121	4 899	4 752	1 185	1 185	1 055	269
Employed	3 189	2 606	2 513	2 428	583	583	515	200
Unemployed	598	447	428	407	151	151	149	15
With own children under 6 years	1 012	847	808	796	165	165	160	92
In labor force	636	524	485	482	112	112	107	66
With own children 6 to 17 years only	1 301	1 051	992	954	250	250	223	66
In labor force	1 064	848	815	777	216	216	192	32
Persons 16 to 19 years	1 101	939	889	849	162	162	140	63
Not enrolled in school	263	235	235	230	28	28	20	22
Unemployed or not in labor force	146	146	146	141	23	23	15	-
Not high school graduate	138	128	128	123	10	10	10	-
Employed	29	29	29	29	-	-	-	-
Unemployed	46	36	36	36	10	10	10	-
Not in labor force	63	63	63	58	-	-	-	-
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	7 298	5 839	5 550	5 325	1 459	1 459	1 294	291
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	5 422	4 285	4 043	3 898	1 137	1 137	1 021	228
50 to 52 weeks	3 395	2 725	2 565	2 449	670	670	596	150
<b>DISABILITY</b>								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	9 279	7 545	7 184	6 902	1 734	1 734	1 543	385
With a mobility or self-care limitation	669	574	574	529	95	95	82	31
With a mobility limitation	216	191	191	186	25	25	25	17
In labor force	30	30	30	30	-	-	-	17
With a self-care limitation	562	487	487	442	75	75	62	25
With a work disability	1 058	883	860	833	175	175	161	36
In labor force	367	328	328	316	39	39	39	16
Prevented from working	652	529	506	491	123	123	111	20
No work disability	8 221	6 662	6 324	6 069	1 559	1 559	1 382	349
In labor force	6 590	5 265	5 008	4 825	1 325	1 325	1 177	286
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	1 637	1 284	1 240	1 213	353	353	302	6
With a mobility or self-care limitation	513	457	457	451	56	56	56	-
With a mobility limitation	375	319	319	313	56	56	56	-
With a self-care limitation	266	250	250	244	16	16	16	-



Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN								Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>										
All persons	660	1 448	826	1 147	1 424	1 637	876	590	431	587
Native	660	1 448	826	1 147	1 424	1 637	871	568	431	587
Foreign born	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	22	—	—
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>										
Linguistically isolated households	—	10	8	12	5	13	—	—	9	—
Persons 5 years and over	522	1 259	770	1 046	1 331	1 589	745	518	408	553
Speak a language other than English	25	23	47	76	62	41	26	10	19	5
Do not speak English "very well"	—	10	23	24	23	17	—	5	15	—
in linguistically isolated households	—	10	17	24	5	35	—	—	9	—
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	239	462	332	423	317	435	241	220	95	220
Preprimary school	61	32	19	7	32	34	6	40	4	17
Public school	46	32	19	4	32	10	6	34	4	17
Elementary or high school	148	360	214	319	244	339	207	170	78	173
Public school	148	360	214	312	244	330	193	141	78	173
College	30	70	99	97	41	62	28	10	13	30
Public college	23	70	99	66	33	14	22	4	13	9
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>										
Persons 25 years and over	283	732	453	601	952	1 053	448	284	255	348
Less than 9th grade	—	113	35	76	211	157	104	22	39	79
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	44	192	60	214	364	230	130	64	113	81
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	110	272	209	153	242	278	172	85	56	103
Some college, no degree	93	103	111	82	211	21	45	26	11	59
Associate degree	23	37	7	21	28	70	14	24	11	15
Bachelor's degree	7	8	14	—	20	25	7	17	10	4
Graduate or professional degree	6	7	10	26	5	82	—	27	—	7
Percent high school graduate or higher	84.5	58.3	79.0	51.7	39.6	63.2	47.8	69.7	40.4	54.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.6	2.0	5.3	4.3	2.6	10.2	1.6	15.5	3.9	3.2
<b>FERTILITY</b>										
Children ever born per 1 000 women 15 to 44 years	976	1 875	1 231	1 956	2 000	1 279	1 511	1 809	1 406	3 375
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>										
Persons 5 years and over	522	1 259	770	1 046	1 331	1 589	745	518	408	553
Same house	159	735	275	461	736	1 241	408	96	200	302
Different house in United States	363	524	495	585	595	348	337	417	208	238
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	318	482	442	492	482	286	301	340	185	173
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	4	—	6	34	6	30	6	32	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	33	26	38	41	97	32	17	45	13	60
Not in an MSA/PMSA	8	16	9	18	10	—	13	—	10	5
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	13
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>										
Workers 16 years and over	274	448	354	425	402	664	197	217	135	167
Car, truck or van	211	384	271	366	302	541	137	201	86	156
Drove alone	179	303	214	307	218	448	87	165	35	92
Carpooled	32	81	57	59	84	93	50	36	51	64
Public transportation	56	48	45	34	48	60	12	8	3	—
Other means	—	10	25	25	52	44	43	8	46	11
Worked at home	7	6	13	—	—	19	5	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.2	20.8	20.2	17.2	17.5	18.6	15.0	13.5	13.9	17.6
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	274	440	346	425	386	617	197	217	135	153
Central city	262	385	332	391	360	494	190	200	110	143
Outside central city	12	55	14	34	26	123	7	17	25	10
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	—	8	8	—	16	47	—	—	—	14
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>										
Persons 16 years and over	391	919	578	777	1 091	1 274	576	343	340	407
In labor force	302	567	450	535	539	806	310	245	188	284
Employed	280	448	365	428	429	659	211	217	141	167
Unemployed	22	119	85	101	110	134	99	28	47	117
Percent of civilian labor force	7.3	21.0	18.9	19.1	20.4	16.9	31.9	11.4	25.0	41.2
Females 16 years and over	269	531	287	416	589	701	364	238	202	202
Employed	200	215	203	234	208	369	118	149	81	96
Unemployed	15	54	29	49	53	53	27	15	19	45
With own children under 6 years	92	101	12	57	74	54	78	77	26	31
In labor force	66	63	5	47	21	50	32	50	5	31
With own children 6 to 17 years only	32	108	72	129	88	128	59	32	32	45
In labor force	32	44	72	107	58	114	47	32	27	34
Persons 16 to 19 years	63	93	55	101	84	99	67	21	20	27
Not enrolled in school	22	20	8	21	46	24	16	—	6	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	5	15	41	16	16	—	6	—
Not high school graduate	—	20	3	15	33	9	11	—	6	—
Employed	—	20	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	4	14	—	3	—	6	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	11	19	9	8	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	291	515	415	549	564	800	298	266	211	242
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	228	363	303	357	419	567	200	225	182	191
50 to 52 weeks	150	209	215	202	255	385	109	149	72	97
<b>DISABILITY</b>										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	385	766	519	713	808	962	421	321	277	323
With a mobility or self-care limitation	31	59	46	28	101	90	46	6	17	20
With a mobility limitation	17	28	13	18	20	15	24	6	4	10
In labor force	17	—	5	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	25	39	41	22	90	81	35	—	13	10
With a work disability	36	64	70	53	170	75	80	29	37	57
In labor force	16	30	32	13	48	27	44	—	6	10
Prevented from working	20	27	38	36	118	45	36	29	31	36
No work disability	349	702	449	660	638	887	341	292	240	266
In labor force	286	523	413	509	468	734	241	245	168	259
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	6	153	59	58	283	299	140	—	63	75
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	73	18	20	103	103	72	—	—	10
With a mobility limitation	—	65	10	12	67	69	47	—	—	10
With a self-care limitation	—	34	8	20	66	43	32	—	—	10

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN				Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10.97
<b>OCCUPATION</b>								
Employed persons 16 years and over	5 810	4 714	4 491	4 330	1 096	1 096	955	280
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	303	246	225	215	57	57	57	—
Professional specialty occupations	478	426	399	379	52	52	48	31
Technicians and related support occupations	164	130	130	111	34	34	28	—
Sales occupations	424	339	326	311	85	85	74	31
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	735	651	624	596	84	84	75	43
Private household occupations	75	48	43	43	27	27	27	5
Protective service occupations	129	129	129	120	—	—	—	8
Service occupations, except protective and household	1 495	1 220	1 203	1 177	275	275	241	58
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	50	37	37	37	13	13	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	406	331	310	296	75	75	62	15
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	924	643	616	596	281	281	237	55
Transportation and material moving occupations	237	218	170	170	19	19	19	6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	390	296	279	279	94	94	87	28
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Households	5 965	4 836	4 640	4 502	1 129	1 129	1 006	225
Less than \$5,000	1 247	974	956	941	273	273	241	53
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 164	952	913	893	212	212	195	32
\$10,000 to \$14,999	699	571	538	534	128	128	99	42
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1 104	891	866	850	213	213	204	41
\$25,000 to \$34,999	671	532	498	483	139	139	120	39
\$35,000 to \$49,999	578	489	458	434	89	89	79	13
\$50,000 to \$74,999	367	322	322	278	45	45	38	5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	94	64	64	64	30	30	30	—
\$100,000 or more	41	41	25	25	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	13 998	14 197	14 011	13 670	13 316	13 316	13 367	12 868
Mean (dollars)	19 930	20 167	19 934	19 520	18 914	18 914	18 916	16 668
Families	4 007	3 268	3 110	3 020	739	739	665	157
Median income (dollars)	16 822	17 143	17 096	16 537	15 988	15 988	16 028	12 132
Per capita income (dollars)	7 653	7 742	7 635	7 506	7 264	7 264	7 223	5 919
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>								
Households	5 965	4 836	4 640	4 502	1 129	1 129	1 006	225
With earnings	4 376	3 523	3 354	3 245	853	853	760	174
Mean earnings (dollars)	22 469	22 876	22 726	22 286	20 785	20 785	20 818	19 249
With Social Security income	1 540	1 255	1 211	1 181	285	285	239	27
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 261	6 429	6 455	6 299	5 523	5 523	5 578	4 816
With public assistance income	1 101	891	866	866	210	210	190	41
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 171	3 186	3 145	3 145	3 108	3 108	3 026	3 059
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>								
Families (dollars)	22 948	23 023	22 775	22 119	22 619	22 619	22 288	17 769
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 055	20 450	20 411	19 684	18 094	18 094	16 953	14 139
Married-couple families (dollars)	32 218	32 908	32 677	31 693	29 228	29 228	29 819	38 275
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 037	35 173	35 718	34 693	27 423	27 423	25 329	33 440
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	12 617	12 462	12 518	12 403	13 306	13 306	13 271	12 519
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 925	9 743	9 831	9 762	10 706	10 706	10 580	11 355
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>								
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>								
Families	4 007	3 268	3 110	3 020	739	739	665	157
Householder worked in 1989	2 732	2 220	2 092	2 010	512	512	448	121
With related children under 18 years	2 675	2 224	2 124	2 064	451	451	420	130
With related children under 5 years	1 020	853	817	804	167	167	161	84
Married-couple families	1 883	1 530	1 425	1 362	353	353	286	32
Householder worked in 1989	1 412	1 140	1 043	988	272	272	215	35
With related children under 18 years	1 012	867	804	764	145	145	121	12
With related children under 5 years	377	321	290	282	56	56	50	—
Female householder, no husband present	1 796	1 466	1 429	1 407	330	330	323	125
Householder worked in 1989	1 067	872	848	826	195	195	188	89
With related children under 18 years	1 464	1 186	1 156	1 141	278	278	271	115
With related children under 5 years	584	473	468	468	111	111	111	84
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	2 638	2 140	2 069	1 967	498	498	449	106
Nonfamily householder	1 958	1 568	1 530	1 482	390	390	341	68
65 years and over	707	515	507	496	192	192	167	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	15 631	12 720	12 135	11 731	2 911	2 911	2 630	660
Persons under 18 years	5 268	4 354	4 138	4 008	914	914	859	299
Related children under 18 years	5 221	4 322	4 106	3 983	899	899	844	299
Related children 5 to 17 years	3 771	3 091	2 935	2 853	680	680	630	161
Persons 65 years and over	1 637	1 284	1 240	1 213	353	353	302	6
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>								
Families	1 396	1 123	1 088	1 083	273	273	266	63
Percent below poverty level	34.8	34.4	35.0	35.9	36.9	36.9	40.0	40.1
Householder worked in 1989	634	503	481	476	131	131	126	32
With related children under 18 years	1 156	942	912	907	214	214	210	63
With related children under 5 years	529	437	432	432	92	92	92	51
Married-couple families	287	217	205	205	70	70	63	—
Householder worked in 1989	137	90	78	78	47	47	42	—
With related children under 18 years	158	120	113	113	38	38	34	—
With related children under 5 years	60	45	45	45	15	15	15	—
Female householder, no husband present	1 025	833	810	805	192	192	192	63
Householder worked in 1989	439	355	345	340	84	84	84	32
With related children under 18 years	930	754	731	726	176	176	176	63
With related children under 5 years	442	365	360	360	77	77	77	51
Unrelated individuals	1 077	847	841	772	230	230	195	26
Nonfamily householder	714	558	552	532	156	156	121	21
65 years and over	357	240	240	234	117	117	95	6
Persons	5 724	4 611	4 478	4 382	1 113	1 113	1 044	245
Percent below poverty level	36.6	36.9	36.9	37.4	38.2	38.2	39.7	37.1
Persons under 18 years	2 580	2 117	2 040	2 016	463	463	449	156
Related children under 18 years	2 533	2 085	2 008	1 991	448	448	434	156
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 734	1 412	1 340	1 335	322	322	308	81
Persons 65 years and over	550	396	396	390	154	154	130	6
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	3 285	2 676	2 572	2 496	609	609	579	140
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	7 124	5 754	5 581	5 461	1 370	1 370	1 287	327



Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN								Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>OCCUPATION</b>										
Employed persons 16 years and over	280	448	365	428	429	659	211	217	141	167
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	—	38	30	10	6	35	15	9	21	13
Professional specialty occupations	31	33	37	25	32	94	14	22	7	—
Technicians and related support occupations	—	13	8	14	15	12	—	5	—	6
Sales occupations	31	26	20	33	18	53	22	13	10	16
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	43	45	41	88	42	57	14	9	—	23
Private household occupations	5	—	7	—	11	14	6	—	—	16
Protective service occupations	8	15	—	—	27	12	5	8	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	58	108	107	138	172	162	76	92	24	31
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	8	6	—	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	15	29	24	28	23	35	22	29	21	9
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	55	76	47	42	44	101	21	30	40	43
Transportation and material moving occupations	6	26	19	13	10	13	16	—	—	5
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	28	39	25	29	23	71	—	—	18	5
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Households	225	572	291	375	626	632	344	222	160	217
Less than \$5 000	53	170	44	98	139	75	126	21	43	52
\$5 000 to \$9 999	32	150	38	42	184	93	112	35	41	32
\$10 000 to \$14 999	42	67	52	43	56	71	35	32	15	18
\$15 000 to \$24 999	41	71	81	76	131	126	44	57	26	67
\$25 000 to \$34 999	39	45	26	46	43	78	14	39	3	32
\$35 000 to \$49 999	13	43	23	35	44	77	6	32	8	4
\$50 000 to \$74 999	5	19	27	24	12	91	—	6	17	5
\$75 000 to \$99 999	—	7	—	11	7	13	—	—	7	7
\$100 000 or more	—	—	—	—	10	8	7	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	12 868	8 287	16 198	15 296	9 537	20 427	6 279	17 130	9 209	16 250
Mean (dollars)	16 668	14 392	20 874	19 939	16 292	26 726	11 182	20 338	20 038	18 064
Families	157	375	199	299	352	448	208	159	103	156
Median income (dollars)	12 132	10 236	20 402	13 920	13 984	28 056	7 298	16 083	14 375	16 923
Per capita income (dollars)	5 919	5 530	7 395	6 837	6 998	9 980	4 744	8 196	7 547	6 991
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>										
Households	225	572	291	375	626	632	344	222	160	217
With earnings	174	402	252	269	388	461	173	191	115	148
Mean earnings (dollars)	19 249	16 208	21 546	24 453	17 992	28 666	14 152	22 201	19 988	19 898
With Social Security income	27	152	58	80	232	234	121	12	62	62
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 816	6 792	5 204	4 413	7 254	7 103	4 956	5 490	5 921	6 964
With public assistance income	41	93	37	90	176	44	125	37	47	41
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 059	2 286	3 774	4 125	3 093	3 481	3 652	3 710	3 209	2 578
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>										
Families (dollars)	17 769	16 599	24 081	20 041	16 697	32 174	13 948	17 876	24 335	19 322
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 139	12 016	18 125	17 960	10 684	30 697	10 124	14 644	7 140	12 140
Married-couple families (dollars)	38 275	27 271	37 529	28 901	20 058	36 264	15 188	26 345	19 036	32 747
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 440	28 119	45 011	31 855	19 113	40 582	19 507	25 890	6 968	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	12 519	5 782	14 300	11 116	14 232	23 278	9 370	14 415	21 162	12 024
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 355	3 918	13 369	8 623	7 834	19 058	8 687	9 861	7 171	12 140
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>										
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>										
Families	157	375	199	299	352	448	208	159	103	156
Householder worked in 1989	121	237	147	199	180	299	107	131	54	81
With related children under 18 years	130	259	140	221	233	216	131	131	62	86
With related children under 5 years	84	117	38	46	82	38	73	80	28	42
Married-couple families	32	166	80	135	136	288	39	37	37	59
Householder worked in 1989	32	142	52	96	70	188	15	37	21	26
With related children under 18 years	15	93	24	64	65	112	15	32	15	—
With related children under 5 years	—	56	8	14	5	15	—	20	12	—
Female householder, no husband present	125	187	67	160	136	136	152	112	59	90
Householder worked in 1989	89	78	55	99	68	87	75	84	26	55
With related children under 18 years	115	151	64	153	120	90	116	94	40	86
With related children under 5 years	84	61	—	28	52	33	58	60	16	42
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	106	219	121	132	336	231	156	84	74	96
Nonfamily householder	68	197	92	76	274	184	136	63	57	61
65 years and over	6	87	7	17	118	92	98	—	21	30
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	660	1 448	826	1 147	1 424	1 618	852	568	431	578
Persons under 18 years	299	581	288	430	376	384	331	262	105	207
Related children under 18 years	299	581	288	430	376	378	331	262	97	200
Related children 5 to 17 years	161	392	232	329	283	330	200	190	74	166
Persons 65 years and over	6	153	59	58	283	299	140	—	63	75
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>										
Families	63	197	45	136	156	56	108	42	54	62
Percent below poverty level	40.1	52.5	22.6	45.5	44.3	12.5	51.9	26.4	52.4	39.7
Householder worked in 1989	32	70	21	48	76	33	43	24	18	35
With related children under 18 years	63	150	41	113	125	46	91	42	39	51
With related children under 5 years	51	81	14	24	54	13	59	34	21	14
Married-couple families	—	44	4	31	39	18	7	—	20	4
Householder worked in 1989	—	20	—	4	15	12	—	—	11	4
With related children under 18 years	—	20	—	8	13	11	—	—	5	—
With related children under 5 years	—	20	—	4	—	—	—	—	5	—
Female householder, no husband present	63	143	19	105	85	38	96	42	34	51
Householder worked in 1989	32	40	7	44	36	21	38	24	7	31
With related children under 18 years	63	120	19	105	80	35	84	42	34	51
With related children under 5 years	51	61	—	20	45	13	52	34	16	14
Unrelated individuals	26	70	43	47	153	90	82	18	21	43
Nonfamily householder	21	62	32	15	129	55	72	13	13	15
65 years and over	6	41	7	8	54	21	67	—	8	15
Persons	245	752	221	477	619	264	518	161	199	237
Percent below poverty level	37.1	51.9	26.8	41.6	43.5	16.3	60.8	28.3	46.2	41.0
Persons under 18 years	156	383	111	223	223	86	272	101	82	131
Related children under 18 years	156	383	111	223	223	80	272	101	74	124
Related children 5 to 17 years	81	241	102	168	167	57	154	62	55	112
Persons 65 years and over	6	76	15	24	78	48	74	—	14	22
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	140	501	119	286	227	135	370	120	116	192
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	327	948	299	555	765	425	601	247	217	344

Table 24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>		
All persons .....	592	466
Native .....	588	462
Foreign born .....	4	4
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>		
Linguistically isolated households .....	-	-
Persons 5 years and over .....	524	426
Speak a language other than English .....	22	22
Do not speak English "very well" .....	-	-
In linguistically isolated households .....	-	-
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>		
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school .....	206	181
Preprimary school .....	26	26
Public school .....	18	18
Elementary or high school .....	142	117
Public school .....	142	117
College .....	38	38
Public college .....	25	25
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>		
Persons 25 years and over .....	333	275
Less than 9th grade .....	60	43
9th to 12th grade, no diploma .....	47	28
High school graduate (includes equivalency) .....	98	76
Some college, no degree .....	55	55
Associate degree .....	36	36
Bachelor's degree .....	17	17
Graduate or professional degree .....	20	20
Percent high school graduate or higher .....	67.9	74.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher .....	11.1	13.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>		
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years .....	1 759	1 737
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>		
Persons 5 years and over .....	524	426
Same house .....	227	210
Different house in United States .....	297	216
Central city of this MSA/PMSA .....	136	90
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA .....	28	28
Different MSA/PMSA .....	79	73
Not in an MSA/PMSA .....	54	25
Abroad .....	-	-
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>		
Workers 16 years and over .....	231	175
Car, truck, or van .....	226	170
Drive alone .....	188	150
Carpooled .....	38	20
Public transportation .....	-	-
Other means .....	5	5
Worked at home .....	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes) .....	18.5	19.7
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence .....	224	168
Central city .....	178	127
Outside central city .....	46	41
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence .....	7	7
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>		
Persons 16 years and over .....	397	324
In labor force .....	267	206
Employed .....	245	189
Unemployed .....	22	17
Percent of civilian labor force .....	8.2	8.3
Females 16 years and over .....	181	148
Employed .....	109	88
Unemployed .....	-	-
With own children under 6 years .....	35	22
In labor force .....	23	18
With own children 6 to 17 years only .....	34	27
In labor force .....	17	10
Persons 16 to 19 years .....	41	36
Not enrolled in school .....	18	13
Unemployed or not in labor force .....	5	-
Not high school graduate .....	10	5
Employed .....	5	5
Unemployed .....	5	-
Not in labor force .....	-	-
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>		
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989 .....	281	212
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week .....	249	180
50 to 52 weeks .....	173	137
<b>DISABILITY</b>		
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years .....	354	281
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	51	45
With a mobility limitation .....	30	30
In labor force .....	17	17
With a self-care limitation .....	29	23
With a work disability .....	69	63
In labor force .....	33	27
Prevented from working .....	36	36
No work disability .....	285	218
In labor force .....	234	179
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over .....	31	31
With a mobility or self-care limitation .....	15	15
With a mobility limitation .....	5	5
With a self-care limitation .....	15	15



Table 25. **Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>		
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	245	189
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	14	8
Professional specialty occupations .....	10	10
Technicians and related support occupations .....	18	18
Sales occupations .....	29	24
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	26	19
Private household occupations .....	—	—
Protective service occupations .....	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household .....	34	32
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	5	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	47	38
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	45	23
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	17	17
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	—	—
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Households .....	206	178
Less than \$5 000 .....	12	12
\$5 000 to \$9 999 .....	31	26
\$10 000 to \$14 999 .....	39	39
\$15 000 to \$24 999 .....	41	30
\$25 000 to \$34 999 .....	43	41
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	15	5
\$50 000 to \$74 999 .....	14	14
\$75 000 to \$99 999 .....	4	4
\$100 000 or more .....	7	7
Median (dollars) .....	18 542	16 875
Mean (dollars) .....	25 431	25 368
Families .....	132	114
Median income (dollars) .....	27 500	27 981
Per capita income (dollars) .....	7 930	8 681
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>		
Households .....	206	178
With earnings .....	168	140
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	26 759	27 107
With Social Security income .....	55	51
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 702	5 993
With public assistance income .....	25	20
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	5 154	5 843
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>		
Families (dollars) .....	29 254	30 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	21 110	21 705
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	35 151	36 147
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	27 330	27 948
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	6 321	5 848
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	7 032	6 543
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>		
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>		
Families .....	132	114
Householder worked in 1989 .....	91	77
With related children under 18 years .....	71	57
With related children under 5 years .....	32	27
Married-couple families .....	105	92
Householder worked in 1989 .....	76	67
With related children under 18 years .....	52	43
With related children under 5 years .....	23	23
Female householder, no husband present .....	27	22
Householder worked in 1989 .....	15	10
With related children under 18 years .....	19	14
With related children under 5 years .....	9	4
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	100	83
Nonfamily householder .....	74	64
65 years and over .....	24	24
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	568	442
Persons under 18 years .....	201	148
Related children under 18 years .....	201	148
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	133	108
Persons 65 years and over .....	31	31
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>		
Families .....	39	34
Percent below poverty level .....	29.5	29.8
Householder worked in 1989 .....	20	15
With related children under 18 years .....	24	19
With related children under 5 years .....	14	9
Married-couple families .....	12	12
Householder worked in 1989 .....	5	5
With related children under 18 years .....	5	5
With related children under 5 years .....	5	5
Female householder, no husband present .....	27	22
Householder worked in 1989 .....	15	10
With related children under 18 years .....	19	14
With related children under 5 years .....	9	4
Unrelated individuals .....	30	23
Nonfamily householder .....	19	19
65 years and over .....	19	19
Persons .....	112	94
Percent below poverty level .....	19.7	21.3
Persons under 18 years .....	43	37
Related children under 18 years .....	43	37
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	37	37
Persons 65 years and over .....	19	19
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>		
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	9	4
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	187	120

Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>				
All persons	1 289	1 200	948	814
Native	446	418	279	227
Foreign born	843	782	669	587
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>				
Linguistically isolated households	109	109	93	83
Persons 5 years and over	1 208	1 119	901	771
Speak a language other than English	771	745	597	541
Do not speak English "very well"	405	393	347	323
In linguistically isolated households	262	262	230	211
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>				
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	597	570	458	403
Preprimary school	39	39	21	21
Public school	17	17	7	7
Elementary or high school	309	282	203	158
Public school	238	224	145	117
College	249	249	234	224
Public college	58	58	58	48
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>				
Persons 25 years and over	645	593	472	391
Less than 9th grade	71	71	71	71
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	36	36	24	24
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	132	113	106	84
Some college, no degree	51	44	31	31
Associate degree	34	27	21	11
Bachelor's degree	124	118	86	53
Graduate or professional degree	197	184	133	117
Percent high school graduate or higher	83.4	82.0	79.9	75.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	49.8	50.9	46.4	43.5
<b>FERTILITY</b>				
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 052	1 024	854	880
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>				
Persons 5 years and over	1 208	1 119	901	771
Same house	509	456	332	324
Different house in United States	499	489	397	299
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	199	199	164	134
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	43	43	7	7
Different MSA/PMSA	201	194	179	111
Not in an MSA/PMSA	56	53	47	47
Abroad	200	174	172	148
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	578	542	460	389
Car, truck, or van	518	489	433	362
Drive alone	447	418	365	294
Carpooled	71	71	68	68
Public transportation	8	8	8	8
Other means	18	11	11	11
Worked at home	34	34	8	8
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.0	18.6	18.8	19.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	518	489	407	336
Central city	435	406	364	310
Outside central city	83	83	43	26
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	60	53	53	53
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>				
Persons 16 years and over	967	905	766	670
In labor force	642	599	494	423
Employed	603	567	470	399
Unemployed	39	32	24	24
Percent of civilian labor force	6.1	5.3	4.9	5.7
Females 16 years and over	429	387	308	245
Employed	279	263	210	172
Unemployed	15	8	—	—
With own children under 6 years	66	66	43	34
In labor force	60	60	43	34
With own children 6 to 17 years only	103	97	66	42
In labor force	66	66	35	26
Persons 16 to 19 years	87	87	71	60
Not enrolled in school	—	—	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>				
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	663	634	529	458
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	494	474	407	351
50 to 52 weeks	286	273	253	239
<b>DISABILITY</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	933	871	747	651
With a mobility or self-care limitation	12	12	—	—
With a mobility limitation	12	12	—	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	12	12	—	—
With a work disability	12	12	—	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—
Prevented from working	12	12	—	—
No work disability	921	859	747	651
In labor force	615	572	482	411
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	27	27	12	12
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	—	—	—
With a mobility limitation	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	—	—	—	—



Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see text for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols; see text.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	603	567	470	399
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	84	84	79	79
Professional specialty occupations .....	175	152	109	84
Technicians and related support occupations .....	16	16	11	11
Sales occupations .....	40	40	33	9
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	86	73	55	55
Private household occupations .....	3	3	-	-
Protective service occupations .....	-	-	-	-
Service occupations except protective and household .....	114	114	114	109
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	-	-	-	-
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	77	77	61	44
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	-	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	8	8	8	8
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	-	-	-	-
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	408	388	328	285
Less than \$5 000 .....	52	52	52	52
\$5 000 to \$9 999 .....	30	30	14	14
\$10 000 to \$14 999 .....	28	28	28	28
\$15 000 to \$24 999 .....	42	42	42	42
\$25 000 to \$34 999 .....	59	52	52	52
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	54	54	54	46
\$50 000 to \$74 999 .....	48	48	43	16
\$75 000 to \$99 999 .....	41	41	21	13
\$100 000 or more .....	54	41	22	22
Median (dollars) .....	33 409	32 727	30 469	25 956
Mean (dollars) .....	73 581	64 004	42 288	39 710
Families .....	258	238	178	145
Median income (dollars) .....	46 974	46 579	44 375	34 886
Per capita income (dollars) .....	23 065	20 409	14 258	13 516
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	408	388	328	285
With earnings .....	355	335	275	232
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	78 347	68 643	45 323	44 463
With Social Security income .....	42	42	11	11
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	3 377	3 377	7 068	7 068
With public assistance income .....	-	-	-	-
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	-	-	-	-
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>				
Families (dollars) .....	102 597	89 422	58 481	57 837
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	99 106	78 801	68 136	70 433
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	122 931	107 425	63 912	64 665
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	127 658	99 893	79 113	87 880
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	13 307	13 307	17 864	17 864
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	13 307	13 307	17 864	17 864
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>				
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>				
Families .....	258	238	178	145
Householder worked in 1989 .....	245	225	165	132
With related children under 18 years .....	194	181	131	98
With related children under 5 years .....	41	41	36	36
Married-couple families .....	196	176	147	114
Householder worked in 1989 .....	183	163	134	101
With related children under 18 years .....	132	119	100	67
With related children under 5 years .....	24	24	19	19
Female householder, no husband present .....	30	30	14	14
Householder worked in 1989 .....	30	30	14	14
With related children under 18 years .....	30	30	14	14
With related children under 5 years .....	-	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	251	248	245	226
Nonfamily householder .....	150	150	150	140
65 years and over .....	-	-	-	-
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 251	1 162	910	776
Persons under 18 years .....	361	334	205	156
Related children under 18 years .....	361	334	205	156
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	291	264	169	124
Persons 65 years and over .....	27	27	12	12
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>				
Families .....	13	13	13	13
Percent below poverty level .....	5.0	5.5	7.3	9.0
Householder worked in 1989 .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 5 years .....	-	-	-	-
Married-couple families .....	13	13	13	13
Householder worked in 1989 .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 5 years .....	-	-	-	-
Female householder, no husband present .....	-	-	-	-
Householder worked in 1989 .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 5 years .....	-	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals .....	91	91	88	88
Nonfamily householder .....	45	45	45	45
65 years and over .....	-	-	-	-
Persons .....	164	164	148	148
Percent below poverty level .....	13.1	14.1	16.3	19.1
Persons under 18 years .....	28	28	15	15
Related children under 18 years .....	28	28	15	15
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	4	4	4	4
Persons 65 years and over .....	12	12	12	12
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>				
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	140	140	135	135
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	229	229	181	176

Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>				
All persons	1 195	1 010	714	552
Native	1 026	863	623	505
Foreign born	169	147	91	47
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>				
Linguistically isolated households	12	12	12	12
Persons 5 years and over	1 057	911	634	491
Speak a language other than English	339	324	244	182
Do not speak English "very well"	103	98	89	61
In linguistically isolated households	12	12	12	12
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>				
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	364	299	238	176
Preprimary school	44	44	32	24
Public school	34	34	22	14
Elementary or high school	230	177	145	102
Public school	180	151	126	88
College	90	78	61	50
Public college	77	65	53	42
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>				
Persons 25 years and over	653	589	389	303
Less than 9th grade	78	70	53	53
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	103	97	71	64
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	173	145	86	51
Some college, no degree	115	115	101	77
Associate degree	52	47	16	16
Bachelor's degree	77	77	50	37
Graduate or professional degree	55	38	12	5
Percent high school graduate or higher	72.3	71.6	68.1	61.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	20.2	19.5	15.9	13.9
<b>FERTILITY</b>				
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 500	1 554	1 584	1 459
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>				
Persons 5 years and over	1 057	911	634	491
Same house	541	460	303	218
Different house in United States	467	402	288	230
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	146	91	82	67
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	92	92	23	16
Different MSA/PMSA	164	154	131	101
Nat in an MSA/PMSA	65	65	52	46
Abroad	49	49	43	43
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	516	460	303	226
Car, truck, or van	486	430	297	220
Drove alone	422	372	246	169
Carpooled	64	58	51	51
Public transportation	—	—	—	—
Other means	12	12	6	6
Worked at home	18	18	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.0	18.3	16.1	17.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	505	449	303	226
Central city	374	318	257	185
Outside central city	131	131	46	41
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	11	11	—	—
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>				
Persons 16 years and over	824	739	506	406
In labor force	582	517	338	261
Employed	541	476	311	234
Unemployed	41	41	27	27
Percent of civilian labor force	7.0	7.9	8.0	10.3
Females 16 years and over	434	380	260	203
Employed	249	215	139	97
Unemployed	32	32	23	23
With own children under 6 years	95	74	48	35
In labor force	49	43	28	22
With own children 6 to 17 years only	102	95	83	67
In labor force	71	64	57	49
Persons 16 to 19 years	71	71	59	45
Not enrolled in school	—	—	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	—	—	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—
Nat in labor force	—	—	—	—
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>				
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	587	514	337	252
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	450	388	269	210
50 to 52 weeks	311	280	186	127
<b>DISABILITY</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	719	634	414	314
With a mobility or self-care limitation	23	23	19	19
With a mobility limitation	4	4	—	—
In labor force	—	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	19	19	19	19
With a work disability	20	14	10	10
In labor force	6	—	—	—
Prevented from working	14	14	10	10
No work disability	699	620	404	304
In labor force	573	514	335	258
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	56	56	43	43
With a mobility or self-care limitation	22	22	22	22
With a mobility limitation	13	13	13	13
With a self-care limitation	9	9	9	9



Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Employed persons 16 years and over .....	541	476	311	234
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations .....	55	55	40	24
Professional specialty occupations .....	77	60	29	15
Technicians and related support occupations .....	37	37	31	26
Sales occupations .....	39	39	33	22
Administrative support occupations, including clerical .....	67	60	26	14
Private household occupations .....	6	-	-	-
Protective service occupations .....	-	-	-	-
Service occupations except protective and household .....	88	76	52	44
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations .....	-	-	-	-
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations .....	53	53	32	28
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors .....	74	51	42	35
Transportation and material moving occupations .....	24	24	14	14
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers .....	21	21	12	12
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	409	372	247	204
Less than \$5 000 .....	43	36	23	23
\$5 000 to \$9 999 .....	83	77	58	58
\$10 000 to \$14 999 .....	24	17	17	17
\$15 000 to \$24 999 .....	42	42	33	33
\$25 000 to \$34 999 .....	73	63	41	41
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	48	48	37	13
\$50 000 to \$74 999 .....	55	55	22	11
\$75 000 to \$99 999 .....	16	16	16	8
\$100 000 or more .....	25	18	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	26 953	29 722	23 438	16 000
Mean (dollars) .....	43 912	44 306	27 111	20 948
Families .....	277	247	141	105
Median income (dollars) .....	31 523	32 148	31 719	29 583
Per capita income (dollars) .....	15 590	16 630	10 413	9 721
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>				
Households .....	409	372	247	204
With earnings .....	331	301	186	143
Mean earnings (dollars) .....	50 907	51 147	32 632	25 727
With Social Security income .....	70	70	65	65
Mean Social Security income (dollars) .....	5 477	5 477	5 376	5 376
With public assistance income .....	21	14	14	14
Mean public assistance income (dollars) .....	2 636	3 286	3 286	3 286
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>				
Families (dollars) .....	55 852	56 962	35 340	27 581
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	37 352	35 118	35 959	27 908
Married-couple families (dollars) .....	70 181	69 258	43 764	36 660
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	51 475	45 622	47 302	41 197
Female householder, no husband present (dollars) .....	18 635	21 805	7 772	7 772
With own children under 18 years (dollars) .....	6 281	7 180	7 772	7 772
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>				
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>				
Families .....	277	247	141	105
Householder worked in 1989 .....	252	229	133	97
With related children under 18 years .....	192	172	115	83
With related children under 5 years .....	96	83	37	30
Married-couple families .....	200	183	108	72
Householder worked in 1989 .....	195	178	108	72
With related children under 18 years .....	132	125	82	50
With related children under 5 years .....	66	66	29	22
Female householder, no husband present .....	77	64	33	33
Householder worked in 1989 .....	57	51	25	25
With related children under 18 years .....	60	47	33	33
With related children under 5 years .....	30	17	8	8
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined .....	169	153	120	107
Nonfamily householder .....	132	125	106	99
65 years and over .....	43	43	43	43
Persons for whom poverty status is determined .....	1 135	950	654	492
Persons under 18 years .....	407	307	244	174
Related children under 18 years .....	407	307	244	174
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	269	208	164	113
Persons 65 years and over .....	56	56	43	43
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>				
Families .....	48	35	17	17
Percent below poverty level .....	17.3	14.2	12.1	16.2
Householder worked in 1989 .....	23	17	9	9
With related children under 18 years .....	35	22	17	17
With related children under 5 years .....	13	-	-	-
Married-couple families .....	13	13	-	-
Householder worked in 1989 .....	8	8	-	-
With related children under 18 years .....	-	-	-	-
With related children under 5 years .....	-	-	-	-
Female householder, no husband present .....	35	22	17	17
Householder worked in 1989 .....	15	9	9	9
With related children under 18 years .....	35	22	17	17
With related children under 5 years .....	13	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals .....	51	42	35	29
Nonfamily householder .....	29	29	29	29
5 years and over .....	13	13	13	13
Persons .....	191	141	83	77
Percent below poverty level .....	16.8	14.8	12.7	15.7
Persons under 18 years .....	79	51	31	31
Related children under 18 years .....	79	51	31	31
Related children 5 to 17 years .....	25	17	8	8
Persons 65 years and over .....	23	23	13	13
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>				
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level .....	106	77	29	23
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level .....	349	259	150	144

Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>PLACE OF BIRTH</b>				
All persons	259 859	220 204	150 616	112 598
Native	258 735	219 200	149 893	112 095
Foreign born	1 124	1 004	723	503
<b>LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH</b>				
Linguistically isolated households	279	259	201	156
Persons 5 years and over	242 100	205 082	140 481	105 145
Speak a language other than English	5 314	4 746	3 408	2 527
Do not speak English "very well"	1 498	1 405	1 015	726
In linguistically isolated households	369	334	254	169
<b>SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL</b>				
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	61 874	52 437	34 397	23 989
Preprimary school	4 635	4 095	2 629	1 767
Public school	2 462	2 137	1 274	827
Elementary or high school	42 892	35 846	22 378	15 505
Public school	36 921	30 445	18 270	13 021
College	14 347	12 496	9 390	6 717
Public college	10 591	9 066	6 416	4 173
<b>EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT</b>				
Persons 25 years and over	171 187	145 440	101 282	76 652
Less than 9th grade	17 096	13 496	9 841	8 158
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	24 359	20 089	14 357	12 240
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	63 922	54 716	36 949	27 643
Some college, no degree	29 554	25 281	17 614	12 797
Associate degree	10 438	9 019	5 891	4 259
Bachelor's degree	15 568	13 886	10 007	7 113
Graduate or professional degree	10 250	8 953	6 623	4 442
Percent high school graduate or higher	75.8	76.9	76.1	73.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.1	15.7	16.4	15.1
<b>FERTILITY</b>				
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 234	1 213	1 144	1 129
<b>RESIDENCE IN 1985</b>				
Persons 5 years and over	242 100	205 082	140 481	105 145
Same house	137 844	118 315	79 366	57 536
Different house in United States	103 686	86 242	60 661	47 237
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	48 646	39 756	34 952	28 834
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	30 534	25 917	11 151	6 747
Different MSA/PMSA	14 415	12 570	8 971	7 256
Not in an MSA/PMSA	10 091	7 999	5 587	4 400
Abroad	570	525	454	372
<b>JOURNEY TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	122 887	104 612	71 669	52 325
Car, truck, or van	115 739	98 284	67 165	48 620
Drove alone	102 323	87 376	59 542	43 009
Carpooled	13 416	10 908	7 623	5 611
Public transportation	731	628	572	557
Other means	3 931	3 506	2 692	2 305
Worked at home	2 486	2 194	1 240	843
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.2	18.1	16.7	15.7
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	117 344	100 621	69 464	50 937
Central city	87 486	73 385	59 847	45 544
Outside central city	29 858	27 236	9 617	5 393
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	5 543	3 991	2 205	1 388
<b>LABOR FORCE STATUS</b>				
Persons 16 years and over	202 131	171 649	119 447	90 423
In labor force	132 531	112 663	77 443	57 004
Employed	125 251	106 647	73 123	53 439
Unemployed	7 123	5 885	4 228	3 493
Percent of civilian labor force	5.4	5.2	5.5	6.1
Females 16 years and over	107 514	91 399	64 374	49 512
Employed	58 005	49 766	35 033	26 080
Unemployed	2 838	2 248	1 581	1 317
With own children under 6 years	15 529	13 103	8 730	6 447
In labor force	10 397	8 779	6 043	4 357
With own children 6 to 17 years only	19 152	15 853	9 893	6 929
In labor force	14 714	12 262	7 887	5 569
Persons 16 to 19 years	14 227	11 951	7 855	5 638
Not enrolled in school	3 481	2 818	1 933	1 599
Unemployed or not in labor force	1 444	1 153	796	719
Not high school graduate	1 657	1 335	914	787
Employed	658	539	362	295
Unemployed	445	356	240	210
Not in labor force	553	440	312	282
<b>WORK STATUS IN 1989</b>				
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	143 255	121 843	83 592	61 537
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	111 511	94 841	64 776	47 743
50 to 52 weeks	82 406	70 105	47 609	34 542
<b>DISABILITY</b>				
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	163 707	138 451	94 068	69 327
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6 344	5 203	3 765	3 098
With a mobility limitation	3 296	2 623	1 802	1 536
In labor force	574	521	365	287
With a self-care limitation	4 407	3 670	2 721	2 169
With a work disability	12 849	10 145	7 156	5 937
In labor force	4 740	3 904	2 778	2 178
Prevented from working	7 020	5 352	3 751	3 311
No work disability	150 858	128 306	86 912	63 390
In labor force	123 935	105 453	72 134	52 781
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	34 406	29 623	22 603	18 518
With a mobility or self-care limitation	7 032	5 929	4 620	4 006
With a mobility limitation	5 540	4 668	3 578	3 132
With a self-care limitation	3 703	3 018	2 354	2 031



Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Employed persons 16 years and over	125 251	106 647	73 123	53 439
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	13 098	11 317	8 063	5 447
Professional specialty occupations	15 146	13 158	9 509	6 528
Technicians and related support occupations	5 069	4 583	3 036	2 157
Sales occupations	15 487	13 644	9 707	7 236
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	19 022	16 347	11 655	8 508
Private household occupations	161	144	91	78
Protective service occupations	1 535	1 256	975	755
Service occupations, except protective and household	14 494	12 382	8 771	7 149
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	2 044	1 596	734	424
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	16 160	13 367	8 271	5 653
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11 157	8 923	5 924	4 608
Transportation and material moving occupations	6 138	5 052	3 252	2 474
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5 740	4 878	3 135	2 422
<b>INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Households	101 737	86 459	61 577	47 977
Less than \$5 000	5 893	4 674	3 746	3 372
\$5 000 to \$9 999	10 024	8 407	6 572	5 914
\$10 000 to \$14 999	9 571	7 905	6 073	5 372
\$15 000 to \$24 999	19 437	16 737	12 390	10 262
\$25 000 to \$34 999	17 351	14 553	10 368	8 364
\$35 000 to \$49 999	19 648	16 847	11 252	8 140
\$50 000 to \$74 999	13 802	11 931	7 531	4 521
\$75 000 to \$99 999	3 303	2 982	1 819	929
\$100 000 or more	2 708	2 423	1 826	1 103
Median (dollars)	27 998	28 342	26 592	23 918
Mean (dollars)	34 376	34 849	33 719	30 357
Families	72 586	61 196	41 375	30 296
Median income (dollars)	34 399	35 184	33 738	30 367
Per capita income (dollars)	13 586	13 814	13 939	13 128
<b>INCOME TYPE IN 1989</b>				
Households	101 737	86 459	61 577	47 977
With earnings	80 641	68 406	47 663	35 978
Mean earnings (dollars)	35 078	35 412	34 235	30 896
With Social Security income	29 551	25 385	19 136	15 954
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 957	8 077	8 107	7 964
With public assistance income	5 510	4 322	3 295	2 997
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 508	3 514	3 428	3 379
<b>MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE</b>				
Families (dollars)	40 230	41 005	40 619	37 027
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 664	41 323	40 871	36 272
Married-couple families (dollars)	43 689	44 561	44 731	41 444
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 877	46 698	47 543	43 797
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	19 441	20 079	19 790	18 550
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 473	15 953	15 381	13 810
<b>POVERTY STATUS IN 1989</b>				
<b>All Income Levels in 1989</b>				
Families	72 716	61 433	41 452	30 416
Householder worked in 1989	59 234	50 044	33 023	23 674
With related children under 18 years	37 029	30 993	20 216	14 633
With related children under 5 years	14 426	12 229	8 304	6 138
Married-couple families	60 496	51 149	33 445	23 470
Householder worked in 1989	50 239	42 382	27 093	18 553
With related children under 18 years	29 345	24 563	15 201	10 238
With related children under 5 years	12 024	10 185	6 666	4 622
Female householder, no husband present	9 652	8 149	6 396	5 568
Householder worked in 1989	6 904	5 883	4 587	3 973
With related children under 18 years	6 279	5 259	4 143	3 665
With related children under 5 years	1 990	1 697	1 357	1 274
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	35 188	30 581	24 606	21 139
Nonfamily householder	28 837	24 961	20 047	17 536
65 years and over	12 179	10 467	8 226	7 310
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	254 102	215 058	146 360	108 602
Persons under 18 years	63 847	53 676	34 320	24 246
Related children under 18 years	63 614	53 479	34 174	24 123
Related children 5 to 17 years	45 983	38 466	24 135	16 754
Persons 65 years and over	34 046	29 308	22 283	18 224
<b>Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level</b>				
Families	5 454	4 190	3 159	2 852
Percent below poverty level	7.5	6.8	7.6	9.4
Householder worked in 1989	3 063	2 388	1 729	1 536
With related children under 18 years	4 160	3 252	2 425	2 232
With related children under 5 years	2 052	1 641	1 244	1 145
Married-couple families	2 422	1 776	1 258	1 033
Householder worked in 1989	1 456	1 088	741	602
With related children under 18 years	1 483	1 075	708	588
With related children under 5 years	824	628	422	348
Female householder, no husband present	2 792	2 243	1 795	1 718
Householder worked in 1989	1 447	1 165	909	860
With related children under 18 years	2 488	2 033	1 638	1 570
With related children under 5 years	1 136	946	767	747
Unrelated individuals	8 633	7 310	5 990	4 888
Nonfamily householder	5 981	4 908	3 964	3 440
65 years and over	2 897	2 303	1 783	1 592
Persons	25 221	20 107	15 424	13 302
Percent below poverty level	9.9	9.3	10.5	12.2
Persons under 18 years	7 801	6 201	4 568	4 136
Related children under 18 years	7 623	6 051	4 452	4 043
Related children 5 to 17 years	4 945	3 866	2 798	2 546
Persons 65 years and over	3 921	3 064	2 368	2 058
<b>Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:</b>				
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	10 519	8 494	6 865	5 778
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	36 009	28 840	21 790	18 719

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA			Vanderburgh County, IN		Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city
All housing units .....	117 896	99 964	10 401	72 637	58 188	16 926	17 932	17 932	11 351	17 932	11 351
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>											
1989 to March 1990 .....	1 336	1 107	124	658	248	325	229	229	97	229	97
1985 to 1988 .....	8 118	6 649	615	4 183	2 451	1 851	1 469	1 469	821	1 469	821
1980 to 1984 .....	9 879	8 211	966	5 475	3 830	1 770	1 668	1 668	997	1 668	997
1970 to 1979 .....	23 774	19 139	2 900	10 604	7 891	5 635	4 635	4 635	2 641	4 635	2 641
1960 to 1969 .....	14 842	12 247	1 481	8 416	6 288	2 350	2 595	2 595	1 591	2 595	1 591
1950 to 1959 .....	18 956	16 387	1 224	13 134	10 374	2 029	2 569	2 569	1 911	2 569	1 911
1940 to 1949 .....	15 096	13 236	702	11 419	10 062	1 115	1 860	1 860	1 391	1 860	1 391
1939 or earlier .....	25 895	22 988	2 389	18 748	17 044	1 851	2 907	2 907	1 891	2 907	1 891
<b>BEDROOMS</b>											
No bedroom .....	1 134	1 021	21	947	892	53	113	113	8	113	8
1 bedroom .....	16 935	14 682	947	12 644	11 916	1 091	2 253	2 253	1 861	2 253	1 861
2 bedrooms .....	40 130	33 457	3 101	25 498	22 035	4 858	6 673	6 673	4 561	6 673	4 561
3 bedrooms .....	44 904	37 830	5 072	25 098	17 885	7 660	7 074	7 074	3 881	7 074	3 881
4 bedrooms .....	12 731	11 099	1 061	7 195	4 599	2 843	1 632	1 632	861	1 632	861
5 or more bedrooms .....	2 062	1 875	199	1 255	861	421	187	187	71	187	71
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>											
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	749	685	—	651	596	34	64	64	6	64	6
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	269	250	6	218	198	26	19	19	1	19	1
Vacant condominium housing units .....	103	103	—	94	89	9	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>											
Complete kitchen facilities .....	117 142	99 408	10 343	72 275	57 890	16 790	17 734	17 734	11 301	17 734	11 301
Source of water, public system or private company .....	104 667	88 547	5 376	67 634	56 824	15 537	16 120	16 120	11 331	16 120	11 331
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	91 048	79 431	4 656	63 419	57 207	11 356	11 617	11 617	11 161	11 617	11 161
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	616	364	56	192	134	116	252	252	41	252	41
Owner-occupied housing units .....	239	154	16	87	45	51	85	85	11	85	11
Renter-occupied housing units .....	152	91	—	50	45	41	61	61	21	61	21
Occupied housing units .....	108 663	92 105	9 508	66 780	52 948	15 817	16 558	16 558	10 541	16 558	10 541
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>											
Utility gas .....	73 654	64 268	4 903	50 415	41 165	8 950	9 386	9 386	7 491	9 386	7 491
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	4 582	2 956	1 268	784	319	904	1 626	1 626	81	1 626	81
Electricity .....	26 348	21 683	2 384	14 413	10 970	4 886	4 665	4 665	2 881	4 665	2 881
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	1 570	1 385	558	379	90	448	185	185	—	185	—
All other fuels .....	2 328	1 667	387	671	286	609	661	661	61	661	61
No fuel used .....	181	146	8	118	118	20	35	35	1	35	1
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>											
None .....	10 690	8 909	626	7 565	7 305	718	1 781	1 781	1 511	1 781	1 511
1 .....	35 173	30 003	2 370	24 006	21 234	3 627	5 170	5 170	3 831	5 170	3 831
2 .....	43 388	36 788	4 314	25 582	18 566	6 892	6 600	6 600	3 831	6 600	3 831
3 or more .....	19 412	16 405	2 198	9 627	5 843	4 580	3 007	3 007	1 361	3 007	1 361
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.1	1.7	1.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>											
Owner-occupied housing units .....	74 911	63 837	7 633	43 287	31 230	12 917	11 074	11 074	6 141	11 074	6 141
1989 to March 1990 .....	5 876	4 958	415	3 271	2 319	1 272	918	918	491	918	491
1985 to 1988 .....	18 040	15 188	2 011	9 620	6 471	3 557	2 852	2 852	1 611	2 852	1 611
1980 to 1984 .....	11 221	9 636	1 226	6 249	4 349	2 161	1 585	1 585	841	1 585	841
1970 to 1979 .....	18 070	15 169	2 033	9 748	7 003	3 388	2 901	2 901	1 501	2 901	1 501
1969 or earlier .....	21 704	18 886	1 948	14 399	11 088	2 539	2 818	2 818	1 691	2 818	1 691
Renter-occupied housing units .....	33 752	28 268	1 875	23 493	21 718	2 900	5 484	5 484	4 401	5 484	4 401
1989 to March 1990 .....	15 078	12 677	628	10 709	9 886	1 340	2 401	2 401	2 031	2 401	2 031
1985 to 1988 .....	11 708	9 679	691	7 991	7 431	997	2 029	2 029	1 541	2 029	1 541
1980 to 1984 .....	3 677	3 140	284	2 584	2 398	272	537	537	451	537	451
1970 to 1979 .....	2 281	1 903	197	1 556	1 440	150	378	378	281	378	281
1969 or earlier .....	1 008	869	75	653	563	141	139	139	81	139	81
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>											
No telephone in unit .....	6 345	4 879	366	3 757	3 540	756	1 466	1 466	1 011	1 466	1 011
Householder 65 years and over .....	25 931	22 029	2 080	17 158	14 627	2 791	3 902	3 902	2 741	3 902	2 741
Owner-occupied housing units .....	19 691	16 803	1 674	12 811	10 427	2 318	2 888	2 888	1 841	2 888	1 841
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	208	116	2	70	44	44	92	92	2	92	2
No telephone in unit .....	503	383	31	302	268	50	120	120	7	120	7
No vehicle available .....	5 833	4 850	419	4 017	3 850	414	983	983	801	983	801
Complete plumbing facilities .....	108 272	91 860	9 492	66 643	52 858	15 725	16 412	16 412	10 511	16 412	10 511
1 00 or less persons per room .....	106 196	90 149	9 256	65 478	51 889	15 415	16 047	16 047	10 241	16 047	10 241
1 01 or more persons per room .....	2 076	1 711	236	1 165	969	310	365	365	261	365	261
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	391	245	16	137	90	92	146	146	3	146	3
1 00 or less persons per room .....	380	239	16	131	84	92	141	141	3	141	3
1 01 or more persons per room .....	11	6	—	6	6	—	5	5	—	5	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>											
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	39 521	39 956	37 818	39 587	36 305	42 456	37 011	37 011	36 331	37 011	36 331
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	19 738	19 960	21 382	19 249	18 743	24 802	18 590	18 590	17 981	18 590	17 981
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	13 817	11 089	885	8 960	8 048	1 244	2 728	2 728	1 981	2 728	1 981
Owner-occupied housing units .....	4 610	3 632	409	2 593	2 155	630	978	978	571	978	571
Renter-occupied housing units .....	9 207	7 457	476	6 367	5 893	614	1 750	1 750	1 401	1 750	1 401



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 201	Tract 1097	Tract 28
All housing units.....	2 334	1 073	841	1 739	1 196	1 700	1 518	2 645	1 894	1 166
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990.....	—	—	7	39	7	64	7	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	136	79	49	179	84	61	27	344	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	196	80	109	181	180	121	99	537	87	6
1970 to 1979.....	652	254	287	465	467	599	176	884	510	155
1960 to 1969.....	241	159	145	263	150	321	202	245	213	65
1950 to 1959.....	282	108	113	208	67	159	287	453	577	88
1940 to 1949.....	162	94	63	75	67	82	159	110	338	317
1939 or earlier.....	665	299	68	329	174	293	561	72	169	535
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom.....	5	11	—	—	5	—	—	22	—	89
1 bedroom.....	161	87	29	104	31	289	246	708	211	314
2 bedrooms.....	750	422	165	393	326	539	506	607	954	371
3 bedrooms.....	1 119	435	532	994	662	693	637	1 052	628	290
4 bedrooms.....	263	103	108	206	168	140	73	220	93	96
5 or more bedrooms.....	36	15	7	42	4	39	56	36	8	6
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	19	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	2 304	1 068	834	1 733	1 186	1 700	1 518	2 645	1 894	1 156
Source of water: public system or private company.....	1 162	470	113	106	341	1 672	1 512	2 595	1 871	1 166
Sewage disposal: public sewer.....	848	423	—	91	162	1 655	1 477	2 506	1 864	1 026
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	39	11	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	10
Owner-occupied housing units.....	10	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Occupied housing units.....	2 124	987	792	1 651	1 093	1 554	1 307	2 498	1 765	1 077
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas.....	1 065	343	453	750	377	889	1 026	1 248	1 372	915
Bottled tank or LP gas.....	345	209	109	160	291	82	72	12	18	15
Electricity.....	443	268	159	522	300	532	160	1 222	369	112
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	148	80	40	152	78	24	36	—	—	8
All other fuels.....	123	87	31	67	47	19	13	16	—	27
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	6	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None.....	137	61	14	26	54	267	67	62	231	207
1.....	537	239	119	315	180	465	515	847	652	432
2.....	929	473	411	750	596	594	561	1 200	678	353
3 or more.....	521	214	248	560	263	228	164	389	204	85
Vehicles per household.....	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.3	2.1	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 738	746	741	1 452	950	1 052	954	1 606	1 016	571
1989 to March 1990.....	86	17	31	95	61	87	38	126	64	39
1985 to 1988.....	475	199	145	364	261	354	213	460	126	105
1980 to 1984.....	276	75	167	209	192	152	155	221	154	83
1970 to 1979.....	465	279	226	316	256	272	219	544	248	99
1969 or earlier.....	436	176	172	468	180	187	329	255	424	245
Renter-occupied housing units.....	386	241	51	199	143	502	353	892	749	506
1989 to March 1990.....	101	85	19	112	38	136	137	544	316	185
1985 to 1988.....	124	94	21	59	44	179	170	244	295	156
1980 to 1984.....	90	44	—	8	7	106	29	61	63	88
1970 to 1979.....	46	12	11	20	34	74	—	25	62	60
1969 or earlier.....	25	6	—	—	20	7	17	18	13	17
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit.....	109	61	28	42	35	63	28	60	118	75
Householder 65 years and over.....	461	194	128	253	250	476	318	363	347	433
Owner-occupied housing units.....	390	168	128	253	206	232	297	330	227	233
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
No telephone in unit.....	3	6	6	—	—	11	5	—	—	5
No vehicle available.....	88	35	6	13	47	191	39	16	103	146
Complete plumbing facilities.....	2 114	987	792	1 645	1 093	1 554	1 307	2 498	1 765	1 069
1.00 or less persons per room.....	2 022	947	776	1 604	1 086	1 531	1 290	2 487	1 741	1 048
1.01 or more persons per room.....	92	40	16	41	7	23	17	11	24	21
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	10	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	8
1.00 or less persons per room.....	10	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	8
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>OWN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	35 103	34 043	35 633	40 361	44 868	37 684	36 670	43 347	30 519	30 344
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	25 067	23 288	21 769	26 587	17 934	16 147	21 901	22 175	15 779	15 232
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	252	103	33	69	81	234	113	160	296	163
Owner-occupied housing units.....	158	56	22	37	33	41	62	55	63	41
Renter-occupied housing units.....	94	47	11	32	48	193	51	105	233	122

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38.04	Tract 101	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 1	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 2.02	Tract 3
All housing units .....	1 821	2 078	1 874	1 653	989	2 210	1 133	2 149	1 016	1 794
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	30	106	40	18	90	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	155	57	277	553	80	413	93	303	14	—
1980 to 1984 .....	308	237	319	198	26	384	23	407	19	13
1970 to 1979 .....	430	525	287	604	88	534	70	653	100	29
1960 to 1969 .....	104	307	347	63	415	328	122	207	159	95
1950 to 1959 .....	255	582	371	79	290	204	133	406	420	333
1940 to 1949 .....	293	224	135	51	25	138	486	101	184	784
1939 or earlier .....	276	116	32	65	47	119	206	72	120	540
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	11	13	32	12	—	15	—	22	4	—
1 bedroom .....	476	347	100	629	—	169	160	673	140	426
2 bedrooms .....	765	872	633	686	97	427	630	438	396	904
3 bedrooms .....	428	722	819	263	690	1 092	315	848	398	380
4 bedrooms .....	141	124	262	42	194	428	14	137	66	69
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	28	21	8	79	14	31	12	15
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	31	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	18	—	—	—	19	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 821	2 078	1 861	1 653	989	2 201	1 133	2 149	1 010	1 774
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 701	1 655	1 466	1 534	989	2 193	1 126	2 134	1 016	1 794
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	1 640	2 036	1 675	1 421	871	1 694	1 121	2 091	1 010	1 788
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	13	—	—	9	9	—	—	10
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	13	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	10
Occupied housing units .....	1 717	1 927	1 732	1 548	971	2 133	1 051	2 020	980	1 629
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	966	1 360	1 151	467	867	1 302	867	1 072	876	1 361
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	77	—	—	33	—	18	50	12	—	18
Electricity .....	650	559	558	1 040	98	785	122	936	99	250
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	7	8	—	—	12	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	24	8	16	—	6	28	—	—	5	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	100	119	82	146	—	35	82	54	67	274
1 .....	755	802	510	818	137	478	478	782	430	682
2 .....	638	759	873	477	543	1 187	381	905	372	526
3 or more .....	224	247	267	107	291	433	110	279	111	147
Vehicles per household .....	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.4	2.2	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 051	1 202	1 140	303	906	1 923	743	1 203	712	1 025
1989 to March 1990 .....	68	78	184	25	71	262	59	108	27	36
1985 to 1988 .....	262	358	287	104	222	740	159	334	91	260
1980 to 1984 .....	149	150	170	19	90	321	108	119	97	144
1970 to 1979 .....	171	296	261	71	268	367	70	420	157	132
1969 or earlier .....	401	320	238	84	255	233	347	222	340	453
Renter-occupied housing units .....	666	725	592	1 245	65	210	308	817	268	604
1989 to March 1990 .....	325	430	269	511	18	127	133	499	139	322
1985 to 1988 .....	232	192	209	485	22	72	100	214	80	181
1980 to 1984 .....	46	46	55	122	4	7	39	61	7	81
1970 to 1979 .....	26	57	52	118	13	—	27	25	21	14
1969 or earlier .....	37	—	7	9	8	4	9	18	21	6
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	124	59	56	8	—	21	67	60	18	135
Householder 65 years and over .....	372	364	368	375	139	317	357	300	363	512
Owner-occupied housing units .....	305	315	271	68	131	306	329	267	315	460
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
No vehicle available .....	82	74	50	107	—	18	46	16	59	152
Complete plumbing facilities .....	1 717	1 927	1 719	1 548	971	2 124	1 042	2 020	980	1 619
1.00 or less persons per room .....	1 684	1 852	1 689	1 548	971	2 106	1 034	2 020	966	1 606
1.01 or more persons per room .....	33	75	30	—	—	18	8	—	14	13
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	13	—	—	9	9	—	—	10
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	7	—	—	9	9	—	—	10
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	26 116	29 864	55 940	38 525	45 795	44 945	25 207	42 632	31 238	30 281
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	21 273	23 335	22 313	21 783	37 315	21 345	19 778	20 792	20 699	14 834
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	221	219	167	281	6	84	95	145	73	278
Owner-occupied housing units .....	115	98	40	5	6	69	40	47	50	66
Renter-occupied housing units .....	106	121	127	276	—	15	55	98	23	212



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city Vanderburgh County IN—Con									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
All housing units	1 103	996	942	1 333	2 840	1 894	1 325	1 620	1 241	1 305
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	8	—	—
1985 to 1988	—	—	13	—	27	—	30	12	—	—
1980 to 1984	—	14	16	—	26	87	65	20	—	—
1970 to 1979	24	11	56	10	273	510	61	144	15	20
1960 to 1969	55	65	14	103	458	213	182	121	32	47
1950 to 1949	215	141	90	315	1 233	577	248	126	125	138
1940 to 1949	530	435	247	484	671	338	335	263	198	311
1939 or earlier	279	330	506	414	152	169	404	926	871	789
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
no bedroom	8	8	—	5	21	—	—	44	34	25
1 bedroom	126	53	114	92	297	211	225	522	181	340
2 bedrooms	485	394	386	667	1 109	954	610	564	470	607
3 bedrooms	385	390	262	477	1 329	628	405	320	335	238
4 bedrooms	80	131	146	92	74	93	85	151	187	84
5 or more bedrooms	19	20	34	—	10	8	—	19	34	11
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	8	—	22	—	—	—
vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities	1 098	996	942	1 333	2 823	1 894	1 315	1 620	1 218	1 291
Source of water: public system or private company	1 103	991	942	1 333	2 829	1 871	1 306	1 620	1 241	1 305
Sewage disposal: public sewer	1 103	982	942	1 333	2 840	1 864	1 312	1 608	1 235	1 280
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	1 060	954	891	1 261	2 679	1 765	1 139	1 213	1 003	1 076
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Natural gas	965	905	777	1 167	2 377	1 372	981	1 027	966	987
Bottled tank or LP gas	7	7	6	5	—	18	—	—	—	—
Electricity	83	18	102	78	291	369	121	186	30	80
Oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	11	—	17	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	18	6	—	—	—	14	—	7	9
No fuel used	5	6	—	11	—	6	6	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
one	111	62	41	109	216	231	346	377	208	399
2	462	346	369	483	1 050	652	341	589	386	403
3	399	453	339	530	1 073	678	358	204	299	200
4 or more	88	93	142	139	340	204	94	43	110	74
Vehicles per household	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.2	.9	1.3	1.0
<b>EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units	812	832	664	958	1 799	1 016	623	425	612	426
1989 to March 1990	62	71	59	81	137	64	43	25	31	11
1985 to 1988	203	151	175	203	291	126	144	116	70	45
1980 to 1984	76	97	101	118	213	154	69	69	100	59
1970 to 1979	163	145	184	203	390	248	147	75	224	92
1969 or earlier	308	368	145	353	768	424	220	140	187	219
Renter-occupied housing units	248	122	227	303	880	749	516	788	391	650
1989 to March 1990	97	43	122	157	410	316	209	442	218	308
1985 to 1988	111	39	52	80	293	295	199	236	87	180
1980 to 1984	21	14	14	44	96	63	69	76	44	74
1970 to 1979	19	26	16	18	74	62	28	22	25	40
1969 or earlier	—	—	23	4	7	13	11	12	17	48
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit	17	20	15	59	73	118	184	257	131	205
Householder 65 years and over	411	407	264	337	765	347	270	216	237	379
Owner-occupied housing units	371	370	241	314	609	227	225	145	178	209
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	7	—	—	—	—	9	—	13	19
No vehicle available	80	51	18	79	125	103	99	91	81	181
Complete plumbing facilities	1 060	954	891	1 261	2 679	1 765	1 139	1 213	1 003	1 076
1.00 or less persons per room	1 060	954	884	1 249	2 637	1 741	1 107	1 154	943	1 032
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	7	12	42	24	32	59	60	44
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>OWN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	46 115	40 365	50 471	27 773	32 206	30 519	27 370	22 306	27 463	21 396
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	20 835	22 835	21 864	17 906	19 323	15 779	12 384	18 903	12 358	14 269
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	83	40	71	124	230	296	330	392	307	420
Owner-occupied housing units	13	12	27	59	71	63	72	100	107	95
Renter-occupied housing units	72	28	44	65	159	233	258	292	200	325

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
All housing units .....	1 076	651	1 146	239	1 084	1 054	959	656	1 204	1 650
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	7	19	7	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	10	—	20
1980 to 1984 .....	—	9	56	—	34	202	36	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	36	74	—	90	137	10	14	—	33	138
1960 to 1969 .....	57	107	148	5	6	78	17	19	27	113
1950 to 1959 .....	78	96	20	10	37	30	71	60	102	266
1940 to 1949 .....	339	88	40	—	134	91	122	288	164	479
1939 or earlier .....	566	277	875	127	717	636	699	279	878	634
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	—	16	41	14	89	37	—	23	8	15
1 bedroom .....	97	311	635	49	422	521	238	88	158	317
2 bedrooms .....	473	171	289	129	299	225	356	369	639	773
3 bedrooms .....	306	113	62	30	179	163	264	110	288	435
4 bedrooms .....	145	22	58	6	75	84	64	58	101	92
5 or more bedrooms .....	55	18	61	11	20	24	37	8	10	18
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	5	31	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 069	651	1 129	209	1 063	1 047	959	656	1 197	1 650
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 076	651	1 146	239	1 084	1 054	959	656	1 204	1 650
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	1 069	644	1 146	233	1 084	1 054	952	656	1 204	1 612
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	11	25	—	—	—	—	7	8
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	924	571	828	172	890	898	816	607	1 089	1 573
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	851	359	573	44	685	687	762	553	1 025	1 437
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	—	15	6	—	—	—	7
Electricity .....	68	196	240	119	176	185	49	48	64	112
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
All other fuels .....	5	9	8	9	—	20	5	6	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	7	7	—	14	—	—	—	—	12
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	151	351	253	45	281	442	171	128	229	159
1 .....	352	166	404	86	411	246	401	251	442	700
2 .....	275	41	123	41	154	162	189	131	313	497
3 or more .....	146	13	48	—	44	48	55	97	105	217
Vehicles per household .....	1.5	.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	8	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	662	99	151	21	252	273	390	408	693	1 137
1989 to March 1990 .....	26	6	23	7	39	7	29	28	39	62
1985 to 1988 .....	39	23	52	—	55	18	61	92	122	211
1980 to 1984 .....	89	22	38	14	12	44	70	15	55	87
1970 to 1979 .....	202	17	4	—	60	74	60	91	160	189
1969 or earlier .....	306	31	34	—	86	130	170	182	317	588
Renter-occupied housing units .....	262	472	677	151	638	625	426	199	396	436
1989 to March 1990 .....	96	136	245	61	260	217	191	103	156	192
1985 to 1988 .....	92	155	214	73	258	230	142	59	91	142
1980 to 1984 .....	38	106	113	14	78	87	24	7	60	34
1970 to 1979 .....	14	57	66	3	35	78	59	16	25	48
1969 or earlier .....	22	18	39	—	7	13	10	14	64	20
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	56	158	115	26	270	175	95	57	81	36
Householder 65 years and over .....	285	260	275	44	240	299	207	206	381	510
Owner-occupied housing units .....	234	30	43	7	103	132	132	174	288	460
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8
No telephone in unit .....	8	45	5	6	36	20	11	—	8	6
No vehicle available .....	101	181	136	17	122	195	89	69	122	126
Complete plumbing facilities .....	924	571	828	172	890	898	816	607	1 082	1 565
1 00 or less persons per room .....	902	534	821	172	858	881	812	576	1 068	1 565
1 01 or more persons per room .....	22	37	7	—	32	17	4	31	14	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8
1 00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	8
1 01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	30 559	22 785	52 159	44 277	20 171	19 872	28 801	22 058	24 028	27 253
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	16 418	8 001	16 516	25 931	14 420	12 023	15 085	17 257	15 190	18 762
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	145	280	227	28	291	317	181	136	229	107
Owner-occupied housing units .....	57	20	20	—	58	51	30	83	85	64
Renter-occupied housing units .....	88	260	207	28	233	266	151	53	144	43



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
All housing units	1 147	1 127	622	1 055	513	2 158	1 287	1 374	2 023	1 250
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	—	—	42	—	—	6	—
1985 to 1988	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	89	84	—
1980 to 1984	62	31	19	6	—	12	—	301	462	—
1970 to 1979	25	48	11	155	18	145	39	316	482	62
1960 to 1969	44	—	37	52	7	324	61	83	240	188
1950 to 1959	103	173	196	78	49	382	235	183	350	881
1940 to 1949	98	47	66	254	27	332	229	250	197	87
1939 or earlier	808	828	293	510	412	921	723	152	202	32
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom	14	21	23	89	—	24	3	11	8	5
1 bedroom	278	251	176	302	47	358	221	343	548	7
2 bedrooms	467	456	237	320	240	700	590	589	748	192
3 bedrooms	293	261	130	269	151	906	319	308	594	916
4 bedrooms	74	120	45	69	66	145	145	123	114	116
5 or more bedrooms	21	18	11	6	9	25	9	—	11	14
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	19
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	37	—
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities	1 147	1 090	622	1 045	513	2 151	1 278	1 374	2 010	1 250
Source of water, public system or private company	1 147	1 127	622	1 055	513	2 158	1 278	1 262	2 023	1 250
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 147	1 127	622	977	513	1 958	1 261	1 256	2 015	1 226
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	15	6	—	10	—	—	9	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	7	—	—	8	—	—	9	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	997	971	512	974	483	2 044	1 174	1 295	1 938	1 229
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas	920	917	454	820	447	1 830	1 049	686	1 131	1 131
Bottled tank or LP gas	—	—	10	7	6	9	—	63	—	—
Electricity	70	32	48	112	24	205	86	522	745	91
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	37	—
All other fuels	7	10	—	27	6	—	39	24	—	7
No fuel used	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None	265	207	169	193	21	150	97	54	300	32
1	379	408	207	404	214	782	456	564	914	324
2	268	269	114	316	181	932	481	476	535	659
3 or more	85	87	22	61	67	180	140	201	189	214
Vehicles per household	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units	523	548	256	485	392	1 477	806	860	969	1 147
1989 to March 1990	67	65	19	30	50	103	47	61	83	65
1985 to 1988	107	56	34	85	40	292	149	227	164	240
1980 to 1984	62	93	48	69	71	166	100	135	140	164
1970 to 1979	141	105	71	87	75	284	149	143	221	293
1969 or earlier	146	229	84	214	156	632	361	294	361	385
Renter-occupied housing units	474	423	256	489	91	567	368	435	969	82
1989 to March 1990	199	281	105	185	32	233	149	236	410	35
1985 to 1988	177	79	104	147	48	211	124	161	348	17
1980 to 1984	65	38	38	80	5	87	66	15	182	18
1970 to 1979	16	20	5	60	6	19	13	—	29	—
1969 or earlier	17	5	4	17	—	17	16	23	—	12
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit	183	115	104	75	8	101	59	92	57	—
Householder 65 years and over	265	281	146	397	148	586	323	235	647	282
Owner-occupied housing units	189	244	88	205	142	505	302	203	293	275
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	15	—	—	8	—	—	9	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	31	6	11	5	—	6	9	—	—	—
No vehicle available	117	108	68	132	15	99	84	36	215	32
Complete plumbing facilities	982	971	512	966	483	2 044	1 165	1 295	1 938	1 229
1.00 or less persons per room	927	918	487	945	483	1 997	1 101	1 269	1 909	1 229
1.01 or more persons per room	55	53	25	21	—	47	64	26	29	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	15	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	15	—	—	8	—	—	9	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	19 950	20 540	20 542	31 189	29 494	29 474	28 619	28 479	30 929	35 569
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	15 844	16 053	11 138	15 384	13 592	22 784	19 038	20 020	15 801	29 461
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	255	233	192	153	91	156	161	143	396	77
Owner-occupied housing units	89	62	53	31	55	93	51	64	46	70
Renter-occupied housing units	166	171	139	122	36	63	110	79	350	7

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 37.01	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.01	Tract 38.03	Tract 38.04 (pt.)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt.)
All housing units .....	1 049	2 078	887	2 382	2 584	2 266	1 268	1 262	1 362
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990 .....	21	30	—	—	20	29	31	12	9
1985 to 1988 .....	78	57	43	60	172	621	121	88	502
1980 to 1984 .....	130	237	16	90	283	705	191	60	198
1970 to 1979 .....	144	525	39	843	728	475	232	511	577
1960 to 1969 .....	119	307	155	622	752	213	260	299	29
1950 to 1959 .....	234	582	263	356	402	143	318	144	20
1940 to 1949 .....	224	224	289	253	105	55	99	94	9
1939 or earlier .....	99	116	82	158	122	25	16	54	18
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom .....	13	13	7	178	45	—	12	—	12
1 bedroom .....	50	347	62	640	617	379	65	207	622
2 bedrooms .....	311	872	371	728	930	408	551	341	636
3 bedrooms .....	466	722	331	699	774	970	460	491	92
4 bedrooms .....	170	124	83	117	176	443	166	189	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	39	—	33	20	42	66	14	34	—
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	80	—	—	8	252	79	31	28	33
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	14	—	—	39	29	—	—	—	18
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	40	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 041	2 078	887	2 371	2 578	2 259	1 262	1 262	1 362
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 049	1 655	870	2 094	2 329	2 266	1 088	1 262	1 362
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	1 002	2 036	887	2 376	2 552	2 252	1 239	1 180	1 339
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	11	—	7	6	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	999	1 927	840	2 191	2 404	2 141	1 187	1 192	1 277
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas .....	857	1 360	700	1 445	1 607	967	845	1 003	243
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	20	35	8	—	—	10
Electricity .....	124	559	140	717	754	1 166	333	189	1 024
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	11	8	—	9	8	—	9	—	—
No fuel used .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None .....	19	119	40	326	210	32	75	79	130
1 .....	209	802	297	966	1 095	667	412	468	735
2 .....	571	759	407	682	754	1 144	515	456	367
3 or more .....	200	247	96	217	345	298	185	189	45
Vehicles per household .....	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units .....	865	1 202	572	908	1 256	1 534	646	715	54
1989 to March 1990 .....	69	78	58	32	103	167	92	45	5
1985 to 1988 .....	221	358	79	212	283	567	89	161	33
1980 to 1984 .....	125	150	90	159	298	349	79	81	—
1970 to 1979 .....	187	296	174	201	305	312	192	229	9
1969 or earlier .....	263	320	171	304	267	139	194	199	7
Renter-occupied housing units .....	134	725	268	1 283	1 148	607	541	477	1 223
1989 to March 1990 .....	56	430	96	534	503	416	237	166	511
1985 to 1988 .....	42	192	95	545	482	151	194	228	478
1980 to 1984 .....	29	46	27	133	99	18	51	21	116
1970 to 1979 .....	—	57	29	71	56	15	52	56	118
1969 or earlier .....	7	—	21	—	8	7	7	6	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit .....	7	59	8	157	14	—	49	16	8
Householder 65 years and over .....	208	364	270	566	811	251	308	328	321
Owner-occupied housing units .....	201	315	193	253	509	227	211	170	21
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	19	74	32	153	141	7	43	36	100
Complete plumbing facilities .....	999	1 927	840	2 180	2 404	2 134	1 181	1 192	1 277
1.00 or less persons per room .....	991	1 852	832	2 129	2 396	2 134	1 168	1 185	1 277
1.01 or more persons per room .....	8	75	8	51	8	—	13	7	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	11	—	7	6	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	11	—	7	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	60 735	29 864	56 003	38 136	52 309	76 323	62 248	41 354	30 262
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	24 451	23 335	30 004	18 382	24 050	35 452	21 516	22 992	22 012
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	28	219	26	380	207	31	140	70	265
Owner-occupied housing units .....	21	98	20	8	60	13	13	10	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	7	121	6	372	147	13	127	60	260



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102 02 (pt 1)	Tract 102 03 (pt 1)	Tract 2 01 (pt 1)	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 10 98	Tract 28 (pt 1)	Tract 32 (pt 1)	Tract 36 (pt 1)	Tract 38 04 (pt 1)	Tract 101 (pt 1)
All housing units	84	-	496	-	-	111	447	-	606	291
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75	31
1985 to 1988	-	-	41	-	-	-	66	-	156	51
1980 to 1984	-	-	130	-	-	-	7	-	128	-
1970 to 1979	8	-	231	-	-	-	114	-	55	27
1960 to 1969	46	-	38	-	-	13	21	-	87	34
1950 to 1959	12	-	47	-	-	10	72	-	53	59
1940 to 1949	11	-	9	-	-	63	43	-	36	42
1939 or earlier	7	-	-	-	-	25	124	-	16	47
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-
1 bedroom	-	-	35	-	-	12	133	-	35	7
2 bedrooms	11	-	169	-	-	51	176	-	82	50
3 bedrooms	73	-	204	-	-	21	120	-	359	171
4 bedrooms	-	-	83	-	-	27	18	-	96	42
5 or more bedrooms	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	14	21
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities	84	-	496	-	-	111	447	-	599	291
Source of water: public system or private company	84	-	461	-	-	111	439	-	378	172
Sewage disposal: public sewer	79	-	415	-	-	49	384	-	436	82
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
Renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units	84	-	478	-	-	103	422	-	545	271
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas	77	-	176	-	-	95	280	-	306	224
Bottled tank or LP gas	-	-	-	-	-	8	14	-	-	23
Electricity	7	-	286	-	-	-	128	-	225	16
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8
All other fuels	-	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
No fuel used	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None	-	-	8	-	-	14	46	-	7	16
1	19	-	65	-	-	28	191	-	98	83
2	37	-	295	-	-	37	162	-	358	110
3 or more	28	-	110	-	-	24	23	-	82	62
Vehicles per household	2.2	-	2.1	-	-	1.8	1.4	-	2.0	2.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units	79	-	403	-	-	86	191	-	494	249
1989 to March 1990	-	-	18	-	-	9	7	-	92	20
1985 to 1988	33	-	126	-	-	20	35	-	198	71
1980 to 1984	-	-	102	-	-	14	14	-	91	19
1970 to 1979	22	-	124	-	-	12	28	-	69	62
1969 or earlier	24	-	33	-	-	31	107	-	44	77
Renter-occupied housing units	5	-	75	-	-	17	231	-	51	22
1989 to March 1990	-	-	45	-	-	-	89	-	32	-
1985 to 1988	5	-	30	-	-	9	71	-	15	7
1980 to 1984	-	-	-	-	-	8	31	-	4	6
1970 to 1979	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-
1969 or earlier	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	9
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	7	-
Householder 65 years and over	18	-	63	-	-	36	137	-	60	54
Owner-occupied housing units	18	-	63	-	-	28	102	-	60	47
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
No telephone in unit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
No vehicle available	-	-	-	-	-	14	46	-	7	7
Complete plumbing facilities	84	-	478	-	-	103	422	-	538	271
1.00 or less persons per room	84	-	467	-	-	103	415	-	521	271
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	11	-	-	-	7	-	17	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
1.00 or less persons per room	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	44 605	-	45 481	-	-	25 580	15 477	-	47 691	40 316
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	43 000	-	37 237	-	-	10 861	23 633	-	30 764	9 064
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	-	-	15	-	-	10	78	-	27	16
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	8	-	-	10	51	-	27	-
Renter-occupied housing units	-	-	7	-	-	-	27	-	-	16

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.								
	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
All housing units -----	1 204	905	2 210	623	2 642	9	2 544	593	1 768
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	80	18	90	7	76	—	13	—	20
1985 to 1988 -----	267	80	413	11	193	—	250	64	140
1980 to 1984 -----	84	26	384	33	356	—	291	59	147
1970 to 1979 -----	154	80	534	61	622	—	374	146	315
1960 to 1969 -----	97	369	328	83	395	—	381	78	204
1950 to 1959 -----	260	278	204	139	615	—	524	94	405
1940 to 1949 -----	128	14	138	73	106	—	387	94	224
1939 or earlier -----	134	40	119	216	279	9	324	58	313
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	—	—	15	16	4	—	—	—	—
1 bedroom -----	21	—	169	67	120	—	70	27	32
2 bedrooms -----	157	86	427	236	772	—	736	137	384
3 bedrooms -----	581	617	1 092	197	1 330	9	1 268	291	953
4 bedrooms -----	378	194	428	90	393	—	407	127	313
5 or more bedrooms -----	67	8	79	17	23	—	63	11	86
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	45
Renter-occupied condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	9
Vacant condominium housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 204	905	2 201	598	2 632	9	2 535	593	1 764
Source of water, public system or private company -----	938	905	2 193	196	1 937	—	1 890	242	948
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	448	792	1 694	30	991	—	262	23	606
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	9	15	1	—	18	—	8
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	—	9	—	—	—	18	—	8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units -----	1 163	887	2 133	510	2 583	9	2 461	570	1 697
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	890	790	1 302	231	1 679	9	1 787	325	1 156
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	14	—	18	130	52	—	75	37	94
Electricity -----	206	91	785	87	716	—	469	105	329
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	38	—	—	21	52	—	75	34	54
All other fuels -----	15	6	28	41	84	—	55	69	64
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	5	—	35	20	60	—	26	13	10
1 -----	208	118	478	58	452	—	597	95	301
2 -----	559	506	1 187	282	1 267	—	1 137	229	887
3 or more -----	391	263	433	150	804	9	701	233	499
Vehicles per household -----	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.2	3.0	2.2	2.4	2.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 081	827	1 923	440	2 031	9	2 277	533	1 513
1989 to March 1990 -----	114	71	262	21	138	—	127	15	58
1985 to 1988 -----	320	189	740	78	466	—	458	101	347
1980 to 1984 -----	155	90	321	81	371	—	379	81	182
1970 to 1979 -----	242	246	367	102	424	—	571	136	362
1969 or earlier -----	250	231	233	158	632	9	742	200	564
Renter-occupied housing units -----	82	60	210	70	552	—	184	37	184
1989 to March 1990 -----	10	18	127	14	335	—	80	23	50
1985 to 1988 -----	41	17	72	19	158	—	59	—	62
1980 to 1984 -----	29	4	7	19	30	—	11	—	37
1970 to 1979 -----	—	13	—	13	23	—	24	—	17
1969 or earlier -----	2	8	4	5	6	—	10	14	18
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	5	—	21	13	85	—	30	24	—
Householder 65 years and over -----	183	121	317	118	423	9	516	111	383
Owner-occupied housing units -----	174	113	306	113	397	9	492	104	376
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	5	—	—	10	—	1
No telephone in unit -----	5	—	—	13	9	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	5	—	18	20	9	—	18	13	10
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 163	887	2 124	505	2 583	9	2 443	570	1 689
1 00 or less persons per room -----	1 155	887	2 106	497	2 534	9	2 405	538	1 681
1 01 or more persons per room -----	8	—	18	8	49	—	38	32	8
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	9	5	—	—	18	—	8
1 00 or less persons per room -----	—	—	9	5	—	—	18	—	8
1 01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	66 349	45 909	44 945	38 307	50 227	12 373	43 679	45 573	55 416
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	32 848	36 841	21 345	27 797	20 366	—	31 853	10 751	33 356
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	44	6	84	35	309	—	184	25	79
Owner-occupied housing units -----	30	6	69	29	26	—	122	11	49
Renter-occupied housing units -----	14	—	15	6	283	—	62	14	30



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307 01	Tract 307 02
All housing units .....	1 279	1 309	233	1 662	1 392	3 284	2 628	1 001
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 .....	20	8	—	21	42	32	123	18
1985 to 1988 .....	109	69	20	83	182	176	604	151
1980 to 1984 .....	55	122	9	222	181	365	226	166
1970 to 1979 .....	435	297	32	485	365	744	916	514
1960 to 1969 .....	172	232	54	279	170	441	353	89
1950 to 1959 .....	183	162	54	299	177	493	262	44
1940 to 1949 .....	112	121	39	149	116	352	73	14
1939 or earlier .....	193	298	25	124	159	681	71	5
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom .....	13	13	—	—	—	19	8	—
1 bedroom .....	93	66	19	61	77	363	89	72
2 bedrooms .....	482	415	60	696	396	1 233	365	91
3 bedrooms .....	527	635	83	796	692	1 289	1 548	415
4 bedrooms .....	156	147	56	94	208	333	521	390
5 or more bedrooms .....	8	33	15	15	19	47	97	33
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26
Renter-occupied condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Vacant condominium housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	1 256	1 290	225	1 656	1 384	3 232	2 608	1 001
Source of water, public system or private company .....	1 094	874	140	1 602	1 177	3 284	2 472	990
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	143	653	11	1 341	26	2 850	1 738	789
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	46	18	13	6	8	10	15	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	22	—	—	—	8	10	11	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	22	—	13	6	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units .....	1 152	1 175	211	1 545	1 311	3 062	2 529	956
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas .....	107	574	99	1 006	599	2 403	1 667	590
Bottled tank, or LP gas .....	421	118	5	49	120	115	12	14
Electricity .....	285	259	44	432	384	460	785	352
Fuel oil kerosene, etc. ....	147	121	25	38	49	28	26	—
All other fuels .....	192	102	38	20	149	47	39	—
No fuel used .....	—	1	—	—	10	9	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None .....	69	45	—	77	18	378	66	8
1 .....	227	236	29	446	207	988	381	203
2 .....	451	484	132	664	590	1 059	1 174	508
3 or more .....	405	410	50	358	496	637	908	237
Vehicles per household .....	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.4	1.7	2.3	2.1
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	1 009	1 008	113	1 313	1 216	2 194	2 289	862
1989 to March 1990 .....	98	50	—	97	91	204	332	73
1985 to 1988 .....	216	227	34	319	339	444	722	296
1980 to 1984 .....	180	181	9	203	241	313	304	193
1970 to 1979 .....	276	242	36	389	345	573	592	227
1969 or earlier .....	239	308	34	305	200	660	339	73
Renter-occupied housing units .....	143	167	98	232	95	868	240	94
1989 to March 1990 .....	40	49	28	108	50	327	171	63
1985 to 1988 .....	67	77	27	85	16	339	32	17
1980 to 1984 .....	12	3	23	18	—	134	16	9
1970 to 1979 .....	6	18	15	5	11	32	16	5
1969 or earlier .....	18	20	5	16	18	36	5	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit .....	83	31	8	83	18	307	45	5
Householder 65 years and over .....	259	257	22	270	185	923	252	147
Owner-occupied housing units .....	239	225	15	242	167	639	252	134
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	23	—	—	—	—	10	11	—
No telephone in unit .....	2	4	—	—	—	44	—	—
No vehicle available .....	42	39	—	25	13	241	21	8
Complete plumbing facilities .....	1 108	1 175	198	1 539	1 303	3 052	2 518	956
1 00 or less persons per room .....	1 034	1 163	194	1 484	1 285	2 974	2 477	956
1 01 or more persons per room .....	74	12	4	55	18	78	41	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	44	—	13	6	8	10	11	—
1 00 or less persons per room .....	44	—	13	6	8	10	11	—
1 01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	30 963	35 839	37 989	28 910	34 756	35 761	50 991	59 013
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 912	22 527	18 951	18 120	19 180	18 244	31 335	28 681
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	144	60	19	195	120	395	88	12
Owner-occupied housing units .....	98	42	—	109	72	148	75	12
Renter-occupied housing units .....	46	18	19	86	48	247	13	—

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability; see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

[illegible]



Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY								
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)
All housing units	1 005	901	918	1 205	1 193	2 627	1 659	743	578
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>									
1989 to March 1990	—	—	—	5	—	36	24	28	—
1985 to 1988	51	—	—	—	9	515	135	44	46
1980 to 1984	31	13	12	8	31	433	198	78	117
1970 to 1979	73	50	21	59	136	672	706	453	288
1960 to 1969	192	135	27	102	143	436	213	83	74
1950 to 1959	128	163	166	366	351	373	256	27	41
1940 to 1949	213	232	173	215	310	113	109	23	—
1939 or earlier	317	308	519	450	213	49	18	7	12
<b>BEDROOMS</b>									
No bedroom	6	26	3	—	20	27	—	—	—
1 bedroom	263	158	187	324	115	525	213	59	35
2 bedrooms	401	388	451	472	536	1 046	669	241	216
3 bedrooms	251	210	244	259	462	876	653	372	244
4 bedrooms	73	106	27	134	60	139	114	71	77
5 or more bedrooms	11	13	6	16	—	14	10	—	6
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	64	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
Complete kitchen facilities	997	878	908	1 197	1 187	2 627	1 659	743	578
Source of water, public system or private company	1 005	901	918	1 205	1 193	2 620	1 653	733	578
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 005	901	918	1 187	1 193	2 603	1 574	725	553
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	8	6	3	6	10	10	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	6	—	6	—	5	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	8	—	3	—	10	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	923	813	784	1 103	1 111	2 454	1 572	708	568
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>									
Utility gas	720	711	761	941	989	1 304	951	371	352
Bottled tank, or LP gas	—	20	—	19	6	17	11	9	—
Electricity	195	82	23	143	101	1 102	588	316	216
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	8	—	—	—	9	31	9	12	—
No fuel used	—	—	—	—	6	—	13	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>									
None	246	159	213	261	136	242	160	37	35
1	376	292	289	519	361	963	547	194	156
2	216	288	168	249	394	953	670	367	316
3 or more	85	74	114	74	220	296	195	110	61
Vehicles per household	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.7
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units	463	404	452	493	792	1 359	941	470	379
1989 to March 1990	6	31	20	44	69	160	101	42	17
1985 to 1988	88	48	84	81	157	502	313	119	146
1980 to 1984	61	80	61	66	90	161	122	80	54
1970 to 1979	77	92	82	86	170	275	220	184	130
1969 or earlier	231	153	205	216	306	261	185	45	32
Renter-occupied housing units	460	409	332	610	319	1 095	631	238	189
1989 to March 1990	142	219	134	240	110	549	284	159	135
1985 to 1988	252	97	123	226	139	368	196	63	43
1980 to 1984	20	23	28	38	48	159	98	16	11
1970 to 1979	33	50	30	86	22	19	43	—	—
1969 or earlier	13	20	17	20	—	—	10	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>									
No telephone in unit	91	134	159	164	58	172	126	39	32
Householder 65 years and over	363	238	225	305	349	630	350	122	91
Owner-occupied housing units	212	180	179	191	311	331	210	102	68
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	6	—	6	10	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	17	12	26	5	3	—	14	—	—
No vehicle available	155	103	80	137	78	142	94	6	5
Complete plumbing facilities	915	807	781	1 097	1 101	2 449	1 572	708	568
1.00 or less persons per room	898	755	733	1 092	1 090	2 389	1 546	699	549
1.01 or more persons per room	17	52	48	5	11	60	26	9	19
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	8	6	3	6	10	5	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	8	6	3	6	10	5	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	44 825	23 651	28 123	29 018	29 756	41 629	36 656	44 446	46 103
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	13 104	17 602	11 976	11 588	21 298	21 512	18 661	21 679	32 032
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	302	235	211	379	166	372	175	55	38
Owner-occupied housing units	71	88	65	31	98	158	35	9	—
Renter-occupied housing units	231	147	146	348	68	214	140	46	38

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY— Con.		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206.01 (pt.)	Tract 206.02 (pt.)	Tract 207.01 (pt.)	Tract 207.02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
All housing units.....	80	446	54	12	984	1 599	1 569	2 359
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990.....	—	—	11	—	21	11	53	40
1985 to 1988.....	—	20	23	—	138	124	119	245
1980 to 1984.....	6	72	10	—	125	136	200	198
1970 to 1979.....	56	134	—	—	266	650	466	605
1960 to 1969.....	11	175	—	8	149	203	238	406
1950 to 1959.....	7	39	10	—	114	162	133	233
1940 to 1949.....	—	6	—	4	61	107	92	202
1939 or earlier.....	—	—	—	—	110	206	268	430
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom.....	—	—	—	—	17	—	14	—
1 bedroom.....	—	10	23	8	99	62	56	116
2 bedrooms.....	31	110	10	—	305	430	528	839
3 bedrooms.....	35	277	21	4	435	872	765	1 094
4 bedrooms.....	14	49	—	—	101	171	206	290
5 or more bedrooms.....	—	—	—	—	27	64	—	20
<b>CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS</b>								
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities.....	80	446	54	12	951	1 588	1 530	2 299
Source of water, public system or private company.....	80	446	54	8	626	1 379	978	1 743
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	80	428	44	—	72	184	52	98
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	64	39	37	69
Owner-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	20	6	42
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	8	13	9	10
Occupied housing units.....	74	438	54	12	820	1 496	1 430	2 198
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas.....	60	337	24	12	294	510	346	703
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	—	—	—	181	329	420	614
Electricity.....	14	101	30	—	234	474	409	637
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	57	58	21	49
All other fuels.....	—	—	—	—	54	118	225	195
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	7	9	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None.....	—	28	—	—	43	32	65	124
1.....	19	120	34	8	176	304	291	521
2.....	19	195	11	4	411	770	601	968
3 or more.....	36	95	9	—	190	390	473	585
Vehicles per household.....	2.2	1.9	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.0
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units.....	68	324	21	8	658	1 290	1 180	1 772
1989 to March 1990.....	—	5	11	—	46	114	107	145
1985 to 1988.....	17	61	—	—	199	354	261	422
1980 to 1984.....	7	60	—	8	111	181	172	271
1970 to 1979.....	44	141	—	—	176	429	362	433
1969 or earlier.....	—	57	10	—	126	212	278	501
Renter-occupied housing units.....	6	114	33	4	162	206	250	426
1989 to March 1990.....	—	58	23	4	41	75	103	125
1985 to 1988.....	6	35	10	—	113	101	82	175
1980 to 1984.....	—	15	—	—	—	14	29	38
1970 to 1979.....	—	—	—	—	8	12	16	59
1969 or earlier.....	—	6	—	—	—	4	20	29
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit.....	—	37	3	—	67	91	111	182
Householder 65 years and over.....	5	68	10	—	139	230	283	494
Owner-occupied housing units.....	5	60	10	—	125	220	261	423
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	20	6	44
No telephone in unit.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	25
No vehicle available.....	—	8	—	—	14	27	29	105
Complete plumbing facilities.....	74	438	54	12	812	1 463	1 415	2 146
1.00 or less persons per room.....	66	426	54	12	801	1 452	1 393	2 092
1.01 or more persons per room.....	8	12	—	—	11	11	22	54
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	8	33	15	52
1.00 or less persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	8	33	10	52
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	33 537	32 857	31 769	20 000	43 611	40 413	42 413	30 989
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	10 000	13 317	22 512	11 800	27 978	18 286	21 969	19 198
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	6	44	—	—	90	214	137	304
Owner-occupied housing units.....	6	13	—	—	57	117	76	154
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	31	—	—	33	97	61	150



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)		Henderson County, KY	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Posey County, IN	Total	Evansville city	Total	Henderson city	Total	Henderson city
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	62 082	53 952	5 502	38 416	28 521	10 034	8 130	8 130	5 071
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	39 116	34 200	3 456	23 609	16 962	7 135	4 916	4 916	2 875
Less than \$300 .....	3 111	2 691	200	2 176	1 906	315	420	420	284
\$300 to \$399 .....	5 005	4 292	410	3 271	2 682	611	713	713	471
\$400 to \$499 .....	6 450	5 556	566	3 871	3 225	1 119	894	894	507
\$500 to \$599 .....	6 600	5 734	605	4 099	3 165	1 030	866	866	449
\$600 to \$799 .....	9 504	8 409	912	5 557	3 663	1 940	1 095	1 095	616
\$800 to \$999 .....	4 397	3 834	507	2 114	1 106	1 213	563	563	344
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	3 067	2 776	222	1 858	784	696	291	291	175
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	664	598	26	408	236	164	66	66	29
\$2,000 or more .....	318	310	8	255	195	47	8	8	—
Median (dollars) .....	574	578	590	558	519	642	548	548	539
Not mortgaged .....	22 966	19 752	2 046	14 807	11 559	2 899	3 214	3 214	2 196
Less than \$100 .....	1 352	770	112	542	430	116	582	582	393
\$100 to \$199 .....	12 995	11 109	1 119	8 498	6 773	1 492	1 886	1 886	1 398
\$200 to \$299 .....	6 721	6 092	629	4 462	3 395	1 001	629	629	331
\$300 to \$399 .....	1 347	1 253	141	883	663	229	94	94	66
\$400 to \$499 .....	311	307	25	243	175	39	4	4	—
\$500 or more .....	240	221	20	179	123	22	19	19	8
Median (dollars) .....	181	185	185	184	182	193	144	144	141
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000 .....	15 851	13 540	1 264	10 390	8 874	1 886	2 311	2 311	1 547
Less than 20 percent .....	6 485	5 454	572	4 131	3 450	751	1 031	1 031	701
20 to 24 percent .....	1 954	1 627	161	1 262	1 131	204	327	327	221
25 to 29 percent .....	1 623	1 361	133	1 001	832	227	262	262	186
30 to 34 percent .....	1 169	1 075	52	890	789	133	94	94	63
35 percent or more .....	4 304	3 750	328	2 877	2 507	545	554	554	346
Not computed .....	316	273	18	229	165	26	43	43	30
Median .....	23.3	23.6	21.6	23.8	24.0	24.4	21.6	21.6	21.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	15 490	13 473	1 249	9 992	7 973	2 232	2 017	2 017	1 253
Less than 20 percent .....	9 561	8 275	771	6 305	5 104	1 199	1 286	1 286	832
20 to 24 percent .....	2 570	2 205	228	1 585	1 328	392	365	365	196
25 to 29 percent .....	1 717	1 582	112	1 187	982	283	135	135	73
30 to 34 percent .....	819	675	77	420	284	178	144	144	85
35 percent or more .....	823	736	61	495	275	180	87	87	67
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16.6	16.6	16.6	16.2	16.3	18.7	16.6	16.6	16.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	14 562	12 603	1 448	8 610	6 129	2 545	1 959	1 959	1 149
Less than 20 percent .....	10 696	9 182	1 039	6 414	4 802	1 729	1 514	1 514	930
20 to 24 percent .....	2 485	2 210	277	1 423	909	510	275	275	127
25 to 29 percent .....	855	751	104	452	257	195	104	104	63
30 to 34 percent .....	315	281	21	176	82	84	34	34	23
35 percent or more .....	211	179	7	145	79	27	32	32	6
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.5	15.5	15.8	15.0	14.3	16.9	15.1	15.1	14.5
\$50,000 or more .....	16 179	14 336	1 541	9 424	5 545	3 371	1 843	1 843	1 122
Less than 20 percent .....	14 043	12 375	1 347	8 205	5 045	2 823	1 668	1 668	1 015
20 to 24 percent .....	1 504	1 402	164	834	334	404	102	102	67
25 to 29 percent .....	384	330	24	216	63	90	54	54	26
30 to 34 percent .....	132	127	6	89	55	32	5	5	—
35 percent or more .....	102	102	—	80	68	22	—	—	—
Not computed .....	14	—	—	—	—	—	14	14	—
Median .....	12.0	12.1	11.5	11.6	10.7	13.6	11.8	11.8	11.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	33 012	27 753	1 723	23 220	21 663	2 810	5 259	5 259	4 399
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	1 036	808	47	709	698	52	228	228	228
\$100 to \$199 .....	3 068	2 478	220	2 070	2 008	188	590	590	525
\$200 to \$299 .....	7 651	6 360	451	5 400	5 134	509	1 291	1 291	1 122
\$300 to \$399 .....	10 047	8 335	504	6 910	6 395	921	1 712	1 712	1 435
\$400 to \$499 .....	5 877	5 094	195	4 241	4 027	658	783	783	651
\$500 to \$599 .....	2 430	2 181	90	1 954	1 820	137	249	249	218
\$600 to \$749 .....	860	804	21	750	607	33	56	56	40
\$750 to \$999 .....	306	306	5	232	191	69	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	120	115	—	114	91	1	5	5	5
No cash rent .....	1 617	1 272	190	840	692	242	345	345	175
Median (dollars) .....	339	343	311	343	341	362	317	317	314
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000 .....	11 045	9 181	576	7 863	7 520	742	1 864	1 864	1 616
Less than 20 percent .....	589	485	26	432	414	27	104	104	101
20 to 24 percent .....	672	531	82	398	398	51	141	141	138
25 to 29 percent .....	847	663	41	589	581	33	184	184	171
30 to 34 percent .....	706	601	46	540	527	15	105	105	78
35 percent or more .....	7 296	6 131	296	5 328	5 058	507	1 165	1 165	1 021
Not computed .....	935	770	85	576	542	109	165	165	107
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	42.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	49.8	49.8	49.9
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	9 442	7 937	499	6 607	6 190	831	1 505	1 505	1 323
Less than 20 percent .....	1 324	1 080	123	859	803	98	244	244	212
20 to 24 percent .....	1 968	1 599	113	1 361	1 292	125	369	369	352
25 to 29 percent .....	2 089	1 811	62	1 512	1 435	237	278	278	228
30 to 34 percent .....	1 499	1 333	56	1 129	1 073	148	166	166	147
35 percent or more .....	2 131	1 779	93	1 547	1 439	139	352	352	326
Not computed .....	431	335	52	199	156	84	96	96	58
Median .....	27.9	28.1	24.4	28.3	28.2	28.2	26.6	26.6	26.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	8 101	6 796	369	5 691	5 280	736	1 305	1 305	998
Less than 20 percent .....	5 162	4 173	236	3 482	3 243	455	989	989	781
20 to 24 percent .....	1 806	1 612	63	1 380	1 297	169	194	194	158
25 to 29 percent .....	552	521	15	476	451	30	31	31	25
30 to 34 percent .....	180	157	6	115	98	36	23	23	12
35 percent or more .....	98	98	5	82	77	11	—	—	—
Not computed .....	303	235	44	156	114	35	68	68	22
Median .....	18.1	18.3	16.8	18.4	18.5	18.4	16.8	16.8	16.7
\$35,000 or more .....	4 424	3 839	279	3 059	2 673	501	585	585	462
Less than 20 percent .....	3 940	3 438	238	2 748	2 431	452	502	502	427
20 to 24 percent .....	165	149	13	122	100	14	16	16	9
25 to 29 percent .....	18	18	—	18	18	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	5
35 percent or more .....	6	6	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	290	228	28	165	124	35	62	62	21
Median .....	12.2	12.3	10.6	12.6	12.6	11.6	11.0	11.0	10.8

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

(Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Posey County, IN							Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		
	Tract 401	Tract 402	Tract 403	Tract 404	Tract 405	Tract 406	Tract 407	Tract 2.01	Tract 10.97	Tract 28
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>1 181</b>	<b>478</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>1 012</b>	<b>604</b>	<b>886</b>	<b>842</b>	<b>1 364</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>557</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage	705	264	357	714	398	550	468	1 022	644	259
Less than \$300	44	11	32	31	6	30	46	42	65	36
\$300 to \$399	91	47	31	66	28	83	64	75	135	41
\$400 to \$499	118	59	71	101	23	110	84	137	164	65
\$500 to \$599	140	43	63	92	53	100	114	133	158	63
\$600 to \$799	174	59	97	232	134	131	85	332	116	48
\$800 to \$999	115	38	36	137	82	53	46	175	6	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499	23	7	27	55	38	43	29	117	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	26	—	—	11	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	567	522	569	666	724	541	533	671	481	483
Not mortgaged	476	214	142	298	206	336	374	342	347	298
Less than \$100	14	18	—	40	19	13	8	—	10	31
\$100 to \$199	272	121	72	187	97	160	210	188	222	197
\$200 to \$299	152	51	62	47	55	139	123	144	91	62
\$300 to \$399	32	14	8	10	28	16	33	10	18	8
\$400 to \$499	—	3	—	7	7	8	—	—	6	—
\$500 or more	6	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	186	171	199	166	192	197	187	194	176	161
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000	307	153	124	131	94	215	240	154	314	204
Less than 20 percent	138	86	71	70	56	65	86	39	132	100
20 to 24 percent	60	8	23	13	5	18	34	31	35	34
25 to 29 percent	15	18	8	—	17	39	36	24	27	15
30 to 34 percent	10	5	7	—	—	19	11	—	49	29
35 percent or more	80	36	15	43	16	70	68	60	71	26
Not computed	4	—	—	5	—	4	5	—	—	—
Median	21.1	18.7	19.0	18.8	18.4	27.9	24.6	26.5	23.6	20.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999	302	117	98	220	113	173	226	312	325	138
Less than 20 percent	177	65	42	164	67	112	144	167	191	103
20 to 24 percent	50	26	23	36	7	43	43	65	97	12
25 to 29 percent	34	—	—	10	32	7	29	40	25	11
30 to 34 percent	28	9	19	10	7	—	4	26	7	6
35 percent or more	13	17	14	—	—	11	6	14	5	6
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.9	17.3	21.5	13.9	17.1	16.8	13.7	18.5	18.3	16.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	289	116	181	341	143	236	142	352	220	147
Less than 20 percent	233	92	144	200	87	167	116	223	181	138
20 to 24 percent	47	8	21	66	56	53	26	83	25	9
25 to 29 percent	1	16	9	70	—	8	—	12	14	—
30 to 34 percent	8	—	7	5	—	8	—	12	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.5	13.8	14.6	18.4	17.2	15.6	14.6	14.9	14.8	13.2
\$50,000 or more	283	92	96	320	254	262	234	546	132	68
Less than 20 percent	246	85	96	276	192	241	211	471	132	68
20 to 24 percent	37	—	—	44	51	13	19	47	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	4	—	—	8	8	4	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	3	—	—	3	—	—	20	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.1	10.2	13.8	12.1	16.1	10.0	10.6	14.0	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>506</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	2	—	—	—	—	45	—	—	48	22
\$100 to \$199	22	27	—	7	25	127	12	11	85	101
\$200 to \$299	122	61	—	35	26	112	95	183	105	175
\$300 to \$399	111	79	12	74	27	79	122	488	313	116
\$400 to \$499	9	25	28	15	11	52	55	108	127	60
\$500 to \$599	23	4	—	14	—	28	21	35	34	5
\$600 to \$749	—	2	—	—	—	8	11	8	19	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	16	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	49	22	—	15	29	38	37	43	18	27
Median (dollars)	299	332	425	350	291	248	334	354	351	256
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000	71	63	—	38	55	272	77	156	294	218
Less than 20 percent	—	2	—	—	—	24	—	—	31	18
20 to 24 percent	4	—	—	—	13	65	—	—	28	17
25 to 29 percent	—	7	—	—	—	34	—	—	20	30
30 to 34 percent	18	9	—	—	—	11	8	—	17	18
35 percent or more	37	39	—	30	28	117	45	139	173	109
Not computed	12	6	—	8	14	21	24	17	25	26
Median	47.5	50.0+	—	50.0+	38.1	31.1	50.0+	50.0+	46.3	38.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	136	62	23	43	29	109	97	270	228	127
Less than 20 percent	40	18	—	7	—	25	33	10	18	56
20 to 24 percent	27	18	12	—	—	40	16	93	28	24
25 to 29 percent	3	10	—	5	8	20	16	65	92	6
30 to 34 percent	20	10	—	7	11	8	—	76	30	36
35 percent or more	22	—	11	17	—	11	32	26	60	5
Not computed	24	6	—	7	10	5	—	—	—	—
Median	23.0	22.8	24.8	34.3	30.7	23.4	24.8	27.5	28.7	21.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	74	55	9	60	18	36	117	327	145	136
Less than 20 percent	51	40	—	50	18	25	52	205	88	106
20 to 24 percent	11	5	9	5	—	6	27	67	40	18
25 to 29 percent	—	2	—	—	—	—	13	39	10	12
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	16	—	—
Not computed	12	8	—	—	—	5	19	—	7	—
Median	17.1	15.1	22.5	15.0	15.9	13.7	19.4	18.4	18.7	17.5
\$35,000 or more	57	40	8	24	16	72	62	139	82	25
Less than 20 percent	53	38	8	24	11	55	49	105	82	17
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	8	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	4	2	—	—	5	17	—	26	—	8
Median	12.2	10.0	12.5	10.0	12.5	10.8	10.0	12.1	12.5	11.5



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.						Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Tract 32	Tract 36	Tract 38.04	Tract 101	Tract 102.02	Tract 102.03	Tract 1	Tract 2.01 (pt.)	Tract 2.02	Tract 3
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>932</b>	<b>1 039</b>	<b>1 072</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>860</b>	<b>1 420</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>1 099</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>996</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	459	712	781	199	617	1 104	289	836	292	467
Less than \$300 .....	57	92	38	9	12	40	56	42	27	49
\$300 to \$399 .....	96	165	35	36	84	88	77	66	65	102
\$400 to \$499 .....	88	124	72	19	86	18	75	119	71	91
\$500 to \$599 .....	67	196	128	44	86	145	56	111	39	98
\$600 to \$799 .....	98	96	305	55	210	391	25	286	83	111
\$800 to \$999 .....	12	25	110	18	82	180	—	163	7	16
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	34	—	63	9	51	196	—	38	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	7	14	20	—	6	29	—	11	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	10	9	—	17	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	456	473	681	585	640	744	419	651	473	492
Not mortgaged .....	473	327	291	73	243	316	281	263	374	529
Less than \$100 .....	23	9	6	—	8	10	7	—	—	28
\$100 to \$199 .....	333	175	85	41	135	159	224	139	225	371
\$200 to \$299 .....	93	125	102	15	70	112	43	119	143	93
\$300 to \$399 .....	24	18	55	9	23	27	—	5	—	37
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	43	8	—	8	7	—	6	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	167	191	239	195	187	194	172	197	188	164
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	398	360	136	59	97	147	247	131	251	356
Less than 20 percent .....	186	107	26	7	55	61	121	29	113	167
20 to 24 percent .....	46	29	10	8	15	18	23	31	58	32
25 to 29 percent .....	36	40	42	—	—	19	18	16	18	36
30 to 34 percent .....	49	26	26	—	—	10	25	—	13	18
35 percent or more .....	46	158	28	44	27	39	49	55	36	97
Not computed .....	35	—	4	—	—	—	11	—	13	6
Median .....	19.6	30.8	28.6	49.3	15.4	23.5	19.4	26.7	20.5	21.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	267	383	204	81	128	293	185	274	134	281
Less than 20 percent .....	184	206	79	36	76	136	117	142	83	200
20 to 24 percent .....	36	102	45	18	—	33	63	65	39	25
25 to 29 percent .....	31	68	42	27	8	67	5	33	—	44
30 to 34 percent .....	—	7	16	—	24	15	—	26	6	—
35 percent or more .....	16	—	22	—	20	42	—	8	6	12
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.1	19.3	22.6	21.3	13.8	21.6	16.0	19.3	16.2	15.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	193	239	294	66	275	368	80	277	158	213
Less than 20 percent .....	140	205	168	57	166	195	75	191	134	186
20 to 24 percent .....	37	23	79	—	63	115	5	74	24	20
25 to 29 percent .....	6	—	25	—	38	51	—	12	—	7
30 to 34 percent .....	—	11	13	—	8	7	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	10	—	9	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.6	10.9	19.0	13.8	16.0	19.3	12.0	14.1	10.0	12.8
\$50,000 or more .....	74	57	438	66	360	612	58	417	123	146
Less than 20 percent .....	65	57	385	66	328	484	58	381	116	146
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	53	—	32	73	—	16	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	9	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	20	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.7	10.0	10.0	13.2	12.1	14.5	10.0	14.1	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>666</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>1 236</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>817</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>604</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	11	15	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	7
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	20	44	204	4	—	22	11	8	45
\$200 to \$299 .....	193	28	109	88	—	96	144	168	92	211
\$300 to \$399 .....	277	302	98	262	14	30	72	435	83	184
\$400 to \$499 .....	154	191	221	402	13	16	45	108	41	72
\$500 to \$599 .....	8	83	79	189	4	20	8	35	29	52
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	25	13	45	3	20	17	8	9	14
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	24	11	9	11	7	—	16	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	23	32	8	15	13	4	—	36	6	19
Median (dollars) .....	333	395	413	406	420	299	295	350	325	316
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	175	91	177	401	—	26	61	149	36	273
Less than 20 percent .....	11	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	15	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	9
25 to 29 percent .....	9	—	7	55	—	—	—	—	—	14
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	30	22	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	118	66	134	242	—	22	61	132	21	218
Not computed .....	37	10	6	8	—	4	—	17	15	32
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	44.2	—	50.0	50.0+	50.0+	41.9	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	179	326	99	200	12	87	73	256	89	165
Less than 20 percent .....	16	—	13	—	—	10	20	10	11	20
20 to 24 percent .....	62	24	6	30	—	41	27	79	28	41
25 to 29 percent .....	51	55	15	54	—	23	14	65	12	27
30 to 34 percent .....	36	115	26	42	4	—	6	76	19	36
35 percent or more .....	14	123	39	67	—	13	6	26	13	34
Not computed .....	—	9	—	7	8	—	—	—	6	7
Median .....	26.1	33.5	33.0	31.5	32.5	24.1	23.1	28.0	26.0	28.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	199	198	202	381	29	53	151	291	121	132
Less than 20 percent .....	155	113	68	188	13	30	117	175	67	86
20 to 24 percent .....	44	43	88	140	12	7	25	61	40	41
25 to 29 percent .....	—	16	31	23	—	16	9	39	14	5
30 to 34 percent .....	—	13	7	14	4	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	16	—	—
Not computed .....	—	13	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.0	18.6	21.6	20.1	20.6	19.2	16.2	18.8	18.8	18.5
\$35,000 or more .....	113	105	105	254	21	27	23	121	22	34
Less than 20 percent .....	113	105	92	244	13	27	15	94	22	34
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	13	10	3	—	8	8	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	19	—	—
Median .....	11.7	12.2	12.6	13.2	12.5	16.6	13.8	12.5	11.3	11.5

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10.97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>769</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>621</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>1 658</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>583</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>406</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	<b>373</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>520</b>	<b>1 024</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>403</b>	<b>212</b>
Less than \$300 .....	18	36	—	75	176	65	72	36	60	74
\$300 to \$399 .....	19	20	23	85	106	135	107	39	77	48
\$400 to \$499 .....	50	52	45	110	249	164	91	85	99	24
\$500 to \$599 .....	101	95	83	149	206	158	65	12	75	35
\$600 to \$799 .....	117	127	111	83	235	116	20	54	66	20
\$800 to \$999 .....	23	52	68	18	38	6	—	18	14	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	39	15	45	—	14	—	7	5	12	5
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	6	—	5	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	598	598	666	489	493	481	406	474	468	370
Not mortgaged .....	<b>396</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>194</b>
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	12	11	10	33	—	—	17
\$100 to \$199 .....	215	181	144	268	351	222	142	98	108	96
\$200 to \$299 .....	134	165	82	103	248	91	31	6	63	54
\$300 to \$399 .....	25	44	15	13	24	18	7	19	—	24
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	3
\$500 or more .....	22	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	15	—
Median (dollars) .....	194	208	188	175	191	176	147	158	190	185
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	216	181	123	356	486	314	247	206	238	225
Less than 20 percent .....	96	75	51	142	156	132	79	54	86	66
20 to 24 percent .....	33	28	22	16	126	35	6	—	21	19
25 to 29 percent .....	29	23	9	26	37	27	29	6	9	11
30 to 34 percent .....	12	16	—	72	70	49	24	8	13	36
35 percent or more .....	46	39	36	100	97	71	101	138	98	88
Not computed .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	8	—	11	5
Median .....	21.8	22.8	21.8	28.8	23.5	23.6	31.1	49.6	28.6	31.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	211	202	103	268	506	325	178	85	180	105
Less than 20 percent .....	116	117	66	178	268	191	125	52	104	76
20 to 24 percent .....	36	48	6	42	116	97	46	22	15	6
25 to 29 percent .....	35	17	20	28	83	7	7	11	33	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	13	5	8	29	—	—	—	11	—
35 percent or more .....	18	7	6	12	10	5	—	—	17	23
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.9	15.6	12.2	13.5	17.7	18.3	16.2	17.6	18.4	13.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	118	195	183	217	474	220	95	46	96	56
Less than 20 percent .....	75	181	107	189	397	181	73	36	80	56
20 to 24 percent .....	38	14	51	28	77	25	15	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	5	—	13	—	—	14	7	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16.9	10.0	18.2	14.6	15.6	14.8	11.9	17.2	14.2	10.8
\$50,000 or more .....	224	219	212	75	192	132	63	35	80	20
Less than 20 percent .....	203	207	212	75	178	132	55	25	76	20
20 to 24 percent .....	10	6	—	—	14	—	—	10	4	—
25 to 29 percent .....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	6	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.8	10.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.7	10.9	10.5
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>248</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>880</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>641</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	9	48	113	9	—	47
\$100 to \$199 .....	7	7	—	—	8	85	59	87	24	150
\$200 to \$299 .....	48	24	74	52	179	105	119	339	138	191
\$300 to \$399 .....	87	35	45	75	313	313	139	143	97	101
\$400 to \$499 .....	26	7	60	90	219	127	32	81	82	56
\$500 to \$599 .....	46	32	21	49	84	34	12	39	29	32
\$600 to \$749 .....	14	—	16	10	27	19	—	30	5	29
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	7	—	—	—	—	21	15	6	—
\$1,000 or more .....	7	—	—	11	—	—	—	15	—	—
No cash rent .....	13	10	11	16	41	18	21	30	—	35
Median (dollars) .....	337	369	380	414	376	351	259	287	319	278
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	89	33	48	92	158	294	269	354	205	349
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	9	31	51	9	—	8
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	28	13	27	—	6
25 to 29 percent .....	7	—	—	—	—	20	15	—	—	39
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	17	5	46	—	75
35 percent or more .....	60	30	46	88	113	173	152	262	159	202
Not computed .....	22	3	2	4	36	25	33	10	14	19
Median .....	50.0	47.3	50.0	50.0	50.0	46.3	47.6	50.0	50.0	43.6
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	45	21	81	94	352	228	143	264	112	204
Less than 20 percent .....	7	8	—	—	32	18	19	85	8	40
20 to 24 percent .....	4	8	13	17	79	28	55	67	43	33
25 to 29 percent .....	11	—	7	22	82	92	23	58	33	50
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	28	12	62	30	31	8	7	16
35 percent or more .....	18	6	16	36	97	60	15	46	21	41
Not computed .....	—	—	9	7	—	—	—	—	—	24
Median .....	30.5	22.2	31.4	31.9	29.0	28.7	24.8	23.5	25.8	26.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	62	33	56	102	271	145	65	123	49	31
Less than 20 percent .....	16	13	48	41	161	88	42	72	32	19
20 to 24 percent .....	29	8	—	38	70	40	11	18	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	8	7	8	7	17	10	—	20	17	—
30 to 34 percent .....	9	—	—	—	7	—	12	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	8	—	6
Not computed .....	—	5	—	5	16	7	—	5	—	6
Median .....	22.6	20.6	17.1	21.0	18.8	18.7	18.2	15.4	17.3	14.8
\$35,000 or more .....	52	35	42	15	99	82	39	47	15	57
Less than 20 percent .....	45	26	42	15	99	82	29	32	15	57
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	7	2	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Median .....	14.0	17.4	10.7	11.3	13.7	12.5	12.9	11.4	10.0	10.0



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 17	Tract 18	Tract 19	Tract 20	Tract 21	Tract 22	Tract 23	Tract 24
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>531</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>1 075</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	<b>314</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>567</b>
Less than \$300 .....	26	7	—	14	20	13	22	11	69	144
\$300 to \$399 .....	78	20	7	—	52	21	70	53	102	84
\$400 to \$499 .....	82	—	—	—	—	20	61	42	90	113
\$500 to \$599 .....	50	—	7	—	26	6	33	37	47	111
\$600 to \$799 .....	48	6	31	—	8	13	—	16	24	93
\$800 to \$999 .....	17	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	5
\$1 000 to \$1 499 .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	12
\$1 500 to \$1 999 .....	5	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2 000 or more .....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Median (dollars) .....	453	373	675	275	339	406	402	423	402	460
Not mortgaged .....	<b>217</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>26</b>	—	<b>93</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>191</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>508</b>
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	7	11	20	19	17	13
\$100 to \$199 .....	113	10	—	—	62	79	126	149	185	418
\$200 to \$299 .....	82	33	10	—	24	33	37	44	73	72
\$300 to \$399 .....	12	—	16	—	—	34	4	—	—	5
\$400 to \$499 .....	10	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	197	230	359	—	169	173	151	156	152	167
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20 000 .....	201	43	27	—	120	128	148	193	282	402
Less than 20 percent .....	60	11	—	—	21	40	59	80	124	162
20 to 24 percent .....	17	5	—	—	16	41	12	34	20	62
25 to 29 percent .....	10	—	—	—	26	10	33	5	46	55
30 to 34 percent .....	10	7	10	—	6	7	13	25	24	34
35 percent or more .....	104	20	17	—	51	30	31	36	62	78
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	6	11
Median .....	36.3	33.9	45.0	—	29.4	22.9	25.5	21.5	23.5	22.7
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	154	27	40	14	54	61	117	107	199	346
Less than 20 percent .....	117	27	19	14	27	50	102	75	142	264
20 to 24 percent .....	5	—	—	—	4	4	15	32	28	35
25 to 29 percent .....	23	—	21	—	17	—	—	—	12	14
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	6	7	—	—	—	27
35 percent or more .....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	6
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.8	15.5	25.2	12.5	20.0	16.9	14.9	16.8	16.0	13.2
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	91	5	—	—	20	19	56	53	118	229
Less than 20 percent .....	67	—	—	—	20	19	56	45	111	193
20 to 24 percent .....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	31
25 to 29 percent .....	4	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent .....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.2	27.5	—	—	11.2	10.0	10.0	11.4	11.4	13.2
\$50 000 or more .....	85	6	17	—	5	22	56	18	20	98
Less than 20 percent .....	81	6	10	—	5	22	56	18	20	93
20 to 24 percent .....	4	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	10.0	13.8	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>255</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>677</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>396</b>	<b>436</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	123	15	—	38	42	12	5	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	18	153	136	9	82	125	42	9	38	15
\$200 to \$299 .....	38	106	192	37	265	283	167	16	114	116
\$300 to \$399 .....	70	63	172	6	147	98	92	87	108	154
\$400 to \$499 .....	77	18	89	16	63	30	77	50	82	101
\$500 to \$599 .....	17	—	23	76	27	22	15	24	25	22
\$600 to \$749 .....	6	—	15	4	—	11	—	—	6	16
\$750 to \$999 .....	15	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1 000 or more .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	14	9	30	—	16	14	10	8	23	12
Median (dollars) .....	397	165	285	505	270	240	292	353	319	338
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10 000 .....	97	352	333	50	302	347	149	94	193	94
Less than 20 percent .....	—	80	24	—	17	30	—	5	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	9	29	7	9	32	23	4	—	16	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	76	70	—	33	62	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	45	19	—	39	26	13	—	8	7
35 percent or more .....	76	90	179	41	175	201	119	81	150	81
Not computed .....	12	32	34	—	6	5	13	8	19	6
Median .....	50.0+	28.4	43.1	50.0+	41.9	45.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10 000 to \$19 999 .....	90	82	147	31	213	160	124	56	91	186
Less than 20 percent .....	19	21	28	—	56	8	22	17	12	47
20 to 24 percent .....	7	20	—	—	20	64	36	7	13	35
25 to 29 percent .....	20	22	26	6	81	31	16	8	37	7
30 to 34 percent .....	7	19	44	6	6	—	21	19	7	46
35 percent or more .....	23	—	12	13	40	48	29	5	18	45
Not computed .....	14	—	—	—	10	9	—	—	4	6
Median .....	28.0	25.0	26.6	32.9	26.6	25.6	26.3	27.5	27.5	30.1
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	53	38	147	30	78	101	150	22	63	102
Less than 20 percent .....	36	20	111	12	66	87	107	12	24	69
20 to 24 percent .....	13	—	24	18	12	5	30	—	35	28
25 to 29 percent .....	4	18	7	—	9	6	10	4	4	5
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	18.7	14.7	15.5	20.8	14.4	14.6	17.2	14.6	21.1	18.2
\$35 000 or more .....	15	—	50	40	45	17	3	27	49	54
Less than 20 percent .....	7	—	40	37	39	17	3	27	49	54
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	8	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	10	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	25.3	—	10.7	13.9	10.8	10.0	17.5	11.0	12.0	12.7

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con									
	Tract 25	Tract 26	Tract 27	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 29	Tract 30	Tract 31	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 33	Tract 34
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>480</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>1 383</b>	<b>781</b>	<b>741</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>1 093</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage.....	252	254	80	210	216	762	395	403	462	733
Less than \$300.....	47	66	5	36	17	95	34	49	72	89
\$300 to \$399.....	66	82	25	29	26	135	81	73	89	120
\$400 to \$499.....	55	80	13	56	42	186	145	77	119	134
\$500 to \$599.....	45	26	19	55	71	150	83	60	79	179
\$600 to \$799.....	34	—	18	28	44	173	47	91	79	135
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	—	6	6	23	5	12	10	39
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5	—	—	—	10	—	—	34	14	33
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Median (dollars).....	441	374	438	475	523	462	466	504	463	514
Not mortgaged.....	228	277	130	261	154	621	386	338	288	360
Less than \$100.....	21	28	25	25	7	33	49	13	—	6
\$100 to \$199.....	145	176	99	177	94	418	230	231	212	225
\$200 to \$299.....	56	61	6	51	38	140	86	79	62	94
\$300 to \$399.....	—	12	—	8	15	30	—	15	8	29
\$400 to \$499.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	6	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	6
Median (dollars).....	167	150	134	163	174	167	168	173	168	181
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000.....	286	258	119	167	132	450	332	250	274	233
Less than 20 percent.....	82	118	44	83	41	156	164	137	103	86
20 to 24 percent.....	37	52	—	34	12	66	48	21	26	39
25 to 29 percent.....	27	11	17	7	13	40	24	26	54	25
30 to 34 percent.....	32	11	5	22	—	61	22	36	8	3
35 percent or more.....	102	66	47	21	61	127	68	13	83	74
Not computed.....	6	—	6	—	5	—	6	17	—	6
Median.....	28.9	21.1	28.7	20.1	29.0	25.4	19.9	18.4	25.7	23.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	133	205	54	118	92	447	211	238	206	389
Less than 20 percent.....	101	175	48	91	57	332	139	155	166	259
20 to 24 percent.....	12	17	6	12	12	57	32	36	8	59
25 to 29 percent.....	6	13	—	3	20	50	34	31	32	39
30 to 34 percent.....	7	—	—	6	—	8	6	—	—	26
35 percent or more.....	7	—	—	6	3	—	—	16	—	6
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.9	15.3	10.0	15.8	17.5	14.6	16.6	17.4	13.9	14.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	49	56	31	124	96	266	153	186	177	291
Less than 20 percent.....	30	56	25	121	84	214	153	133	150	224
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	6	3	6	52	—	37	21	47
25 to 29 percent.....	5	—	—	—	6	—	—	6	—	20
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.6	10.0	10.0	12.1	14.7	11.3	12.5	14.3	15.8	15.2
\$50,000 or more.....	12	12	6	62	50	220	85	67	93	180
Less than 20 percent.....	12	12	6	62	50	220	85	58	85	158
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	18
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	12.5	10.0	12.5	10.0	11.3	10.7	10.9	11.5	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>465</b>	<b>423</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>368</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>969</b>	<b>82</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100.....	—	—	60	22	—	—	—	—	103	—
\$100 to \$199.....	26	20	52	101	—	36	29	—	198	7
\$200 to \$299.....	152	175	41	167	46	203	127	185	106	7
\$300 to \$399.....	116	142	62	107	37	184	65	127	268	13
\$400 to \$499.....	111	76	17	60	—	70	91	106	162	10
\$500 to \$599.....	34	5	4	5	8	24	21	8	39	21
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	—	—	—	13	7	—	23	3
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	28	3
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	42	—
No cash rent.....	26	5	14	27	—	20	28	9	—	18
Median (dollars).....	327	325	229	250	298	310	313	312	352	450
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000.....	170	173	165	210	36	99	122	119	425	14
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	33	18	—	—	—	—	77	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	6	17	—	—	—	—	80	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	25	30	—	—	19	9	33	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	6	18	—	16	—	—	69	—
35 percent or more.....	157	163	86	101	28	83	86	93	159	7
Not computed.....	13	5	9	26	8	—	17	—	7	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	41.0	37.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	31.4	37.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	193	101	51	118	37	186	102	143	284	—
Less than 20 percent.....	42	5	21	56	—	20	19	16	7	—
20 to 24 percent.....	33	36	18	24	19	77	28	62	19	—
25 to 29 percent.....	40	21	—	6	10	46	19	33	60	—
30 to 34 percent.....	21	6	7	27	—	19	7	24	72	—
35 percent or more.....	44	33	—	5	8	16	29	8	126	—
Not computed.....	13	—	5	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
Median.....	26.9	27.3	20.6	20.6	24.9	24.5	26.1	24.5	33.9	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	90	117	28	136	13	213	96	112	154	28
Less than 20 percent.....	78	91	22	106	13	178	72	97	93	13
20 to 24 percent.....	12	16	—	18	—	35	18	15	36	5
25 to 29 percent.....	—	10	—	12	—	—	—	—	9	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Median.....	17.3	14.8	17.5	17.5	14.6	16.5	16.0	16.6	18.8	18.5
\$35,000 or more.....	12	32	12	25	5	63	48	61	106	40
Less than 20 percent.....	12	32	12	17	5	38	43	61	97	25
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	9	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Median.....	15.7	10.0	12.5	11.5	10.0	14.0	15.9	12.2	14.3	17.7



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
		Tract 35	Tract 36 (pt 1)	Tract 37 01	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 01	Tract 38 03	Tract 38 04 (pt 1)	Tract 39	Tract 101 (pt 1)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....		738	1 039	540	892	977	1 455	610	708	54
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....		457	712	366	540	583	1 235	378	504	39
Less than \$300 .....		9	92	35	48	6	31	22	41	—
\$300 to \$399 .....		57	165	61	55	29	16	25	83	9
\$400 to \$499 .....		65	124	65	77	39	92	18	75	9
\$500 to \$599 .....		93	196	55	114	57	126	80	55	15
\$600 to \$799 .....		99	96	76	182	163	396	120	157	6
\$800 to \$999 .....		72	25	31	24	105	156	62	60	—
\$1 000 to \$1 499 .....		7	—	22	9	123	270	27	25	—
\$1 500 to \$1 999 .....		6	14	21	22	26	99	14	—	—
\$2 000 or more .....		49	—	—	9	35	49	10	8	—
Median (dollars) .....		607	473	562	577	798	774	662	596	505
Not mortgaged .....		281	327	174	352	394	220	232	204	15
Less than \$100 .....		2	9	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....		149	175	38	180	67	36	49	126	7
\$200 to \$299 .....		75	125	99	134	263	81	85	64	8
\$300 to \$399 .....		37	18	18	31	42	36	55	7	—
\$400 to \$499 .....		—	—	19	—	22	26	43	7	—
\$500 or more .....		18	—	—	—	—	41	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....		194	191	255	195	238	288	270	183	203
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20 000 .....		145	360	115	254	91	67	85	102	26
Less than 20 percent .....		70	107	46	144	42	13	21	55	7
20 to 24 percent .....		22	29	18	32	15	—	4	11	8
25 to 29 percent .....		14	40	—	14	—	—	34	7	—
30 to 34 percent .....		16	26	—	—	6	18	—	9	—
35 percent or more .....		10	158	51	34	28	36	22	15	11
Not computed .....		13	—	—	8	—	—	4	5	—
Median .....		19.5	30.8	23.2	18.6	21.2	36.0	27.3	18.2	23.8
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....		168	383	98	250	246	252	107	200	9
Less than 20 percent .....		86	206	54	143	170	73	61	105	—
20 to 24 percent .....		47	102	18	47	20	59	17	18	—
25 to 29 percent .....		16	68	19	52	44	68	9	41	9
30 to 34 percent .....		19	7	—	8	6	30	4	6	—
35 percent or more .....		—	—	7	—	6	22	16	30	—
Not computed .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....		18.8	19.3	18.9	15.5	14.7	24.5	17.7	16.4	27.5
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....		199	239	139	176	180	423	120	167	10
Less than 20 percent .....		152	205	110	120	120	184	92	127	10
20 to 24 percent .....		33	23	10	36	16	117	7	28	—
25 to 29 percent .....		14	—	19	—	33	58	12	12	—
30 to 34 percent .....		—	11	—	9	6	25	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....		—	—	—	11	5	39	9	—	—
Not computed .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....		13.6	10.9	11.3	15.0	13.9	21.2	16.9	17.1	12.5
\$50 000 or more .....		226	57	188	212	460	713	298	239	9
Less than 20 percent .....		209	57	175	203	336	559	270	231	9
20 to 24 percent .....		17	—	6	9	80	90	28	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....		—	—	—	—	17	27	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....		—	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....		—	—	7	—	27	22	—	8	—
Not computed .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....		11.3	10.0	10.0	10.9	15.3	14.1	10.0	10.6	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....		134	720	268	1 283	1 148	607	532	477	1 223
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....		—	15	—	8	—	—	—	—	22
\$100 to \$199 .....		—	20	—	131	—	—	44	—	204
\$200 to \$299 .....		24	28	28	228	106	14	109	82	88
\$300 to \$399 .....		30	302	59	617	445	213	91	136	262
\$400 to \$499 .....		40	191	65	109	297	198	213	160	402
\$500 to \$599 .....		19	83	72	111	164	117	69	80	183
\$600 to \$749 .....		6	25	32	38	102	29	6	11	45
\$750 to \$999 .....		5	24	7	—	13	13	—	—	9
\$1 000 or more .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....		10	32	5	41	21	23	—	8	8
Median (dollars) .....		408	395	443	333	404	437	408	407	406
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10 000 .....		7	91	36	496	224	37	177	97	401
Less than 20 percent .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22
20 to 24 percent .....		—	15	—	9	—	—	—	—	52
25 to 29 percent .....		—	—	—	56	—	—	7	6	55
30 to 34 percent .....		—	—	—	34	—	—	30	—	22
35 percent or more .....		7	66	36	366	224	29	134	81	242
Not computed .....		—	10	—	31	—	8	6	10	8
Median .....		50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	44.2
\$10 000 to \$19 999 .....		30	326	50	373	337	113	84	162	193
Less than 20 percent .....		—	—	—	45	19	7	13	12	—
20 to 24 percent .....		17	24	—	44	50	14	6	30	30
25 to 29 percent .....		—	55	16	117	98	51	15	44	54
30 to 34 percent .....		7	115	20	30	80	16	26	43	42
35 percent or more .....		6	123	14	123	86	18	24	33	67
Not computed .....		—	9	—	14	4	7	—	—	—
Median .....		24.4	33.5	32.2	28.9	30.0	28.1	31.5	29.4	31.5
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....		78	198	82	290	367	192	178	117	375
Less than 20 percent .....		21	113	38	212	137	128	68	54	188
20 to 24 percent .....		25	43	7	52	144	64	88	33	140
25 to 29 percent .....		22	16	25	18	60	—	22	10	23
30 to 34 percent .....		—	13	—	—	15	—	—	20	8
35 percent or more .....		—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	16
Not computed .....		10	13	5	8	11	—	—	—	—
Median .....		22.6	18.6	20.4	17.7	21.4	18.4	21.2	20.7	20.0
\$35 000 or more .....		19	105	100	124	220	265	93	101	254
Less than 20 percent .....		19	105	84	119	201	257	87	93	244
20 to 24 percent .....		—	—	16	—	13	—	6	—	10
25 to 29 percent .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....		—	—	—	5	6	8	—	8	—
Median .....		13.4	12.2	12.7	12.2	13.3	12.3	12.3	12.5	13.2

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.		Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN							
	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 2 01 (pt.)	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 10 98	Tract 28 (pt.)	Tract 32 (pt.)	Tract 36 (pt.)	Tract 38 04 (pt.)	Tract 101 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	79	—	265	—	—	86	191	—	462	218
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
With a mortgage .....	61	—	186	—	—	49	56	—	403	160
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	16	9
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	9	—	—	12	23	—	10	27
\$400 to \$499 .....	21	—	18	—	—	9	11	—	54	10
\$500 to \$599 .....	7	—	22	—	—	8	7	—	48	29
\$600 to \$799 .....	26	—	46	—	—	20	7	—	185	49
\$800 to \$999 .....	7	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	48	18
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	—	—	79	—	—	—	—	—	36	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
\$2,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Median (dollars) .....	609	—	793	—	—	522	381	—	698	657
Not mortgaged .....	18	—	79	—	—	37	135	—	59	58
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	—	6	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	13	—	49	—	—	20	102	—	36	34
\$200 to \$299 .....	5	—	25	—	—	11	14	—	17	7
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	5	—	—	—	9	—	—	9
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
\$500 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	167	—	166	—	—	142	146	—	161	193
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20,000 .....	7	—	23	—	—	37	148	—	51	33
Less than 20 percent .....	7	—	10	—	—	17	49	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	6	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	8	—	—	8	10	—	8	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	7	13	—	26	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	5	—	—	5	33	—	6	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—
Median .....	10.0	—	25.9	—	—	25.9	23.2	—	31.3	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	11	—	38	—	—	20	29	—	97	72
Less than 20 percent .....	11	—	25	—	—	12	29	—	18	36
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	28	18
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	7	—	—	8	—	—	33	18
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.4	—	10.0	—	—	18.8	16.2	—	25.4	17.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	28	—	75	—	—	23	7	—	174	56
Less than 20 percent .....	20	—	32	—	—	17	7	—	76	47
20 to 24 percent .....	8	—	9	—	—	6	—	—	72	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.0	—	23.1	—	—	17.7	17.5	—	20.8	14.3
\$50,000 or more .....	33	—	129	—	—	6	7	—	140	57
Less than 20 percent .....	33	—	90	—	—	6	7	—	115	57
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	31	—	—	—	—	—	25	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.0	—	13.3	—	—	12.5	10.0	—	13.8	14.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	5	—	75	—	—	17	231	—	51	13
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	15	—	—	9	150	—	7	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	53	—	—	—	48	—	8	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	6
\$500 to \$599 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	5	—	7	—	—	—	14	—	8	7
Median (dollars) .....	—	—	362	—	—	376	353	—	582	575
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10,000 .....	—	—	7	—	—	8	56	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	7	—	—	8	25	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	50.0+	—	—	45.0	48.8	—	15	7
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	—	—	14	—	—	9	36	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	9	12	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	15	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Median .....	—	—	22.5	—	—	32.5	30.0	—	40.6	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	—	—	36	—	—	—	87	—	24	6
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	30	—	—	—	58	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	29	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Median .....	—	—	13.8	—	—	—	17.8	—	29.4	32.5
\$35,000 or more .....	5	—	18	—	—	—	52	—	12	—
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	11	—	—	—	52	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	5	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	—	—	10.0	—	—	—	11.1	—	20.7	—



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Vanderburgh County, IN—Con								
	Tract 102 01	Tract 102 02 (pt.)	Tract 102 03 (pt.)	Tract 104 02	Tract 104 97	Tract 104 98	Tract 105	Tract 106	Tract 107
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	950	781	1 420	359	1 785	—	1 778	341	1 259
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage .....	693	556	1 104	225	1 138	—	1 125	199	753
Less than \$300 .....	10	12	40	16	57	—	50	—	52
\$300 to \$399 .....	25	84	88	42	107	—	70	24	68
\$400 to \$499 .....	28	65	18	21	105	—	197	22	88
\$500 to \$599 .....	55	79	145	67	174	—	174	29	97
\$600 to \$799 .....	151	184	391	50	314	—	321	34	142
\$800 to \$999 .....	111	75	180	15	230	—	108	59	152
\$1 000 to \$1 499 .....	227	51	196	14	138	—	178	31	115
\$1 500 to \$1 999 .....	65	6	29	—	13	—	27	—	26
\$2 000 or more .....	21	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	13
Median (dollars) .....	949	652	744	532	702	—	645	749	695
Not mortgaged .....	257	225	316	134	647	—	653	142	506
Less than \$100 .....	5	8	10	—	28	—	10	6	23
\$100 to \$199 .....	104	122	159	92	328	—	367	65	247
\$200 to \$299 .....	98	65	112	26	240	—	224	46	182
\$300 to \$399 .....	32	23	27	11	18	—	35	25	26
\$400 to \$499 .....	12	—	8	5	15	—	—	—	20
\$500 or more .....	6	7	—	—	18	—	17	—	8
Median (dollars) .....	222	189	194	177	192	—	190	200	195
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20 000 .....	82	90	147	83	259	—	300	66	197
Less than 20 percent .....	31	48	61	28	188	—	142	30	72
20 to 24 percent .....	6	15	18	3	8	—	25	—	25
25 to 29 percent .....	8	—	19	27	16	—	25	13	27
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	10	6	—	—	11	—	23
35 percent or more .....	32	27	39	10	38	—	83	23	36
Not computed .....	—	—	—	9	9	—	14	—	14
Median .....	27.5	17.9	23.5	26.1	14.6	—	20.2	26.2	23.9
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	155	117	293	101	303	—	430	89	275
Less than 20 percent .....	98	65	136	67	193	—	278	56	188
20 to 24 percent .....	14	—	33	17	61	—	70	6	10
25 to 29 percent .....	4	8	67	6	—	—	29	6	19
30 to 34 percent .....	16	24	15	11	13	—	32	6	7
35 percent or more .....	23	20	42	—	36	—	21	15	51
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.4	13.8	21.6	14.6	13.6	—	15.4	17.3	13.6
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	165	247	368	103	449	—	443	89	282
Less than 20 percent .....	73	146	195	83	348	—	323	60	205
20 to 24 percent .....	29	55	115	16	87	—	58	17	50
25 to 29 percent .....	37	38	51	4	7	—	27	5	13
30 to 34 percent .....	8	8	7	—	7	—	28	5	6
35 percent or more .....	18	—	—	—	—	—	7	2	8
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	21.6	16.3	19.3	15.6	13.8	—	15.5	17.7	14.6
\$50 000 or more .....	548	327	612	72	774	—	605	97	505
Less than 20 percent .....	381	295	484	72	665	—	492	76	440
20 to 24 percent .....	114	32	73	—	94	—	61	21	49
25 to 29 percent .....	53	—	27	—	15	—	39	—	11
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	18	—	—	—	13	—	3
35 percent or more .....	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	2
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15.1	11.9	14.5	10.3	12.5	—	13.3	10.2	11.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	59	57	193	48	532	—	144	24	113
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	5	4	—	14	39	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	6	—	96	—	83	—	37	13	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	23	14	30	11	141	—	39	—	38
\$400 to \$499 .....	8	13	16	—	77	—	26	—	18
\$500 to \$599 .....	7	4	20	8	61	—	14	—	4
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	3	20	—	95	—	—	—	18
\$750 to \$999 .....	—	11	7	—	—	—	12	—	—
\$1 000 or more .....	5	—	—	6	6	—	—	—	6
No cash rent .....	5	8	4	9	30	—	16	11	29
Median (dollars) .....	385	420	299	377	374	—	364	263	435
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10 000 .....	6	—	26	6	178	—	28	4	24
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	6	—	22	—	150	—	28	—	24
35 percent or more .....	—	—	4	6	—	—	—	4	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	50.0+	—	50.0	—	50.0+	—	50.0+	—	50.0+
\$10 000 to \$19 999 .....	6	12	87	11	163	—	19	20	18
Less than 20 percent .....	3	—	10	—	43	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	41	—	10	—	—	—	4
25 to 29 percent .....	3	—	23	—	26	—	—	—	7
30 to 34 percent .....	—	4	—	—	7	—	11	13	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	13	11	71	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	8	—	—	6	—	8	7	7
Median .....	22.5	32.5	24.1	50.0+	29.9	—	32.5	32.5	26.1
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	17	29	53	9	97	—	24	—	29
Less than 20 percent .....	7	13	30	—	61	—	24	—	16
20 to 24 percent .....	—	12	7	—	24	—	—	—	5
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	5	—	—	9	12	—	—	—	8
Median .....	17.5	20.6	19.2	—	16.1	—	15.7	—	18.3
\$35 000 or more .....	30	16	27	22	94	—	73	—	42
Less than 20 percent .....	30	13	27	22	82	—	53	—	22
20 to 24 percent .....	—	3	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	12	—	8	—	14
Median .....	10.0-	12.5	16.6	11.5	12.8	—	10.0-	—	15.0

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warrick County, IN							
	Tract 301	Tract 302	Tract 303	Tract 304	Tract 305	Tract 306	Tract 307 01	Tract 307 02
Specified owner-occupied housing units	437	701	89	884	709	1 889	1 961	808
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	267	376	58	618	439	1 175	1 565	652
Less than \$300	11	9	—	79	17	116	37	5
\$300 to \$399	21	55	13	93	61	204	111	—
\$400 to \$499	54	95	7	198	67	245	195	48
\$500 to \$599	65	77	8	128	63	177	198	55
\$600 to \$799	100	93	30	103	77	293	564	134
\$800 to \$999	9	19	—	13	118	83	271	215
\$1,000 to \$1,499	7	28	—	4	23	57	158	154
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	19	35
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	13	—	12	6
Median (dollars)	562	536	606	468	610	510	692	872
Not mortgaged	170	325	31	266	270	714	396	156
Less than \$100	9	10	7	—	28	38	—	—
\$100 to \$199	83	194	20	190	129	374	152	53
\$200 to \$299	67	112	4	71	87	217	176	87
\$300 to \$399	11	9	—	5	21	64	40	16
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	5	18	16	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	3	12	—
Median (dollars)	193	181	162	178	189	190	224	224
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000	133	154	22	327	143	565	197	67
Less than 20 percent	50	65	9	159	57	221	48	19
20 to 24 percent	14	20	—	22	4	61	48	14
25 to 29 percent	23	21	5	61	17	58	19	—
30 to 34 percent	15	21	8	9	9	52	—	6
35 percent or more	29	27	—	76	50	164	82	28
Not computed	2	—	—	—	6	9	—	—
Median	25.3	23.0	27.0	21.0	27.2	24.7	25.7	30.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	101	240	25	301	206	462	300	116
Less than 20 percent	68	174	18	144	130	310	95	44
20 to 24 percent	17	49	7	80	22	91	35	16
25 to 29 percent	16	10	—	41	33	41	69	14
30 to 34 percent	—	2	—	28	—	20	56	24
35 percent or more	—	5	—	8	21	—	45	18
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.2	13.2	10.0	20.4	15.8	14.2	26.4	24.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	102	186	23	203	228	426	628	174
Less than 20 percent	72	151	9	190	134	337	399	73
20 to 24 percent	27	25	14	13	54	74	148	46
25 to 29 percent	3	4	—	—	34	—	69	28
30 to 34 percent	—	2	—	—	6	15	12	21
35 percent or more	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	6
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.7	14.4	20.9	13.2	18.1	15.9	17.5	21.5
\$50,000 or more	101	121	19	53	132	436	836	451
Less than 20 percent	94	107	19	53	95	408	717	326
20 to 24 percent	7	14	—	—	24	6	104	70
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	22	8	42
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	13
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	13.9	11.1	10.0	10.4	11.9	10.2	13.5	14.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	102	149	98	232	95	858	224	89
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100	10	—	7	18	—	117	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	7	—	—	29	113	—	5
\$200 to \$299	41	44	25	37	8	157	55	13
\$300 to \$399	23	42	34	83	8	306	71	34
\$400 to \$499	6	21	10	42	16	192	59	25
\$500 to \$599	—	4	—	9	—	10	—	6
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	6	—	—	21	6
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	11	13	—
\$1,000 or more	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	22	30	22	37	34	52	5	—
Median (dollars)	266	321	314	343	230	342	379	365
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000	40	33	27	85	52	328	24	8
Less than 20 percent	10	—	—	9	—	8	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	9	—	27	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—
30 to 34 percent	7	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	15	18	19	46	26	241	19	8
Not computed	8	13	8	21	26	19	5	—
Median	34.3	48.3	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	45.0	45.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	43	41	23	65	7	301	54	32
Less than 20 percent	12	3	—	6	—	45	13	5
20 to 24 percent	3	12	12	—	—	60	—	8
25 to 29 percent	8	14	11	27	—	72	29	11
30 to 34 percent	—	4	—	18	—	51	—	—
35 percent or more	12	1	—	—	7	55	12	8
Not computed	8	7	—	14	—	18	—	—
Median	26.6	25.7	24.8	28.6	45.0	27.5	27.4	26.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7	58	34	48	25	127	80	19
Less than 20 percent	4	44	27	21	8	91	40	19
20 to 24 percent	—	7	—	—	9	18	40	—
25 to 29 percent	—	4	—	11	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
Not computed	3	3	7	7	8	7	—	—
Median	12.5	15.4	16.3	19.9	20.3	16.8	20.0	17.5
\$35,000 or more	12	17	14	34	11	102	66	30
Less than 20 percent	9	10	7	34	11	87	66	24
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	3	7	7	—	—	15	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.5	10.0	10.3	11.4	13.1



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Warren County, IN—Con		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 307 03	Tract 308	Tract 206 01	Tract 206 02	Tract 207 01	Tract 207 02	Tract 208	Tract 209
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	1 232	1 324	994	789	841	1 278	684	1 257
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage .....	1 025	960	626	493	596	934	436	832
Less than \$300 .....	14	27	22	32	26	20	40	109
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	53	65	62	33	96	42	151
\$400 to \$499 .....	76	134	88	114	49	174	67	173
\$500 to \$599 .....	103	156	71	108	167	149	81	174
\$600 to \$799 .....	283	263	191	150	158	236	118	135
\$800 to \$999 .....	319	166	126	21	77	135	62	68
\$1 000 to \$1 499 .....	169	96	54	6	55	101	21	22
\$1 500 to \$1 999 .....	57	53	9	—	31	15	5	—
\$2 000 or more .....	4	12	—	—	—	8	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	820	682	642	553	646	623	581	491
Not mortgaged .....	207	364	368	296	245	344	248	425
Less than \$100 .....	9	15	41	78	7	27	52	110
\$100 to \$199 .....	66	231	232	181	140	189	110	233
\$200 to \$299 .....	97	83	79	32	80	115	76	75
\$300 to \$399 .....	28	35	8	5	13	13	—	7
\$400 to \$499 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$500 or more .....	7	—	8	—	5	—	6	—
Median (dollars) .....	221	182	151	127	180	168	150	143
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20 000 .....	90	188	168	161	180	246	154	349
Less than 20 percent .....	52	71	86	88	67	96	87	154
20 to 24 percent .....	—	21	—	23	12	22	35	52
25 to 29 percent .....	5	18	25	26	13	26	—	49
30 to 34 percent .....	—	13	—	—	18	—	6	13
35 percent or more .....	24	65	41	24	68	93	22	81
Not computed .....	9	—	16	—	2	9	4	—
Median .....	16.6	25.6	17.6	18.4	28.8	25.1	18.2	22.0
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	169	312	241	268	174	230	196	392
Less than 20 percent .....	43	173	137	186	107	125	97	263
20 to 24 percent .....	31	44	56	46	29	55	49	68
25 to 29 percent .....	21	38	7	26	15	15	18	24
30 to 34 percent .....	25	23	25	—	12	20	32	32
35 percent or more .....	49	34	16	10	11	15	—	5
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	27.5	18.6	17.2	16.5	15.5	17.7	20.1	17.1
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	328	247	247	221	210	343	191	321
Less than 20 percent .....	166	198	186	187	144	236	115	262
20 to 24 percent .....	68	41	32	29	24	74	53	32
25 to 29 percent .....	49	8	16	—	23	12	18	24
30 to 34 percent .....	28	—	13	5	8	5	—	3
35 percent or more .....	17	—	—	—	11	16	5	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	19.8	16.4	14.8	16.3	17.8	16.3	17.0	14.8
\$50 000 or more .....	645	577	338	139	277	459	143	195
Less than 20 percent .....	494	510	284	139	252	408	127	177
20 to 24 percent .....	130	49	36	—	5	35	10	13
25 to 29 percent .....	9	9	12	—	20	11	6	5
30 to 34 percent .....	12	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.8	14.4	13.8	10.9	12.7	12.7	10.6	13.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	287	676	1 128	631	376	342	199	457
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	86	7	8	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	34	—	72	56	23	14	11	30
\$200 to \$299 .....	29	100	280	165	72	34	34	80
\$300 to \$399 .....	66	254	468	233	152	114	66	148
\$400 to \$499 .....	97	190	141	94	79	122	45	47
\$500 to \$599 .....	29	85	49	36	35	23	7	21
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	27	10	—	9	—	7
\$750 to \$999 .....	18	21	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1 000 or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	14	26	5	30	7	26	36	124
Median (dollars) .....	411	390	324	330	339	396	361	323
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10 000 .....	62	83	324	164	72	109	38	151
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	30	—	8	—	—	3
20 to 24 percent .....	15	—	66	16	—	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	24	26	—	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent .....	6	—	—	13	6	13	—	14
35 percent or more .....	41	74	199	101	52	77	25	84
Not computed .....	—	9	5	8	6	19	13	34
Median .....	47.1	50.0+	44.0	45.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.9
\$10 000 to \$19 999 .....	69	196	300	224	113	97	46	129
Less than 20 percent .....	—	14	50	12	11	—	10	11
20 to 24 percent .....	8	22	88	63	27	—	—	9
25 to 29 percent .....	13	52	47	54	27	22	15	35
30 to 34 percent .....	25	50	42	38	21	13	—	30
35 percent or more .....	12	32	73	45	27	56	6	21
Not computed .....	11	26	—	12	—	6	15	23
Median .....	31.6	29.7	26.3	27.9	28.4	37.8	26.8	29.7
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	83	255	347	165	132	86	79	125
Less than 20 percent .....	45	156	269	123	106	55	47	75
20 to 24 percent .....	25	70	73	22	20	14	16	11
25 to 29 percent .....	5	10	5	4	6	—	6	—
30 to 34 percent .....	8	19	—	12	—	11	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	4	—	6	10	39
Median .....	19.5	18.9	16.5	17.9	17.1	17.6	17.2	16.9
\$35 000 or more .....	73	142	157	78	59	50	36	52
Less than 20 percent .....	70	134	157	63	52	50	30	17
20 to 24 percent .....	—	8	—	9	—	—	—	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	3	—	—	6	7	—	6	28
Median .....	11.9	13.8	10.2	12.2	10.0-	10.0-	15.0	12.9

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city, Henderson County, KY								
	Tract 201	Tract 202	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	420	373	381	439	674	983	781	417	310
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>									
With a mortgage	148	128	180	201	342	615	493	302	247
Less than \$300	12	34	34	35	56	22	32	14	5
\$300 to \$399	56	24	31	57	96	65	62	18	20
\$400 to \$499	30	27	57	56	59	88	114	27	11
\$500 to \$599	10	10	33	16	47	60	108	79	32
\$600 to \$799	27	11	12	20	37	191	150	79	55
\$800 to \$999	7	15	13	—	40	126	21	56	56
\$1,000 to \$1,499	6	7	—	11	7	54	6	27	56
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	6	—	9	—	2	12
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	413	420	456	419	426	646	553	650	804
Not mortgaged	272	245	201	238	332	368	288	115	63
Less than \$100	32	88	51	44	52	41	78	7	—
\$100 to \$199	181	151	125	131	213	232	173	81	37
\$200 to \$299	53	—	25	34	60	79	32	27	21
\$300 to \$399	6	6	—	29	7	8	5	—	5
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	151	115	140	147	139	151	127	170	187
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$20,000	139	229	192	222	271	168	161	55	45
Less than 20 percent	56	131	71	82	113	86	88	29	11
20 to 24 percent	18	54	42	50	19	—	23	—	15
25 to 29 percent	—	18	19	41	45	25	26	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	6	18	12	21	—	—	6	—
35 percent or more	65	20	42	37	61	41	24	18	19
Not computed	—	—	—	—	12	16	—	2	—
Median	23.8	15.7	23.0	22.9	24.3	17.6	18.4	17.9	23.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	150	46	62	89	169	230	260	101	47
Less than 20 percent	132	26	25	55	133	137	178	61	11
20 to 24 percent	12	15	11	8	16	45	46	12	16
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	14	8	7	26	5	—
30 to 34 percent	—	5	12	6	—	25	—	12	20
35 percent or more	6	—	6	6	12	16	10	11	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	17.0	22.7	18.7	15.6	16.2	16.8	16.9	23.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	68	80	76	67	135	247	221	94	64
Less than 20 percent	68	75	69	67	105	186	187	70	25
20 to 24 percent	—	5	—	—	26	32	29	—	22
25 to 29 percent	—	—	7	—	4	16	—	18	12
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	13	5	—	5
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.1	10.0	12.3	11.4	11.7	14.8	16.3	17.2	21.6
\$50,000 or more	63	18	51	61	99	338	139	167	154
Less than 20 percent	55	18	51	61	96	284	139	159	120
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	3	36	—	8	28
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	6
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	8	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Median	10.1	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	13.8	10.9	12.3	14.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	460	409	332	610	315	1 095	631	238	189
<b>GROSS RENT</b>									
Less than \$100	27	—	—	94	6	86	7	8	—
\$100 to \$199	139	25	20	176	24	72	56	6	—
\$200 to \$299	116	167	132	124	87	280	165	37	—
\$300 to \$399	86	94	113	108	130	435	233	107	78
\$400 to \$499	31	71	38	69	46	141	94	45	104
\$500 to \$599	34	21	4	19	—	49	36	35	7
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—	3	27	10	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	27	26	25	20	19	5	30	—	—
Median (dollars)	241	300	301	222	322	321	330	356	412
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>									
Less than \$10,000	260	142	184	348	72	324	164	47	43
Less than 20 percent	15	—	—	48	—	30	—	8	—
20 to 24 percent	28	4	10	14	—	66	16	—	—
25 to 29 percent	59	11	4	47	—	24	26	—	—
30 to 34 percent	19	—	8	21	11	—	13	6	—
35 percent or more	121	105	155	189	57	199	101	27	43
Not computed	18	22	7	29	4	5	8	6	—
Median	35.0	50.0+	50.0+	39.1	50.0+	44.0	45.0	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	113	133	81	139	130	288	224	81	66
Less than 20 percent	24	23	11	57	35	50	12	19	—
20 to 24 percent	28	58	27	28	41	88	63	27	6
25 to 29 percent	11	28	12	13	14	44	54	14	13
30 to 34 percent	4	—	11	7	—	42	38	21	47
35 percent or more	34	14	14	34	28	64	45	—	—
Not computed	12	—	6	—	—	12	—	—	—
Median	24.7	23.3	24.9	22.2	22.9	25.7	27.9	29.0	38.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999	54	97	54	97	69	326	165	71	45
Less than 20 percent	54	92	21	83	64	248	123	54	31
20 to 24 percent	—	5	24	4	5	73	22	11	14
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	10	—	5	—	6	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	9	—	—	—	4	—	—
Median	12.8	16.3	20.3	14.7	16.9	16.5	17.9	17.0	18.2
\$35,000 or more	33	37	13	26	44	157	78	39	35
Less than 20 percent	33	27	10	26	37	157	63	39	35
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	5	3	—	7	—	6	—	—
Median	12.4	10.0	12.5	14.5	10.0	10.2	12.2	10.4	10.0



Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson city Henderson County, KY— Con		Remainder of Henderson County, KY					
	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)	Tract 206 01 (pt.)	Tract 206 02 (pt.)	Tract 207 01 (pt.)	Tract 207 02 (pt.)	Tract 208 (pt.)	Tract 209 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	51	242	11	8	424	968	633	1 015
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage	43	176	11	—	294	687	393	656
Less than \$300	11	29	—	—	12	15	29	80
\$300 to \$399	15	27	—	—	15	76	27	124
\$400 to \$499	—	38	—	—	22	163	67	135
\$500 to \$599	17	37	11	—	88	117	64	137
\$600 to \$799	—	34	—	—	79	181	118	101
\$800 to \$999	—	11	—	—	21	79	62	57
\$1 000 to \$1 499	—	—	—	—	28	45	21	22
\$1 500 to \$1 999	—	—	—	—	29	3	5	—
\$2 000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
Median (dollars)	335	489	575	—	642	569	612	491
Not mortgaged	8	66	—	8	130	281	240	359
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	27	52	110
\$100 to \$199	8	66	—	8	59	152	102	167
\$200 to \$299	—	—	—	—	53	94	76	75
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—	—	13	8	—	7
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	5	—	6	—
Median (dollars)	160	142	—	125	209	160	149	143
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20 000	6	59	—	—	125	201	148	290
Less than 20 percent	—	34	—	—	38	85	87	120
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	12	7	35	52
25 to 29 percent	—	12	—	—	13	26	—	37
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	12	—	6	13
35 percent or more	6	13	—	—	50	74	16	68
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	9	4	—
Median	50.0+	14.3	—	—	29.8	25.8	17.8	22.4
\$20 000 to \$34 999	16	83	11	8	73	183	180	309
Less than 20 percent	16	—	—	—	46	114	81	205
20 to 24 percent	—	15	11	—	17	39	49	53
25 to 29 percent	—	5	—	—	10	15	18	19
30 to 34 percent	—	5	—	—	—	—	32	27
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	15	—	5
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	14.0	17.4	22.5	10.0	14.1	14.9	20.9	17.0
\$35 000 to \$49 999	10	87	—	—	116	279	181	234
Less than 20 percent	10	68	—	—	74	211	105	194
20 to 24 percent	—	13	—	—	24	52	53	19
25 to 29 percent	—	6	—	—	5	—	18	18
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	3
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	5	16	5	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.4	16.9	—	—	18.4	15.7	17.2	13.7
\$50 000 or more	19	13	—	—	110	305	124	182
Less than 20 percent	19	13	—	—	93	288	108	164
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	5	7	10	13
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	12	5	6	5
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.2	15.4	—	—	13.5	11.9	10.7	13.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6	114	33	—	138	153	193	343
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	7	—	—	17	14	11	23
\$200 to \$299	—	14	—	—	35	34	34	66
\$300 to \$399	6	45	33	—	45	36	60	103
\$400 to \$499	—	12	—	—	34	18	45	35
\$500 to \$599	—	13	—	—	—	16	7	8
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	7
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1 000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	23	—	—	7	26	36	101
Median (dollars)	313	361	364	—	318	352	363	316
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10 000	—	32	—	—	25	66	38	119
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	14
35 percent or more	—	24	—	—	25	34	25	60
Not computed	—	8	—	—	—	19	13	26
Median	—	49.2	—	—	50.0+	43.8	50.0+	41.0
\$10 000 to \$19 999	6	62	12	—	32	31	40	67
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	11	—	10	11
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	9
25 to 29 percent	—	19	3	—	—	16	15	16
30 to 34 percent	—	18	—	—	7	—	—	12
35 percent or more	6	19	9	—	6	9	—	2
Not computed	—	6	—	—	—	6	15	17
Median	37.5	32.5	36.7	—	23.1	28.9	25.8	26.6
\$20 000 to \$34 999	—	20	21	—	61	41	79	105
Less than 20 percent	—	11	21	—	52	24	47	64
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	9	—	16	11
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	9	—	—	—	6	10	30
Median	—	17.5	16.3	—	17.2	15.9	17.2	16.8
\$35 000 or more	—	—	—	—	20	15	36	52
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	13	15	30	17
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	7	—	6	28
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	—	—	10.0	10.8	15.0	12.9

**Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN		Warrick County, IN		Kentucky (pt.)	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city		
<b>Occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>102 187</b>	<b>86 802</b>	<b>61 755</b>	<b>48 127</b>	<b>15 662</b>	<b>15 385</b>
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>						
1989 to March 1990 -----	1 125	924	514	164	315	201
1985 to 1988 -----	7 260	5 988	3 712	2 049	1 701	1 272
1980 to 1984 -----	8 861	7 402	4 868	3 327	1 658	1 459
1970 to 1979 -----	21 198	17 107	9 203	6 634	5 206	4 091
1960 to 1969 -----	13 202	10 926	7 359	5 341	2 189	2 276
1950 to 1959 -----	17 072	14 798	11 781	9 169	1 902	2 274
1940 to 1949 -----	12 808	11 260	9 644	8 337	998	1 548
1939 or earlier -----	20 661	18 397	14 674	13 106	1 693	2 264
<b>BEDROOMS</b>						
No bedroom -----	765	704	670	656	20	61
1 bedroom -----	12 890	11 244	9 647	9 008	905	1 646
2 bedrooms -----	34 213	28 596	21 453	18 238	5 617	5 617
3 bedrooms -----	41 012	34 612	22 626	15 701	7 254	6 400
4 bedrooms -----	11 498	10 021	6 307	3 843	2 677	1 477
5 or more bedrooms -----	1 809	1 625	1 052	681	387	184
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
Complete kitchen facilities -----	101 821	86 494	61 560	47 979	15 574	15 327
Source of water, public system or private company -----	90 011	76 166	57 074	46 852	14 376	13 845
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	77 340	67 613	53 084	47 290	10 483	9 727
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	350	228	130	83	82	122
Owner-occupied housing units -----	201	137	80	38	41	64
Renter-occupied housing units -----	149	91	50	45	41	58
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>						
Utility gas -----	69 053	60 447	46 754	37 622	8 861	8 606
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	4 492	2 909	754	289	904	1 583
Electricity -----	24 621	20 294	13 125	9 762	4 820	4 327
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	1 558	1 373	367	84	448	185
All other fuels -----	2 301	1 646	650	265	609	655
No fuel used -----	162	133	105	105	20	29
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>						
None -----	8 621	7 217	5 910	5 665	703	1 404
1 -----	32 760	27 992	22 092	19 384	3 567	4 768
2 -----	42 002	35 683	24 557	17 627	6 856	6 319
3 or more -----	18 804	15 910	9 196	5 451	4 536	2 894
Vehicles per household -----	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5	2.1	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>						
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>72 223</b>	<b>61 683</b>	<b>41 326</b>	<b>29 421</b>	<b>12 779</b>	<b>10 540</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	5 647	4 765	3 103	2 184	1 247	882
1985 to 1988 -----	17 584	14 785	9 281	6 170	3 511	2 799
1980 to 1984 -----	10 837	9 328	5 966	4 075	2 152	1 509
1970 to 1979 -----	17 314	14 509	9 137	6 453	3 355	2 805
1969 or earlier -----	20 841	18 296	13 839	10 539	2 514	2 545
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> -----	<b>29 964</b>	<b>25 119</b>	<b>20 429</b>	<b>18 706</b>	<b>2 883</b>	<b>4 845</b>
1989 to March 1990 -----	13 224	11 109	9 182	8 407	1 332	2 115
1985 to 1988 -----	10 499	8 675	7 031	6 471	988	1 824
1980 to 1984 -----	3 262	2 787	2 231	2 049	272	475
1970 to 1979 -----	2 097	1 762	1 415	1 299	150	335
1969 or earlier -----	882	786	570	480	141	96
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
No telephone in unit -----	5 104	3 923	2 832	2 629	748	1 181
Householder 65 years and over -----	24 614	21 031	16 194	13 682	2 764	3 583
Owner-occupied housing units -----	18 880	16 219	12 261	9 896	2 291	2 661
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	181	106	70	47	34	75
No telephone in unit -----	369	295	219	185	50	74
No vehicle available -----	5 239	4 404	3 578	3 411	407	835
Complete plumbing facilities -----	101 837	86 574	61 625	48 044	15 580	15 263
1.00 or less persons per room -----	100 100	85 149	60 746	47 361	15 270	14 951
1.01 or more persons per room -----	1 737	1 425	879	683	310	312
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	350	228	130	83	82	122
1.00 or less persons per room -----	339	222	124	77	82	117
1.01 or more persons per room -----	11	6	6	6	-	5
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>						
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	39 715	40 134	39 922	36 597	42 150	37 263
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	20 460	20 736	20 076	19 581	24 774	19 031
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	11 632	9 297	7 214	6 328	1 244	2 335
Owner-occupied housing units -----	4 177	3 312	2 291	1 864	630	865
Renter-occupied housing units -----	7 455	5 985	4 923	4 464	614	1 470



Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/RNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97	Tract 38 04	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13
Occupied housing units .....	15 385	9 495	1 537	1 545	1 537	661	864	632
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>								
1989 to March 1990 .....	201	88	—	67	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	1 272	708	—	217	—	10	7	—
1980 to 1984 .....	1 459	849	57	247	57	18	18	—
1970 to 1979 .....	4 091	2 327	321	222	321	20	65	7
1960 to 1969 .....	2 276	1 354	154	301	154	49	22	24
1950 to 1959 .....	2 274	1 687	516	324	516	80	80	38
1940 to 1949 .....	1 548	1 145	333	135	333	183	138	91
1939 or earlier .....	2 264	1 337	156	32	156	301	534	472
<b>BEDROOMS</b>								
No bedroom .....	61	55	—	19	—	—	23	27
1 bedroom .....	1 646	1 414	162	67	162	76	265	75
2 bedrooms .....	5 617	3 754	753	491	753	343	324	266
3 bedrooms .....	6 400	3 438	559	700	559	195	172	180
4 bedrooms .....	1 477	758	55	240	55	47	80	55
5 or more bedrooms .....	184	76	8	28	8	—	—	29
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	15 327	9 480	1 537	1 532	1 537	651	864	627
Source of water, public system or private company .....	13 845	9 472	1 514	1 174	1 514	648	864	632
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	9 727	9 324	1 512	1 363	1 512	652	852	632
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	122	29	—	13	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	64	11	—	13	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	58	18	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>								
Utility gas .....	8 606	6 763	1 266	1 072	1 266	582	760	607
Bottled tank, or LP gas .....	1 583	67	18	—	18	—	—	—
Electricity .....	4 327	2 589	253	450	253	55	104	18
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	185	—	—	7	—	11	—	—
All other fuels .....	655	63	—	16	—	7	—	7
No fuel used .....	29	13	—	—	—	6	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>								
None .....	1 404	1 166	167	72	167	102	260	114
1 .....	4 768	3 455	539	458	539	218	428	244
2 .....	6 319	3 590	637	760	637	265	153	203
3 or more .....	2 894	1 284	194	255	194	76	23	71
Vehicles per household .....	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	9	1.4
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	10 540	5 715	972	1 068	972	422	316	413
1989 to March 1990 .....	882	462	57	151	57	35	18	6
1985 to 1988 .....	2 799	1 580	126	270	126	101	104	50
1980 to 1984 .....	1 509	780	139	161	139	34	37	55
1970 to 1979 .....	2 805	1 442	231	248	231	93	53	121
1969 or earlier .....	2 545	1 451	419	238	419	159	104	181
Renter-occupied housing units .....	4 845	3 780	565	477	565	239	548	219
1989 to March 1990 .....	2 115	1 749	221	172	221	117	294	100
1985 to 1988 .....	1 824	1 346	225	195	225	81	174	61
1980 to 1984 .....	475	394	54	51	54	26	50	33
1970 to 1979 .....	335	240	52	52	52	4	18	25
1969 or earlier .....	96	51	13	7	13	11	12	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>								
No telephone in unit .....	1 181	743	86	31	86	62	156	39
Householder 65 years and over .....	3 583	2 459	334	364	334	172	174	187
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 661	1 652	227	267	227	147	110	137
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	75	16	—	7	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	74	33	—	7	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	835	678	103	50	103	50	85	68
Complete plumbing facilities .....	15 263	9 466	1 537	1 532	1 537	661	864	632
1 00 or less persons per room .....	14 951	9 247	1 524	1 515	1 524	655	846	622
1 01 or more persons per room .....	312	219	13	17	13	6	18	10
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	122	29	—	13	—	—	—	—
1 00 or less persons per room .....	117	29	—	7	—	—	—	—
1 01 or more persons per room .....	5	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	37 263	37 138	30 350	57 210	30 350	30 000	19 636	26 520
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	19 031	18 408	16 505	22 130	16 505	18 096	20 705	14 314
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	2 335	1 624	225	131	225	105	298	148
Owner-occupied housing units .....	865	482	63	30	63	26	76	48
Renter-occupied housing units .....	1 470	1 142	162	101	162	79	222	100

Table 34. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con.					Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37.02	Tract 38.03	Tract 203	Tract 204
Occupied housing units .....	433	310	190	1 957	2 043	606	882
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>							
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	29	—	5
1985 to 1988 .....	—	—	—	43	531	—	—
1980 to 1984 .....	—	—	—	67	622	6	8
1970 to 1979 .....	—	18	32	611	451	15	50
1960 to 1969 .....	16	28	42	544	200	27	64
1950 to 1959 .....	79	7	26	343	130	123	278
1940 to 1949 .....	118	119	19	198	55	121	166
1939 or earlier .....	220	138	71	151	25	314	311
<b>BEDROOMS</b>							
No bedroom .....	8	—	7	118	—	—	—
1 bedroom .....	102	25	99	509	286	92	242
2 bedrooms .....	209	187	64	585	379	304	343
3 bedrooms .....	86	59	11	612	913	177	169
4 bedrooms .....	21	28	9	117	418	27	112
5 or more bedrooms .....	7	11	—	16	47	6	16
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
Complete kitchen facilities .....	433	310	190	1 946	2 043	602	882
Source of water, public system or private company .....	433	310	190	1 694	2 043	606	882
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	433	310	183	1 957	2 029	606	868
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	6
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	6
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>							
Utility gas .....	387	275	89	1 324	955	591	754
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	20	8	—	11
Electricity .....	37	35	92	604	1 080	15	117
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	9	—	9	9	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>							
None .....	105	63	88	264	22	127	197
1 .....	192	85	79	846	639	242	406
2 .....	106	115	23	650	1 115	134	217
3 or more .....	30	47	—	197	267	103	62
Vehicles per household .....	1.1	1.5	.7	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.2
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units .....	211	191	21	891	1 461	366	392
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	21	—	32	148	13	33
1985 to 1988 .....	41	5	—	195	526	72	81
1980 to 1984 .....	38	34	15	159	343	54	66
1970 to 1979 .....	17	58	—	201	305	74	74
1969 or earlier .....	115	73	6	304	139	153	138
Renter-occupied housing units .....	222	119	169	1 066	582	240	490
1989 to March 1990 .....	111	59	50	431	400	110	218
1985 to 1988 .....	59	24	68	444	151	83	188
1980 to 1984 .....	20	9	24	125	9	19	24
1970 to 1979 .....	13	14	27	66	15	22	55
1969 or earlier .....	19	13	—	—	7	6	5
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>							
No telephone in unit .....	48	24	36	103	—	87	115
Householder 65 years and over .....	175	78	106	558	251	160	214
Owner-occupied housing units .....	118	57	6	253	227	129	135
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
No telephone in unit .....	—	8	9	—	—	13	—
No vehicle available .....	72	38	56	153	7	60	100
Complete plumbing facilities .....	433	310	190	1 946	2 043	606	876
1.00 or less persons per room .....	433	310	177	1 915	2 043	575	871
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	13	31	—	31	5
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	6
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	11	—	—	6
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 918	31 029	21 775	37 827	75 886	28 382	30 676
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	17 318	17 240	9 946	18 320	35 584	12 569	11 044
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	109	30	67	322	31	140	310
Owner-occupied housing units .....	48	14	6	8	18	42	31
Renter-occupied housing units .....	61	16	61	314	13	98	279



Table 35. **Housing Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990**

(Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN					
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Warrick County, IN	Kentucky (pt.)
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>59 672</b>	<b>52 024</b>	<b>36 641</b>	<b>26 880</b>	<b>9 934</b>	<b>7 648</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>						
With a mortgage	37 506	32 826	22 343	15 808	7 069	4 680
Less than \$300	2 913	2 559	2 044	1 774	315	354
\$300 to \$399	4 763	4 083	3 067	2 478	611	680
\$400 to \$499	6 181	5 318	3 659	3 026	1 111	863
\$500 to \$599	6 402	5 554	3 920	2 986	1 029	848
\$600 to \$799	9 070	8 039	5 209	3 369	1 924	1 031
\$800 to \$999	4 248	3 706	2 024	1 024	1 188	542
\$1,000 to \$1,499	2 990	2 699	1 788	752	689	291
\$1,500 to \$1,999	635	572	391	219	155	63
\$2,000 or more	304	296	241	181	47	8
Median (dollars)	575	579	558	519	640	551
Not mortgaged	22 166	19 198	14 298	11 072	2 865	2 968
Less than \$100	1 264	738	517	405	109	526
\$100 to \$199	12 585	10 849	8 256	6 542	1 480	1 736
\$200 to \$299	6 519	5 907	4 289	3 233	994	612
\$300 to \$399	1 293	1 218	848	628	229	75
\$400 to \$499	285	285	221	153	39	-
\$500 or more	220	201	167	111	14	19
Median (dollars)	181	185	183	182	193	144
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Less than \$20,000	14 847	12 819	9 723	8 236	1 860	2 028
Less than 20 percent	6 224	5 279	3 975	3 300	732	945
20 to 24 percent	1 855	1 590	1 232	1 101	197	265
25 to 29 percent	1 560	1 342	982	813	227	218
30 to 34 percent	1 054	979	799	704	133	75
35 percent or more	3 872	3 378	2 528	2 175	545	494
Not computed	282	251	207	143	26	31
Median	22.9	23.2	23.2	23.4	24.7	21.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	14 963	13 023	9 583	7 587	2 197	1 940
Less than 20 percent	9 278	8 031	6 075	4 874	1 191	1 247
20 to 24 percent	2 520	2 160	1 541	1 284	391	360
25 to 29 percent	1 620	1 497	1 112	916	273	123
30 to 34 percent	793	662	413	277	172	131
35 percent or more	752	673	442	236	170	79
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	16.5	16.5	16.1	16.2	18.5	16.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14 176	12 271	8 291	5 827	2 545	1 905
Less than 20 percent	10 478	9 008	6 240	4 628	1 729	1 470
20 to 24 percent	2 377	2 112	1 331	829	510	265
25 to 29 percent	825	721	429	234	195	104
30 to 34 percent	297	263	158	69	84	34
35 percent or more	199	167	133	67	27	32
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	15.4	15.5	14.9	14.1	16.9	15.1
\$50,000 or more	15 686	13 911	9 044	5 230	3 332	1 775
Less than 20 percent	13 602	12 002	7 872	4 748	2 789	1 600
20 to 24 percent	1 479	1 377	814	314	399	102
25 to 29 percent	369	315	201	57	90	54
30 to 34 percent	126	121	83	49	32	5
35 percent or more	96	96	74	62	22	-
Not computed	14	-	-	-	-	14
Median	12.0	12.0	11.5	10.6	13.6	12.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>29 239</b>	<b>24 619</b>	<b>20 171</b>	<b>18 666</b>	<b>2 793</b>	<b>4 620</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>						
Less than \$100	761	571	472	461	52	190
\$100 to \$199	2 482	1 973	1 573	1 517	188	509
\$200 to \$299	6 809	5 683	4 731	4 465	509	1 126
\$300 to \$399	8 964	7 452	6 043	5 554	921	1 512
\$400 to \$499	5 359	4 643	3 817	3 603	650	716
\$500 to \$599	2 166	1 967	1 766	1 641	128	199
\$600 to \$749	778	732	678	535	33	46
\$750 to \$999	263	263	189	159	69	-
\$1,000 or more	120	115	114	91	1	5
No cash rent	1 537	1 220	788	640	242	317
Median (dollars)	342	347	348	345	362	319
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>						
Less than \$10,000	9 185	7 603	6 313	5 987	742	1 582
Less than 20 percent	467	370	317	299	27	97
20 to 24 percent	550	438	313	313	51	112
25 to 29 percent	700	538	464	456	33	162
30 to 34 percent	550	458	397	384	15	92
35 percent or more	6 154	5 172	4 389	4 136	507	982
Not computed	764	627	433	399	109	137
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	49.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	8 498	7 155	5 857	5 453	831	1 343
Less than 20 percent	1 171	948	727	677	98	223
20 to 24 percent	1 744	1 405	1 175	1 106	125	339
25 to 29 percent	1 889	1 653	1 362	1 285	237	236
30 to 34 percent	1 368	1 223	1 019	963	148	145
35 percent or more	1 903	1 599	1 383	1 274	139	304
Not computed	423	327	191	148	84	96
Median	28.0	28.2	28.4	28.4	28.2	26.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 385	6 223	5 134	4 727	728	1 162
Less than 20 percent	4 713	3 854	3 163	2 924	455	859
20 to 24 percent	1 641	1 454	1 230	1 147	169	187
25 to 29 percent	475	450	413	392	22	25
30 to 34 percent	174	151	109	92	36	23
35 percent or more	92	92	76	71	11	-
Not computed	290	222	143	101	35	68
Median	18.1	18.3	18.4	18.4	18.3	16.9
\$35,000 or more	4 171	3 638	2 867	2 499	492	533
Less than 20 percent	3 725	3 265	2 584	2 278	443	460
20 to 24 percent	149	133	106	91	14	16
25 to 29 percent	10	10	10	10	-	-
30 to 34 percent	5	-	-	-	-	5
35 percent or more	6	6	6	-	-	-
Not computed	276	224	161	120	35	52
Median	12.2	12.4	12.6	12.7	11.5	10.8

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN		Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97	Tract 38 04	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13
Specified owner-occupied housing units .....	7 648	4 673	947	1 000	947	382	273	407
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>								
With a mortgage .....	4 680	2 693	609	716	609	240	175	239
Less than \$300 .....	354	239	65	38	65	52	27	34
\$300 to \$399 .....	680	449	129	35	129	72	12	70
\$400 to \$499 .....	863	480	164	66	164	55	71	50
\$500 to \$599 .....	848	436	150	117	150	46	5	55
\$600 to \$799 .....	1 031	560	95	277	95	-	52	4
\$800 to \$999 .....	542	325	6	101	6	-	8	14
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	291	175	-	52	-	7	-	12
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	63	29	-	20	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more .....	8	-	-	10	-	8	-	-
Median (dollars) .....	551	542	476	681	476	396	480	431
Not mortgaged .....	2 968	1 980	338	284	338	142	98	168
Less than \$100 .....	526	351	10	6	10	25	-	-
\$100 to \$199 .....	1 736	1 260	222	85	222	95	82	108
\$200 to \$299 .....	612	314	86	99	86	15	6	51
\$300 to \$399 .....	75	47	14	55	14	7	10	-
\$400 to \$499 .....	-	-	-	39	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more .....	19	8	6	-	6	-	-	9
Median (dollars) .....	144	141	174	237	174	146	149	182
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$20,000 .....	2 028	1 307	314	120	314	133	165	166
Less than 20 percent .....	945	626	132	26	132	56	44	73
20 to 24 percent .....	265	178	35	10	35	6	-	21
25 to 29 percent .....	218	146	27	42	27	23	6	9
30 to 34 percent .....	75	46	49	20	49	8	8	-
35 percent or more .....	494	293	71	18	71	32	107	63
Not computed .....	31	18	-	4	-	8	-	-
Median .....	21 0	20 5	23 6	27 6	23 6	25 1	49 0	22 4
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	1 940	1 193	299	188	299	134	66	136
Less than 20 percent .....	1 247	800	180	79	180	89	33	88
20 to 24 percent .....	360	191	89	34	89	38	22	11
25 to 29 percent .....	123	61	25	42	25	7	11	9
30 to 34 percent .....	131	80	-	16	-	-	-	11
35 percent or more .....	79	61	5	17	5	-	-	17
Not computed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	16 4	15 9	18 0	22 2	18 0	17 4	20 0	16 3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	1 905	1 108	206	277	206	71	28	58
Less than 20 percent .....	1 470	899	181	168	181	64	23	58
20 to 24 percent .....	265	117	18	67	18	-	5	-
25 to 29 percent .....	104	63	7	25	7	7	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	34	23	-	8	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more .....	32	6	-	9	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	15 1	14 3	14 4	18 6	14 4	10 5	18 0	13 4
\$50,000 or more .....	1 775	1 065	128	415	128	44	14	47
Less than 20 percent .....	1 600	958	128	362	128	36	14	43
20 to 24 percent .....	102	67	-	53	-	-	-	4
25 to 29 percent .....	54	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	5	-	-	-	-	8	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	14	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	12 0	11 9	10 0-	10 0-	10 0-	10 0-	12 5	10 0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units .....	4 620	3 776	565	471	565	239	548	214
<b>GROSS RENT</b>								
Less than \$100 .....	190	190	38	-	38	31	9	-
\$100 to \$199 .....	509	444	52	44	52	10	74	18
\$200 to \$299 .....	1 126	957	81	94	81	44	228	70
\$300 to \$399 .....	1 512	1 238	210	71	210	90	82	68
\$400 to \$499 .....	716	589	127	195	127	27	30	34
\$500 to \$599 .....	199	168	27	46	27	12	39	19
\$600 to \$749 .....	46	30	19	13	19	-	30	5
\$750 to \$999 .....	-	-	-	-	-	10	15	-
\$1,000 or more .....	5	5	-	-	-	-	15	-
No cash rent .....	317	155	11	8	11	15	26	-
Median (dollars) .....	319	315	356	410	356	335	284	319
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>								
Less than \$10,000 .....	1 582	1 345	219	154	219	67	279	107
Less than 20 percent .....	97	94	26	-	26	15	9	-
20 to 24 percent .....	112	109	21	-	21	-	27	-
25 to 29 percent .....	162	149	7	7	7	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	92	65	17	30	17	-	46	18
35 percent or more .....	982	841	137	111	137	30	187	84
Not computed .....	137	87	11	6	11	22	10	5
Median .....	49 0	49 0	47 5	50 0+	47 5	47 5	50 0+	50 0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	1 343	1 163	87	13	165	90	165	56
Less than 20 percent .....	223	191	13	13	13	10	57	8
20 to 24 percent .....	339	322	7	6	7	21	24	27
25 to 29 percent .....	236	186	77	10	77	23	54	11
30 to 34 percent .....	145	126	22	26	22	26	8	-
35 percent or more .....	304	280	46	32	46	10	22	10
Not computed .....	96	58	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median .....	26 3	26 1	29 1	32 8	29 1	28 0	25 1	23 7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	1 162	858	99	132	99	43	64	43
Less than 20 percent .....	859	654	49	56	49	20	40	26
20 to 24 percent .....	187	151	40	46	40	11	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	25	19	10	15	10	-	11	17
30 to 34 percent .....	23	12	-	7	-	12	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-
Not computed .....	68	22	-	8	-	-	5	-
Median .....	16 9	16 9	20 1	20 7	20 1	20 7	13 7	17 2
\$35,000 or more .....	533	410	82	98	82	39	40	8
Less than 20 percent .....	460	385	82	92	82	29	29	8
20 to 24 percent .....	16	9	-	6	-	10	-	-
25 to 29 percent .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent .....	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed .....	52	11	-	-	-	-	11	-
Median .....	10 8	10 5	12 5	12 3	12 5	12 9	11 7	10 0-



Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN—Con					Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 38 03	Tract 203	Tract 204
Specified owner-occupied housing units	203	171	21	875	1 382	301	352
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
With a mortgage	114	98	15	523	1 168	157	171
Less than \$300	42	6	—	48	31	23	29
\$300 to \$399	15	35	15	55	10	31	46
\$400 to \$499	19	39	—	77	86	51	56
\$500 to \$599	25	12	—	114	120	27	16
\$600 to \$799	8	6	—	165	386	12	7
\$800 to \$999	—	—	—	24	156	13	—
\$1 000 to \$1 499	5	—	—	9	257	—	11
\$1 500 to \$1 999	—	—	—	22	87	—	6
\$2 000 or more	—	—	—	9	35	—	—
Median (dollars)	400	412	375	569	769	456	424
Not mortgaged	89	73	6	352	214	144	181
Less than \$100	8	—	—	7	—	38	26
\$100 to \$199	47	50	—	180	36	86	111
\$200 to \$299	20	23	6	134	81	20	22
\$300 to \$399	14	—	—	31	36	—	22
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	26	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	35	—	—
Median (dollars)	176	183	275	195	283	140	148
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$20 000	138	49	6	254	67	146	154
Less than 20 percent	41	12	—	144	13	54	58
20 to 24 percent	14	6	—	32	—	35	30
25 to 29 percent	11	5	—	14	—	19	30
30 to 34 percent	25	6	—	22	18	12	7
35 percent or more	47	20	6	34	36	26	29
Not computed	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Median	30.6	31.3	50.0+	18.6	36.0	22.7	23.2
\$20 000 to \$34 999	29	77	15	250	233	48	82
Less than 20 percent	18	60	15	143	73	11	55
20 to 24 percent	6	5	—	47	53	8	7
25 to 29 percent	—	12	—	52	62	8	8
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	8	30	12	6
35 percent or more	5	—	—	—	15	6	6
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.8	14.0	17.5	15.5	24.1	26.3	18.2
\$35 000 to \$49 999	22	27	—	167	410	76	61
Less than 20 percent	22	27	—	111	178	69	61
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	36	117	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	58	7	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	9	25	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	11	32	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	12.9	12.5	—	14.5	21.2	12.3	11.9
\$50 000 or more	14	18	—	204	672	31	55
Less than 20 percent	14	18	—	195	536	31	55
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	9	84	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	27	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	16	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.6	10.0	—	10.7	13.7	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	213	119	169	1 066	582	240	490
GROSS RENT							
Less than \$100	10	—	48	—	—	—	73
\$100 to \$199	15	—	23	116	—	13	142
\$200 to \$299	92	16	54	206	14	90	101
\$300 to \$399	52	54	23	497	197	77	103
\$400 to \$499	20	19	12	90	189	38	45
\$500 to \$599	—	10	—	86	117	—	6
\$600 to \$749	—	6	—	38	29	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	13	—	—
\$1 000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	24	14	9	33	23	22	20
Median (dollars)	289	383	211	329	438	310	227
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$10 000	59	23	105	449	37	121	286
Less than 20 percent	—	—	30	—	—	—	41
20 to 24 percent	—	—	7	9	—	7	8
25 to 29 percent	—	—	31	56	—	—	39
30 to 34 percent	6	—	9	27	—	—	21
35 percent or more	53	23	12	334	29	107	151
Not computed	—	—	16	23	8	7	26
Median	50.0+	46.9	26.2	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	38.8
\$10 000 to \$19 999	120	64	44	286	113	68	122
Less than 20 percent	25	10	7	30	7	11	57
20 to 24 percent	25	7	13	30	14	27	23
25 to 29 percent	31	10	13	80	51	7	6
30 to 34 percent	7	7	11	22	16	11	7
35 percent or more	8	16	—	118	18	6	29
Not computed	24	14	—	6	7	6	—
Median	24.6	29.0	25.8	30.0	28.1	23.7	20.9
\$20 000 to \$34 999	6	32	20	234	176	41	59
Less than 20 percent	6	26	8	175	112	15	51
20 to 24 percent	—	6	—	46	64	17	4
25 to 29 percent	—	—	12	5	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.5	18.1	25.8	17.4	18.8	20.3	16.2
\$35 000 or more	28	—	—	97	256	10	23
Less than 20 percent	28	—	—	92	248	10	23
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	5	8	—	—
Median	10.0	—	—	13.3	12.2	12.5	15.2

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN				Henderson County, KY			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97
Occupied housing units .....	5 845	4 719	4 537	4 388	1 126	1 126	1 022	221
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990 .....	29	29	20	10	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988 .....	201	143	136	113	58	58	48	-
1980 to 1984 .....	343	259	232	209	84	84	82	16
1970 to 1979 .....	869	672	644	598	197	197	161	135
1960 to 1969 .....	642	519	505	484	123	123	106	34
1950 to 1959 .....	836	638	614	593	198	198	188	30
1940 to 1949 .....	956	825	799	799	131	131	127	-
1939 or earlier .....	1 969	1 634	1 587	1 582	335	335	310	6
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom .....	84	78	78	78	6	6	6	-
1 bedroom .....	1 318	1 095	1 049	1 049	223	223	210	27
2 bedrooms .....	2 142	1 694	1 652	1 612	448	448	420	108
3 bedrooms .....	1 632	1 263	1 195	1 131	369	369	312	64
4 bedrooms .....	597	517	491	446	80	80	74	22
5 or more bedrooms .....	72	72	72	72	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities .....	5 817	4 701	4 519	4 370	1 116	1 116	1 016	221
Source of water, public system or private company .....	5 768	4 658	4 489	4 365	1 110	1 110	1 022	221
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	5 664	4 646	4 470	4 343	1 018	1 018	1 005	221
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	34	10	-	-	24	24	9	-
Owner-occupied housing units .....	31	10	-	-	21	21	6	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	3	-	-	-	3	3	3	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas .....	4 242	3 488	3 389	3 304	754	754	712	99
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	75	37	20	20	38	38	15	-
Electricity .....	1 470	1 148	1 082	1 024	322	322	283	116
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	12	12	12	6	-	-	-	-
All other fuels .....	27	21	21	21	6	6	6	-
No fuel used .....	19	13	13	13	6	6	6	6
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None .....	2 035	1 658	1 621	1 606	377	377	351	64
1 .....	2 126	1 739	1 687	1 638	387	387	367	106
2 .....	1 214	950	891	826	264	264	228	41
3 or more .....	470	372	338	318	98	98	76	10
Vehicles per household .....	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units .....	2 358	1 845	1 748	1 629	513	513	425	44
1989 to March 1990 .....	162	126	126	104	36	36	33	7
1985 to 1988 .....	343	294	272	242	49	49	36	-
1980 to 1984 .....	357	293	270	261	64	64	57	15
1970 to 1979 .....	649	558	536	489	91	91	59	17
1969 or earlier .....	847	574	544	533	273	273	240	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	3 487	2 874	2 789	2 759	613	613	597	177
1989 to March 1990 .....	1 643	1 383	1 342	1 312	260	260	255	88
1985 to 1988 .....	1 145	940	896	896	205	205	202	70
1980 to 1984 .....	399	337	337	337	62	62	62	9
1970 to 1979 .....	174	131	131	131	43	43	43	10
1969 or earlier .....	126	83	83	83	43	43	35	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit .....	1 191	926	895	887	265	265	249	32
Householder 65 years and over .....	1 279	960	936	917	319	319	287	6
Owner-occupied housing units .....	788	561	537	518	227	227	197	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	27	10	-	-	17	17	6	-
No telephone in unit .....	134	88	83	83	46	46	44	-
No vehicle available .....	594	446	439	439	148	148	130	-
Complete plumbing facilities .....	5 811	4 709	4 537	4 388	1 102	1 102	1 013	221
1.00 or less persons per room .....	5 484	4 435	4 263	4 114	1 049	1 049	965	210
1.01 or more persons per room .....	327	274	274	274	53	53	48	11
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	34	10	-	-	24	24	9	-
1.00 or less persons per room .....	34	10	-	-	24	24	9	-
1.01 or more persons per room .....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	28 694	29 707	29 852	29 107	25 051	25 051	25 526	34 238
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	13 364	13 025	12 961	13 019	14 955	14 955	15 126	13 603
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	2 080	1 693	1 647	1 621	387	387	353	71
Owner-occupied housing units .....	420	307	289	278	113	113	92	-
Renter-occupied housing units .....	1 660	1 386	1 358	1 343	274	274	261	71



Table 36. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN								Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
Occupied housing units .....	221	478	339	355	639	603	381	214	172	215
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>										
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	—	20	5	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
1980 to 1984 .....	16	42	2	—	—	—	9	9	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	135	30	34	4	15	18	39	143	—	—
1960 to 1969 .....	34	109	82	4	27	14	57	33	—	31
1950 to 1959 .....	30	138	23	62	44	50	70	—	33	76
1940 to 1949 .....	—	88	46	60	146	183	56	16	27	23
1939 or earlier .....	6	51	147	225	407	338	150	7	112	85
<b>BEDROOMS</b>										
No bedroom .....	—	—	15	—	9	—	9	15	—	—
1 bedroom .....	27	96	90	64	177	56	175	55	43	39
2 bedrooms .....	108	198	88	102	267	211	96	68	76	80
3 bedrooms .....	64	161	84	83	119	197	70	76	53	78
4 bedrooms .....	22	23	47	101	63	109	13	—	—	18
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—	15	5	4	30	18	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
Complete kitchen facilities .....	221	478	339	355	636	596	381	214	172	215
Source of water, public system or private company .....	221	472	339	355	639	603	381	214	172	215
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	221	474	339	349	628	596	381	208	172	211
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>										
Utility gas .....	99	399	257	343	596	572	270	109	164	187
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
Electricity .....	116	66	82	12	43	26	104	105	8	20
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	7	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	6	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>										
None .....	64	244	112	94	290	88	263	62	86	64
1 .....	106	123	156	142	211	263	87	100	41	113
2 .....	41	93	51	80	94	160	18	32	34	26
3 or more .....	10	18	20	39	44	92	13	20	11	12
Vehicles per household .....	1.0	.8	1.0	1.2	.8	1.4	.5	1.0	.8	.9
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units .....	44	201	109	183	215	471	78	17	86	101
1989 to March 1990 .....	7	8	7	25	11	5	6	—	7	11
1985 to 1988 .....	—	43	12	20	4	34	23	17	12	—
1980 to 1984 .....	15	35	32	45	21	55	7	—	7	—
1970 to 1979 .....	17	54	22	87	75	144	17	—	8	12
1969 or earlier .....	5	61	36	6	104	233	25	—	52	78
Renter-occupied housing units .....	177	277	230	172	424	132	303	197	86	114
1989 to March 1990 .....	88	92	148	118	197	30	86	83	18	16
1985 to 1988 .....	70	118	57	26	117	64	87	101	40	38
1980 to 1984 .....	9	43	21	11	54	29	82	8	9	14
1970 to 1979 .....	10	24	4	—	27	—	30	5	8	31
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	17	29	9	18	—	11	15
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>										
No telephone in unit .....	32	122	101	92	157	32	122	54	66	43
Householder 65 years and over .....	6	98	42	50	204	207	154	—	65	91
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	78	35	41	91	177	24	—	50	56
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	9	13	19	—	36	—	13	5
No vehicle available .....	—	49	6	13	109	63	125	—	20	37
Complete plumbing facilities .....	221	478	339	355	639	603	381	214	169	215
1 00 or less persons per room .....	210	452	298	305	595	581	357	194	152	215
1 01 or more persons per room .....	11	26	41	50	44	22	24	20	17	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
1 00 or less persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
1 01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	34 238	21 848	30 047	28 391	21 865	30 368	23 056	54 351	27 021	22 582
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	13 603	7 456	15 047	9 868	12 769	11 030	6 916	19 146	9 413	14 095
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	71	225	89	159	307	115	213	50	71	63
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	46	24	59	47	43	14	—	23	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	71	179	65	100	260	72	199	50	48	63

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons Oato based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN				Henderson County, KY		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	Kentucky (pt.)	Total	Henderson city	Tract 10 97
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	2 134	1 665	1 570	1 461	469	469	393	44
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage -----	1 369	1 146	1 086	999	223	223	177	35
Less than \$300 -----	187	126	126	126	61	61	45	-
\$300 to \$399 -----	219	186	181	181	33	33	22	6
\$400 to \$499 -----	239	208	182	169	31	31	27	-
\$500 to \$599 -----	182	164	164	164	18	18	13	8
\$600 to \$799 -----	371	312	300	260	59	59	51	21
\$800 to \$999 -----	103	82	69	62	21	21	19	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	63	63	59	32	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	5	5	5	5	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) -----	522	534	535	515	449	449	475	663
Not mortgaged -----	765	519	484	462	246	246	216	9
Less than \$100 -----	88	32	25	25	56	56	42	-
\$100 to \$199 -----	399	249	233	222	150	150	138	-
\$200 to \$299 -----	196	179	167	156	17	17	17	5
\$300 to \$399 -----	54	35	35	35	19	19	19	4
\$400 to \$499 -----	22	18	18	18	4	4	-	-
\$500 or more -----	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars) -----	175	192	193	193	141	141	145	245
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000 -----	948	665	613	590	283	283	240	-
Less than 20 percent -----	259	173	156	150	86	86	75	-
20 to 24 percent -----	90	28	21	21	62	62	43	-
25 to 29 percent -----	63	19	19	19	44	44	40	-
30 to 34 percent -----	100	81	76	70	19	19	17	-
35 percent or more -----	402	342	319	308	60	60	53	-
Not computed -----	34	22	22	22	12	12	12	-
Median -----	32.2	37.4	38.7	38.8	24.0	24.0	24.5	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	464	392	372	349	72	72	55	26
Less than 20 percent -----	283	244	230	230	39	39	32	11
20 to 24 percent -----	43	38	38	38	5	5	5	8
25 to 29 percent -----	58	51	51	42	7	7	7	-
30 to 34 percent -----	26	13	7	7	13	13	5	7
35 percent or more -----	54	46	46	32	8	8	6	-
Not computed -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median -----	17.8	17.3	17.1	16.3	19.5	19.5	19.1	21.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	352	303	290	273	49	49	41	14
Less than 20 percent -----	191	152	152	152	39	39	31	-
20 to 24 percent -----	101	91	85	73	10	10	10	7
25 to 29 percent -----	30	30	23	23	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent -----	18	18	18	13	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more -----	12	12	12	12	-	-	-	-
Not computed -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median -----	19.0	20.0	19.3	18.5	16.5	16.5	16.7	25.0
\$50,000 or more -----	370	305	295	249	65	65	57	4
Less than 20 percent -----	335	270	260	223	65	65	57	4
20 to 24 percent -----	20	20	20	20	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent -----	15	15	15	6	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median -----	11.3	12.1	12.0	11.9	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	3 472	2 859	2 774	2 744	613	613	597	177
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100 -----	275	237	237	237	38	38	38	10
\$100 to \$199 -----	573	498	490	484	75	75	75	33
\$200 to \$299 -----	825	665	657	657	160	160	160	24
\$300 to \$399 -----	896	711	695	680	185	185	182	96
\$400 to \$499 -----	468	401	374	374	67	67	62	-
\$500 to \$599 -----	248	198	172	163	50	50	50	7
\$600 to \$749 -----	82	72	72	72	10	10	10	-
\$750 to \$999 -----	25	25	25	25	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent -----	80	52	52	52	28	28	20	7
Median (dollars) -----	303	301	297	296	308	308	306	314
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000 -----	1 770	1 494	1 466	1 449	276	276	265	75
Less than 20 percent -----	122	115	115	115	7	7	7	5
20 to 24 percent -----	93	85	85	85	23	23	23	7
25 to 29 percent -----	147	125	125	125	22	22	22	13
30 to 34 percent -----	156	143	143	143	13	13	13	-
35 percent or more -----	1 085	902	882	865	183	183	180	36
Not computed -----	116	116	116	116	28	28	20	14
Median -----	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	45.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	863	706	674	661	157	157	155	56
Less than 20 percent -----	148	132	132	126	16	16	16	5
20 to 24 percent -----	219	189	181	181	30	30	30	21
25 to 29 percent -----	160	118	110	110	42	42	42	15
30 to 34 percent -----	113	92	92	92	21	21	21	8
35 percent or more -----	215	167	151	144	48	48	46	7
Not computed -----	8	8	8	8	-	-	-	-
Median -----	26.9	26.2	25.9	25.9	28.9	28.9	28.8	25.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	631	500	484	484	131	131	128	46
Less than 20 percent -----	393	275	275	275	118	118	115	39
20 to 24 percent -----	144	137	129	129	7	7	7	-
25 to 29 percent -----	69	63	55	55	6	6	6	-
30 to 34 percent -----	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more -----	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-
Not computed -----	13	13	13	13	-	-	-	-
Median -----	18.3	19.2	18.9	18.9	15.8	15.8	15.7	16.9
\$35,000 or more -----	159	150	150	150	49	49	49	-
Less than 20 percent -----	177	138	129	129	39	39	39	-
20 to 24 percent -----	9	9	9	9	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent -----	8	8	8	8	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed -----	14	4	4	4	10	10	10	-
Median -----	12.3	12.0	11.7	11.7	14.1	14.1	14.1	-



Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville city, Vanderburgh County, IN								Henderson city, Henderson County, KY	
	Tract 10 97 (pt 1)	Tract 11	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 14	Tract 15	Tract 16	Tract 37 02	Tract 203	Tract 204
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>87</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>										
<b>With a mortgage</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>30</b>
Less than \$300	—	—	9	26	32	20	7	—	11	6
\$300 to \$399	6	35	27	7	33	43	5	—	—	11
\$400 to \$499	—	36	14	39	5	43	—	—	6	—
\$500 to \$599	8	19	7	20	10	38	—	—	6	—
\$600 to \$799	21	20	2	62	12	42	6	17	—	13
\$800 to \$999	—	—	10	—	6	17	5	—	—	—
\$1 000 to \$1 499	—	—	5	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
\$1 500 to \$1 999	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
\$2 000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	663	428	454	517	364	504	345	625	454	391
<b>Not mortgaged</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>37</b>	—	<b>57</b>	<b>57</b>
Less than \$100	—	8	—	—	9	—	—	—	13	18
\$100 to \$199	—	47	16	—	49	63	10	—	39	20
\$200 to \$299	5	16	—	6	34	59	27	—	5	12
\$300 to \$399	4	—	9	—	10	12	—	—	—	7
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	5	3	10	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	245	147	184	425	191	228	222	—	141	144
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$20 000	—	114	41	72	87	152	37	—	46	68
Less than 20 percent	—	23	10	13	25	48	11	—	17	24
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	5	11	5	—	7	20
25 to 29 percent	—	6	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	11
30 to 34 percent	—	16	—	13	11	4	7	—	6	5
35 percent or more	—	69	31	35	41	84	14	—	16	8
Not computed	—	—	—	11	5	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	50 0+	50 0+	38.8	37.5	37.9	31.8	—	24.3	22.5
\$20 000 to \$34 999	26	44	19	44	76	77	12	—	14	7
Less than 20 percent	11	36	19	16	58	57	12	—	14	—
20 to 24 percent	8	8	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	24	—	11	—	—	—	7
30 to 34 percent	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	18	9	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	21.3	10.0	16.3	25.4	12.4	17.0	10.0	—	10.0	27.5
\$35 000 to \$49 999	14	24	18	22	34	64	5	9	—	6
Less than 20 percent	—	9	13	6	34	40	—	9	—	6
20 to 24 percent	7	15	—	16	—	7	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	7	—	—	—	—	4	5	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	5	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	25.0	21.0	11.7	21.6	10.0	17.6	27.5	17.5	—	10.0
\$50 000 or more	4	19	21	33	6	67	6	8	20	6
Less than 20 percent	4	19	11	33	6	63	6	8	20	6
20 to 24 percent	—	—	10	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	13.8	13.0	10.0	10.1	10.0	12.5	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>114</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>										
Less than \$100	10	82	—	—	37	—	75	8	—	21
\$100 to \$199	33	49	13	6	135	18	130	15	7	28
\$200 to \$299	24	75	106	68	99	22	52	22	42	23
\$300 to \$399	96	49	56	29	45	16	40	108	30	5
\$400 to \$499	—	5	51	48	36	54	6	11	—	24
\$500 to \$599	7	—	—	10	32	7	—	25	4	13
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—	29	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	11	—	6	—	8	—	—	—	—
\$1 000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	7	6	4	—	11	—	—	8	3	—
Median (dollars)	314	204	296	318	251	407	154	350	291	218
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>										
Less than \$10 000	75	202	70	98	286	74	247	47	63	56
Less than 20 percent	5	36	—	—	8	—	50	—	—	7
20 to 24 percent	7	13	—	—	6	9	22	—	3	—
25 to 29 percent	13	15	—	—	39	—	45	—	4	8
30 to 34 percent	—	5	—	14	69	—	36	7	8	—
35 percent or more	36	122	70	75	145	53	78	32	48	38
Not computed	14	11	—	9	19	12	16	8	—	3
Median	45.0	47.6	50 0+	50 0+	36.7	50 0+	29.8	50 0+	50 0+	50 0+
\$10 000 to \$19 999	56	53	56	56	84	26	38	67	13	17
Less than 20 percent	5	9	28	—	15	9	14	15	—	—
20 to 24 percent	21	34	38	16	8	—	7	14	—	5
25 to 29 percent	15	—	4	22	19	10	9	25	5	7
30 to 34 percent	8	5	—	7	9	—	8	—	—	—
35 percent or more	7	5	24	11	33	7	—	5	8	5
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	25.7	22.6	22.5	27.7	30.0	27.0	23.6	25.1	35.9	27.5
\$20 000 to \$34 999	46	22	59	6	25	17	18	56	7	38
Less than 20 percent	39	22	32	6	13	10	12	37	—	32
20 to 24 percent	—	—	18	—	—	7	—	6	7	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	9	—	—	—	6	13	—	6
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	7	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.9	16.8	19.1	17.5	13.7	19.2	13.8	18.8	22.5	11.7
\$35 000 or more	—	—	7	7	29	8	—	27	3	3
Less than 20 percent	—	—	3	7	29	—	—	27	—	3
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Median	—	—	10.0	12.5	10.0	27.5	—	10.0	—	10.0

Table 38. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)
Occupied housing units .....	189	163
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>		
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	16	16
1980 to 1984 .....	12	12
1970 to 1979 .....	58	48
1960 to 1969 .....	12	12
1950 to 1959 .....	38	33
1940 to 1949 .....	18	13
1939 or earlier .....	35	29
<b>BEDROOMS</b>		
No bedroom .....	—	—
1 bedroom .....	20	15
2 bedrooms .....	82	67
3 bedrooms .....	64	59
4 bedrooms .....	23	22
5 or more bedrooms .....	—	—
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
Complete kitchen facilities .....	189	163
Source of water, public system or private company .....	168	142
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	154	134
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>		
Utility gas .....	126	114
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	15	10
Electricity .....	48	39
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>		
None .....	9	9
1 .....	85	75
2 .....	64	53
3 or more .....	31	26
Vehicles per household .....	1.7	1.6
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>		
<b>Owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>94</b>	<b>88</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	27	27
1985 to 1988 .....	10	9
1980 to 1984 .....	2	2
1970 to 1979 .....	39	34
1969 or earlier .....	16	16
<b>Renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>95</b>	<b>75</b>
1989 to March 1990 .....	46	26
1985 to 1988 .....	33	33
1980 to 1984 .....	16	16
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>		
No telephone in unit .....	43	23
Householder 65 years and over .....	26	26
Owner-occupied housing units .....	11	11
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—
No vehicle available .....	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	189	163
1.00 or less persons per room .....	183	157
1.01 or more persons per room .....	6	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>		
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	34 844	34 942
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 351	13 907
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	55	49
Owner-occupied housing units .....	9	9
Renter-occupied housing units .....	46	40



Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt 1)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	83	78
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>		
With a mortgage	66	61
Less than \$300	5	—
\$300 to \$399	7	7
\$400 to \$499	—	—
\$500 to \$599	1	1
\$600 to \$799	28	28
\$800 to \$999	16	16
\$1,000 to \$1,499	3	3
\$1,500 to \$1,999	6	6
\$2,000 or more	—	—
Median (dollars)	690	704
Not mortgaged	17	17
Less than \$100	—	—
\$100 to \$199	11	11
\$200 to \$299	6	6
\$300 to \$399	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—
Median (dollars)	139	139
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Less than \$20,000	29	29
Less than 20 percent	2	2
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	9	9
35 percent or more	18	18
Not computed	—	—
Median	45.8	45.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999	21	21
Less than 20 percent	—	—
20 to 24 percent	1	1
25 to 29 percent	10	10
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	10	10
Not computed	—	—
Median	29.7	29.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	11	6
Less than 20 percent	11	6
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more	22	22
Less than 20 percent	16	16
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	6	6
Not computed	—	—
Median	17.2	17.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	95	75
<b>GROSS RENT</b>		
Less than \$100	—	—
\$100 to \$199	6	—
\$200 to \$299	10	5
\$300 to \$399	51	42
\$400 to \$499	24	24
\$500 to \$599	—	—
\$600 to \$749	—	—
\$750 to \$999	4	4
\$1,000 or more	—	—
No cash rent	—	—
Median (dollars)	353	369
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>		
Less than \$10,000	32	26
Less than 20 percent	—	—
20 to 24 percent	6	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	26	26
Not computed	—	—
Median	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	42	37
Less than 20 percent	5	—
20 to 24 percent	5	5
25 to 29 percent	11	11
30 to 34 percent	8	8
35 percent or more	13	13
Not computed	—	—
Median	30.0	31.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	18	12
Less than 20 percent	14	8
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	4	4
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	15.8	13.8
\$35,000 or more	3	—
Less than 20 percent	3	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—
Not computed	—	—
Median	12.5	—

Table 40. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990**

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	
Occupied housing units .....	401	386	332	287
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1989 to March 1990 .....	11	11	11	—
1985 to 1988 .....	73	73	64	49
1980 to 1984 .....	62	47	40	29
1970 to 1979 .....	67	67	58	58
1960 to 1969 .....	56	56	48	48
1950 to 1959 .....	17	17	17	17
1940 to 1949 .....	45	45	45	45
1939 or earlier .....	70	70	49	41
<b>BEDROOMS</b>				
No bedroom .....	23	23	23	23
1 bedroom .....	62	62	62	62
2 bedrooms .....	102	102	81	70
3 bedrooms .....	122	110	88	73
4 bedrooms .....	49	49	42	23
5 or more bedrooms .....	43	40	36	36
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	394	379	325	280
Source of water, public system or private company .....	382	374	320	275
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	383	378	324	287
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	7	7	7
Owner-occupied housing units .....	7	7	7	7
Renter-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	211	203	165	138
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	—	—	—	—
Electricity .....	190	183	167	149
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	—	—	—	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	7	7	7	7
1 .....	198	193	164	153
2 .....	102	102	93	78
3 or more .....	94	84	68	49
Vehicles per household .....	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units .....	217	202	148	121
1989 to March 1990 .....	40	40	36	25
1985 to 1988 .....	97	94	61	53
1980 to 1984 .....	18	6	6	6
1970 to 1979 .....	62	62	45	37
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	184	184	184	166
1989 to March 1990 .....	147	147	147	129
1985 to 1988 .....	27	27	27	27
1980 to 1984 .....	—	—	—	—
1970 to 1979 .....	10	10	10	10
1969 or earlier .....	—	—	—	—
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
No telephone in unit .....	7	7	7	7
Householder 65 years and over .....	12	12	4	4
Owner-occupied housing units .....	12	12	4	4
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	—	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities .....	394	379	325	280
1 00 or less persons per room .....	388	373	319	274
1 01 or more persons per room .....	6	6	6	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	7	7	7	7
1 00 or less persons per room .....	7	7	7	7
1 01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	93 950	80 813	61 578	60 434
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	24 953	24 953	24 953	21 820
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	50	50	50	50
Owner-occupied housing units .....	4	4	4	4
Renter-occupied housing units .....	46	46	46	46



Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>174</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>121</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b> .....				
With a mortgage .....	156	148	130	111
Less than \$300 .....	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	9	9	9	9
\$400 to \$499 .....	30	30	30	30
\$500 to \$599 .....	15	15	15	15
\$600 to \$799 .....	35	30	30	22
\$800 to \$999 .....	30	30	21	21
\$1,000 to \$1,499 .....	11	11	11	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999 .....	12	9	—	—
\$2,000 or more .....	14	14	14	14
Median (dollars) .....	713	725	661	608
Not mortgaged .....	18	18	10	10
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	—	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299 .....	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399 .....	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499 .....	4	4	4	4
\$500 or more .....	14	14	6	6
Median (dollars) .....	500+	500+	500+	500+
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....				
Less than \$20,000 .....	21	21	21	21
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	9	9	9	9
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	12	12	12	12
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	41.9	41.9	41.9	41.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	42	37	37	37
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	6	6	6	6
25 to 29 percent .....	29	24	24	24
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	7	7	7	7
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	27.6	27.6	27.6	27.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 .....	23	23	23	23
Less than 20 percent .....	16	16	16	16
20 to 24 percent .....	7	7	7	7
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	17.7	17.7	17.7	17.7
\$50,000 or more .....	88	85	59	40
Less than 20 percent .....	83	80	59	40
20 to 24 percent .....	5	5	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	13.4	13.7	14.9	15.2
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>184</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>166</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b> .....				
Less than \$100 .....	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199 .....	7	7	7	7
\$200 to \$299 .....	7	7	7	7
\$300 to \$399 .....	118	118	118	107
\$400 to \$499 .....	22	22	22	22
\$500 to \$599 .....	16	16	16	16
\$600 to \$749 .....	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999 .....	14	14	14	7
\$1,000 or more .....	—	—	—	—
No cash rent .....	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) .....	342	342	342	341
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....				
Less than \$10,000 .....	58	58	58	58
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	31	31	31	31
Not computed .....	27	27	27	27
Median .....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 .....	27	27	27	27
Less than 20 percent .....	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent .....	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent .....	17	17	17	17
30 to 34 percent .....	10	10	10	10
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	29.0	29.0	29.0	29.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999 .....	57	57	57	57
Less than 20 percent .....	36	36	36	36
20 to 24 percent .....	21	21	21	21
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
\$35,000 or more .....	42	42	42	24
Less than 20 percent .....	35	35	35	24
20 to 24 percent .....	7	7	7	—
25 to 29 percent .....	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent .....	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	—	—	—	—
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	11.7	11.7	11.7	12.8

Table 42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
Occupied housing units .....	401	366	244	195
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1989 to March 1990 .....	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	10	10	6	6
1980 to 1984 .....	60	60	51	30
1970 to 1979 .....	143	129	60	37
1960 to 1969 .....	41	35	16	11
1950 to 1959 .....	43	38	30	30
1940 to 1949 .....	37	37	37	37
1939 or earlier .....	67	57	44	44
<b>BEDROOMS</b>				
No bedroom .....	5	5	5	5
1 bedroom .....	77	72	59	59
2 bedrooms .....	113	101	58	58
3 bedrooms .....	126	116	89	67
4 bedrooms .....	62	62	27	—
5 or more bedrooms .....	18	10	6	6
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	401	366	244	195
Source of water, public system or private company .....	362	333	227	195
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	300	279	206	189
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	8	8	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units .....	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units .....	8	8	—	—
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	223	199	140	135
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	19	19	—	—
Electricity .....	142	131	95	60
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	—	—	—	—
All other fuels .....	17	17	9	—
No fuel used .....	—	—	—	—
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	59	59	53	53
1 .....	122	101	72	67
2 .....	120	106	63	48
3 or more .....	100	100	56	27
Vehicles per household .....	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.3
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units .....	213	199	112	63
1989 to March 1990 .....	20	20	—	—
1985 to 1988 .....	83	77	54	19
1980 to 1984 .....	44	36	30	21
1970 to 1979 .....	61	61	23	18
1969 or earlier .....	5	5	5	5
Renter-occupied housing units .....	188	167	132	132
1989 to March 1990 .....	103	82	73	73
1985 to 1988 .....	43	43	25	25
1980 to 1984 .....	27	27	27	27
1970 to 1979 .....	—	—	—	—
1969 or earlier .....	15	15	7	7
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
No telephone in unit .....	35	29	14	14
Householder 65 years and over .....	49	49	41	41
Owner-occupied housing units .....	5	5	5	5
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	8	8	—	—
No telephone in unit .....	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available .....	17	17	17	17
Complete plumbing facilities .....	393	358	244	195
1.00 or less persons per room .....	364	329	228	179
1.01 or more persons per room .....	29	29	16	16
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	8	8	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room .....	8	8	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room .....	—	—	—	—
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	56 238	53 772	43 894	29 984
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	15 995	16 627	15 736	15 736
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	78	62	43	43
Owner-occupied housing units .....	23	17	11	11
Renter-occupied housing units .....	55	45	32	32



Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Evansville, IN-KY MSA		Vanderburgh County, IN	
	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city	
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>63</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b>				
<b>With a mortgage</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>51</b>
Less than \$300	13	13	6	6
\$300 to \$399	7	7	7	7
\$400 to \$499	13	13	13	13
\$500 to \$599	31	31	13	13
\$600 to \$799	19	19	6	6
\$800 to \$999	9	9	—	—
\$1 000 to \$1 499	20	12	12	—
\$1 500 to \$1 999	10	10	6	—
\$2 000 or more	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	593	583	546	496
<b>Not mortgaged</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>12</b>
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	5	5	5	5
\$200 to \$299	12	12	12	7
\$300 to \$399	11	11	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	238	238	215	207
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Less than \$20 000	30	30	24	24
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	5	5	5	5
30 to 34 percent	13	13	13	13
35 percent or more	6	6	—	—
Not computed	6	6	6	6
Median	32.7	32.7	31.5	31.5
\$20,000 to \$34 999	39	39	13	13
Less than 20 percent	25	25	7	7
20 to 24 percent	8	8	—	—
25 to 29 percent	6	6	6	6
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	18.5	18.5	19.6	19.6
\$35,000 to \$49 999	25	25	25	13
Less than 20 percent	13	13	13	13
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	12	12	12	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	19.8	19.8	19.8	17.5
\$50,000 or more	56	48	18	13
Less than 20 percent	50	42	12	7
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	6	6	6	6
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	13.2	13.6	10.0	10.0
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>132</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b>				
Less than \$100	19	9	—	—
\$100 to \$199	12	12	12	12
\$200 to \$299	48	43	43	43
\$300 to \$399	42	36	31	31
\$400 to \$499	34	34	34	34
\$500 to \$599	12	12	12	12
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—
\$1 000 or more	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	316	335	358	358
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b>				
Less than \$10,000	78	68	54	54
Less than 20 percent	9	9	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	5	5	5	5
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	59	49	49	49
Not computed	5	5	—	—
Median	50.0+	47.4	50.0	50.0
\$10,000 to \$19,999	44	39	39	39
Less than 20 percent	14	14	14	14
20 to 24 percent	18	13	13	13
25 to 29 percent	12	12	12	12
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	22.2	22.1	22.1	22.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	45	39	39	39
Less than 20 percent	29	23	23	23
20 to 24 percent	12	12	12	12
25 to 29 percent	4	4	4	4
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	18.6	19.0	19.0	19.0
\$35,000 or more	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—
Median	—	—	—	—

Table 44. **Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990**

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt.)	Total	Evansville city
Occupied housing units .....	101 858	86 502	61 573	47 994
<b>YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT</b>				
1989 to March 1990 .....	1 125	924	514	164
1985 to 1988 .....	7 260	5 988	3 712	2 049
1980 to 1984 .....	8 807	7 348	4 823	3 303
1970 to 1979 .....	21 055	16 978	9 143	6 597
1960 to 1969 .....	13 172	10 896	7 348	5 335
1950 to 1959 .....	17 046	14 777	11 768	9 156
1940 to 1949 .....	12 783	11 235	9 619	8 312
1939 or earlier .....	20 610	18 356	14 646	13 078
<b>BEDROOMS</b>				
No bedroom .....	760	699	665	651
1 bedroom .....	12 830	11 189	9 605	8 966
2 bedrooms .....	34 116	28 505	21 405	18 190
3 bedrooms .....	40 915	34 525	22 566	15 663
4 bedrooms .....	11 436	9 959	6 280	3 843
5 or more bedrooms .....	1 801	1 625	1 052	681
<b>SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
Complete kitchen facilities .....	101 492	86 194	61 378	47 846
Source of water, public system or private company .....	89 721	75 899	56 909	46 719
Sewage disposal, public sewer .....	77 112	67 400	52 940	47 163
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	342	220	130	83
Owner-occupied housing units .....	201	137	80	38
Renter-occupied housing units .....	141	83	50	45
<b>HOUSE HEATING FUEL</b>				
Utility gas .....	68 868	60 280	46 646	37 519
Bottled, tank, or LP gas .....	4 473	2 890	754	289
Electricity .....	24 513	20 197	13 060	9 732
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. ....	1 558	1 373	367	84
All other fuels .....	2 284	1 629	641	265
No fuel used .....	162	133	105	105
<b>VEHICLES AVAILABLE</b>				
None .....	8 589	7 185	5 884	5 639
1 .....	32 653	27 906	22 035	19 332
2 .....	41 892	35 581	24 494	17 579
3 or more .....	18 724	15 830	9 160	5 444
Vehicles per household .....	1 8	1 8	1 7	1 5
<b>YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units .....	72 046	61 520	41 246	29 390
1989 to March 1990 .....	5 631	4 749	3 103	2 184
1985 to 1988 .....	17 513	14 720	9 239	6 163
1980 to 1984 .....	10 807	9 306	5 950	4 068
1970 to 1979 .....	17 259	14 454	9 120	6 441
1969 or earlier .....	20 836	18 291	13 834	10 534
Renter-occupied housing units .....	29 812	24 982	20 327	18 604
1989 to March 1990 .....	13 144	11 044	9 126	8 351
1985 to 1988 .....	10 460	8 636	7 010	6 450
1980 to 1984 .....	3 244	2 769	2 213	2 031
1970 to 1979 .....	2 097	1 762	1 415	1 299
1969 or earlier .....	867	771	563	473
<b>SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS</b>				
No telephone in unit .....	5 076	3 901	2 825	2 622
Householder 65 years and over .....	24 565	20 982	16 153	13 641
Owner-occupied housing units .....	18 875	16 214	12 256	9 891
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	173	98	70	47
No telephone in unit .....	369	295	219	185
No vehicle available .....	5 222	4 387	3 561	3 394
Complete plumbing facilities .....	101 516	86 282	61 443	47 911
1 00 or less persons per room .....	99 808	84 886	60 580	47 244
1 01 or more persons per room .....	1 708	1 396	863	667
Lacking complete plumbing facilities .....	342	220	130	83
1 00 or less persons per room .....	331	214	124	77
1 01 or more persons per room .....	11	6	6	6
<b>Mean household income in 1989:</b>				
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	39 690	40 117	39 902	36 603
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) .....	20 483	20 755	20 095	19 599
Household income in 1989 below poverty level .....	11 569	9 250	7 186	6 300
Owner-occupied housing units .....	4 160	3 301	2 286	1 859
Renter-occupied housing units .....	7 409	5 949	4 900	4 441



Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability. see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols. see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Vanderburgh County, IN			
	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	Indiana (pt 1)	Total	Evansville city
<b>Specified owner-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>59 558</b>	<b>51 918</b>	<b>36 593</b>	<b>26 849</b>
<b>SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS</b> .....				
<b>With a mortgage</b> .....	<b>37 413</b>	<b>32 741</b>	<b>22 305</b>	<b>15 782</b>
Less than \$300 .....	2 906	2 552	2 044	1 774
\$300 to \$399 .....	4 763	4 083	3 067	2 478
\$400 to \$499 .....	6 174	5 311	3 652	3 019
\$500 to \$599 .....	6 371	5 523	3 907	2 973
\$600 to \$799 .....	9 051	8 020	5 203	3 363
\$800 to \$999 .....	4 239	3 697	2 024	1 023
\$1 000 to \$1 499 .....	2 970	2 687	1 776	752
\$1 500 to \$1 999 .....	635	572	391	219
\$2 000 or more .....	304	296	241	181
Median (dollars) .....	575	578	558	519
<b>Not mortgaged</b> .....	<b>22 145</b>	<b>19 177</b>	<b>14 288</b>	<b>11 067</b>
Less than \$100 .....	1 264	738	517	405
\$100 to \$199 .....	12 580	10 844	8 251	6 537
\$200 to \$299 .....	6 514	5 902	4 284	3 233
\$300 to \$399 .....	1 282	1 207	848	628
\$400 to \$499 .....	285	285	221	153
\$500 or more .....	220	201	167	111
Median (dollars) .....	181	185	183	182
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....				
Less than \$20 000 .....	14 836	12 808	9 718	8 231
Less than 20 percent .....	6 224	5 279	3 975	3 300
20 to 24 percent .....	1 855	1 590	1 232	1 101
25 to 29 percent .....	1 555	1 337	977	808
30 to 34 percent .....	1 054	979	799	704
35 percent or more .....	3 866	3 372	2 528	2 175
Not computed .....	282	251	207	143
Median .....	22 8	23 1	23 2	23 4
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	14 924	12 984	9 570	7 574
Less than 20 percent .....	9 253	8 006	6 068	4 867
20 to 24 percent .....	2 512	2 152	1 541	1 284
25 to 29 percent .....	1 614	1 491	1 106	910
30 to 34 percent .....	793	662	413	277
35 percent or more .....	752	673	442	236
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	16 5	16 5	16 1	16 2
\$35 000 to \$49 999 .....	14 151	12 246	8 266	5 814
Less than 20 percent .....	10 465	8 995	6 227	4 615
20 to 24 percent .....	2 377	2 112	1 331	829
25 to 29 percent .....	825	721	429	234
30 to 34 percent .....	285	251	146	69
35 percent or more .....	199	167	133	67
Not computed .....	—	—	—	—
Median .....	15 4	15 4	14 8	14 1
\$50 000 or more .....	15 647	13 880	9 039	5 230
Less than 20 percent .....	13 563	11 971	7 867	4 748
20 to 24 percent .....	1 479	1 377	814	314
25 to 29 percent .....	369	315	201	57
30 to 34 percent .....	126	121	83	49
35 percent or more .....	96	96	74	62
Not computed .....	14	—	—	—
Median .....	12 0	12 0	11 6	10 6
<b>Specified renter-occupied housing units</b> .....	<b>29 108</b>	<b>24 503</b>	<b>20 069</b>	<b>18 564</b>
<b>GROSS RENT</b> .....				
Less than \$100 .....	742	562	472	461
\$100 to \$199 .....	2 470	1 961	1 561	1 505
\$200 to \$299 .....	6 775	5 654	4 702	4 436
\$300 to \$399 .....	8 940	7 428	6 024	5 535
\$400 to \$499 .....	5 329	4 613	3 787	3 573
\$500 to \$599 .....	2 154	1 955	1 754	1 629
\$600 to \$749 .....	778	732	678	535
\$750 to \$999 .....	263	263	189	159
\$1 000 or more .....	120	115	114	91
No cash rent .....	1 537	1 220	788	640
Median (dollars) .....	342	347	348	345
<b>HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989</b> .....				
Less than \$10 000 .....	9 121	7 549	6 273	5 947
Less than 20 percent .....	458	361	317	299
20 to 24 percent .....	550	438	313	313
25 to 29 percent .....	695	533	459	451
30 to 34 percent .....	550	458	397	384
35 percent or more .....	6 109	5 137	4 354	4 101
Not computed .....	759	622	433	399
Median .....	50 0+	50 0+	50 0+	50 0+
\$10 000 to \$19 999 .....	8 466	7 128	5 830	5 426
Less than 20 percent .....	1 157	934	713	663
20 to 24 percent .....	1 726	1 392	1 162	1 093
25 to 29 percent .....	1 889	1 653	1 362	1 285
30 to 34 percent .....	1 368	1 223	1 019	963
35 percent or more .....	1 903	1 599	1 383	1 274
Not computed .....	423	327	191	148
Median .....	28 0	28 3	28 5	28 4
\$20 000 to \$34 999 .....	7 350	6 188	5 099	4 692
Less than 20 percent .....	4 690	3 831	3 140	2 901
20 to 24 percent .....	1 629	1 442	1 218	1 135
25 to 29 percent .....	475	450	413	392
30 to 34 percent .....	174	151	109	92
35 percent or more .....	92	92	76	71
Not computed .....	290	222	143	101
Median .....	18 1	18 3	18 4	18 4
\$35 000 or more .....	4 171	3 638	2 867	2 499
Less than 20 percent .....	3 725	3 265	2 584	2 278
20 to 24 percent .....	149	133	106	91
25 to 29 percent .....	10	10	10	10
30 to 34 percent .....	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more .....	6	6	6	—
Not computed .....	276	224	161	120
Median .....	12 2	12 4	12 6	12 7

Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Evansville, IN-KY MSA -----	278 990	14.7	117 896	14.8	EVANSVILLE CITY, VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN — Con.				
Indiana (pt.) -----	235 946	14.6	99 964	14.8					
<b>POSEY COUNTY, IN</b>					Tract 31 -----	2 929	15.5	1 278	15.8
Total -----	25 968	17.7	10 401	18.4	Tract 32 (pt.) -----	2 992	11.7	1 383	11.6
<b>VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>					Tract 33 -----	4 095	12.0	2 036	11.5
Total -----	165 058	13.9	72 637	14.0	Tract 34 -----	3 314	15.2	1 283	15.5
Evansville city -----	126 272	13.7	58 188	13.9	Tract 35 -----	2 555	14.7	1 016	15.4
Warrick County, IN -----	44 920	15.5	16 926	15.6	Tract 36 (pt.) -----	4 839	11.7	2 078	12.2
Kentucky (pt.) -----	43 044	15.4	17 932	15.3	Tract 37.01 -----	2 477	16.1	869	15.7
<b>HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>					Tract 37.02 -----	5 161	11.2	2 400	11.3
Total -----	43 044	15.4	17 932	15.3	Tract 38.01 -----	4 871	11.3	2 584	11.8
Henderson city -----	25 945	15.0	11 355	15.0	Tract 38.03 -----	5 586	12.1	2 266	12.0
<b>POSEY COUNTY, IN</b>					Tract 38.04 (pt.) -----	2 897	15.3	1 265	16.0
Tract 401 -----	5 870	23.6	2 331	24.2	Tract 39 -----	3 138	15.0	1 266	15.6
Tract 402 -----	2 538	25.1	1 025	27.2	Tract 101 (pt.) -----	2 235	10.6	1 365	11.1
Tract 403 -----	2 368	14.9	873	14.1	Tract 102.02 (pt.) -----	208	17.8	78	16.7
Tract 404 -----	4 864	14.5	1 749	14.5	Tract 102.03 (pt.) -----	8	—	2	—
Tract 405 -----	3 187	14.1	1 202	15.6	<b>REMAINDER OF VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>				
Tract 406 -----	3 918	14.2	1 703	15.6	Tract 2.01 (pt.) -----	1 286	12.4	495	13.1
Tract 407 -----	3 223	15.8	1 518	15.6	Tract 10.97 (pt.) -----	4	—	1	—
<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>					Tract 10.98 -----	—	—	—	—
Tract 2.01 -----	5 793	12.1	2 640	11.7	Tract 28 (pt.) -----	369	15.7	129	16.3
Tract 10.97 -----	4 471	15.9	1 915	16.0	Tract 32 (pt.) -----	984	11.7	443	12.2
Tract 28 -----	2 349	16.5	1 152	18.0	Tract 36 (pt.) -----	3	—	1	—
Tract 32 -----	3 976	11.7	1 826	11.8	Tract 38.04 (pt.) -----	1 485	17.4	590	17.1
Tract 36 -----	4 842	11.7	2 079	12.2	Tract 101 (pt.) -----	820	9.1	306	10.8
Tract 38.04 -----	4 382	16.0	1 855	16.4	Tract 102.01 -----	3 379	16.7	1 206	17.1
Tract 101 -----	3 055	10.2	1 671	11.1	Tract 102.02 (pt.) -----	2 436	16.0	882	16.0
Tract 102.02 -----	2 644	16.1	960	16.0	Tract 102.03 (pt.) -----	5 789	11.5	2 223	11.7
Tract 102.03 -----	5 797	11.5	2 225	11.6	Tract 104.02 -----	1 388	16.5	620	16.1
<b>EVANSVILLE CITY, VANDERBURGH COUNTY, IN</b>					Tract 104.97 -----	7 339	11.9	2 642	11.8
Tract 1 -----	2 248	14.8	1 102	15.2	Tract 104.98 -----	16	12.5	8	12.5
Tract 2.01 (pt.) -----	4 507	12.0	2 145	11.4	Tract 105 -----	7 063	12.3	2 545	11.9
Tract 2.02 -----	2 305	14.2	1 038	15.8	Tract 106 -----	1 694	18.5	581	17.7
Tract 3 -----	4 370	13.9	1 762	15.4	Tract 107 -----	4 731	22.9	1 777	22.7
Tract 4 -----	2 386	15.6	1 135	15.9	<b>WARRICK COUNTY, IN</b>				
Tract 5 -----	2 110	16.1	1 001	16.5	Tract 301 -----	3 386	18.1	1 266	18.6
Tract 6 -----	2 023	16.4	937	15.6	Tract 302 -----	3 217	34.4	1 322	35.9
Tract 8 -----	3 045	14.7	1 333	15.4	Tract 303 -----	4 629	14.8	252	13.1
Tract 9 -----	6 279	11.8	2 840	11.6	Tract 304 -----	4 244	16.4	1 622	15.6
Tract 10.97 (pt.) -----	4 467	15.9	1 914	16.0	Tract 305 -----	3 802	14.0	1 365	15.1
Tract 11 -----	3 166	12.4	1 424	13.7	Tract 306 -----	8 037	11.6	3 319	11.8
Tract 12 -----	2 611	13.0	1 521	14.5	Tract 307.01 -----	7 569	12.6	2 628	12.4
Tract 13 -----	2 767	15.7	1 241	14.6	Tract 307.02 -----	3 277	15.9	1 067	15.9
Tract 14 -----	2 548	14.8	1 286	15.1	Tract 307.03 -----	5 102	16.2	1 754	16.3
Tract 15 -----	2 501	14.6	1 084	15.1	Tract 308 -----	5 657	12.1	2 331	11.7
Tract 16 -----	1 259	15.7	627	14.8	<b>TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>				
Tract 17 -----	1 379	13.0	1 117	15.0	Tract 206.01 -----	5 801	11.8	2 691	12.2
Tract 18 -----	857	15.4	286	15.4	Tract 206.02 -----	3 973	16.1	1 669	16.1
Tract 19 -----	1 972	13.2	1 099	12.7	Tract 207.01 -----	4 287	15.7	1 755	16.1
Tract 20 -----	2 207	12.6	1 039	13.4	Tract 207.02 -----	5 919	13.1	2 163	13.5
Tract 21 -----	2 030	12.6	941	13.4	Tract 208 -----	4 247	16.2	1 640	15.7
Tract 22 -----	1 417	13.9	671	14.3	Tract 209 -----	7 404	17.9	2 792	17.7
Tract 23 -----	2 620	15.0	1 203	14.8	<b>HENDERSON CITY, HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>				
Tract 24 -----	3 399	15.8	1 683	15.8	Tract 201 -----	2 040	15.3	1 005	15.6
Tract 25 -----	2 423	16.1	1 115	15.5	Tract 202 -----	2 022	17.0	901	15.2
Tract 26 -----	2 506	15.0	1 096	14.9	Tract 203 -----	1 970	15.9	906	16.4
Tract 27 -----	1 417	16.9	653	16.2	Tract 204 -----	2 669	14.6	1 217	15.4
Tract 28 (pt.) -----	1 980	16.7	1 023	18.2	Tract 205 -----	2 712	17.3	1 193	16.4
Tract 29 -----	1 188	16.8	520	15.8	Tract 206.01 (pt.) -----	5 701	11.8	2 627	12.2
Tract 30 -----	4 980	10.4	2 183	10.8	Tract 206.02 (pt.) -----	3 955	16.0	1 659	16.1
					Tract 207.01 (pt.) -----	1 954	14.8	779	15.7
					Tract 207.02 (pt.) -----	1 537	15.5	564	16.0
					Tract 208 (pt.) -----	189	18.0	71	16.9
					Tract 209 (pt.) -----	1 196	16.2	433	15.7
					<b>REMAINDER OF HENDERSON COUNTY, KY</b>				
					Tract 206.01 (pt.) -----	100	12.0	64	10.9
					Tract 206.02 (pt.) -----	18	22.2	10	20.0
					Tract 207.01 (pt.) -----	2 333	16.5	976	16.5
					Tract 207.02 (pt.) -----	4 382	12.3	1 599	12.6
					Tract 208 (pt.) -----	4 058	16.1	1 569	15.6
					Tract 209 (pt.) -----	6 208	18.2	2 359	18.1



# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

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These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into



12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

### **Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area**

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### **American Indian Reservation and Trust Land**

**American Indian Reservation**—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

**Trust Land**—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)**

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.



## **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)**

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

## **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

## **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers



## CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

## COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

### Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

### Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.



The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

### Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

## GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

### Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

### Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

### United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

## GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

### Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:

```
United States
  Region
    Division
      State
        County
          County subdivision
            Place (or part)
              Census tract/block numbering area
                (or part)
                  Block group (or part)
                    Block
```

### Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census



tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State

County "A"

County "B"

County "C"

Place "X"

Place "Y"

Place "Z"

## HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "..." is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

## INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

## METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The



metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Central City**

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

### **Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)**

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

### **Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)**

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

### **Metropolitan Area Title and Code**

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

## **OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES**

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

## **PLACE**

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

### **Census Designated Place (CDP)**

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
  - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

## Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

## Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

## POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.



## STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

## TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

## UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

## URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for



unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Extended City**

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

### **URBANIZED AREA (UA)**

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

### **Urbanized Area Central Place**

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

### **Urbanized Area Title and Code**

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

### **VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)**

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

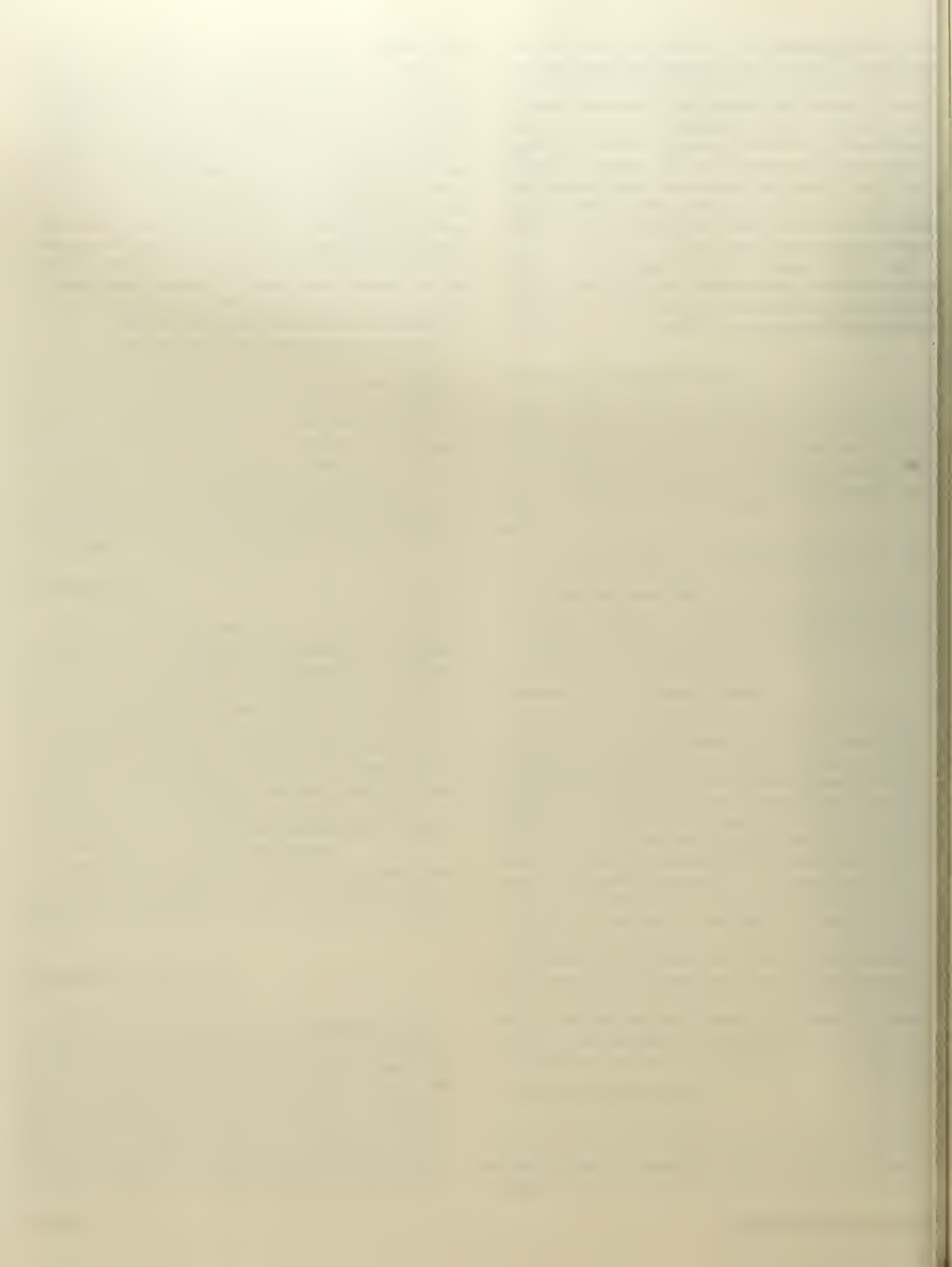


each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

## ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.





# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Characteristics

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## POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

**Median Age**—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

**Comparability**—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

### ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.



The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

*Presentation Based on Persons:*

*Single Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

*Multiple Ancestries Reported*—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

*Ancestry Unclassified*—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

*Presentations Based on Responses:*

*Total Ancestries Reported*—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

*First Ancestry Reported*—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

*Second Ancestry Reported*—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.



**Comparability**—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

## CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Citizen**—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

*Naturalized Citizen*—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

**Not a Citizen**—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

**Comparability**—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

*High School Graduate or Higher*—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or



its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

*Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate*—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be "high school dropouts." There is no restriction on when they "dropped out" of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, "Median school years completed" was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. "Percent high school graduate or higher" and "Percent bachelor's degree or higher" are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, "Percent high school graduate or higher" can be calculated and "Percent bachelor's degree or higher" can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

**Comparability**—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether "completed the fourth year of college," "completed the senior year of college," and "college graduate" were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of "college graduates" from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and "Associate" degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

## EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as "Not in Labor Force." In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

**Employed**—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) "at work"—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were "with a job but not at work"—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

**Unemployed**—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:



- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

**Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

**Experienced Unemployed**—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

**Experienced Civilian Labor Force**—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

**Labor Force**—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

**Not in Labor Force**—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

**Worker**—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

**Actual Hours Worked Last Week**—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of "actual hours" differs from that of "usual hours" described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

**Limitation of the Data**—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons "at work" is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed "with a job, but not at work" is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under "Reference Week.")

**Comparability**—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see "Reference Week").

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example



figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

## FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

**Limitation of the Data**—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

## GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

**Institutionalized Persons**—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

**Type of Institution**—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

*Correctional Institutions*—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

*Prisons*—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)



operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

*Federal Detention Centers*—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

*Military Stockades, Jails*—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

*Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities*—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

*Police Lockups*—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

*Halfway Houses*—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

*Other Types of Correctional Institutions*—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

*Nursing Homes*—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

*Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals*—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals for Chronically Ill*—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

*Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.



*Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere*—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

*Juvenile Institutions*—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

*Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children*—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as "Public" and "Private."

*Residential Treatment Centers*—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

*Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

*Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents*—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

*Private Training Schools*—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

*Detention Centers*—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

**Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters")**—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as "other persons in group quarters" when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

*Rooming Houses*—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Group Homes*—Includes "community-based homes" that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

*Homes for the Mentally Ill*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private," and "Ownership not known." Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

*Homes for the Mentally Retarded*—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as "Federal," "State," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes for the Physically Handicapped*—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," or "Ownership not known."

*Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

*Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their



children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

*Other Group Homes*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

*Religious Group Quarters*—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

*College Quarters Off Campus*—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

*College Dormitories*—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

*Military Quarters*—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

*Agriculture Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

*Other Workers' Dormitories*—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations*—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

*Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)*—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

*Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children*—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

*Visible in Street Locations*—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. All persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.



Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

*Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)*—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, "shelters for abused women" are included in the category "other noninstitutional group quarters."

*Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals*—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

*Crews of Maritime Vessels*—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

*Staff Residents of Institutions*—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

*Other Nonhousehold Living Situations*—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or "T-Night" enumeration at YMCA's, YWCA's, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

*Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters*—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

**Limitation of the Data**—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of "types of group quarters":

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an "I," for institutional, or an "N," for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an "Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List." (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

*Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)*—For the 1990 census "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America's total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.



The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Comparability**—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

## HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample



questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Comparability**—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word "descent" was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term "Mexican-Amer." used in 1980 was shortened further to "Mexican-Am." to reduce misreporting (of "American") in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as "other Spanish/Hispanic" to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the "Mexican-Amer." category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category "No, not Spanish/Hispanic" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

### Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

**Persons Per Household**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

### Relationship to Householder

**Householder**—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder



is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

**Spouse**—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of "married-couple families" or "married-couple households" in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of "married persons with spouse present" in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as "spouse." For sample tabulations, the number of "married persons with spouse present" includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

**Child**—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

*Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter*—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Stepson/Stepdaughter*—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

*Own Child*—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an "own child" is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

"Related children" in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

**Other Relatives**—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

*Grandchild*—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

*Brother/Sister*—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

*Parent*—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the "Other relative" category on the questionnaire.

*Other Relatives*—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

**Nonrelatives**—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

*Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child*—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

*Housemate or Roommate*—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

*Unmarried Partner*—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

*Other Nonrelatives*—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

## Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.



## Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

*Married-Couple Family*—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

*Other Family:*

*Male Householder, No Wife Present*—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

*Female Householder, No Husband Present*—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

**Persons Per Family**—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

## Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

## Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

## Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

## Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

## Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

**Comparability**—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

## INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of



wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

## Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.

6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.

8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

**Income of Households**—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

**Income of Families and Persons**—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

**Median Income**—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.



For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Mean Income**—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

**Limitation of the Data**—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

**Comparability**—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income



- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of



banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

## INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

### Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

### Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

### Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

**Private Wage and Salary Workers**—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a



private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these sub-categories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

**Government Workers**—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

**Self-Employed Workers**—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

**Unpaid Family Workers**—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

**Salaried/Self-Employed**—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

**Comparability**—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical



Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

## **JOURNEY TO WORK**

### **Place of Work**

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;



Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

**Limitation of the Data**—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was



asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

## Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

## Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

**Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van**—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

## Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

## LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

### Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in



question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

**Household Language**—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples
Spanish Other Indo-European	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino
	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
	Italian	
	Portuguese	
	German	
	Yiddish	
	Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
	Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
	Polish	
	Russian	
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	South Slavic	Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene
	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian
	Greek	
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian
	Chinese	
	Japanese	
	Mon-Khmer	Cambodian
	Tagalog	
	Korean	
All other languages	Vietnamese	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish
	Other languages (part)	
	Arabic	
	Hungarian	
	Native North American languages	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa
	Other languages (part)	



## Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

**Linguistic Isolation**—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

**Limitation of the Data**—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

**Comparability**—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

## MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

**Never Married**—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

**Ever Married**—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

**Now Married, Except Separated**—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

**Separated**—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.



**Widowed**—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

**Divorced**—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

**Now Married**—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as "separated."

*Spouse Present*—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

*Spouse Absent*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

*Separated*—Defined above.

*Spouse Absent, Other*—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of "now married, spouse present" males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

**Comparability**—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term "never married" which replaces the term "single" in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

## MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

## PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as "Born abroad, country not specified."

**Nativity**—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

**Native**—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

**Foreign Born**—Includes persons not classified as "Native." Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.



The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

**Comparability**—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

## POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

**Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined**—Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

**Specified Poverty Levels**—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 ( $\$12,674 \times 1.25$ ) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

**Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level**—The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds



shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

**Income Deficit**—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

**Mean Income Deficit**—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

**Comparability**—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.

3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

**Current Population Survey**—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

## RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years							
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310								
Under 65 years.....	6,451	\$6,451							
65 years and over.....	5,947	5,947							
Two persons.....	8,076								
Householder under 65 years...	8,343	8,303	\$8,547						
Householder 65 years and over.....	7,501	7,495	8,515						
Three persons.....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990					
Four persons.....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619				
Five persons.....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572			
Six persons.....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259		
Seven persons.....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828	
Eight persons.....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230
Nine or more persons.....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933
									\$23,973



self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

**White**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

**Black**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

**American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut**—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

*American Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

*American Indian Tribe*—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flathead) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

*Eskimo*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

*Aleut*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

**Asian or Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

**Asian**—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

*Chinese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

*Filipino*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

*Japanese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

*Asian Indian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

*Korean*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

*Vietnamese*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.



*Cambodian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

*Hmong*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

*Laotian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

*Thai*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

*Other Asian*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

**Pacific Islander**—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

*Hawaiian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

*Samoan*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

*Guamanian*—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

*Other Pacific Islander*—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

**Other Race**—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)" and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.



**Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census**

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoan
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander <sup>1</sup>
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian <sup>3</sup>
Laotian	Micronesian <sup>3</sup>
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian <sup>1</sup>	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian <sup>3</sup>
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sn Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified <sup>2</sup>	

<sup>1</sup>In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

<sup>2</sup>Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

<sup>3</sup>Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

**Comparability**—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

## REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

**Comparability**—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of



these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

## RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on immigrants, outmigrants, and net migration. "Immigrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of immigrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Outmigrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of outmigrants from the number of immigrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

Immigrants and outmigrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the immigrants to (or outmigrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of immigrants to (or outmigrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of immigrants and outmigrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the immigrants or outmigrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

**Comparability**—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.



## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

**Comparability**—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

## SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

**Public and Private School**—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

**Level of School in Which Enrolled**—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

**Comparability**—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular



school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

## SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

## SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

**Sex Ratio**—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

**Comparability**—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

## VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

**Veteran Status**—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now



serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

**Period of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two "Korean conflict" categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

**Years of Military Service**—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

**Limitation of the Data**—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report "2 years").

**Comparability**—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, "September 1980 or later" was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

## WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as "Prevented from working" or "Not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

**Comparability**—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

## WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1989." All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1989." Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1989."



## Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

## Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

**Year-Round Full-Time Workers**—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

**Number of Workers in Family in 1989**—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

**Limitation of the Data**—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

**Comparability**—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

## YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

**Limitation of the Data**—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

**Comparability**—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

## HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics



Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

**Housing Units**—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

**Occupied Housing Units**—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

**Vacant Housing Units**—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

**Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.**—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

**Comparability**—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

## ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this



item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

**Comparability**—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

## AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

## BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

**Comparability**—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

## BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

**Comparability**—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

**Comparability**—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.



## CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990.

## CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

**Limitation of the Data**—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

**Comparability**—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

## CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

**Median and Quartile Contract Rent**—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No



cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Contract Rent**—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Limitation of the Data**—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

**Comparability**—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

## DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

**Comparability**—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

## FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

**Comparability**—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

## GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

**Comparability**—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.



## GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

## HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

**Utility Gas**—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

**Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas**—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

**Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.**—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

**Wood**—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

**Solar Energy**—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

**Other Fuel**—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

**No Fuel Used**—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

**Comparability**—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

## INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

**Comparability**—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all



occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

**Comparability**—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

## MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

**Comparability**—This item is new for 1990.

## MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

**Comparability**—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

## MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

**Comparability**—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,



condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

## PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

**Median Persons in Unit**—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Persons in Occupied Housing Units**—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

## PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Mean Persons Per Room**—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

## PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

**Comparability**—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

## POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

## REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.



The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

**Comparability**—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

## ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

**Median Rooms**—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Rooms**—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

## SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

**Comparability**—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.



In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

**Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs**—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

**Comparability**—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

## SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

**Comparability**—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## SOURCE OF WATER

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

**Comparability**—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

## TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

**Comparability**—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.



## TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

**Owner Occupied**—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

**Renter Occupied**—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

**Comparability**—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

## UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

**1-Unit, Detached**—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

**1-Unit, Attached**—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

**2 or More Units**—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

**Mobile Home or Trailer**—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

**Other**—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

**Comparability**—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are



shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

## USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

**Limitation of the Data**—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

**Comparability**—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

## UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

**Limitation of the Data**—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

**Comparability**—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

## VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

*For Rent*—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

*For Sale Only*—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

*Rented or Sold, Not Occupied*—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

*For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use*—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

*For Migrant Workers*—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

*Other Vacant*—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.



**Homeowner Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

**Rental Vacancy Rate**—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

**Comparability**—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

## VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

**Median and Quartile Value**—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Aggregate Value**—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

**Comparability**—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

## VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

**Vehicles Per Household**—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

**Limitation of the Data**—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

**Comparability**—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented



separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

## YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

**Comparability**—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

## YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category "1989 or March 1990" was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

**Median Year Structure Built**—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

**Limitation of the Data**—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially "Built in 1939 or earlier." The introduction of the "Don't know" category (see the discussion on "Comparability") may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

**Comparability**—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, "Don't Know," was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

## DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (-).

### Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. "Pareto interpolation" is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

### Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is

computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

### **Percentages, Rates, and Ratios**

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

### **Quartile**

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.



# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

### CONTENTS

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### INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

### CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that



published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

## ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

## Calculation of Standard Errors

**Totals and Percentages**—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or



estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

**Sums and Differences**—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$$\begin{aligned} &SE_{\hat{X}} \text{ and } SE_{\hat{Y}} \text{ of estimates } \hat{X} \text{ and } \hat{Y}: \\ SE_{(\hat{X} + \hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X} - \hat{Y})} &= \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2} \end{aligned}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

**Ratios**—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X}/\hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

**Medians**—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as  $N/2$ ). Treat  $N/2$  as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about  $N/2$ . Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about  $N/2$ . By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about  $N/2$ . Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

## Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;



2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$SE(9,948) = \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948 / 21,220)}$$

$$= 163 \text{ persons.}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is  $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$  percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)]$$

or

$$9,654 \text{ to } 10,242$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86



percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is  $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$  percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$SE(6.7) = \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2}$$

$$= 1.34 \text{ percentage points}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$[6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)]$$

or

$$4.50 \text{ to } 8.90$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9948/9314 = 1.07$$

$$SE(1.07) = \left( \frac{9948}{9314} \right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}}$$

$$= .029$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$[1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)]$$

or

$$1.02 \text{ to } 1.12$$

# ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

## PERSONS

### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

### STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

### STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

1	Householder
2	Nonhouseholder

### STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White Persons of Hispanic Origin Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit



# STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

## STAGE II: SAMPLING RATE CATEGORY

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

## STAGE III: UNITS IN STRUCTURE

1	Single unit structure
2	Multi-unit structure consisting of fewer than 10 individual units
3	Multi-unit structure consisting of 10 or more individual units

## STAGE IV: TENURE/RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER/VALUE OR RENT

Group	Owner
	White Householder
	Householder of Hispanic Origin
	Value
1	Less than \$20,000
2	\$20,000 to \$39,999
3	\$40,000 to \$59,999
4	\$60,000 to \$79,999
5	\$80,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000 to \$249,999
8	\$250,000 to \$299,999
9	\$300,000 or more
10	Other <sup>1</sup>
	Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
11-20	Same value categories as groups 1 through 10
	Black Householder
21-40	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
41-60	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
61-80	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
	Householder of Other Race
81-100	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20

# Renter

White Householder  
Householder of Hispanic origin

## Rent

101	Less than \$100
102	\$100 to \$199
103	\$200 to \$299
104	\$300 to \$399
105	\$400 to \$499
106	\$500 to \$599
107	\$600 to \$749
108	\$750 to \$999
109	\$1,000 or more
110	No cash rent

Householder Not of Hispanic Origin  
Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110

## Black Householder

121-140  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

## Asian or Pacific Islander Householder

141-160  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

## American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder

161-180  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

## Householder of Other Race

181-200  
Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120

## Vacant Housing Units

1	Vacant for rent
2	Vacant for sale
3	Other vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

<sup>1</sup>Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

## Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

**Undercoverage**—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional recanvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

**Respondent and Enumerator Error**—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

**Processing Error**—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

**Nonresponse**—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely



reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

## **EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA**

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

**Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total <sup>1</sup>	Size of publication area <sup>2</sup>													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

<sup>1</sup>For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

$\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

<sup>2</sup>The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

**Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage**

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage <sup>1</sup>												
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

<sup>1</sup>For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

$\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage



Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Indiana-Kentucky

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
<b>POPULATION</b>				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.4
Household type and relationship.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.8	2.4	1.5	1.2
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Ancestry.....	2.2	1.9	1.0	0.9
Place of birth.....	2.5	2.2	1.1	1.0
Citizenship.....	1.8	1.5	0.9	0.7
Residence in 1985.....	2.1	1.9	1.0	0.9
Year of entry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.7	1.4	0.8	0.7
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.7	2.7	1.1	1.0
Household type.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Employment status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.6
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Place of work.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Means of transportation to work.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.6	1.4	0.8	0.6
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.5
<b>HOUSING</b>				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.6
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.2	1.2	0.6	0.6
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.3	1.2	0.7	0.6
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
House heating fuel.....	1.3	1.0	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.1	1.0	0.5	0.5





# APPENDIX D.

## Collection and Processing Procedures

### CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures .....	D-2
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### ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

#### Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

**Persons in the Armed Forces**—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

**Persons on Maritime Ships**—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

**Persons Away at School**—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

**Persons in Institutions**—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

**Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day**—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

## DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

## Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990).

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States



Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

## Followup

**Nonresponse Followup**—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

**Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup**—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

## Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

## Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.



5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

## PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied



by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.





## APPENDIX E.

### Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

# Your Guide for the 1990 U.S. Census Form

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
<b>How</b> to fill out your census form	<b>2</b>
<b>Example</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Your</b> answers are confidential	<b>2</b>
<b>Instructions</b> for the census questions	<b>3-11</b>
<b>What</b> the census is about	<b>12</b>
<b>Why</b> the census asks certain questions	<b>12</b>

CENSUS '90

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



D-4

## How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

### Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
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## Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

### H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

*Detached* means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

### H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

### H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is **not** owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is **not** paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

### H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

### b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

### H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

### H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day . . . . .	30	4 times a year . . . . .	3
By the week . . . . .	4	2 times a year . . . . .	6
Every other week . . . .	2	Once a year . . . . .	12

### b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

## Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

### H8. The person listed in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

### H10. Mark **Yes**, have all three facilities if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

### H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

### H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

### H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do **not** count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

### H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

**Solar energy** is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

### H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

**Drilled wells**, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

### H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank** or **cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

### H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, *not* the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

### H18. A **condominium** is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

### H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

### b. This property is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.



## Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

**H20.** If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [ ] the two utilities.

**H21.** Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

**H22.** When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

**H23a.** The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

**H24a.** A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

**b.** Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

**H25.** A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

**H26.** Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

## Instructions for Question 8

**8.** For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

## Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

**9.** A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

**10.** If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

**11.** Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

**12.** Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

**13.** Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.



## Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).
- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

### Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

### Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

### Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No, lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

### Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.

Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.

Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.

- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman** service as active duty; do not count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.

- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.

- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

## Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

- 21a.** Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.

If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.

If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.

If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.

- d.** If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.

If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

- e.** If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.

- 23a.** If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.

- b.** If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.



## Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon, fill the **a.m.** circle.  
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No, already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.  
Mark **No, temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.  
Mark **No, other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following —</b> | <b>Do not enter —</b> |
| Metal furniture manufacturing                   | Furniture company     |
| Retail grocery store                            | Grocery store         |
| Petroleum refining                              | Oil company           |
| Cattle ranch                                    | Ranch                 |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.  
Some examples of what to enter:
- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Enter a description like the following —</b> | <b>Do not enter —</b> |
| Production clerk                                | Clerk                 |
| Carpenter's helper                              | Helper                |
| Auto engine mechanic                            | Mechanic              |
| Registered nurse                                | Nurse                 |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.  
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.  
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government* category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

## Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.  
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before deductions*. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. Also *exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.  
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.  
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.  
*Do not include the following as income in any item:*
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
  - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
  - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
  - Inheritances or insurance settlements
  - Any type of loan
  - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.



## **What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers**

### **Why are we taking a census?**

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

### **What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?**

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

### **How long have we been taking the census?**

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

### **How are you being counted?**

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

## **Why the Census Asks Certain Questions**

### **Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.**

*It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.*

#### **Name?**

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

#### **Value or rent?**

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

#### **Complete plumbing?**

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

#### **Place of birth?**

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

#### **Job?**

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

#### **Income?**

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.

# OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

**The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.**

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years—or until the year 2062—only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else—no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency—is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

**How to get started—and get help.**

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

**Please answer and return your form promptly.**

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.  
**Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.**

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**Para personas de habla hispana –**  
(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**  
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS  
FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628  
Approval Expires 07/31/91



The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

- 1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.**

### Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

### Do NOT include

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

- 1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle ☐ and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.**

	PERSON 1	PERSON 2
<p>Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.</p>	<p>Last name</p> <p>First name Middle initial</p>	<p>Last name</p> <p>First name Middle initial</p>
<p><b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>	<p>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife    <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter    <input type="radio"/> Father/mother</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter    <input type="radio"/> Grandchild</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other relative →</p> <p>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child    <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate    <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>
<p><b>3. Sex</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male    <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male    <input type="radio"/> Female</p>
<p><b>4. Race</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.</p> <p>If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</p> <p>If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →</p> <p>If Other race, print race. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese    <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino    <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian    <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean    <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese    <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese    <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino    <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian    <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean    <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese    <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>
<p><b>5. Age and year of birth</b></p> <p>a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.</p> <p>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p>
<p><b>6. Marital status</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married    <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed    <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married    <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed    <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>
<p><b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b></p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>
<p>FOR CENSUS USE →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>



**PERSON 7**

Last name \_\_\_\_\_

First name \_\_\_\_\_ Middle initial \_\_\_\_\_

If a **RELATIVE** of Person 1:

☐ Husband/wife ☐ Brother/sister

☐ Natural born or adopted son/daughter ☐ Father/mother ☐ Grandchild ☐ Other relative

☐ Stepson/stepdaughter

If **NOT RELATED** to Person 1:

☐ Roomer, boarder, or foster child ☐ Unmarried partner

☐ Housemate, roommate ☐ Other nonrelative

☐ Male ☐ Female

☐ White ☐ Black or Negro ☐ Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)

☐ Eskimo ☐ Aleut ☐ Asian or Pacific Islander (API)

☐ Chinese ☐ Japanese ☐ Filipino ☐ Asian Indian ☐ Hawaiian ☐ Samoan ☐ Korean ☐ Guamanian ☐ Vietnamese ☐ Other API

☐ Other race (Print race)

a. Age \_\_\_\_\_ b. Year of birth \_\_\_\_\_

0 0 0 0 0 1 8 0 0 0 0

1 0 1 0 1 9 0 1 0 1 0

2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0

3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0

4 0 4 0 4 0 4 0

5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0

6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0

7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0

8 0 8 0 8 0 8 0

9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0

☐ Now married ☐ Separated ☐ Widowed ☐ Never married ☐ Divorced

☐ No (not Spanish/Hispanic) ☐ Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano ☐ Yes, Puerto Rican ☐ Yes, Cuban ☐ Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinian, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)

## NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a—H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

**H1a.** Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?

☐ Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). ☐ No

**b.** Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else?

☐ Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s). ☐ No

**H2.** Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.

- ☐ A mobile home or trailer
- ☐ A one-family house detached from any other house
- ☐ A one-family house attached to one or more houses
- ☐ A building with 2 apartments
- ☐ A building with 3 or 4 apartments
- ☐ A building with 5 to 9 apartments
- ☐ A building with 10 to 19 apartments
- ☐ A building with 20 to 49 apartments
- ☐ A building with 50 or more apartments
- ☐ Other

**H3.** How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment?

Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

- ☐ 1 room ☐ 4 rooms ☐ 7 rooms
- ☐ 2 rooms ☐ 5 rooms ☐ 8 rooms
- ☐ 3 rooms ☐ 6 rooms ☐ 9 or more rooms

**H4.** Is this house or apartment —

- ☐ Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?
- ☐ Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)?
- ☐ Rented for cash rent?
- ☐ Occupied without payment of cash rent?

If this is a **ONE-FAMILY HOUSE** —

**H5a.** Is this house on ten or more acres?

☐ Yes ☐ No

**b.** Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Answer only if you or someone in this household **OWNS** OR IS **BUYING** this house or apartment —

**H6.** What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale?

- ☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$70,000 to \$74,999
- ☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$75,000 to \$79,999
- ☐ \$15,000 to \$19,999 ☐ \$80,000 to \$89,999
- ☐ \$20,000 to \$24,999 ☐ \$90,000 to \$99,999
- ☐ \$25,000 to \$29,999 ☐ \$100,000 to \$124,999
- ☐ \$30,000 to \$34,999 ☐ \$125,000 to \$149,999
- ☐ \$35,000 to \$39,999 ☐ \$150,000 to \$174,999
- ☐ \$40,000 to \$44,999 ☐ \$175,000 to \$199,999
- ☐ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ☐ \$200,000 to \$249,999
- ☐ \$50,000 to \$54,999 ☐ \$250,000 to \$299,999
- ☐ \$55,000 to \$59,999 ☐ \$300,000 to \$399,999
- ☐ \$60,000 to \$64,999 ☐ \$400,000 to \$499,999
- ☐ \$65,000 to \$69,999 ☐ \$500,000 or more

Answer only if you **PAY RENT** for this house or apartment —

**H7a.** What is the monthly rent?

- ☐ Less than \$80 ☐ \$375 to \$399
- ☐ \$80 to \$99 ☐ \$400 to \$424
- ☐ \$100 to \$124 ☐ \$425 to \$449
- ☐ \$125 to \$149 ☐ \$450 to \$474
- ☐ \$150 to \$174 ☐ \$475 to \$499
- ☐ \$175 to \$199 ☐ \$500 to \$524
- ☐ \$200 to \$224 ☐ \$525 to \$549
- ☐ \$225 to \$249 ☐ \$550 to \$599
- ☐ \$250 to \$274 ☐ \$600 to \$649
- ☐ \$275 to \$299 ☐ \$650 to \$699
- ☐ \$300 to \$324 ☐ \$700 to \$749
- ☐ \$325 to \$349 ☐ \$750 to \$999
- ☐ \$350 to \$374 ☐ \$1,000 or more

**b.** Does the monthly rent include any meals?

☐ Yes ☐ No

## FOR CENSUS USE

A. Total persons	B. Type of unit Occupied    Vacant	D. Months vacant	G. DO	ID
<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	<input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Cont'n <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere	<input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more	<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9
	<b>C1. Vacancy status</b>	<b>E. Complete after</b>		
	<input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> Other vacant	<input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> QA <input type="radio"/> JIC1 <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> MV <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> EN	<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	<input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9
	<b>C2. Is this unit boarded up?</b>	<b>F. Cov.</b>		
	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	<input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1		

<p><b>H8.</b> When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1959 or earlier         </p>	<p><b>H14.</b> Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood  <input type="radio"/> Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  <input type="radio"/> Electricity  <input type="radio"/> Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  <input type="radio"/> Coal or coke  <input type="radio"/> Wood  <input type="radio"/> Solar energy  <input type="radio"/> Other fuel  <input type="radio"/> No fuel used         </p>	<p><b>H20.</b> What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.</p> <p><b>a. Electricity</b></p> <p>\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars</p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or electricity not used         </p>
<p><b>H9.</b> How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> No bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 1 bedroom  <input type="radio"/> 2 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 3 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 4 bedrooms  <input type="radio"/> 5 or more bedrooms         </p>	<p><b>H15.</b> Do you get water from —</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> A public system such as a city water department, or private company?  <input type="radio"/> An individual drilled well?  <input type="radio"/> An individual dug well?  <input type="radio"/> Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.?         </p>	<p><b>b. Gas</b></p> <p>\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars</p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or gas not used         </p>
<p><b>H10.</b> Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, have all three facilities  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H16.</b> Is this building connected to a public sewer?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes, connected to public sewer  <input type="radio"/> No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  <input type="radio"/> No, use other means         </p>	<p><b>c. Water</b></p> <p>\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars</p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge         </p>
<p><b>H11.</b> Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H17.</b> About when was this building first built?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> 1989 or 1990  <input type="radio"/> 1985 to 1988  <input type="radio"/> 1980 to 1984  <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1979  <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1969  <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959  <input type="radio"/> 1940 to 1949  <input type="radio"/> 1939 or earlier  <input type="radio"/> Don't know         </p>	<p><b>d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.</b></p> <p>\$ <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px 10px;">          </span> .00 Yearly cost — Dollars</p> <p>OR</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Included in rent or in condominium fee  <input type="radio"/> No charge or these fuels not used         </p>
<p><b>H12.</b> Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	<p><b>H18.</b> Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes  <input type="radio"/> No         </p>	
<p><b>H13.</b> How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> 1  <input type="radio"/> 2  <input type="radio"/> 3  <input type="radio"/> 4  <input type="radio"/> 5  <input type="radio"/> 6  <input type="radio"/> 7 or more         </p>	<p><i>If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.</i></p> <p><b>H19a.</b> Is this house on less than 1 acre?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to H20  <input type="radio"/> No         </p> <p><b>b.</b> In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> None  <input type="radio"/> \$1 to \$999  <input type="radio"/> \$1,000 to \$2,499  <input type="radio"/> \$2,500 to \$4,999  <input type="radio"/> \$5,000 to \$9,999  <input type="radio"/> \$10,000 or more         </p>	



**INSTRUCTION:**

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

**H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ None

**H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt } Go to H23b
- ☐ Yes, contract to purchase }
- ☐ No — Skip to H24a

**b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

**c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, taxes included in payment
- ☐ No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

**d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes, insurance included in payment
- ☐ No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

**H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?**

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No — Skip to H25

**b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

☐ No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —  
**H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?**

\$  .00  
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —  
**H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.**

\$  .00  
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. ➔

PERSON 1		
Last name _____ First name _____ Middle initial _____		
8. In what U.S. State or foreign country was this person born? <u>7</u> _____ (Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.)		
9. Is this person a CITIZEN of the United States? <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in the United States — Skip to 11 <input type="radio"/> Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas <input type="radio"/> Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents <input type="radio"/> Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization <input type="radio"/> No, not a citizen of the United States		
10. When did this person come to the United States to stay? <input type="radio"/> 1987 to 1990 <input type="radio"/> 1970 to 1974 <input type="radio"/> 1985 or 1986 <input type="radio"/> 1965 to 1969 <input type="radio"/> 1982 to 1984 <input type="radio"/> 1960 to 1964 <input type="radio"/> 1980 or 1981 <input type="radio"/> 1950 to 1959 <input type="radio"/> 1975 to 1979 <input type="radio"/> Before 1950		
11. At any time since February 1, 1990, has this person attended regular school or college? Include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree. <input type="radio"/> No, has not attended since February 1 <input type="radio"/> Yes, public school, public college <input type="radio"/> Yes, private school, private college		
12. How much school has this person COMPLETED? Fill ONE circle for the highest level COMPLETED or degree RECEIVED. If currently enrolled, mark the level of previous grade attended or highest degree received. <input type="radio"/> No school completed <input type="radio"/> Nursery school <input type="radio"/> Kindergarten <input type="radio"/> 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th grade <input type="radio"/> 5th, 6th, 7th, or 8th grade <input type="radio"/> 9th grade <input type="radio"/> 10th grade <input type="radio"/> 11th grade <input type="radio"/> 12th grade, NO DIPLOMA <input type="radio"/> HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE - high school DIPLOMA or the equivalent (For example: GED) <input type="radio"/> Some college but no degree <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Occupational program <input type="radio"/> Associate degree in college - Academic program <input type="radio"/> Bachelor's degree (For example: BA, AB, BS) <input type="radio"/> Master's degree (For example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA) <input type="radio"/> Professional school degree (For example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) <input type="radio"/> Doctorate degree (For example: PhD, EdD)		
13. What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin? (See instruction guide for further information.) _____ (For example: German, Italian, Afro-Amer., Croatian, Cape Verdean, Dominican, Ecuadorian, Haitian, Cajun, French Canadian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Irish, Polish, Slovak, Taiwanese, Thai, Ukrainian, etc.)		
14a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)? <input type="radio"/> Born after April 1, 1985 — Go to questions for the next person <input type="radio"/> Yes — Skip to 15a <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Where did this person live 5 years ago (on April 1, 1985)? (1) Name of U.S. State or foreign country <u>7</u> _____ (If outside U.S., print answer above and skip to 15a.) (2) Name of county in the U.S. <u>7</u> _____ (3) Name of city or town in the U.S. <u>7</u> _____ (4) Did this person live inside the city or town limits? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, lived outside the city/town limits		
15a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 16		
b. What is this language? <u>7</u> _____ (For example: Chinese, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese)		
c. How well does this person speak English? <input type="radio"/> Very well <input type="radio"/> Not well <input type="radio"/> Well <input type="radio"/> Not at all		
16. When was this person born? <input type="radio"/> Born before April 1, 1975 — Go to 17a <input type="radio"/> Born April 1, 1975 or later — Go to questions for the next person		
17a. Has this person ever been on active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States or ever been in the United States military Reserves or the National Guard? If service was in Reserves or National Guard only, see instruction guide. <input type="radio"/> Yes, now on active duty <input type="radio"/> Yes, on active duty in past, but not now <input type="radio"/> Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only — Skip to 18 <input type="radio"/> No — Skip to 18		
b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. <input type="radio"/> September 1980 or later <input type="radio"/> May 1975 to August 1980 <input type="radio"/> Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) <input type="radio"/> February 1955—July 1964 <input type="radio"/> Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) <input type="radio"/> World War II (September 1940—July 1947) <input type="radio"/> World War I (April 1917—November 1918) <input type="radio"/> Any other time		
c. In total, how many years of active-duty military service has this person had? _____ Years		
18. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months and which — a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Prevents this person from working at a job? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
19. Because of a health condition that has lasted for 6 or more months, does this person have any difficulty — a. Going outside the home alone, for example, to shop or visit a doctor's office? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
b. Taking care of his or her own personal needs, such as bathing, dressing, or getting around inside the home? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No		
If this person is a female — 20. How many babies has she ever had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren or children she has adopted. None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>		
21a. Did this person work at any time LAST WEEK? <input type="radio"/> Yes — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) <input type="radio"/> No — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, school work, or volunteer work. — Skip to 25		
b. How many hours did this person work LAST WEEK (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked. _____ Hours		
22. At what location did this person work LAST WEEK? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. a. Address (Number and street) <u>7</u> _____ (If the exact address is not known, give a description of the location such as the building name or the nearest street or intersection.)		
b. Name of city, town, or post office <u>7</u> _____		
c. Is the work location inside the limits of that city or town? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No, outside the city/town limits		
d. County <u>7</u> _____		
e. State <u>7</u> f. ZIP Code <u>7</u> _____		



**23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK?** If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

- ☐ Car, truck, or van      ☐ Motorcycle  
☐ Bus or trolley bus      ☐ Bicycle  
☐ Streetcar or trolley car      ☐ Walked  
☐ Subway or elevated      ☐ Worked at home  
☐ Railroad      ☐ Skip to 28  
☐ Ferryboat      ☐ Other method  
☐ Taxicab

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

**23b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Drove alone      ☐ 5 people  
☐ 2 people      ☐ 6 people  
☐ 3 people      ☐ 7 to 9 people  
☐ 4 people      ☐ 10 or more people

**24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?**

- a.m.  
 p.m.

**b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?**

- Minutes — Skip to 28

**25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?**

- ☐ Yes, on layoff  
☐ Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.  
☐ No

**26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 27

**b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?**

- ☐ No, already has a job  
☐ No, temporarily ill  
☐ No, other reasons (in school, etc.)  
☐ Yes, could have taken a job

**27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?**

- ☐ 1990      ☐ 1980 to 1984  
☐ 1989      ☐ 1979 or earlier  
☐ 1988      ☐ Never worked  
☐ 1985 to 1987

**28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY.**

Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

**28. Industry or Employer**

**a. For whom did this person work?**

If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle ☐ and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

**b. What kind of business or industry was this?** Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

**c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Manufacturing      ☐ Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)  
☐ Wholesale trade  
☐ Retail trade

**29. Occupation**

**a. What kind of work was this person doing?**

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

**b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?**

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

**30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle**

- ☐ Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions  
☐ Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization  
☐ Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)  
☐ State GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ Federal GOVERNMENT employee  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm  
☐ Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

**31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?**

- ☐ Yes  
☐ No — Skip to 32

**b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989?**

Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

**c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?**

Hours

**32. INCOME IN 1989 —**

Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989. For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate.

If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

**a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.**

- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.**

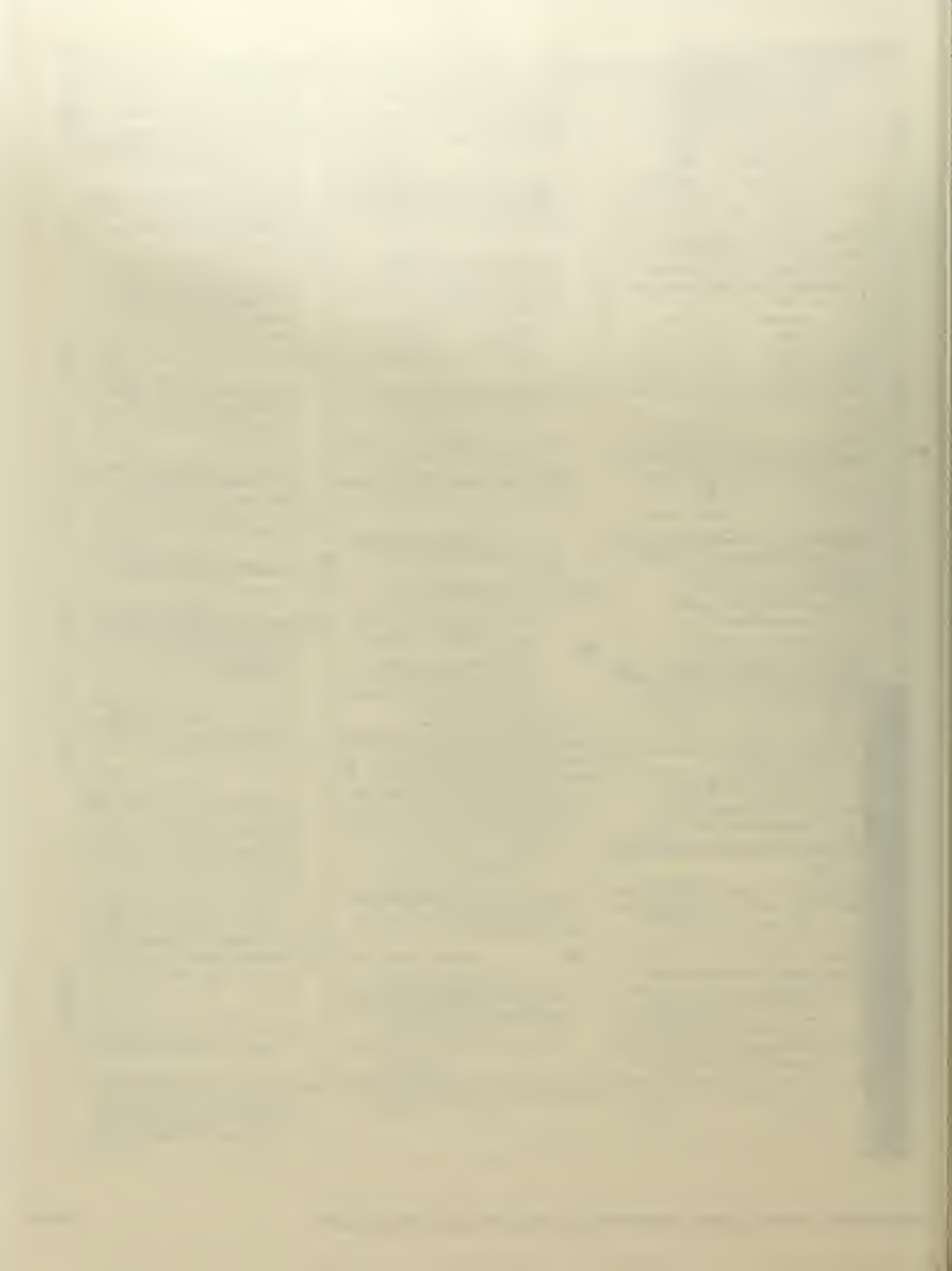
- ☐ Yes ☐ No  
 Annual amount — Dollars

**33. What was this person's total income in 1989?**

Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

- ☐ None OR ☐ \$  
 Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.





# APPENDIX F.

## Data Products and User Assistance

### CONTENTS

Data Products .....	F-1
Geographic Products .....	F-3
Other Census Bureau Resources .....	F-5
Reference Materials .....	F-4
Sources of Assistance .....	F-4

The 1990 census data products, being released during 1991-93, are available in a variety of new and traditional media. The Census Bureau has increased the product options available to data users in an effort to meet a variety of requirements and maximize the usefulness of the data. For example, laser discs, called CD-ROM (compact disc—read-only memory), are a new data delivery medium.

The Census Bureau also has expanded services and sources of assistance available to data users. For example, the State Data Center Program has been expanded to include over 1,400 organizations to provide data and services to the public.

This appendix provides a detailed introduction to the 1990 census data products and related materials, such as maps and reference publications. It concludes by describing sources of assistance and other Census Bureau data available to the public.

### DATA PRODUCTS

Printed reports and computer tape files traditionally are the most widely used products. The Census Bureau also offers data on microfiche, on CD-ROM laser discs, and through its online service, CENDATA™. These various products are described below. For information about prices and how to order, write or call Customer Services. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

The data products present statistics about the subjects covered in the 1990 census questionnaires. These subjects are listed in figure 1, page F-7. As the figure shows, there are 100-percent subjects (those covered in questions asked of everyone or about every housing unit) and sample subjects (those covered in questions asked at about one out of every six housing units). Generally, a data product presents either 100-percent data prepared by tabulating the responses to the 100-percent questions from all questionnaires, or sample data prepared by tabulating only the responses to the 100-percent and sample questions from the "long-form" questionnaires. Two report series, 1990 CPH-3 and 1990 CPH-4 (see figure 2, page F-8), present both 100-percent and sample data.

### Printed Reports

Printed reports are the most convenient and readily available source of data for most census users. The Census Bureau releases the reports in several series (see figure 2) that are grouped under three broad titles: *1990 Census of Population and Housing* (1990 CPH), *1990 Census of Population* (1990 CP), and *1990 Census of Housing* (1990 CH). There also are reports, not reflected in figure 2, for the outlying areas of the Pacific. The reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office. (See the "Sources of Assistance" section for the address and phone number.)

In several series, there are separate reports for each State. The geographic coverage of the State reports is listed in figure 2. The United States summaries for these report series contain, for the most part, data for the United States, regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), counties, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, places with 10,000 or more persons, and other large substate areas (for example, county subdivisions, such as towns and townships, with 10,000 or more persons in selected States).

Report series that present data for small areas, such as census tracts, contain limited subject-matter detail (for example, counts of people by age ranges—under 5 years, 5 to 9 years, etc.—rather than by single years). Report series that include greater amounts of subject-matter detail include less geographic detail.

### Computer Tape Files

The Census Bureau provides more data on tape and other machine-readable products than in printed reports. These products are sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. There are several general types of data files released on computer tape (available on both reels and cartridges). They are introduced below, and more information is presented in figures 3 and 4, pages F-11 through F-13.

**Public Law 94-171 Data**—This data file presents the counts designed and formatted for use in legislative redistricting. These counts also are available on CD-ROM and paper listings. Excerpts are available on CENDATA™. The counts, for areas as small as blocks, census tracts, and voting districts, include totals for population, race groups, persons of Hispanic origin, population 18 years and over, and housing units. (See figure 4.)



**Summary Tape Files (STF's)**— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

**Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)**—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

**Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files**—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

**Other Special Computer Tape Files**—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

## Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

## Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

## Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

## Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

## User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations—

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County



Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

**Special Tabulations**—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

## GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

### Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

**County Block Maps**—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

**County Subdivision Outline Maps**—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

**Voting District Outline Maps**—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

### Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

### Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP



Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

## REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide*. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program*. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics*. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community*. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers*. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base*. A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You*. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement*. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.
- *Census Catalog and Guide*. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

## SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

### U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

**Washington, DC, Contacts**—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.



## Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

## Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

## Other Sources of Products and Services

**State Data Centers—**The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

**National Services Program—**The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

**National Clearinghouse—**The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

**Depository Libraries—**There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

## OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the



annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

## **Current Demographic and Housing Programs**

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

## **Economic Censuses and Surveys**

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

## **Agriculture Census and Surveys**

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

## **Governments Census and Surveys**

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

## **Foreign Trade Statistics**

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

## **Other Statistical Activities**

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).



Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

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100-PERCENT COMPONENT

**Population**

Household relationship  
Sex  
Race  
Age  
Marital status  
Hispanic origin

**Housing**

Number of units in structure  
Number of rooms in unit  
Tenure—owned or rented  
Value of home or monthly rent  
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)  
Vacancy characteristics

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SAMPLE COMPONENT

**Population**

*Social characteristics:*

Education—enrollment and attainment  
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.  
Ancestry  
Language spoken at home  
Migration (residence in 1985)  
Disability  
Fertility  
Veteran status

*Economic characteristics:*

Labor force  
Occupation, industry, and class of worker  
Place of work and journey to work  
Work experience in 1989  
Income in 1989  
Year last worked

**Housing**

Year moved into residence  
Number of bedrooms  
Plumbing and kitchen facilities  
Telephone in unit  
Vehicles available  
Heating fuel  
Source of water and method of sewage disposal  
Year structure built  
Condominium status  
Farm residence  
Shelter costs, including utilities

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NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CPH-1	<b>Summary Population and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	<b>Population and Housing Unit Counts</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
<b>100-Percent and Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-3	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas</b>	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	<b>Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress</b>	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CPH-5	<b>Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CP-1	<b>General Population Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural



Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data—Con.</b>				
1990 CP-1-1A	<b>General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	<b>General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	<b>General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CP-2	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	<b>Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	<b>Population Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
<b>1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)</b>				
<b>100-Percent Data</b>				
1990 CH-1	<b>General Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	<b>General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	<b>General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
<b>Sample Data</b>				
1990 CH-2	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics</b>	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	<b>Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas</b>	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	<b>Housing Subject Reports</b>	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places



Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
STF 3 (Sample)	A <sup>2 3</sup>	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B <sup>3</sup>	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State
	C <sup>3</sup>	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File  
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)  
and data type  
(100 percent or  
sample)<sup>1</sup>

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's	
	B State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas	Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.
	C U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's	

<sup>1</sup>Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

<sup>2</sup>Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

<sup>3</sup>Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.



**Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products**

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
5 Percent—PUMS Areas		County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants
1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990)		MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas





## APPENDIX G. Maps

**Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps**—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).





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# PART B, GLOSSARY

## 1990 Census of Population and Housing Guide

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- **Geographic terms and products**
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Still to come is an index to the 1990 census Summary Tape Files, which will be Part C.

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